# Engine Workshop Manual B6-D0HC BP-D0HC



#### WARNING

Servicing a vehicle can be dangerous. If you have not received service-related training, the risks of injury and property damage increase. The recommended servicing procedures for the vehicle in this workshop manual were developed with Mazdatrained technicians in mind. This manual may be useful to non-Mazda trained technicians, but a technician with our service-related training and experience will be at less risk when performing servicing operations. However, all users of this manual are expected to know general safety procedures.

This manual contains "Warnings" and "Cautions" applicable to risks not normally encountered in a general technician's experience. They should be followed to reduce the risk of injury and the risk that improper service or repair may damage the vehicle or render it unsafe. It is also important to understand that the "Warnings" and "Cautions" are not exhaustive. It is impossible to warn of all the hazardous consequences that might result from failure to follow the procedures.

The procedures recommended and described in this manual are effective methods of performing service and repair. Some require tools specifically designed for a specific purpose. Nonrecommended procedures and tools should include consideration for safety of the technician and continued safe operation of the vehicle.

Parts should be replaced with genuine Mazda replacement parts, not parts of lesser quality. Use of a nonrecommended replacement part should include consideration for safety of the technician and continued safe operation of the vehicle.

# Mazda Engine Workshop Manual B6-DOHC BP-DOHC

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#### **FOREWORD**

This manual explains the disassembly, inspection, repair, and reassembly procedures for the above-indicated engine. In order to do these procedures safely, quickly, and correctly, you must first read this manual and any other relevant service materials carefully.

The information in this manual is current up to June, 1994. Any changes that occur after that time will not be reflected in this particular manual. Therefore, the contents of this manual may not exactly match the mechanism that you are currently servicing.

Mazda Motor Corporation HIROSHIMA, JAPAN

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

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#### SAFETY INFORMATION

#### **LUBRICANTS**

Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with petroleum-based oils. Used oil may irritate the skin, and can cause skin cancer and other skin disorders.

Wash thoroughly after working with oil. We recommend water soluble hand cleaners. Do not use kerosene, gasoline, or any other solvent, to remove oil from your skin.

If repeated or prolonged contact with oil is necessary, wear protective clothing. Soiled clothing, particularly those soiled with used oils and greases containing lead, should be cleaned at regular intervals.

#### HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

#### **ADVISORY MESSAGES**

You'll find several Warnings, Cautions, and Notes in this manual.

#### Warning

 A Warning indicates a situation in which serious injury or death could result if the warning is ignored.

#### Caution

 A Caution indicates a situation in which damage to the vehicle could result if the caution is ignored.

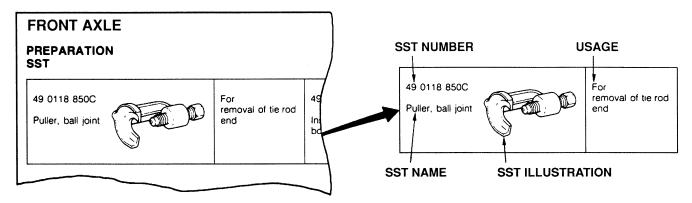
#### Note

• A **Note** provides added information that will help you to complete a particular procedure.

#### **PREPARATION**

This points out the needed **SSTs** for the service operation. It is best to gather all necessary **SSTs** before beginning work.

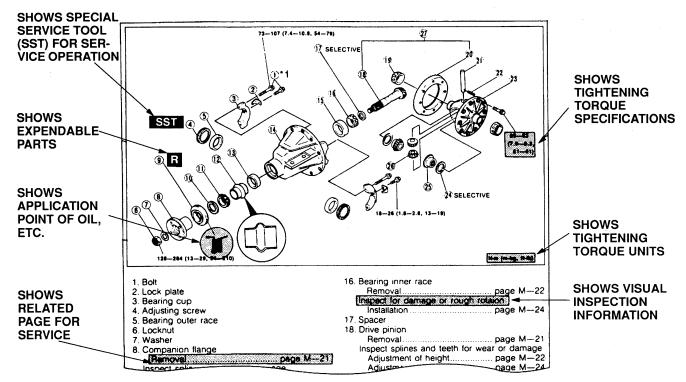
#### Example:



#### REPAIR PROCEDURE

- 1. Most repair operations begin with an overview illustration. It identifies the components, shows how the parts fit together, and describes visual part inspection. If a damaged or worn part is found, repair or replace it as necessary.
- 2. Expendable parts, tightening torques, and symbols for oil, grease, and sealant are shown in the overview illustration.
- 3. Pages related to service procedures are shown under the illustration. Refer to this information when servicing the related part.

#### Example:

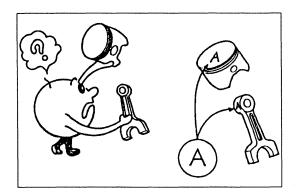


\*1: The numbers (①, etc.) refer to part identification and servicing procedures.

#### **SYMBOLS**

There are seven symbols indicating oil, grease, and sealant. These symbols show the points of applying such materials during service.

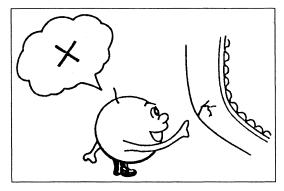
Symbol	Meaning	Kind
OIL	Apply oil (except ATF and brake fluid)	New engine oil as appropriate
	Apply grease	Appropriate grease
SEALANT	Apply sealant	Appropriate sealant
<b>O</b>	Apply petroleum jelly	Appropriate petroleum jelly
R	Replace part	O-ring, gasket, etc.



#### **FUNDAMENTAL PROCEDURES**

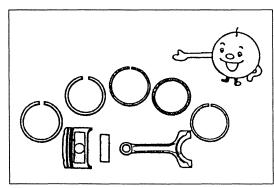
#### DISASSEMBLY

If the disassembly procedure is complex, requiring many parts to be disassembled, all parts should be identified in a way that will not affect their performance or appearance for easy reassembly.



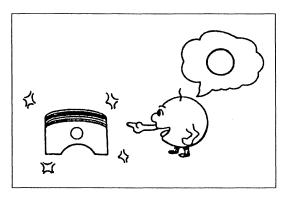
#### 1. Inspection of parts

When removed, each part should be carefully inspected for malfunctioning, deformation, damage, and other problems.



#### 2. Arrangement of parts

All disassembled parts should be carefully arranged for reassembly. Be sure to separate or otherwise identify the parts to be replaced from those that will be reused.



#### 3. Cleaning parts for reuse

All parts to be reused should be carefully and thoroughly cleaned in the appropriate method.

#### Warning

 Using compressed air can cause dirt and other particles to fly out, causing injury to the eyes.
 Wear protective eye wear whenever using compressed air.

#### **REASSEMBLY**

Standard values, such as tightening torques and adjustment values must be strictly observed in the reassembly of all parts.

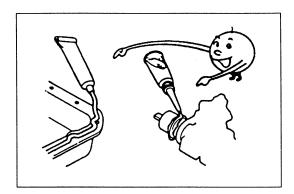
If removed, these parts should be replaced with new ones:

1. Oil seals

2. Gaskets

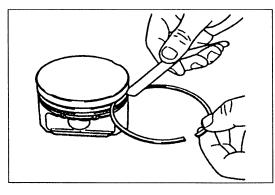
3. O-rings

- 4. Lock washers
- Cotter pins
- 6. Nylon nuts



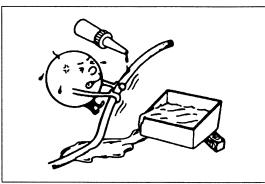
Depending on location:

- 1. Sealant gasket, or both should be applied to the specified location. When sealant is applied, parts should be installed before sealant hardens. Hardened sealant causes leaks.
- 2. Oil should be applied to the sliding surfaces of moving
- 3. Specified oil or grease should be applied at the prescribed locations (such as oil seals) before reassembly.



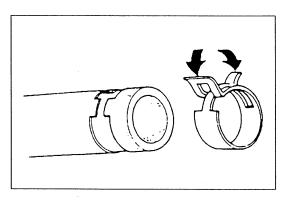
#### **ADJUSTMENTS**

Use gauges and/or tester when making adjustments.



#### **RUBBER PARTS AND TUBING**

Prevent gasoline or oil from getting on rubber parts or tubing.



#### **HOSE CLAMPS**

When reinstalling, position the hose clamp in the original location on the hose, and squeeze the clamp lightly with large pliers to ensure a good fit.

#### **UNITS**

Electrical current	A (ampere) V (volt)
Electric power	W (watt)
Length	mm (millimeter) in (inch)
Negative pressure	kPa (kilo Pascal) mmHg (millimeters of mercury) inHg (inches of mercury)
Positive pressure	kPa (kilo Pascal) kgf/cm² (kilogram force per square centimeter) psi (pounds per square inch)
Resistance	$\Omega$ (ohm)
Torque	N·m (Newton meter) kgf·m (kilogram force per meter) kgf·cm (kilogram force per centimeter) ft·lbf (foot pound) in·lbf (inch pound)
Volume	L (liter) US qt (U.S. quart) Imp qt (Imperial quart) ml (milliliter) cc (cubic centimeter) cu in (cubic inch) fl oz (fluid ounce)
Weight	g (gram) oz (ounce)

#### Conversion to SI Units (Système International d'Unités)

All numerical values in this manual are based on SI units. Numbers shown in conventional units are converted from these values.

#### Rounding off

Converted values are rounded off to the same number of places are the SI unit value. For example, if the SI unit value is 17.2 and the value after conversion is 37.84, the converted value will be rounded off to 37.8.

#### **Upper and lower limits**

When the data indicates upper and lower limits, the converted values are rounded down if the SI unit value is an upper limit and rounded up if the SI unit value is a lower limit. Therefore, converted values for the same SI unit value may differ after conversion. For example, consider 2.7 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup> in the following specifications:

210—260 kPa { 2.1—2.7 kgf/cm² , 30—38 psi }
 270—310 kPa { 2.7—3.2 kgf/cm² , 39—45 psi }

The actual converted values for 2.7 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup> are 264 kPa and 38.4 psi. In the top specification, 2.7 is used as an upper limit, so its converted values are rounded down to 260 and 38. In the bottom specification, 2.7 is used as a lower limit, so its converted values are rounded up to 270 and 39.

GI

### **ABBREVIATIONS**

ATX	Automatic transaxle
BDC	Bottom dead center
EX	Exhaust
HLA	Hydraulic lash adjuster
IN	Intake
LH	Left hand
MAX	Maximum
MBSP	Main bearing support plate
MIN	Minimum
MTX	Manual transaxle
O.S	Over size
P/S	Power steering
RH	Right hand
SST	Special service tool
STD	Standard
TDC	Top dead center
U.S	Under size
VRAS	Vibration reducing aluminum stiffener

#### **SAE STANDARDS**

In accordance with new regulations, SAE (Society of Automotive Engineers) standard names and abbreviations are now used in this manual. The table below lists the names and abbreviations that have been used in Mazda manuals up to now and their SAE equivalents.

	Previous Standard		SAE Standard	
bbreviation	Name	Abbreviation	Name	Remark
-	Accelerator Pedal	AP	Accelerator Pedal	
	Air Cleaner	ACL	Air Cleaner	
-	Air Conditioning	A/C	Air Conditioning	
	Airflow Meter	VAF	Volume Air Flow Sensor	
	Airflow Sensor	MAF	Mass Air Flow Sensor	
_	Alternator	GEN	Generator	
	ATF Thermosensor		Transmission (Transaxle) Fluid Temperature Sensor	
	Atmospheric Pressure	BARO	Barometric Pressure	
VB	Battery Voltage	B+	Battery Positive Voltage	-
		ОС	Oxidation Catalytic Converter	
	Catalytic Converter	TWC	Three Way Catalytic Converter	
	Catalytic Converter	WU-TWC	Warm Up Three Way Catalytic Converter	#1
	Circuit Opening Relay	FPR	Fuel Pump Relay	#2
	Clutch Position	CPP	Clutch Pedal Position	
<del></del>	Crank Angle Sensor	CMP	Camshaft Position Sensor	
	Crank Angle Sensor 2	CKP	Crankshaft Position Sensor	
	Diagnosis Connector	DLC	Data Link Connector	
	Diagnosis/Self-Diagnosis	OBD	On-Board Diagnostic	
	Direct Ignition	DLI	Distributorless Ignition	
	EC-AT Control Unit	ТСМ	Transmission (Transaxle) Control Module	
EGI	Electronic Gasoline Injection System	CIS	Continuous Fuel Injection System	
	Electronic Spark Ignition	EI	Electronic Ignition	#3
ECU	Facine Control Hait	PCM	Powertrain Control Module	#4
ECU	Engine Control Unit	ECM	Engine Control Module	
- According	Engine Modification	EM	Engine Modification	
	Engine RPM Signal		Engine Speed Input Signal	
	Engine Speed	RPM	Engine Speed	
	Evaporative Emission	EVAP	Evaporative Emission	
	Exhaust Gas Recirculation	EGR	Exhaust Gas Recirculation	
	Fan Control	FC	Fan Control	
	Feedback System	CLS	Closed Loop System	
	Flexible Fuel	FF	Flexible Fuel	
-	Fuel Pump	FP	Fuel Pump	
	Fully Closed	CTP	Closed Throttle Position	
	Fully Open	WOT	Wide Open Throttle	
	Ground/Earth	GND	Ground	

<sup>#1:</sup> Directly connected to exhaust manifold#2: In some models, there is a fuel pump relay that controls pump speed. That relay is now called the fuel pump relay (speed).

<sup>#3:</sup> Controlled by the ECM (PCM)

<sup>#4:</sup> Device that controls engine and powertrain

Previous Standard		SAE Standard			
Abbreviation	Name	Abbreviation	Name	Remark	
	IC Regulator	VR	Voltage Regulator		
<del></del>	Idle Speed Control	IAC	Idle Air Control		
	Idle Switch		Closed Throttle Position Switch	:	
	Igniter	ICM	Ignition Control Module		
	Inhibitor Position	TR	Transmission (Transaxle) Range		
	Intake Air Pressure	MAP	Manifold Absolute Pressure		
	Intake Air Thermo	IAT	Intake Air Temperature		
	Intercooler	CAC	Charge Air Cooler		
	Knock Sensor	KS	Knock Sensor		
	Line Pressure Solenoid Valve		Pressure Control Solenoid		
	Lock-up Position	TCC	Torque Converter Clutch		
	Malfunction Indicator Light	MIL	Malfunction Indicator Lamp		
	Multiport Fuel Injection	MFI	Multiport Fuel Injection	·	
	Open Loop	OL	Open Loop		
	Overdrive	4GR	Fourth Gear		
	0	HO2S	Heated Oxygen Sensor	With heater	
	Oxygen Sensor	O2S	Oxygen Sensor		
	Park/Neutral Range	PNP	Park/Neutral Position		
	Power Steering Pressure	PSP	Power Steering Pressure		
	Pulse Generator		Input/Turbine Speed Sensor		
	Reed Valve	SAPV	Secondary Air Pulse Valve		
		PAIR	Pulsed Secondary Air Injection	Pulsed injection	
_	Secondary Air Injection System	AIR	Secondary Air Injection	Inject with compressor	
	Sequential Fuel Injection	SFI	Sequential Multipoint Fuel Injection		
	Service Code(s)	DTC	Diagnostic Trouble Code(s)		
	Spark Ignition	DI	Distributor Ignition		
	Stoplight Switch	_	Brake Switch		
_	Test Mode	DTM	Diagnostic Test Mode	#5	
	Throttle Body	TB	Throttle Body		
	Throttle Sensor	TP	Throttle Position Sensor		
	Turbocharger	TC	Turbocharger		
	Vehicle Speed Sensor	VSS	Vehicle Speed Sensor		
	Vehicle Speed Sensor 1		Output Speed Sensor		
******	Water Thermo	ECT	Engine Coolant Temperature		
	1-2 Shift Solenoid Valve		Shift Solenoid A		
	2-3 Shift Solenoid Valve	_	Shift Solenoid B		
	3-4 Shift Solenoid Valve	_	Shift Solenoid C		
	3rd Gear	3GR	Third Gear		
			Incorrect Gear Ratio	<del>                                     </del>	

— — — Incorrect Gear Ratio
#5: Diagnostic trouble codes depend on the diagnostic test mode

# **ENGINE OVERHAUL**

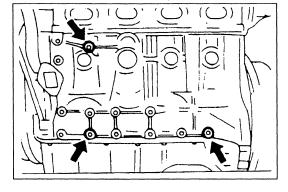
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#### **ENGINE STAND MOUNTING/DISMOUNTING**

#### **PREPARATION**

SST

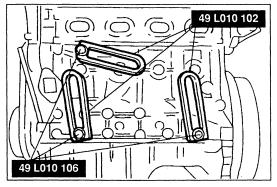
49 0107 680A Engine stand	For disassembly and assembly of engine	Hanger set, engine stand	For disassembly and assembly of engine
49 L010 101  Plate (Part of 49 L010 1A0)	For disassembly and assembly of engine	49 L010 102  Arms (Part of 49 L010 1A0)	For disassembly and assembly of engine
49 L010 103 Hooks (Part of 49 L010 1A0)	For disassembly and assembly of engine	49 L010 104  Nuts (Part of 49 L010 1A0)	For disassembly and assembly of engine
49 L010 105  Bolts (Part of 49 L010 1A0)	For disassembly and assembly of engine	49 L010 106  Bolts (Part of 49 L010 1A0)	For disassembly and assembly of engine



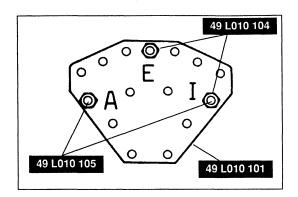
# 1. 05

**MOUNTING** 

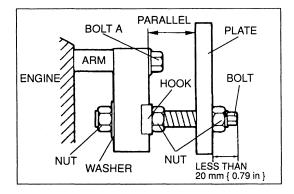
1. Use the holes shown in the figure.



2. Install the **SST** (arms) to the holes as shown in the figure, and hand tighten the **SST** (bolts).



3. Assemble the **SST** (bolts, nuts, and plate) in the specified positions marked A, E, and I.

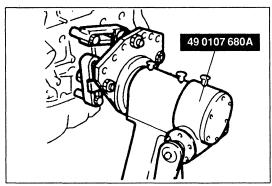


4. Install the **SST** assembled in step 3 to the respective arms.

5. Adjust the **SST** (bolts) so that less than **20 mm { 0.79 in }** of thread is exposed.

6. Make the SST (plate and arms) parallel by adjusting the SST (bolts and nuts).

7. Tighten the SST (bolts and nuts) to affix the SST firmly.



8. Mount the engine on the **SST** (engine stand).

#### **DISMOUNTING**

Dismount in the reverse order of mounting.

#### **DISASSEMBLY / ASSEMBLY**

# PREPARATION SST

49 E011 1A0 Brake set, ring gear	For prevention of crankshaft rotation	49 E011 103  Shaft (Part of 49 E011 1A0)	For prevention of crankshaft rotation
49 E011 104  Collar (Part of 49 E011 1A0)	For prevention of crankshaft rotation	49 E011 105  Stopper (Part of 49 E011 1A0)	For prevention of crankshaft rotation
49 B012 0A2 Pivot	For removal / installation of valves	49 B012 012  Body (Part of 49 B012 0A2)	For removal / installation of valves
49 B012 013  Foot (Part of 49 B012 0A2)	For removal / installation of valves	49 B012 014  Locknut (Part of 49 B012 0A2)	For removal / installation of valves
49 0636 100B Lifter arm, valve spring	For removal / installation of valves	49 0221 061A Installer, piston pin	For installation of piston pins
49 S120 170 Remover, valve seal	For removal of valve seals	49 L012 0A0 Installer set, valve seal & valve guide	For installation of valve seals
49 L012 001 Installer (Part of 49 L012 0A0)	For installation of valve seals	49 L012 002  Body (Part of 49 L012 0A0)	For installation of valve seals
49 L012 005 Spacer (Part of 49 L012 0A0)	For installation of valve seals	49 W033 105 Installer, oil seal	For installation of rear oil seal

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49 G030 795 Installer, oil seal	For installation of rear oil seal	49 G030 797  Handle (Part of 49 G030 795)	For installation of rear oil seal
49 B014 001 Installer, oil seal	For installation of front oil seal		

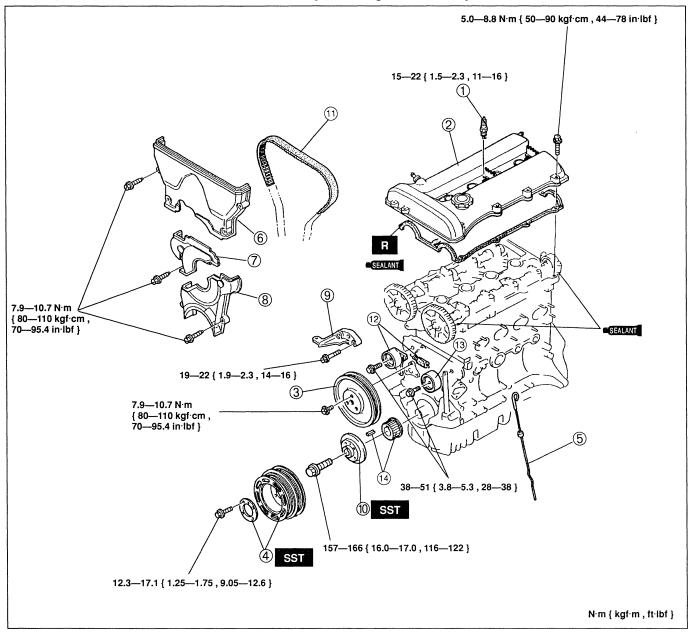


#### Warning

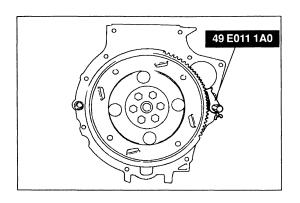
• Continuous exposure with USED engine oil has caused skin cancer in laboratory mice. Protect your skin by washing with soap and water immediately after this work.

#### **TIMING BELT**

- 1. Disassemble in the order shown in the figure, referring to **Disassembly Note**.
- 2. Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly, referring to Assembly Note.

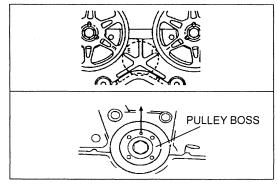


1.	Spark plug	10. Pulley boss
2.	Cylinder head cover	Disassembly Note page B- 7
	Assembly Note page B–10	Assembly Note page B- 8
3.	Water pump pulley	11. Timing belt
4.	Crankshaft pulley and plate	Disassembly Note page B- 7
	Disassembly Note page B- 7	Assembly Note page B- 8
	Assembly Note page B- 9	12. Tensioner and tensioner spring
5.	Dipstick	Assembly Note page B– 8
6.	Timing belt cover, upper	13. Idler
7.	Timing belt cover, middle	14. Timing belt pulley and key
8.	Timing belt cover, lower	Assembly Note page B- 8
9.	No.3 engine mount bracket	•



# Disassembly Note Crankshaft pulley and plate

- 1. Hold the flywheel (MTX) or drive plate (ATX) by using the SST.
- 2. Remove the crankshaft pulley and plate.

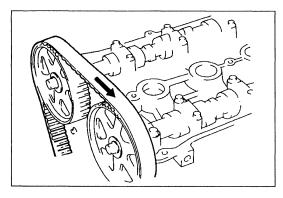


#### **Pulley boss**

1. Turn the crankshaft clockwise and align the timing marks of the pulleys.

#### Note

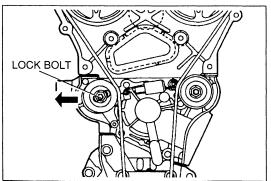
- For the crankshaft side, face the locating pin on the pulley boss straight up.
- 49 E011 1A0
- 2. Hold the flywheel (MTX) or drive plate (ATX) by using the SST.
- 3. Remove the pulley boss.



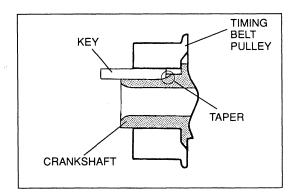
#### Timing belt

#### Caution

- The following will damage the belt and shorten its life; Forcefully twisting it, turning it inside out, or allowing oil or grease on it.
- 1. Mark the timing belt rotation on the belt for proper reinstallation.



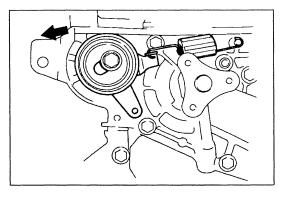
- 2. Loosen the tensioner lock bolt.
- 3. Push the tensioner in the direction of the arrow and hand tighten the lock bolt.
- 4. Remove the timing belt.



#### Assembly Note

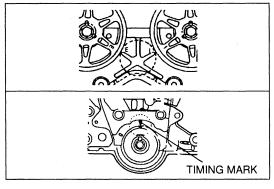
Timing belt pulley and key

Insert the key into the timing belt pulley, facing the tapered side downward. Push the key until it stops.



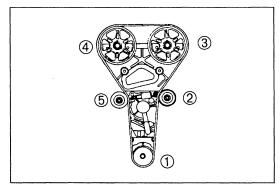
#### Tensioner and tensioner spring

- 1. Install the tensioner spring as shown.
- 2. Push the tensioner in the direction of the arrow and hand tighten the lock bolt.

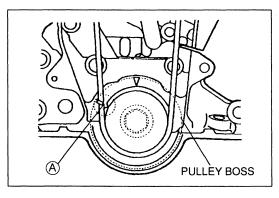


#### Timing belt

1. Verify that all timing marks are correctly aligned.



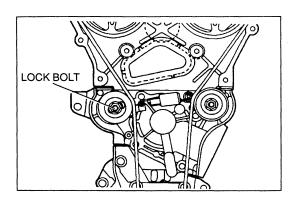
- 2. Install the timing belt on the pulleys in the order shown below.
  - 1 Timing belt pulley
  - 2 Idler pulley
  - ③ Camshaft pulley (LH)
  - (4) Camshaft pulley (RH)
  - (5) Tensioner



#### **Pulley boss**

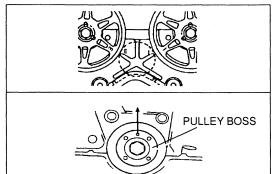
1. Install the pulley boss and pulley lock bolt. Turn the crankshaft clockwise 1 and 5/6 times, and verify that the timing mark and the tension set mark (A) are aligned.





- 2. Loosen the tensioner lock bolt to apply tension to the timing belt. Do not apply tension other than that of the tensioner spring.
- 3. Tighten the tensioner lock bolt.

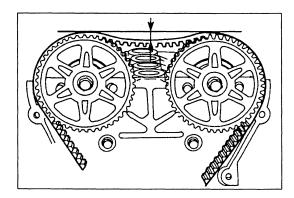
Tightening torque: 38—51 N·m { 3.8—5.3 kgf·m , 28—38 ft·lbf }



4. Turn the crankshaft clockwise 2 and 1/6 times, and verify that all timing marks are correctly aligned.

#### Note

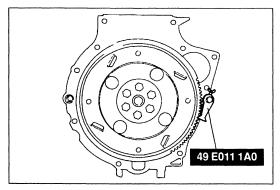
 For the crankshaft side, face the locating pin on the pulley boss straight up.



5. Check the belt deflection at the point indicated by applying moderate pressure 98 N { 10 kgf, 22 lbf }.

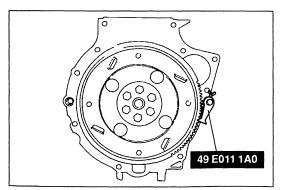
Deflection: 9.0—11.5 mm { 0.36—0.45 in }

If the timing belt deflection is not correct, remove the timing belt and repeat from timing belt assembly note step
 1.



- 7. Hold the drive plate (ATX) or flywheel (MTX) by using the SST.
- 8. Tighten the pulley lock bolt.

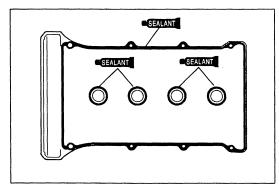
Tightening torque: 157—166 N·m { 16.0—17.0 kgf·m , 116—122 ft·lbf }

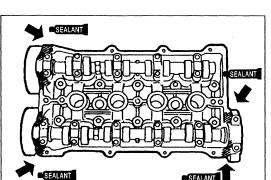


Crankshaft pulley and plate

- 1. Hold the drive plate (ATX) or flywheel (MTX) by using the SST.
- 2. Install the crankshaft pulley and plate.

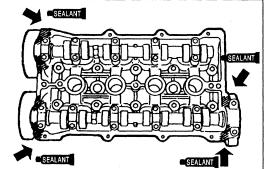
Tightening torque: 12.3—17.1 N·m { 1.25—1.75 kgf·m , 9.05—12.6 ft·lbf }



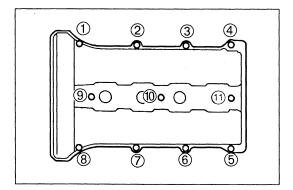




- 1. Remove all foreign material from the cylinder head cover
- 2. Apply silicone sealant to the cylinder head cover as shown.
- 3. Install the new cylinder head cover gasket into the cylinder head cover.



- 4. Apply silicone sealant to the shaded areas as shown.
- 5. Install the cylinder head cover.

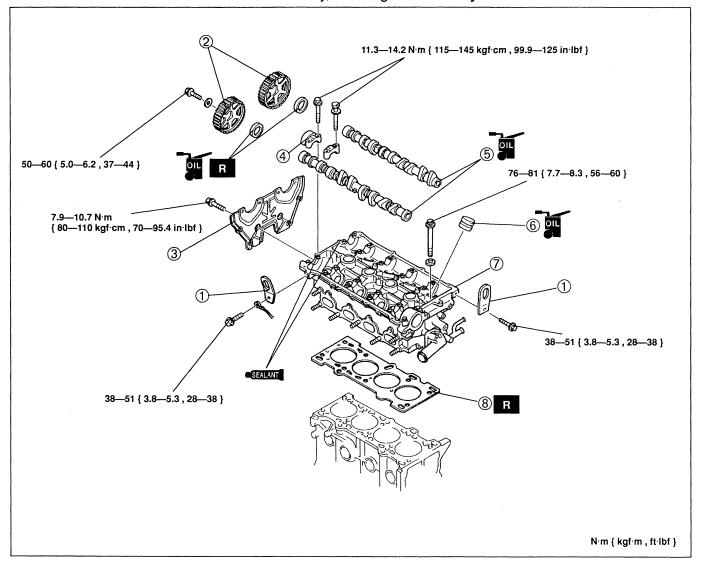


6. Tighten the cylinder head cover bolts in five or six steps in the order shown.

Tightening torque: 5.0—8.8 N·m { 50—90 kgf·cm , 44—78 in·lbf }

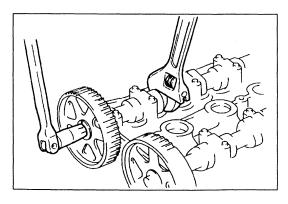
#### CYLINDER HEAD (I)

- 1. Disassemble in the order shown in the figure, referring to **Disassembly Note**.
- 2. Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly, referring to **Assembly Note**.



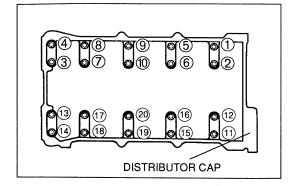
	Engine hanger
2.	Camshaft pulley
	Disassembly Note below
	Assembly Note page B–13
3.	Seal plate
4.	Camshaft cap
	Disassembly Note page B-12
	Assembly Note page B-12

5. Camshaft
Disassembly Note page B-12
6. HLA
7. Cylinder head
Disassembly Note page B–12
Assembly Note page B-12
8. Cylinder head gasket



# Disassembly Note Camshaft pulley

- 1. Hold the camshaft by using a wrench on the cast hexagon as shown, and loosen the camshaft pulley lock bolt.
- 2. Remove the camshaft pulley.



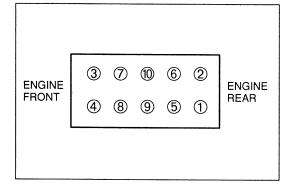
#### Camshaft cap

- 1. Loosen the camshaft cap bolts in five or six steps in the order shown.
- 2. Remove the camshaft cap bolts and camshaft caps.

#### Camshaft

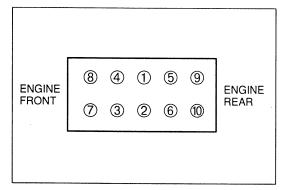
Before removing the camshaft, inspect the following.

- (1) Camshaft end play (Refer to page B-30.)
- (2) Camshaft journal oil clearance (Refer to page B-30.)



#### Cylinder head

- 1. Loosen the cylinder head bolts in two or three steps in the order shown.
- 2. Remove the cylinder head.

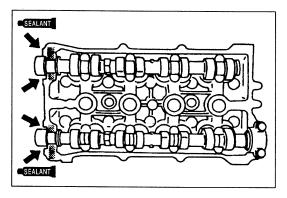


## Assembly Note Cylinder head

Install the bolts and tighten them in two or three steps in the order shown.

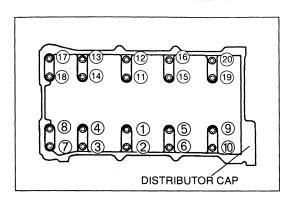
#### Tightening torque:

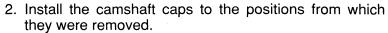
76—81 N·m { 7.7—8.3 kgf·m , 56—60 ft·lbf }



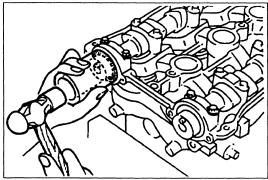
#### Camshaft cap

1. Apply silicone sealant to the shaded areas shown in the figure.

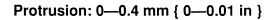




3. Tighten the camshaft cap bolts in five or six steps in the order shown.

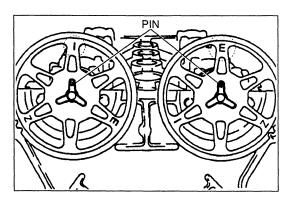


- 4. Apply clean engine oil to the lip of the new camshaft oil
- 5. Push the oil seal slightly in by hand.
- 6. Tap the camshaft oil seal in evenly by using a pipe.



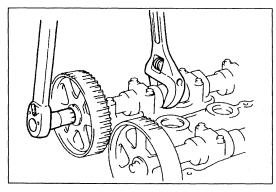
#### Note

Oil seal outer diameter: 48.0 mm { 1.89 in }
Oil seal inner diameter: 34.2 mm { 1.35 in }



#### Camshaft pulley

1. Install the camshaft pulleys with the "I" mark (intake side) or the "E" mark (exhaust side) straight up.

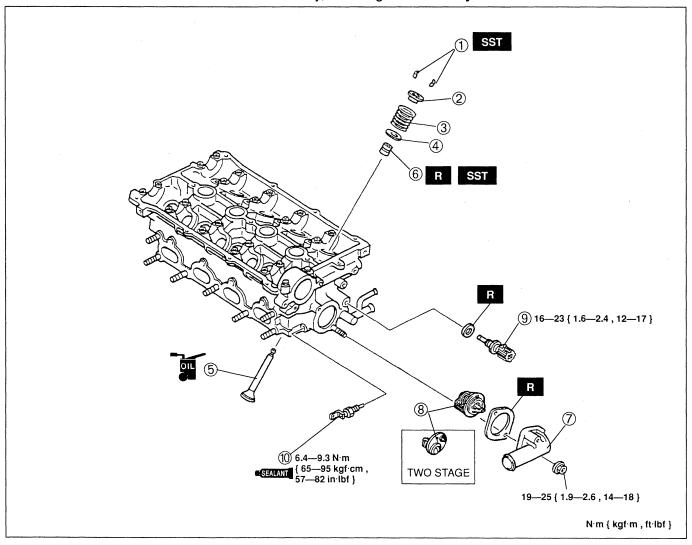


2. Hold the camshaft by using a wrench on the cast hexagon, and tighten the camshaft pulley lock bolt.

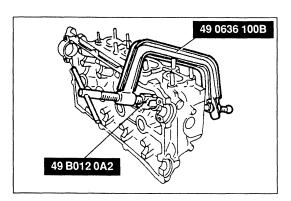
Tightening torque: 50—60 N·m { 5.0—6.2 kgf·m , 37—44 ft·lbf }

#### **CYLINDER HEAD (II)**

- 1. Disassemble in the order shown in the figure, referring to **Disassembly Note**.
- 2. Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly, referring to **Assembly Note**.



Disassembly Note below		Disasse
Assembly Note page B-16		Assemb
2. Valve spring seat, upper	7.	Thermosta
3. Valve spring	8.	Thermosta
Assembly Note page B-16		Assemb
4. Valve spring seat, lower	9.	Engine cod
5 Valve		Water tem

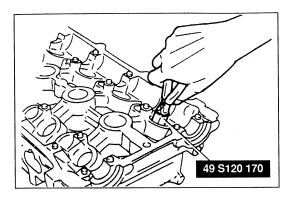


#### 

# Disassembly Note Valve keeper

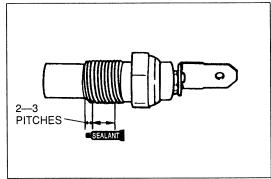
- 1. Set the **SST** against the upper valve spring seat as shown.
- 2. Remove the valve keepers.

1. Valve keeper



#### Valve seal

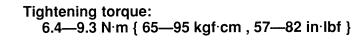
Remove the valve seal by using the SST.

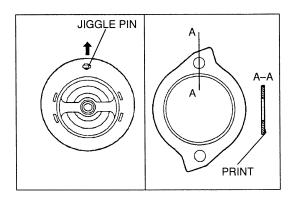


#### **Assembly Note**

#### Water temperature sender unit

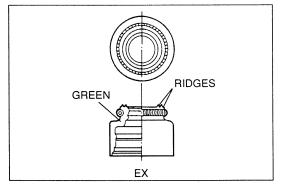
- 1. Apply silicone sealant to the thread of the water temperature sender unit as shown.
- 2. Install the water temperature sender unit.





#### **Thermostat**

- 1. Install the thermostat with the jiggle pin facing upward.
- 2. Install the new gasket with the printed side facing the cylinder head.



#### Valve seal

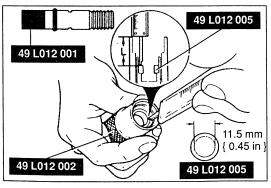
#### Note

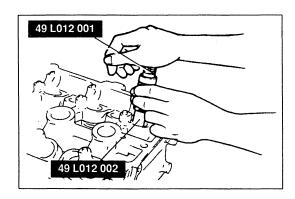
 The intake and exhaust valve seals are different as shown.

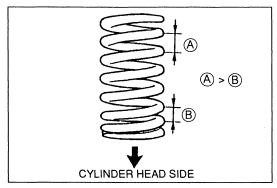
	Ridge	Color
Intake	One	Gray
Exhaust	Two	Green

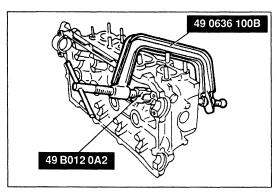
1. Assemble the **SST** so that depth L is as specified.

Depth L: 18.4 mm { 0.724 in } (B6) 19.9 mm { 0.783 in } (BP)









#### Caution

- Using a hammer will damage the valve seal.
- 2. Using the **SST**, press the valve seal on by hand.
- 3. Measure the valve seal setting height.

Valve seal setting height:

18.4 mm { 0.724 in } (B6) 19.9 mm { 0.783 in } (BP)

#### Valve spring

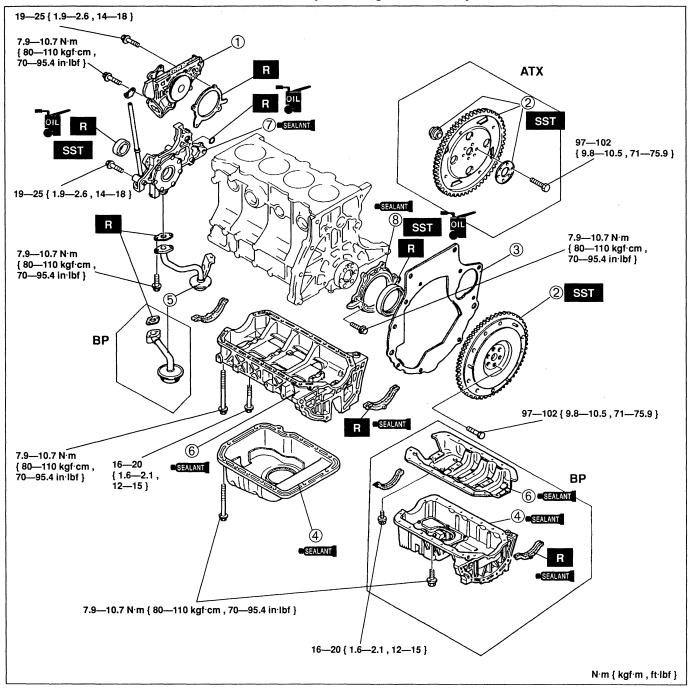
Install the valve spring with the closer pitch toward the cylinder head.

#### Valve keeper

Compress the valve spring by using the SST, and install the valve keepers.

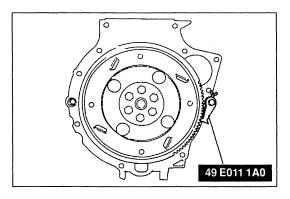
#### **CYLINDER BLOCK (EXTERNAL PARTS)**

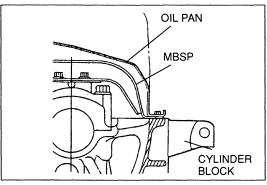
- Disassemble in the order shown in the figure, referring to Disassembly Note.
   Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly, referring to Assembly Note.

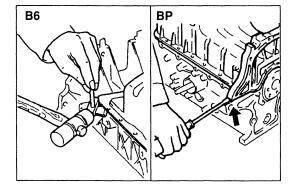


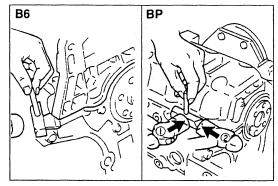
1.	Water pump
	Assembly Note page B–21
2.	Backing plate, drive plate, adapter (ATX),
	flywheel (MTX)
	Disassembly Note page B–18
	Assembly Note page B–21
3.	End plate
4.	Oil pan
	Disassembly Note page B–18
	Assembly Note page B–21
5.	Oil strainer

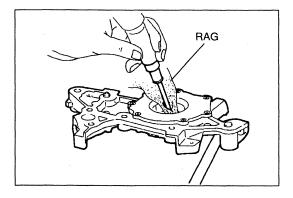
6.	VRAS (B6) MBSP (BP)
	Disassembly Note page B-18
	Assembly Note page B–20
7.	Oil pump
	Disassembly Note page B–18
	Assembly Note page B-19
	Disassembly / Inspection /
	Assembly section D
8.	Rear cover
	Disassembly Note page B-19
	Assembly Note page B-19
	•











#### **Disassembly Note**

Backing plate, drive plate, adapter (ATX), flywheel (MTX)

- 1. Hold the drive plate (ATX) or flywheel (MTX) by using the SST.
- 2. Remove the drive plate lock bolts and remove the backing plate and adapter. (ATX)
- 3. Remove the flywheel lock bolts and remove the flywheel. (MTX)

#### Oil pan

#### Caution

 Do not insert the prying tool between the MBSP and cylinder block (BP).

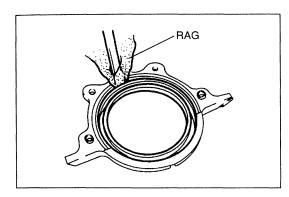
Remove the oil pan by using a scraper or a separator tool.

#### VRAS (B6), MBSP (BP)

Separate the VRAS or MBSP from the cylinder block by using a scraper or a separator tool.

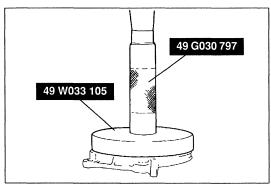
#### Oil pump

Remove the oil seal by using a screwdriver protected with a rag.



#### Rear cover

Remove the oil seal by using a screwdriver protected with a rag.

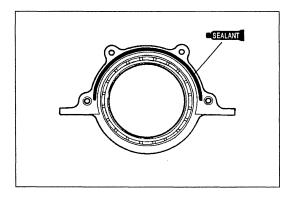


#### Assembly Note

#### Rear cover

- 1. Apply clean engine oil to the new oil seal.
- 2. Push the oil seal slightly in by hand.
- 3. Press the oil seal in evenly by using the SST.

Protrusion: 0—0.5 mm { 0—0.019 in }



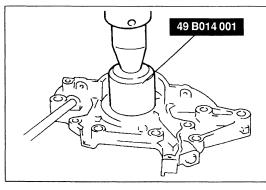
4. Apply silicone sealant to the rear cover as shown.

Thickness:  $\phi$  2 mm { 0.079 in }

5. Install the rear cover.

Tightening torque:

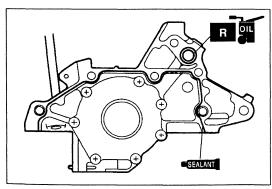
7.9—10.7 N·m { 80—110 kgf·cm , 70—95.4 in·lbf }



#### Oil pump

- 1. Apply clean engine oil to the new oil seal.
- 2. Push the oil seal slightly in by hand.
- 3. Press the oil seal in evenly by using the SST.

Protrusion: 0.5—1.0 mm { 0.020—0.039 in }



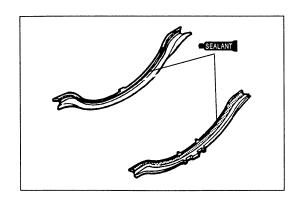
- 4. Install the new O-ring.
- 5. Apply silicone sealant to the oil pump body as shown.

Thickness:  $\phi$  1—2 mm { 0.040—0.078 in }

6. Install the oil pump.

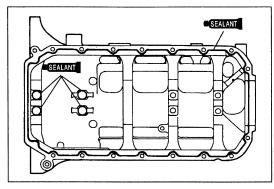
**Tightening torque:** 

19—25 N·m { 1.9—2.6 kgf·m , 14—18 ft·lbf }



VRAS (B6)

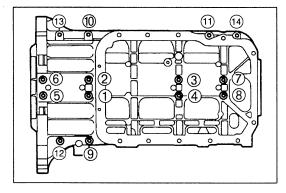
1. Apply silicone sealant to the oil pump and rear cover mounting surfaces of the new oil pan gaskets, and install them



2. Apply silicone sealant to the VRAS as shown.

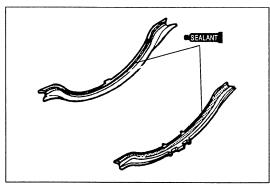
Thickness:  $\phi$  2—3 mm { 0.079—0.118 in }

3. Install the VRAS.



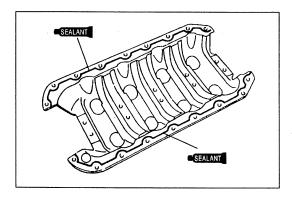
4. Tighten the bolts in the order shown.

Tightening torque
①—⑧:
16—20 N·m { 1.6—2.1 kgf·m , 12—15 ft·lbf }
⑨—⑭:
7.9—10.7 N·m { 80—110 kgf·cm , 70—95.4 in·lbf }



MBSP (BP)

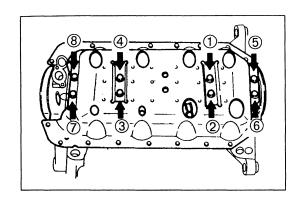
1. Apply silicone sealant to the oil pump and rear cover mounting surfaces of the new oil pan gaskets, and install them.



2. Apply silicone sealant to the MBSP as shown.

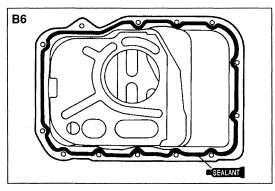
Thickness:  $\phi$  2.5—3.5 mm { 0.099—0.137 in }

3. Install the MBSP.



4. Tighten the bolts in the order shwon in the figure.

# Tightening torque: 16—20 N m { 1.6—2.1 kgf·m , 12—15 ft·lbf }



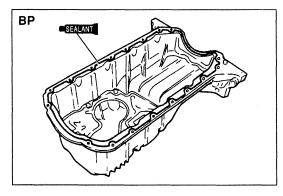
Oil pan

1. Apply silicone sealant to the oil pan as shown.

Thickness: 
$$\phi$$
 2—3 mm { 0.079—0.118 in } (B6)  $\phi$  2.5—3.5 mm { 0.099—0.137 in } (BP)

2. Install the oil pan.

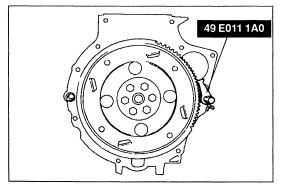




Backing plate, drive plate, adapter (ATX), flywheel (MTX)

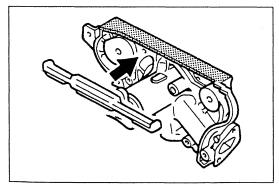
1. Hold the drive plate (ATX) or flywheel (MTX)

- 1. Hold the drive plate (ATX) or flywheel (MTX) by using the SST.
- 2. Install the drive plate. (ATX)
- 3. Install the flywheel. (MTX)



Tightening torque:

97—102 N·m { 9.8—10.5 kgf·m , 71—75.9 ft·lbf }



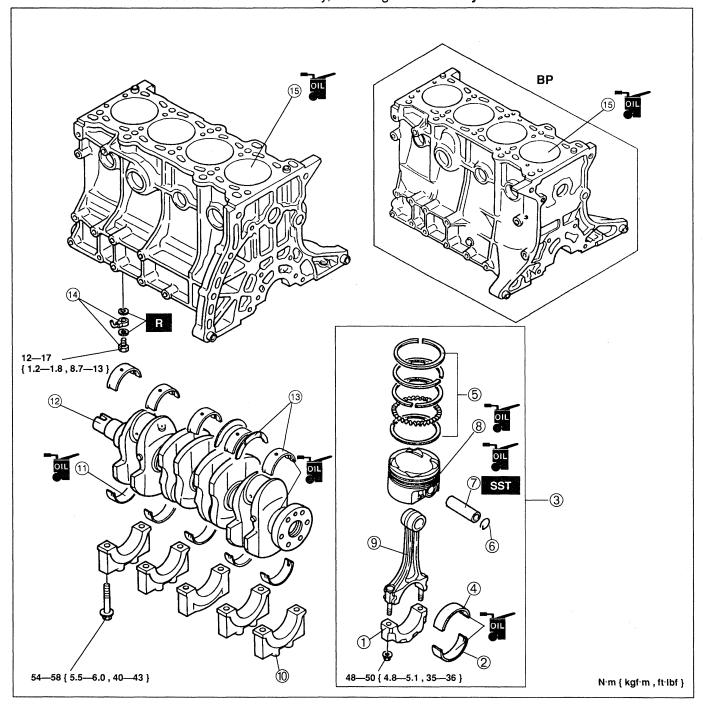
Water pump

- Verify that the rubber seal is securely fixed onto the water pump.
- 2. If not, remove the rubber seal and reinstall it with the bonding agent.
- 3. Install the water pump.

Tightening torque: 19—25 N·m { 1.9—2.6 kgf·m , 14—18 ft·lbf }

## **CYLINDER BLOCK (INTERNAL PARTS)**

- 1. Disassemble in the order shown in the figure, referring to **Disassembly Note**.
- 2. Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly, referring to Assembly Note.



1.	Connecting rod cap
2.	Connecting rod bearing, lower
3.	Piston and connecting rod assembly
	Disassembly Note page B–23
	Assembly Notepage B–24
4.	Connecting rod bearing, upper
5.	Piston ring
6.	Piston pin clip
7.	Piston pin
	Disassembly Note page B–23
	Assembly Note page B–24

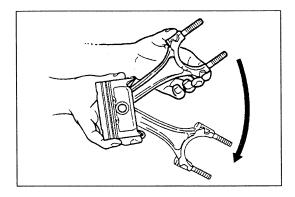
- 14. Oil jet valve and nozzle
- 15. Cylinder block

## **Disassembly Note**

## Piston and connecting rod assembly

Before removing the piston and connecting rod assembly, inspect the following.

- (1) Connecting rod large end side clearance (Refer to page B-33.)
- (2) Connecting rod bearing oil clearance (Refer to page B-33.)



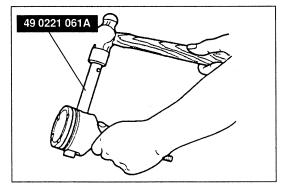
### Piston pin

#### Caution

 The connecting rods must be reinstalled in the same positions from which they were removed. If they are not, it can cause premature and uneven wear.

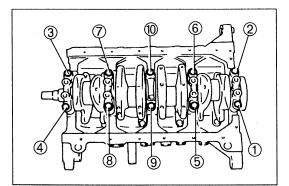
#### **Note**

- Mark the connecting rods to show their original positions.
- 1. Before disassembling the piston and connecting rod, check the oscillation torque as shown. If the large end does not drop by its own weight, replace the piston or the piston pin.
- 2. Remove the piston pin by using the SST.



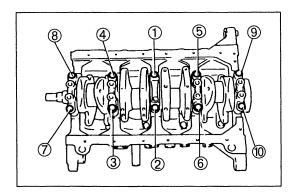
#### Main bearing cap

- 1. Before removing the main bearing caps, measure the crankshaft end play. (Refer to page B-35.)
- 2. Loosen the main bearing cap bolts in two or three steps in the order shown.
- 3. Remove the main bearing caps.



### Crankshaft

Before removing the crankshaft, measure the main bearing oil clearances. (Refer to page B-36.)



## Assembly Note Main bearing cap

Tighten the main bearing cap bolts in two or three steps in the order shown.

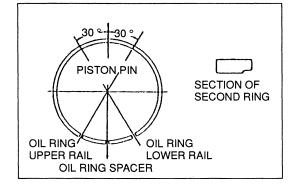
Tightening torque: 54—58 N·m { 5.5—6.0 kgf·m , 40—43 ft·lbf }

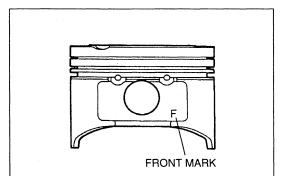
## Piston pin

- 1. Install the piston pin clip into the clip groove in the piston.
- 2. Assemble the piston and the connecting rod in the direction from which they were disassembled.
- 3. Apply clean engine oil to the piston pin.
- 4. Install the piston pin from the side opposite the clip.
- 5. Install the piston pin until the pin contacts the clip. If the pin cannot be installed easily, heat the piston.
- 6. Install the second clip into the clip groove in the piston.
- 7. Check the oscillation torque of the connecting rod. (Refer to page B-23.)

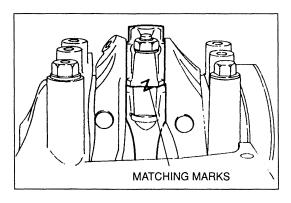


- 1. Verify that the second ring is installed with the scraper face downward.
- 2. Verify that the top ring is installed with R mark (tapered side) face upward. When the ring has no mark (taper), it can be installed with either side facing upward.
- 3. Position the end gap of each ring as shown.





4. Insert the piston and connecting rod assembly into the cylinder with the F mark facing the front of the engine.



5. Align the matching marks on the connecting rod and the connecting rod cap, install the connecting rod cap.

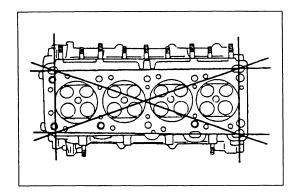
Tightening torque: 48—50 N·m { 4.8—5.1 kgf·m , 35—36 ft·lbf }

**INSPECTION / REPAIR** 

## **INSPECTION / REPAIR**

# PREPARATION SST

49 B012 005 Replacer valve guide	For removal of valve guides	Installer set, valve seal & valve guide	For installtion of valve guides
49 L012 002  Body (Part of 49 L012 0A0)	For installtion of valve guides	49 L012 003 Installer (Part of 49 L012 0A0)	For installtion of valve guides
49 L012 004  Nut (Part of 49 L012 0A0)	For installtion of valve guides		_



#### CYLINDER HEAD

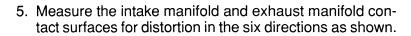
- 1. Carry out coloring flaw detection on the cylinder head surface. Replace the cylinder head if necessary.
- 2. Measure the cylinder head for distortion in the six directions as shown.

Distortion: 0.15 mm { 0.006 in } max. (B6) 0.10 mm { 0.004 in } max. (BP)

- 3. Inspect for the following and repair or replace as necessary.
  - (1) Sunken valve seats
  - (2) Damaged intake and exhaust manifold contact surfaces
  - (3) Excessive camshaft oil clearance and end play
- 4. If the cylinder head distortion exceeds the maximum, repair by grinding or replace the cylinder head. If the cylinder head height is not within the specification, replace it.

Grinding: 0.20 mm { 0.008 in } max. (B6) 0.10 mm { 0.004 in } max. (BP)

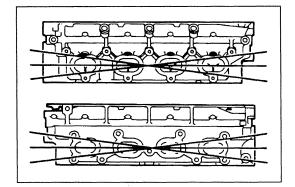
Height: 133.8—140.0 mm { 5.268—5.511 in }

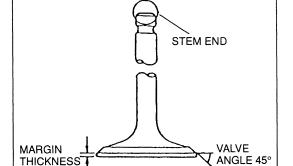


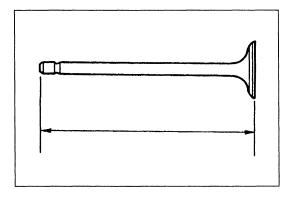
Distortion: 0.15 mm { 0.006 in } max.

6. If the distortion exceeds the specification, grind the surface or replace the cylinder head.

Grinding: 0.20 mm { 0.008 in } max.







#### **VALVE, VALVE GUIDE**

1. Measure the valve head margin thickness. Replace the valve if necessary

Margin thickness

IN: 1.0 mm { 0.039 in } min. (B6)

1.350 mm { 0.053 in } min. (BP)

EX: 1.0 mm { 0.039 in } min. (B6)

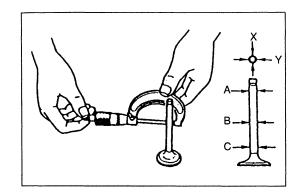
1.475 mm { 0.058 in } min. (BP)

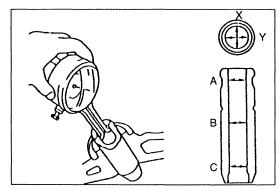
2. Measure the valve length. Replace the valve if necessary.

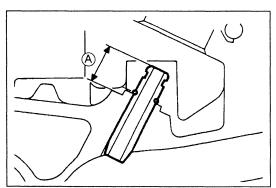
## Length

mm { in }

		B6	BP
IN	Standard	104.89—105.69 { 4.1296—4.1610 }	100.94—101.74 { 3.9741—4.0055 }
	Minimum	104.79 { 4.1256 }	100.84 { 3.9701 }
EX	Standard	104.96—105.79 { 4.1323—4.1649 }	101.04—101.84 { 3.9780—4.0094 }
	Minimum	104.89 { 4.1295 }	100.74 { 3.9661 }







3. Measure the valve stem diameter of each valve in X and Y directions at the three points (A, B, and C) shown. Replace the valve if necessary.

#### Diameter

IN Standard: 5.970—5.985 mm { 0.2351—0.2356 in } Minimum: 5.920 mm { 0.2331 in } EX Standard: 5.965—5.980 mm { 0.2349—0.2354 in } Minimum: 5.915 mm { 0.2329 in }

4. Measure the inner diameter of each valve guide in X and Y directions at the three points (A, B, and C) shown. Replace the valve guide if necessary.

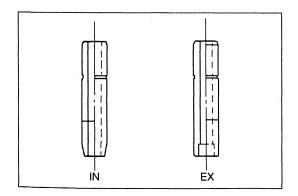
## Inner diameter:

5. Calculate the valve stem-to-valve guide clearance. Subtract the outer diameter of the valve stem from the inner diameter of the corresponding valve guide.

## Clearance

Maximum: 0.20 mm { 0.008 in }

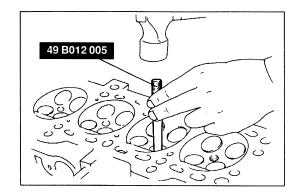
- 6. If the clearance exceeds the specification, replace the valve and/or valve guide.
- 7. Measure the protrusion height (dimension (A)) of each valve guide without valve spring seat, low. Replace the valve guide if necessary.



## Replacement of valve guide

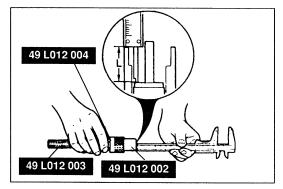
#### Note

 Although the shapes of the intake and exhaust valve guides are different, use the exhaust valve guide on both sides as a replacement.



#### Removal

Using the **SST**, remove the valve guide from the combustion chamber side.

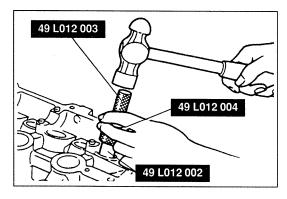


#### Installation

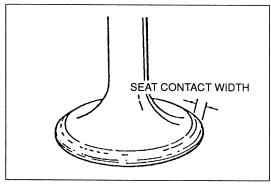
1. Assemble the **SSTs** so that depth L is as specified.

Depth L: 16.8—17.4 mm { 0.662—0.685 in } (B6) 18.3—18.9 mm { 0.721—0.744 in } (BP)

- 2. Tighten the nut.
- 3. Fit the clip onto the valve guide.



- 4. Using the **SST**, tap the valve guide in from the side opposite the combustion chamber until the **SST** contacts the cylinder head.
- 5. Verify that the valve guide protrusion height is within the specification. (Refer to page B–27.)



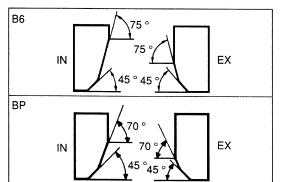
#### **VALVE SEAT**

- 1. If necessary, resurface the valve seat by using a **45** ° valve seat cutter and/or resurface the valve face.
- 2. Apply a thin coat of prussian blue to the valve face.
- 3. Check the valve seating by pressing the valve against the seat.

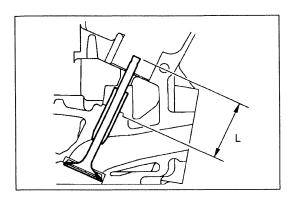
If blue does not appear 360  $^{\circ}$  around the valve seat, resurface the seat.

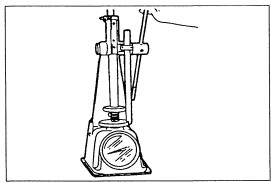
4. Measure the seat contact width.

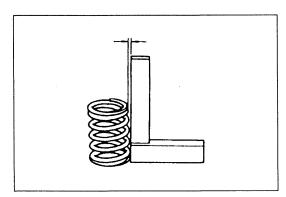
Width: 0.8—1.4 mm { 0.032—0.055 in }

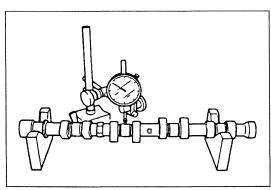


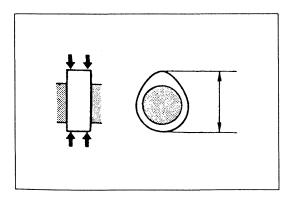
- 5. Verify that the valve seating position is at the center of the valve face.
  - (1) If the seating position is too high, correct the valve seat using a **75** ° (**B6**) or **70** ° (**BP**) cutter, and a **45** ° cutter.
  - (2) If the seating position is too low, correct the valve seat using a **0** ° cutter, and a **45** ° cutter.
- 6. Seat the valve to the valve seat using lapping compound.
- 7. Check the sinking of the valve seat.
  - (1) Measure the protruding length (dimension L) of the valve stem.











Dimension L: 43.5 mm { 1.713 in } (B6) 45.0 mm { 1.772 in } (BP)

(2) If L is as below, it can be used as it is.

43.5—44.0 mm { 1.713—1.732 in } (B6) 45.0—45.5 mm { 1.772—1.791 in } (BP)

(3) If **L** is more than below, replace the cylinder head.

44.1 mm { 1.736 in } (B6) 45.6 mm { 1.795 in } (BP)

## **VALVE SPRING**

1. Apply pressing force to the valve spring and check the spring height.

		B6	BP
Pressing force	IN	217.1—245.6 { 22.13—25.05 , 48.69—55.11 }	224—253 { 22.8—25.8 ,
N { kgf , lbf }	EX	173.3—196.1 { 17.67—20.00 , 38.88—44.00 }	50.2—56.7 }
Height mm { in }	IN EX	40.0 { 1.57 }	39.5 { 1.56 }

2. Replace the valve spring if necessary.

3. Measure the out-of-square of the valve spring. Replace the valve spring if necessary.

Out-of-square: 1.69 mm { 0.067 in } max. (B6) 1.62 mm { 0.064 in } max. (BP)

#### **CAMSHAFT**

1. Set the No.1 and No.5 journals on V-blocks.

2. Measure the camshaft runout. Replace the camshaft if necessary.

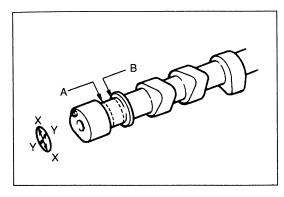
Runout: 0.03 mm { 0.0012 in } max.

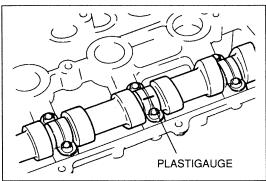
3. Measure the cam lobe heights at the two points as shown.

## Height

mm { in }

		B6	BP
IN	Standard	40.487 { 1.5940 }	44.094 { 1.7360 }
IIN	Minimum	40.287 { 1.5861 }	43.894 { 1.7281 }
EX	Standard	40.881 { 1.6095 }	44.600 { 1.7560 }
EX	Minimum	40.681 { 1.6016 }	44.400 { 1.7480 }





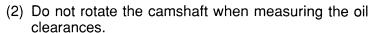
 Measure the journal diameters in X and Y directions at the two points (A and B) shown. Replace the camshaft if necessary.

#### **Diameter**

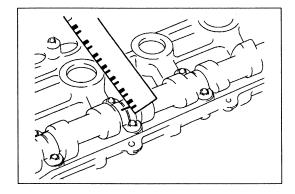
Standard:

25.940—25.965 mm { 1.0213—1.0222 in } Minimum: 25.910 mm { 1.0201 in }

- 5. With the HLA removed, measure the camshaft journal oil clearances as follows.
  - (1) Position plastigauge atop the journals in the axial direction.



- (3) Install the camshaft caps and tighten the camshaft cap bolts. (Refer to page B–13.)
- (4) Loosen the camshaft cap bolts and remove the bolts. (Refer to page B–12.)
- (5) Remove the camshaft caps.



(6) Measure the oil clearance.

Oil clearance:

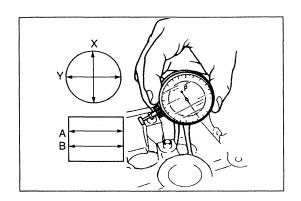
0.035—0.081 mm { 0.0014—0.0031 in } Maximum: 0.15 mm { 0.0059 in }

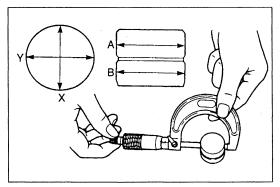
- (7) If the oil clearance exceeds the specification, replace the camshaft or the cylinder head.
- 6. Install the front camshaft cap.
- 7. Measure the camshaft end play. If it exceeds the maximum, replace the cylinder head or camshaft.

End play

Standard:

0.057—0.127 mm { 0.0023—0.0049 in } Maximum: 0.20 mm { 0.0079 in }





#### HLA

1. Measure the HLA hole inner diameter in X and Y directions at the two points (A and B) shown.

Diameter: 30.000—30.025 mm { 1.1811—1.1820 in }

2. Measure the HLA body outer diameters in X and Y directions at the two points (A and B) shown.

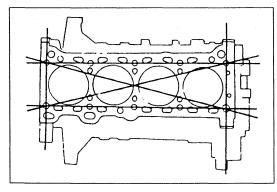
## Outer diameter: 29.959—29.975 mm { 1.1795—1.1801 in }

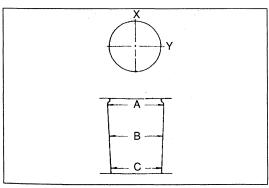
3. Subtract the HLA body outer diameter from the HLA hole inner diameter.

### Clearance

Standard: 0.025—0.066 mm { 0.0010—0.025 in } Maximum: 0.180 mm { 0.0071 in }

4. If the clearance exceeds the maximum, replace the HLA or cylinder head.





#### CYLINDER BLOCK

1. Measure the distortion of the cylinder block top surface in the six derections as shown in the figure.

**Distortion: 0.15 mm { 0.006 in } max.** 

2. If the distortion exceeds the maximum, repair by grinding or replace the cylinder block. If the cylinder block height is not within the specification, replace it.

Grinding: 0.20 mm { 0.008 in } max. Height: 221.5 mm { 8.720 in }

 Measure the cylinder bores in X and Y directions at the three points (A, B, and C) in each cylinder as shown. If the difference between measurements A and C or measurements X and Y exceeds the wear limit, replace the cylinder block or rebore the cylinder to oversize.

#### Note

• The boring size should be based on the same size as an oversize piston and the same for all cylinders.

### Cylinder bore

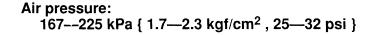
mm { in }

	B6	BP
Standard	78.000—78.019 { 3.0709—3.0716 }	83.000—83.019 { 3.2678—3.2684 }
0.25 { 0.01 } oversize	78.250—78.269 { 3.0808—3.0814 }	83.250—83.269 { 3.2776—3.2783 }
0.50 { 0.02 } oversize	78.500—78.519 { 3.0906—3.0912 }	83.500—83.519 { 3.2874—3.2881 }



#### **OIL JET**

1. Apply compressed air to oil jet valve (A) and verify that air passes through oil jet valve (B). If not, replace the oil jet valve.



2. Check the oil jet nozzle for clogs. Replace the nozzle if necessary.

## PISTON, PISTON RING, AND PISTON PIN

 Measure the outer diameter of each piston at a right angle (90 °) to the piston pin, 17.6 mm { 0.69 in } (B6), 16.5 mm { 0.65 in } (BP) below the oil ring land lower edge.

#### Piston diameter

mm { in }

		, ,
	B6	BP
Standard	77.954—77.974 { 3.0691—3.0698 }	82.954—82.974 { 3.2659—3.2666 }
0.25 { 0.01 } oversize	78.204—78.224 { 3.0789—3.0796 }	82.204—83.224 { 3.2758—3.2765 }
0.50 { 0.02 } oversize	78.454—78.474 { 3.0888—3.0895 }	83.454—83.474 { 3.2856—3.2863 }

2. Calculate the piston-to-cylinder clearance. Subtract the piston diameter from the cylinder bore of the corresponding cylinder.

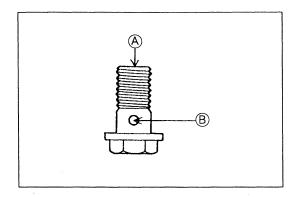
Clearance: 0.024—0.037 mm { 0.0010—0.0014 in } Maximum: 0.15 mm { 0.006 in }

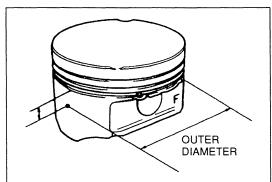
- 3. If the clearance exceeds the maximum, replace the piston or rebore the cylinders to fit oversize pistons.
- 4. If the piston is replaced, the piston rings must also be replaced.
- 5. Measure the piston ring-to-ring land clearance around the entire circumference using a new piston ring.

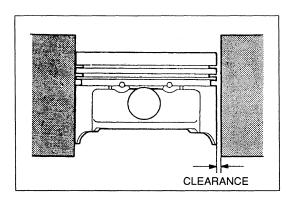
## Clearance

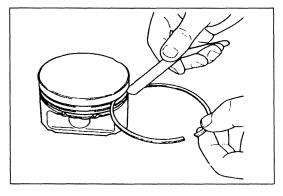
Top: 0.030—0.065 mm { 0.0012—0.0026 in } Second: 0.030—0.070 mm { 0.0012—0.0027 in } Oil: 0.07—0.16 mm { 0.003—0.006 in }

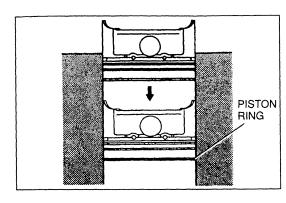
Maximum: 0.15 mm { 0.006 in }

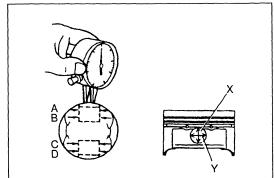


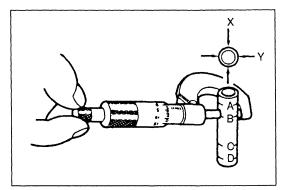


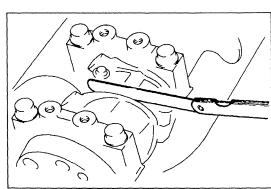


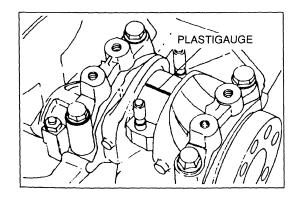












- 6. If the clearance exceeds the maximum, replace the piston and piston ring.
- 7. Insert the piston ring into the cylinder by hand and use the piston to push it to the bottom of the ring travel.
- 8. Measure each piston ring end gap with a feeler gauge. Replace the piston ring if necessary.

End gap

Top: 0.15—0.30 mm { 0.006—0.011 in }

Second: 0.30—0.45 mm { 0.012—0.017 in } (B6)

0.15—0.30 mm { 0.006—0.011 in } (BP)

Oil rail: 0.20—0.70 mm { 0.008—0.027 in }

Maximum: 1.0 mm { 0.039 in }

9. Measure each piston pin hole diameter in X and Y direction at the four points (A, B, C, and D) as shown.

Diameter: 19.988—20.000 mm { 0.7870—0.7874 in }

10. Measure each piston pin diameter in X and Y directions at the four points (A, B, C, and D) as shown.

Diameter: 19.987—19.993 mm { 0.7869—0.7871 in }

11. Calculate the piston pin-to-piston pin bore clearance.

Clearance:

-0.005-0.013 mm { -0.0001-0.0005 in }

12. If the clearance exceeds the specification, replace the piston and/or piston pin.

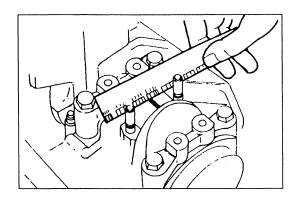
#### **CONNECTING ROD**

1. Measure the connecting rod large end side clearance.

Clearance: 0.110—0.262 mm { 0.0044—0.0103 in } Maximum: 0.3 mm { 0.0118 in }

2. If the clearance exceeds the maximum, replace the connecting rod and cap assembly.

- 3. Measure the connecting rod large end oil clearances as follows.
  - (1) Position plastigauge atop the crankshaft in the axial direction.
  - (2) Install the connecting rod caps and tighten the connecting rod cap nuts. (Refer to page B–24.)
  - (3) Remove the connecting rod cap nuts and connecting rod cap.
  - (4) Measure the plastigauge at each crank pin.

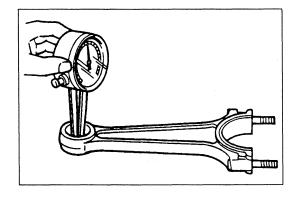


Oil clearance:

(5) If the oil clearance exceeds the maximum, replace the connecting rod bearing or grind the crank pin and use undersize bearings.

mm { in }

Bearing	Crank pin
Standard	44.940—44.956 { 1.7693—1.7699 }
0.25 { 0.01 } undersize	44.690—44.706 { 1.7595—1.7600 }
0.50 { 0.02 } undersize	44.440—44.456 { 1.7497—1.7502 }
0.75 { 0.03 } undersize	44.190—44.206 { 1.7398—1.7403 }

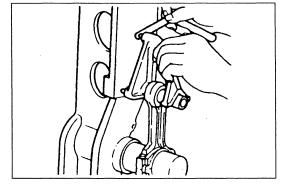


4. Measure each connecting rod bushing inner diameter.

Diameter: 20.003—20.014 mm { 0.7876—0.7879 in }

5. Calculate the connecting rod bushing-to-piston pin clearance. If the clearance is not as specified, replace the connecting rod or piston pin.

Clearance: 0.010—0.027 mm { 0.0004—0.0010 in }

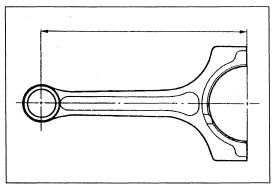


6. Measure each connecting rod for bending. Repair or replace the connecting rod if necessary.

Bending:

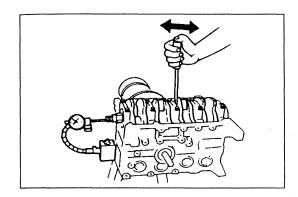
0.075 mm { 0.0030 in } max./50 mm { 1.97 in }

0.180 mm { 0.0071 in } max./50 mm { 1.97 in }



Center-to-center distance: 132.85—132.95 mm { 5.2304—5.2342 in }

7. If the connecting rod is replaced, the connecting rod cap must also be replaced because they are machined together.



#### **CRANKSHAFT**

1. Measure the crankshaft end play.

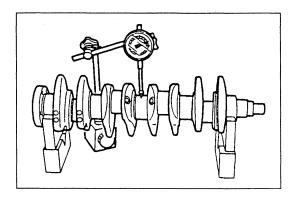
End play: 0.080—0.282 mm { 0.0032—0.0111 in } Maximum: 0.3 mm { 0.01 in }

2. If the end play exceeds the maximum, replace the thrust bearing or grind the crankshaft and install an oversize thrust bearing.

#### Journal width

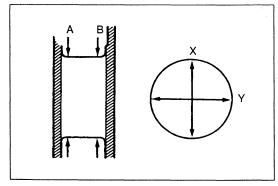
mm { in }

Bearing	No.4 journal width
Standard	24.07—24.12 { 0.948—0.949 }
0.25 { 0.01 } oversize	24.32—24.37 { 0.958—0.959 }
0.50 { 0.02 } oversize	24.57—24.62 { 0.968—0.969 }
0.75 { 0.03 } oversize	24.82—24.87 { 0.978—0.979 }



- 3. Set the crankshaft No.1 and No.5 main journals on Vblocks.
- 4. Measure the crankshaft runout at the No.3 main journals. Replace the crankshaft if necessary.

Runout: 0.04 mm { 0.0016 in } max.



5. Measure journal diameter in X and Y directions at two points (A and B) as shown.

## Main journal

Diameter:

49.938—49.956 mm { 1.9661—1.9667 in } Minimum: 49.904 mm { 1.9647 in }

Out-of-round: 0.05 mm { 0.0020 in } max.

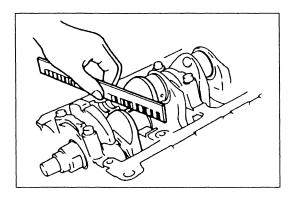
## Crank pin journal

Diameter:

44.940—44.956 mm { 1.7693—1.7699 in }

Minimum: 44.908 mm { 1.7680 in }

Out-of-round: 0.05 mm { 0.0020 in } max.



- 6. If the diameter exceeds the maximum, grind the journal and install the undersize bearing.
- 7. Measure the main journal oil clearances as follows.
  - (1) Position plastigauge atop the crankshaft in the axial direction
  - (2) Install the main bearing cap and tighten the main bearing cap bolts. (Refer to page B-24.)
  - (3) Remove the main bearing cap bolts and main bearing caps. (Refer to page B-23.)
  - (4) Measure the plastigauge at each journal.

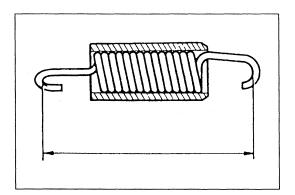
### Oil clearance:

0.018—0.036 mm { 0.0008—0.0014 in } Maximum: 0.1 mm { 0.004 in }

(5) If the oil clearance exceeds the maximum, replace the connecting rod bearing or grind the main journal and use undersize bearings.

mm { in }

Bearing	Main journal
Standard	49.938—49.956 { 1.9661—1.9667 }
0.25 { 0.01 } undersize	49.688—49.706 { 1.9563—1.9569 }
0.50 { 0.02 } undersize	49.438—49.456 { 1.9464—1.9470 }
0.75 { 0.03 } undersize	49.188-49.206 { 1.9366-1.9372 }



#### **TENSIONER SPRING**

Measure the free length of the tensioner spring. Replace the tensioner spring if necessary.

Free length: 59.2 mm { 2.33 in }

# **LUBRICATION SYSTEM**

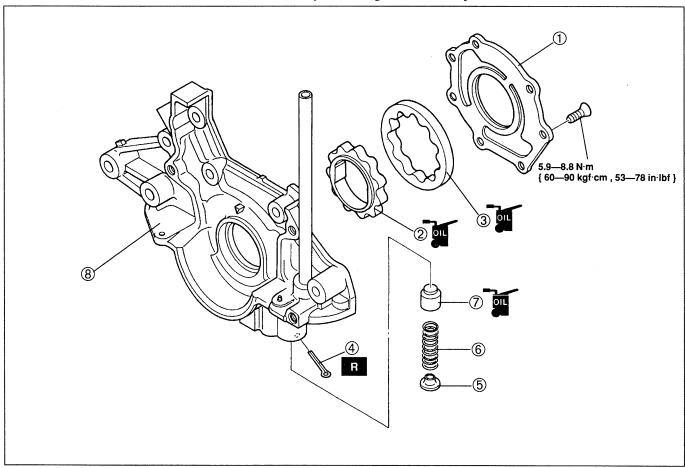
OIL PUMP	D-2
DISASSEMBLY / INSPECTION / ASSEMBLY	D=2

## **OIL PUMP**

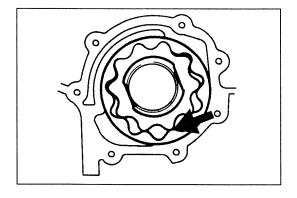
## **DISASSEMBLY / INSPECTION / ASSEMBLY**

#### Warning

- Continuous exposure with USED engine oil has caused skin cancer in laboratory mice. Protect your skin by washing whit soap and water immediately after this work.
- 1. Disassemble in the order shown in the figure.
- 2. Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly, referring to **Assembly Note**.



Oil pump cover	5. Spring seat
2. Inner rotor	6. Pressure spring
Inspection below	Inspection page D–3
3. Outer rotor	7. Control plunger
Inspection below	8. Oil pump body
4. Cotter pin	Inspection below
Assembly Note page D-3	·



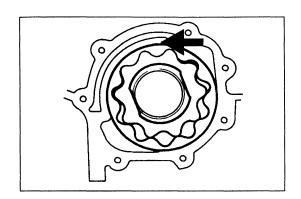
## Inspection

## Inner rotor, outer rotor, and oil pump body

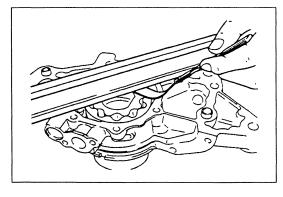
Measure the following clearances. Replace the rotor or oil pump body if necessary.

## Tooth tip clearance:

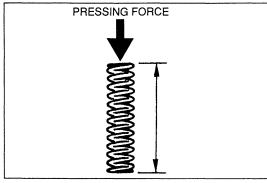
0.02—0.16 mm { 0.0008—0.0062 in } Maximum: 0.20 mm { 0.0079 in }



Outer rotor-to-oil pump body clearance: 0.090—0.180 mm { 0.0036—0.0070 in } Maximum: 0.22 mm { 0.0087 in }



Side clearance: 0.03—0.11 mm { 0.0012—0.0043 in } Maximum: 0.14 mm { 0.0055 in }

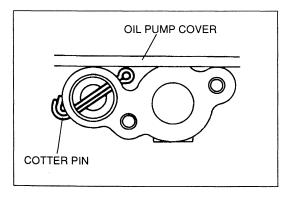


**Pressure spring** 

Apply pressing force to the pressure spring and check the spring height.

Pressing force:

62.8—68.6 N { 6.4—7.0 kgf , 14.1—15.4 lbf } Height: 35.42 mm { 1.394 in }



Assembly Note Cotter pin

Bend the cotter pin so that its tip does not project from the oil pump cover mounting surface.