

# **OWNER'S SERVICE MANUAL**

TZ250N1/(N)

LIT-11626-14-44

5KE-28199-11

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### **INTRODUCTION**

Congratulations on your purchase of a Yamaha TZ series. This model is the culmination of Yamaha's vast experience in the production of pacesetting racing machines. It represents the highest grade of craftsmanship and reliability that have made Yamaha a leader.

This manual explains operation, inspection, basic maintenance and tuning of your machine. If you have any questions about this manual or your machine, please contact your Yamaha dealer.

#### NOTE:\_

As improvements are made on this model, some data in this manual may become outdated. If you have any questions, please consult your Yamaha dealer.

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PLEASE READ THIS MANUAL CAREFULLY AND COMPLETELY BEFORE OPERATING THIS MACHINE. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO **OPERATE THIS MACHINE UNTIL YOU HAVE** ATTAINED A SATISFACTORY KNOWLEDGE OF ITS CONTROLS AND OPERATING FEA-TURES AND UNTIL YOU HAVE BEEN TRAINED IN SAFE AND PROPER RIDING **TECHNIQUES. REGULAR INSPECTIONS** AND CAREFUL MAINTENANCE, ALONG WITH GOOD RIDING SKILLS, WILL ENSURE THAT YOU SAFELY ENJOY THE CAPABILITIES AND THE RELIABILITY OF THIS MACHINE.

### WARRANTY INFORMATION

This model is sold AS IS, WITHOUT ANY WARRANTIES EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED REGARD-LESS OF THE INTENDED USE.

THE PURCHASER OF THIS MACHINE, which is intended for competition purposes, IS RESPON-SIBLE FOR ALL COSTS, SERVICE AND/OR REPAIR.

### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

THIS MACHINE IS DESIGNED STRICTLY FOR COMPETITION USE, ONLY ON A CLOSED COURSE. It is illegal for this machine to be operated on any public street, road, or highway. Off-road use on public lands may also be illegal. Please check local regulations before riding.

### A SAFETY INFORMATION

- 1. THIS MACHINE IS TO BE OPERATED BY AN EXPERIENCED RIDER ONLY. Do not attempt to operate this machine at maximum power until you are totally familiar with its characteristics.
- 2. THIS MACHINE IS DESIGNED TO BE RIDDEN BY THE OPERATOR ONLY. Do not carry passengers on this machine.
- 3. ALWAYS WEAR PROTECTIVE APPAR-EL.

When operating this machine, always wear an approved helmet with goggles or a face shield. Also wear heavy boots, gloves, and protective clothing. Always wear proper fitting clothing that will not be caught in any of the moving parts or controls of the machine.

- 4. ALWAYS MAINTAIN YOUR MACHINE IN PROPER WORKING ORDER. For safety and reliability, the machine must be properly maintained. Always perform the pre-operation checks indicated in this manual. Correcting a mechanical problem before you ride may prevent an accident.
- 5. GASOLINE IS HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. Always turn off the engine while refueling. Take care to not spill any gasoline on the engine or exhaust system. Never refuel in the vicinity of an open flame, or while smoking.

- 6. GASOLINE CAN CAUSE INJURY. If you should swallow some gasoline, inhale excess gasoline vapors, or allow any gasoline to get into your eyes, contact a doctor immediately. If any gasoline spills onto your skin or clothing, immediately wash skin areas with soap and water, and change your clothes.
- 7. ONLY OPERATE THE MACHINE IN AN AREA WITH ADEQUATE VENTILA-TION.

Never start the engine or let it run for any length of time in an enclosed area. Exhaust fumes are poisonous. These fumes contain carbon monoxide, which by itself is odorless and colorless. Carbon monoxide is a dangerous gas which can cause unconsciousness or can be lethal.

8. PARK THE MACHINE CAREFULLY; TURN OFF THE ENGINE.

Always turn off the engine if you are going to leave the machine. Do not park the machine on a slope or soft ground as it may fall over.

9. PROPERLY SECURE THE MACHINE BEFORE TRANSPORTING IT. When transporting the machine in another vehicle, always be sure it is properly secured and in an upright position and that the fuel cock is in the "OFF" position. Otherwise, fuel may leak out of the carburetor or fuel tank.

### TO THE NEW OWNER

This manual will provide you with a good basic understanding of features, operation, and basic maintenance and inspection items of this machine. Please read this manual carefully and completely before operating your new machine. If you have any questions regarding the operation or maintenance of your machine, please consult your Yamaha dealer.

#### NOTE:\_

This manual should be considered a permanent part of this machine and should remain with it even if the machine is subsequently sold.

EC060000

### NOTICE

Some data in this manual may become outdated due to improvements made to this model in the future. If there is any question you have regarding this manual or your machine, please consult your Yamaha dealer.

#### EC070011

### - F.I.M. MACHINE WEIGHTS: -

Weights of machines without fuel The minimum weights for road race machines are:
for the class 125 cc
70 kg (154 lb)
for the class 250 cc
95 kg (209 lb)
for the class 500 cc
131 kg (289 lb)
In modifying your machine (e.g., for weight reduction), take note of the above limits of weight.

### **HOW TO USE** THIS MANUAL

#### EC081000 PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT INFOR-MATION

#### $\triangle$

EC080000

The Safety Alert Symbol means ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS **INVOLVED!** 

### 

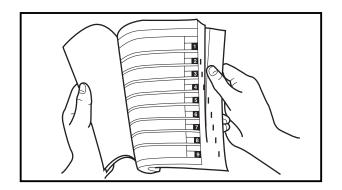
Failure to follow WARNING instructions could result in severe injury or death to the machine operator, a bystander, or a person inspecting or repairing the machine.

### CAUTION:

A CAUTION indicates special precautions that must be taken to avoid damage to the machine.

### NOTE:

A NOTE provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer.



### EC082000

### FINDING THE REQUIRED PAGE

- 1. This manual consists of seven chapters; "Specifications", "General Information", "Regular inspection and adjustments", "Engine", "Chassis". "Electrical" and "Tuning".
- 2. The table of contents is at the beginning of the manual. Look over the general layout of the book before finding then required chapter and item.

Bend the book at its edge, as shown, to find the required fore edge symbol mark and go to a page for required item and description.

### MANUAL FORMAT

All of the procedures in this manual are organized in a sequential, step-by-step format. The information has been complied to provide the mechanic with an easy to read, handy reference that contains comprehensive explanations of all disassembly, repair, assembly, and inspection operations. In this revised format, the condition of a faulty component will precede an arrow symbol and the course of action required will follow the symbol, e.g.,

Bearings

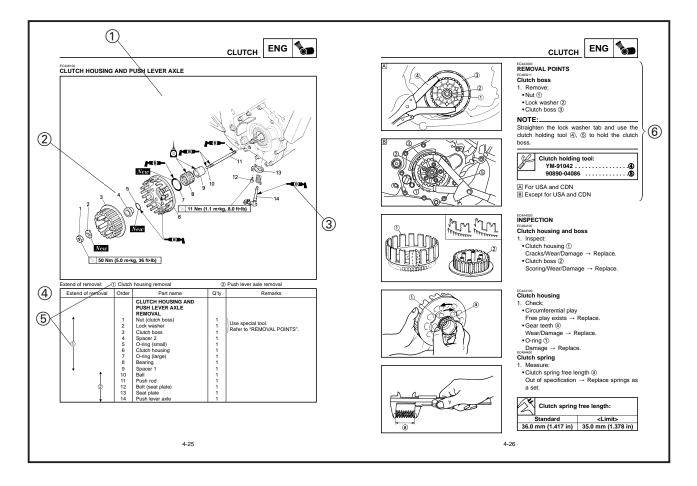
Pitting/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

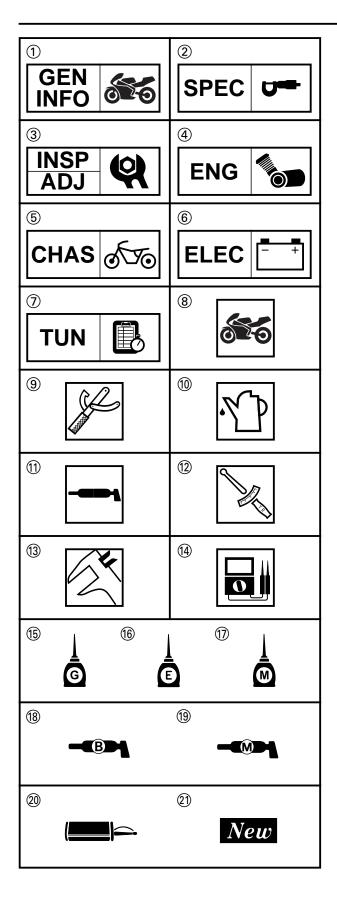
EC084002

### HOW TO READ DESCRIPTIONS

To help identify parts and clarify procedure steps, there are exploded diagrams at the start of each removal and disassembly section.

- 1. An easy-to-see exploded diagram ① is provided for removal and disassembly jobs.
- 2. Numbers ② are given in the order of the jobs in the exploded diagram. A number that is enclosed by a circle indicates a disassembly step.
- 3. An explanation of jobs and notes is presented in an easy-to-read way by the use of symbol marks ③. The meanings of the symbol marks are given on the next page.
- 4. A job instruction chart ④ accompanies the exploded diagram, providing the order of jobs, names of parts, notes in jobs, etc.
- 5. Extent of removal (5) is provided in the job instruction chart to save the trouble of an unnecessary removal job.
- 6. For jobs requiring more information, the step-by-step format supplements (6) are given in addition to the exploded diagram and job instruction chart.





### ILLUSTRATED SYMBOLS (Refer to the illustration)

Illustrated symbols ① to ⑦ are designed as thumb tabs to indicate the chapter's number and content.

- ① General information
- ② Specifications
- ③ Regular inspection and adjustments
- ④ Engine
- ⑤ Chassis
- ⑥ Electrical
- ⑦ Tuning

Illustrated symbols (8) to (14) are used to identify the specifications appearing in the text.

- (8) With engine mounted
- 9 Special tool
- 1 Filling fluid
- 1 Lubricant
- 12 Tightening
- 13 Specified value, Service limit
- (4) Resistance (  $\Omega$  ), Voltage ( V ), Electric current ( A )

Illustrated symbols (5) to (9) in the exploded diagrams indicate grade of lubricant and location of lubrication point.

- (15) Apply transmission oil
- (16) Apply engine mixing oil
- 1 Apply molybdenum disulfide oil
- (B) Apply lightweight lithium-soap base grease
- (19) Apply molybdenum disulfide grease

Illustrated symbols (2) to (2) in the exploded diagrams indicate where to apply a locking agent and where to install new parts.

- 20 Apply locking agent (LOCTITE®)
- 2) Use new one

MEMO

# 

GENERAL INFORMATION	GEN
	INFO
SPECIFICATION	<b>U</b>
	SPEC 2
	<b>Q</b>
REGULAR INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENTS	INSP ADJ
ENGINE	
	ENG 4
CHASSIS	550
СПАЗЗІЗ	CHAS 5
	- +
ELECTRICAL	ELEC 6
TUNING	
TUNING	TUN 7

EC0A0000

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DESCRIPTION



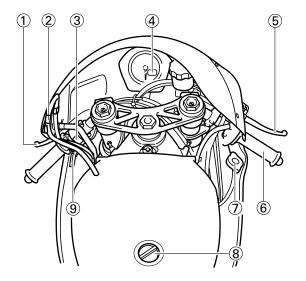
# GENERAL INFORMATION

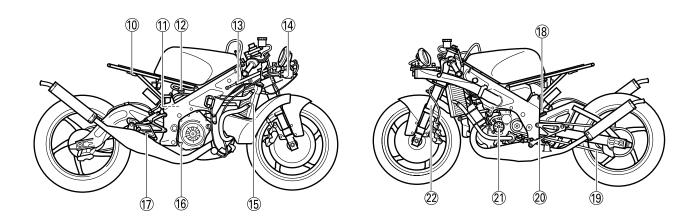
## DESCRIPTION

- ① Clutch lever
- Valve joint
- ③ Main switch
- ④ Water temperature gauge
- (5) Front brake lever
- ⑥ Throttle grip
- ⑦ Radiator cap
- ⑧ Fuel tank cap
- (9) Starter lever (Choke)
- 1 Battery
- 1 Fuel pump
- 12 Fuel cock
- 13 Steering damper
- 1 Servomotor
- 15 Radiator
- (6) Check bolt (Transmission oil level)
- 1 Rear brake pedal
- 18 Rear shock absorber
- 19 Drive chain
- 20 Shift pedal
- 2) CDI magneto
- 2 Front fork

### NOTE:\_

- The machine you have purchased may differ slightly from those shown in the following.
- Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.







## MACHINE IDENTIFICATION

There are two significant reasons for knowing the serial number of your machine:

- 1. When ordering parts, you can give the number to your Yamaha dealer for positive identification of the model you own.
- 2. If your machine is stolen, the authorities will need the number to search for and identify your machine.

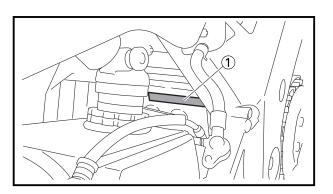
### VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (For USA, CDN, AUS, NZ and E)

The vehicle identification number ① is stamped on the right of the steering head pipe.

FRAME SERIAL NUMBER

### (Except for USA, CDN, AUS, NZ and E)

The frame serial number ① is stamped on the right of the steering head pipe.



### ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

The engine serial number ① is stamped into the elevated part of the rear-side of the engine.

#### EC124000 MODEL LABEL

The model label ① is affixed to the frame under the rider's seat. This information will be needed to order spare parts.

1











#### PREPARATION FOR REMOVAL AND DIS-ASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove all dirt, mud, dust, and foreign material before removal and disassembly.
- 2. Use proper tools and cleaning equipment. Refer to "SPECIAL TOOLS" section.

- 3. When disassembling the machine, keep mated parts together. They include gears, cylinders, pistons, and other mated parts that have been "mated" through normal wear. Mated parts must be reused as an assembly or replaced.
- 4. During the machine disassembly, clean all parts and place them in trays in the order of disassembly. This will speed up assembly time and help assure that all parts are correctly reinstalled.



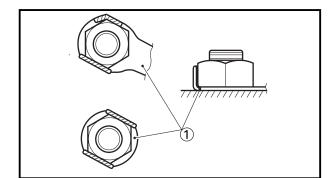
5. Keep away from fire.

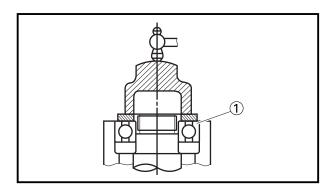
NO SMOKE

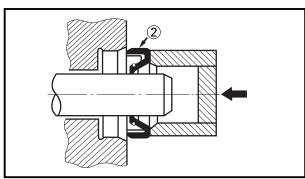
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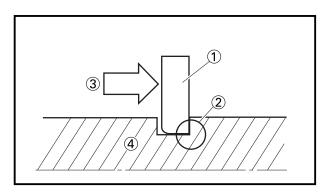
IMPORTANT INFORMATION











### ALL REPLACEMENT PARTS

 We recommend to use Yamaha genuine parts for all replacements. Use oil and/or grease recommended by Yamaha for assembly and adjustment.

#### GASKETS, OIL SEALS AND O-RINGS

- All gaskets, oil seals, and O-rings should be replaced when an engine is overhauled. All gasket surfaces, oil seal lips, and Orings must be cleaned.
- 2. Properly oil all mating parts and bearings during reassembly. Apply grease to the oil seal lips.

### LOCK WASHERS/PLATES AND COTTER PINS

 All lock washers/plates ① and cotter pins must be replaced when they are removed. Lock tab(s) should be bent along the bolt or nut flat(s) after the bolt or nut has been properly tightened.

### BEARINGS AND OIL SEALS

 Install the bearing(s) ① and oil seal(s) ② with their manufacturer's marks or numbers facing outward. (In other words, the stamped letters must be on the side exposed to view.) When installing oil seal(s), apply a light coating of light-weight lithium base grease to the seal lip(s). Oil the bearings liberally when installing.

### CAUTION:

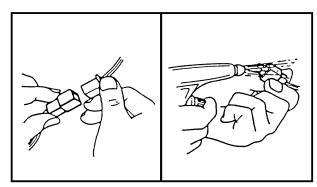
Do not use compressed air to spin the bearings dry. This causes damage to the bearing surfaces.

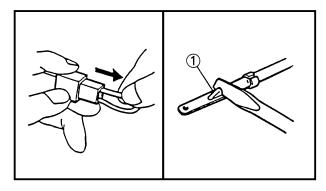
### EC136000

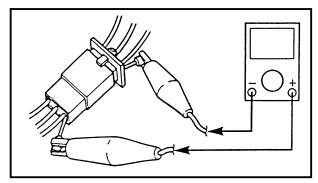
- 1. All circlips should be inspected carefully before reassembly. Always replace piston pin clips after one use. Replace distorted circlips. When installing a circlip ①, make sure that the sharp-edged corner ② is positioned opposite to the thrust ③ it receives. See the sectional view.
- ④ Shaft

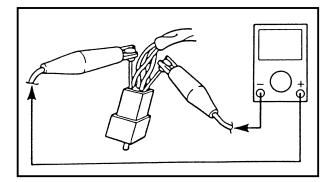












### CHECKING OF CONNECTION

Dealing with stains, rust, moisture, etc. on the connector.

- 1. Disconnect:
  - Connector
- 2. Dry each terminal with an air blower.
- 3. Connect and disconnect the connector two or three times.
- 4. Pull the lead to check that it will not come off.
- If the terminal comes off, bend up the pin
   and reinsert the terminal into the connector.
- 6. Connect:
  - Connector

#### NOTE:\_

The two connectors "click" together.

7. Check for continuity with a tester.

### NOTE:\_

- If there in no continuity, clean the terminals.
- Be sure to perform the steps 1 to 7 listed above when checking the wireharness.
- For a field remedy, use a contact revitalizer available on the market.
- Use the tester on the connector as shown.

SPECIAL TOOLS



## SPECIAL TOOLS

The proper special tools are necessary for complete and accurate tune-up and assembly. Using the correct special tool will help prevent damage caused by the use of improper tools or improvised techniques. The shape and part number used for the special tool differ by country, so two types are provided. Refer to the list provided to avoid errors when placing an order.

### NOTE:

- For U.S.A. and Canada, use part number starting with "YM-", "YU-" or "ACC-".
- For others, use part number starting with "90890-".

Part number	Tool name / How to use	Illust	ration
YM-1189, 90890-01189	Flywheel puller This tool is used to remove the flywheel magneto.	YM-1189	90890-01189
YU-1235, 90890-01235	Rotor holding tool This tool is used when loosening or tightening the flywheel magneto securing nut.	YU-1235	90890-01235
YU-3097, 90890-01252	Dial gauge and stand	YU-3097	90890-01252
YU-1256 YU-1037	Spark plug hole dial stand Offset dial stand These tools are used to set the ignition timing.	YU-1256 YU-1037	
YU-1304, 90890-01304	Piston pin puller This tool is used to remove the piston pin.	YU-1304	90890-01304
YM-1312-A, 90890-01312	Fuel level gauge	YM-1312-A	90890-01312
YM-1470, 90890-01470	Fuel level gauge adapter This gauge is used to measure the fuel level in the float chamber.	YM-1470	90890-01470
YU-24460-01, 90890-01325	Radiator cap tester	YU-24460-01	90890-01325
YU-33984, 90890-01352	Adapter These tools are used for checking the cooling system.	YU-33984	90890-01352
YU-33975, 90890-01403	Ring nut wrench This tool is used when tighten the steering ring nut to specification.	YU-33975	90890-01403

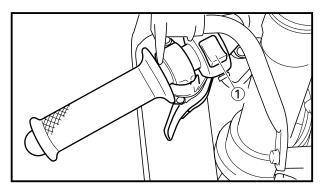
### GEN INFO

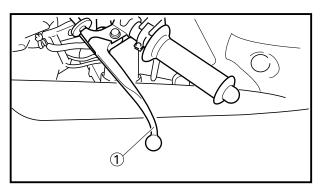
SPECIAL TOOLS

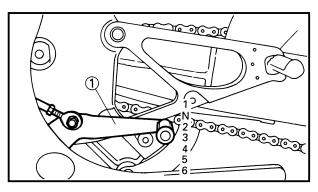
Part number	Tool name / How to use	Illustration								
YM-1425, 90890-01425	Damper rod holder	YM-1425	90890-01425							
	Use this tool to remove and install the damper rod.	6	6							
YM-1434, 90890-01434	Rod holder	YM-1434	90890-01434							
	This tool is used to hold the fork spring.	Ŭ.	Ŭ							
90890-01435	Rod puller attachment	YM-1437	90890-01435							
YM-1437, 90890-01437	Rod puller		90890-01437							
	These tools are used to pull up the fork damper rod.									
YM-1441, 90890-01441	Fork spring compressor	YM-1441	90890-01441							
	This tool is used to compress the fork spring.	Time	Time							
YM-1442, 90890-01442	Fork seal driver This tool is used when install the fork oil seal.	YM-1442	90890-01442							
YM-1455, 90890-01455	Pivot shaft wrench	YM-1455	90890-01455							
YM-1476, 90890-01476	Pivot shaft wrench adapter These tools are used to loosen or tighten the pivot adjust bolt.	YM-1476	90890-01476							
YU-3112-C, 90890-03112		YU-3112-C	90890-03112							
	Use this tool to inspect the coil resistance, output voltage and amperage.	\$5 W								
YM-91042, 90890-04086	Clutch holding tool This tool is used to hold the clutch when removing or installing the clutch boss securing nut.	YM-91042	90890-04086							
YM-34487	Dynamic spark tester	YM-34487	90890-06754							
90890-06754	Ignition checker This instrument is necessary for checking the ignition system components.		a contraction of the second se							
ACC-YAMAB-ON-D4	Quick gasket®	ACC-YAMAB-ON-D4	90890-05143							
90890-05143	YAMAHA Bond No.4 This sealant (Bond) is used for crankcase mating surface, etc.									

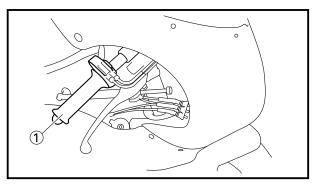


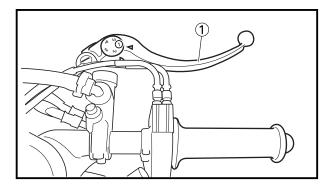












# CONTROL FUNCTIONS

### MAIN SWITCH

While the battery is connected, moving the main switch ① to "RUN" causes the tachometer, servomotor, fuel pump and solenoid valves to be initially activated. To prevent the battery from being discharge, do not move the main switch to "RUN" except when the engine is started or when electric parts are checked.

### CLUTCH LEVER

The clutch lever ① is located on the left handlebar; it disengages or engages the clutch. Pull the clutch lever to the handlebar to disengage the clutch, and release the lever to engage the clutch. The lever should be pulled rapidly and released slowly for smooth starts.

#### EC153000 SHIFT PEDAL

The gear ratios of the constant-mesh 6 speed transmission are ideally spaced. The gears can be shifted by using the shift pedal ① on the left side of the engine.

#### EC155001 THROTTLE GRIP

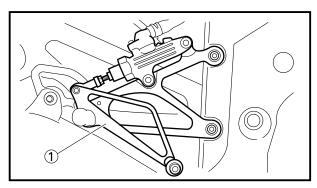
The throttle grip ① is located on the right handlebar; it accelerates or decelerates the engine. For acceleration, turn the grip toward you; for deceleration, turn it away from you.

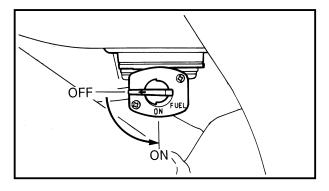
### FRONT BRAKE LEVER

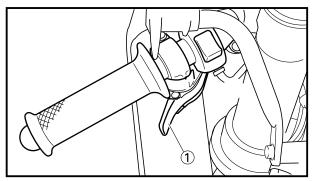
The front brake lever ① is located on the right handlebar. Pull it toward the handlebar to activate the front brake.

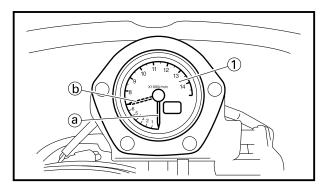












### REAR BRAKE PEDAL

The rear brake pedal ① is located on the right side of the machine. Press down on the brake pedal to activate the rear brake.

### FUEL COCK

The fuel cock supplies fuel from the tank to carburetor while filtering the fuel. The fuel cock has the two positions:

- OFF: With the lever in this position, fuel will not flow. Always return the lever to this position when the engine is not running.
- ON: With the lever in this position, fuel flows to the carburetor. Normal riding is done with the lever in this position.

### STARTER LEVER (CHOKE)

When cold, the engine requires a richer airfuel mixture for starting. A separate starter circuit, which is controlled by the starter lever ①, supplies this mixture. Push the starter lever out to open the circuit for starting. When the engine has warmed up pull it in to close the circuit.

### TACHOMETER

A stepping motor type tachometer with greater accuracy and response is provide for the tachometer ①. This tachometer features the following:

### Sweeping:

Moving the main switch to "RUN", the tachometer hand sweeps widely once over the tachometer face and then returns to the zero position, as initial operation. This is called "sweeping". When the engine is started during sweeping, the tachometer indicates the correct revolutions after sweeping is over.

### Out-of-step indication:

If this tachometer is subjected to impact, etc, it may allow its hand to point to the position (b) stepping out of the position (a) where the hand should be for correct indication. This is called an "out-of-step" indication. A similar phenomenon may take place when the main switch is moved to "OFF" during sweeping or at high rpm (as in a plug chop) or while the machine is transported, though it never happens in normal riding.



### NOTE:\_\_

- If an out-of-step indication takes place, moving the main switch to "OFF" once and then to "RUN", brings the tachometer back to a normal indication through its corrective action.
- There is no functional problem involved with the out-of-step indication, which can be brought back to a normal indication through the corrective action of the tachometer.

#### EC15B010 WATER TEMPERATURE GAUGE

The water temperature gauge ① displays different indications according to the change in the water temperature.

### NOTE:\_

Water temperature may be 70  $^\circ C$  (158  $^\circ F) when engine is operated in good conditions.$ 

Cooling water temp.	Display	Conditions
~19 °C (~66 °F)	LŪ	"LO" is display.
20~119 °C (68~247 °F)	70	Temperature is displayed.
120~140 °C (248~284 °F)		Temperature flash.
141 °C~ (285 °F~)		Message "HI" flash.

### EC15F000

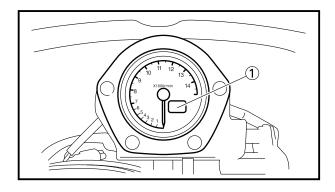
This valve joint ① prevents fuel from flowing out and is installed to the fuel tank breather hose.

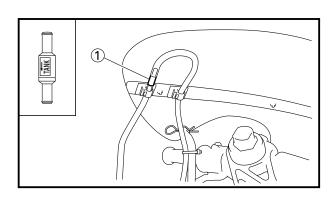
### CAUTION:

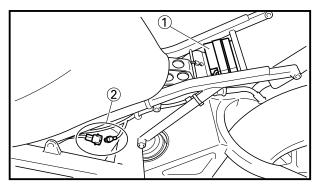
In this installation, make sure the arrow faces the fuel tank and also downward.

#### EC15X000 BATTERY

The battery ① is provided as power supply for the electric parts. Except when the machine is run, disconnect the power supply coupler ② of the wireharness to prevent battery discharge.

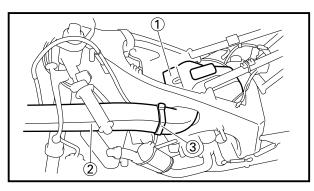


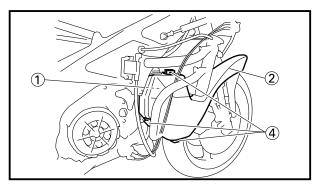


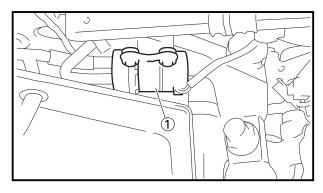












#### EC15Y000 INDUCTION BOX INTAKE SYSTEM

The induction boxes ① and induction guides ② are provided for the purpose of applying pressure inside the carburetor float chamber and thereby improving the intake performance. If the machine is run without them, the carburetor settings will become faulty.

#### NOTE:\_

Be sure to fix the induction guides with band ③ or hooks ④ so that they do not come off by wind pressure while running.

### EC15Z000

The fuel pump ①, is provided in order to provide steady supply of fuel even when the pressure inside the carburetor float chamber becomes higher than inside the fuel tank because of the induction box intake system.

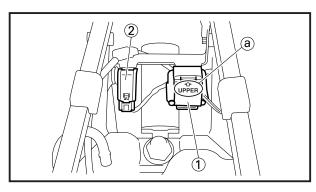
If the fuel level is not up to the specified level in the float chamber, this pump is activated (with an operation sound) and stops operating when the specified level is reached.

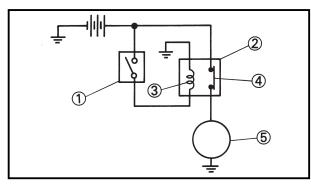
### CAUTION:

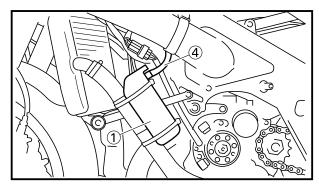
Do not idle run the fuel pump with no fuel flowing as when the fuel tank is empty or when the fuel cock is "OFF". It may damage the fuel pump.

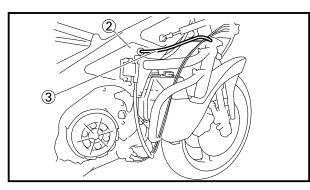


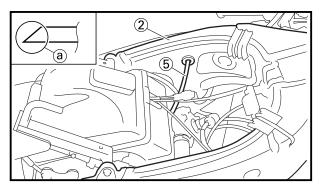
CONTROL FUNCTIONS











# FUEL PUMP STOP SWITCH, FUEL PUMP RELAY

The fuel pump stop switch ① and fuel pump relay ② are provided so as to control the fuel pump and prevent the carburetor overflowing during a turnover.

If the machine is turned over, the fuel pump stop switch is turned "ON" which allow electric current to flow in the coil ③ inside the relay, causing the relay switch ④ to turn "OFF" and shutting of the electric current flow to the fuel pump ⑤. Thus, the pump comes to a stop.

	Fuel pump stop switch ①	Fuel pump relay switch ④	Fuel pump (5)
During run	OFF	ON	ON
During turnover	ON	OFF	OFF

### NOTE:\_\_\_

- When the machine is picked up from turnover, the fuel pump is restored to an operation condition.
- Install the fuel pump stop switch so that "UPPER" mark (a) faces upward.

#### EC15M011 CATCH TANK

Put the tip of the breather hose into the catch tank ① and frame ②. Take care not to allow the fuel, oil and cooling water to spill on the course.

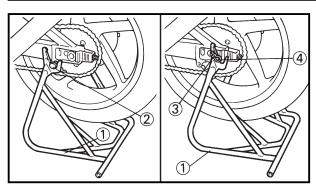
- ③ Radiator breather hose
- ④ Fuel tank breather hose
- (5) Transmission oil breather hose

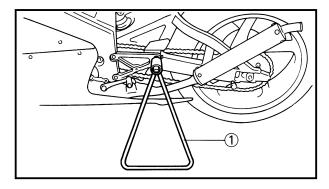
### NOTE:

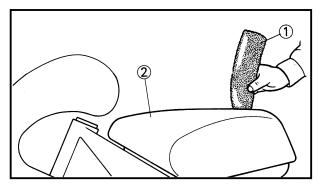
When putting in the transmission oil breather hose, its tip having a cut (a) should be on the frame side.

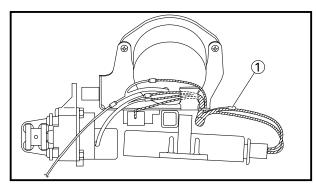












### DETACHABLE MAINSTAND

This mainstand ① is used to support only the machine when standing or transporting it.

### NOTE:\_

The mainstand can be used to support the machine two ways.

- 1. Hook the bracket of the mainstand onto the swingarm hooks ②.
- Stand shaft (with supplying parts): Insert the stand shaft ③ through the hole of the mainstand and rear wheel axle. Be sure to install the clip ④ in the end of the stand shaft.

### 

- Never apply additional force to the mainstand.
- Remove this mainstand before starting out.

#### EC15R001 DETACHABLE SIDESTAND

This sidestand ① is used to support only the machine when standing or transporting it.

### 

- Never apply additional force to the sidestand.
- Remove this sidestand before starting out.

#### EC15T003

### FIRE RETARDANT MATERIAL

For racing, be sure to fill the fuel tank ② completely with fire retardant material (with supplying parts) ①.

### COUPLER FOR SPEED SHIFT

If an after-marked speed shift is installed, the coupler ① should be used.

### NOTE:\_

If the speed shift is not installed, be sure to fix the coupler to the wireharness using a vinyl tape, for protection against water entry as well because if the coupler contacts the frame, sparks will be shut off, causing the engine to stop.



FUEL AND ENGINE MIXING OIL

#### FC160040 FUEL AND ENGINE MIXING OIL

Mix oil with the gas at the ratio specified below. Always use fresh, name-brand gasoline, and mix the oil and gas the day of the race. Do not use premix that is more than a few hours old.

**Recommended fuel:** Except for AUS: Premium unleaded fuel with a research octane number of 95 or higher. For AUS: Unleaded fuel only

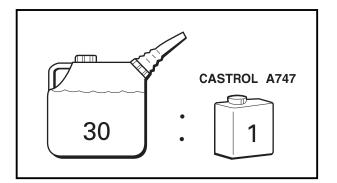
### NOTE:

Except for AUS:

- 1. If knocking or pinging occurs, use a different brand of gasoline or higher octane grade.
- 2. If unleaded gasoline is not available, then leaded gasoline can be used.

### CAUTION:

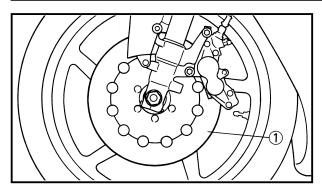
Never mix two types of oil in the same batch; clotting of the oil could result. If you wish to change oil types, be sure to drain the fuel tank and the carburetor float bowl of old premix prior to filling with the new type.



Fuel tank capacity: 23.0 L (5.06 Imp gal, 6.08 US gal)

Mixing oil **Recommended oil:** Castrol A747 Mixing ratio: 30:1





### INFORMATION BEFORE PRE-OPERATION

 The brake disc ① is coated with a rust inhibitor. Before riding the machine, thoroughly remove it using a lacquer thinner.

### 

• LACQUER THINNER IS HIGHLY FLAMMA-BLE.

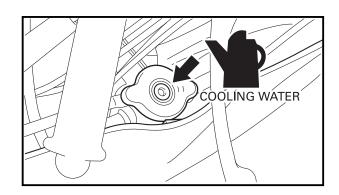
Always turn off the engine while using lacquer thinner. Take care not to spill any lacquer thinner on the engine or exhaust system.

Never use it in the vicinity of an open flame, or while smoking.

• LACQUER THINNER CAN CAUSE INJURY. Always use lacquer thinner in a well ventilated area. If you should swallow some lacquer thinner, inhale excess lacquer thinner vapors, or allow any lacquer thinner to get into your eyes, contact a doctor immediately.

### NOTE:\_\_

- When the machine is not in use for a long time, apply a rust inhibitor to the brake disc.
- •After riding in the rainy weather, wipe the moisture completely off the disc.
- If rust appears on the brake disc, carefully remove it using #400 sand paper.



2. The cooling system is filled with coolant at the factory to prevent rusting. Be sure to replace coolant with soft water before riding.

### CAUTION:

Hard water or salt water is harmful to the engine parts. You may use distilled water, if you can't get soft water.



### STARTING AND BREAK-IN CAUTION:

Before starting the machine, perform the checks in the pre-operation check list.

### 

Never start or run the engine in a closed area. The exhaust fumes are poisonous; they can cause loss of consciousness and death in a very short time. Always operate the machine in a well-ventilated area.

### 

- STARTING A COLD ENGINE
- 1. Connect the power supply coupler.
- 2. Turn the fuel cock to "ON" and push the starter lever (CHOKE).
- 3. Move the main switch to "RUN".
- 4. Shift the transmission into "1st" gear.
- 5. Apply the clutch lever and push the machine.
- 6. After gaining some momentum, release the clutch lever.
- 7. As soon as the engine starts, quickly apply the clutch lever again and open the throttle grip slightly at the same time so as to sustain idling of the engine. Then, shift the transmission into neutral.
- 8. After applying full-throttle a few times, turn the starter lever (CHOKE) to the original position. Take some time to allow the engine to warm up.

### EC192000

Run the engine at varying speeds  $5,000 \sim 6,000$  r/min for  $1 \sim 2$  minutes. Fully warm up until the water temperature gauge reads 70 °C (158 °F) or so.

### CAUTION:

Do not warm up the engine for extended periods.



### STARTING A WARM ENGINE

Do not push the starter lever (CHOKE). Open the throttle slightly and start the engine.

### **CAUTION:**

Observe the following break-in procedure during initial operation to ensure optimum performance and avoid engine damage.

### BREAK-IN PROCEDURES

1. Before starting the engine, fill the fuel tank with a break-in oil-fuel mixture as follows.



### Recommended oil: Castrol A747 Mixing ratio: 30 : 1

- 2. Perform the pre-operation checks on the machine.
- 3. Start and warm up the engine. Check the operation of the controls and check that the engine comes to a stop when moving the main switch to "OFF".

### NOTE:\_

During break-in, mask part of the radiator core so that the water temperature is  $55 \sim 65^{\circ}$ C (131 ~ 149°F).

- Operate the machine under 8,000 r/min and run on a course about 10 km (6 miles). While making a straight-line run, open the throttle from time to time, taking care not to exceed the revolution limit.
- 5. Go back to the pit to check for looseness, leakage, and other failures in installation.
- 6. Next, operate the machine under 9,000 r/min and run about 10 km (6 miles).
  (While running in this way, get an idea of the riding position and approximate settings.)
- 7. Go back to the pit again, check the machine fully for looseness, leakage, and other failures in installation, especially for loose cables and wires, excessive brake free play, and a chain slack. Also make adjustment for a riding position according to your preference.



### CAUTION:

After the break-in or before each race, you must check the entire machine for loose fittings and fasteners as per "TORQUE-CHECK POINTS".

Tighten all such fasteners as required.

- Increase the engine speed up to 10,000 r/min and run about 10 km (6 miles).
- 9. Increase the engine speed up to 11,000 r/min and run about 10 km (6 miles).
- 10. Increase the engine speed up to 12,000 r/min and run about 10 km (6 miles). Then do the plug chop. Check the piston head for burning to see if there is any problem. Refer to "SETTING" section in the CHAP-TER 7.
- 11.Run about 10 km (6 miles) in a usual manner. Then do the plug chop. Check the piston head for burning to see if there is any problem.

EC195001

### BREAKING IN AFTER REPLACEMENT

After a part is replaced with a new one, it is necessary to break it in as in a new machine. This is required especially when the following engine-related parts are replaced.

- •Cylinder •Piston •Piston ring
   •Crankshaft •Clutch •Transmission gear
   •Shift fork
- For warming up and inspection during break-in, refer to "PRE-OPERATION CHECK LIST" and if there is any problem, stop the engine immediately and check.

### TORQUE-CHECK POINTS



EC1A0060

### **TORQUE-CHECK POINTS**

Frame construction			<ul> <li>Frame to rear frame</li> </ul>
Engine mounting —			— Frame to engine
Steering —	- Steering shaft to handleb	ar	<ul> <li>Steering damper stay to front fork</li> <li>Steering shaft to handle crown</li> <li>Front fork to handlebar</li> </ul>
Suspension ———	- Front Steering shaft to front fork		<ul> <li>Front fork to handle crown</li> <li>Front fork to under bracket</li> </ul>
	-		—Assembly of links — Link to frame — Link to shock absorber — Link to swingarm
	- Rear ——— Installation of shock absorber —		<ul> <li>Shock absorber to upper bracket</li> <li>Adjuster to upper bracket</li> <li>Adjuster to locknut</li> </ul>
	- Rear ——— Installation	n of swingarm ———	<ul> <li>Tightening of pivot shaft</li> </ul>
Wheel	- Installation of wheel	Front	<ul> <li>Tightening of front axle</li> </ul>
		Rear	<ul> <li>Tightening of rear axle</li> <li>Sprocket damper to sprocket</li> </ul>
Brake ———	- Hydraulic type ———		<ul> <li>Caliper to front fork</li> <li>Brake disc to wheel</li> <li>Tightening of union bolt</li> <li>Caliper to adapter</li> <li>Brake hose to adapter</li> <li>Master cylinder to handlebar</li> <li>Tightening of air bleeder</li> <li>Caliper to pad pin</li> </ul>
		Rear	<ul> <li>Caliper to caliper bracket</li> <li>Brake disc to wheel</li> <li>Tightening of union bolt</li> <li>Caliper to adapter</li> <li>Brake hose to adapter</li> <li>Master cylinder to footrest bracket</li> <li>Footrest bracket to frame</li> <li>Footrest bracket to footrest</li> <li>Brake pedal to master cylinder</li> <li>Tightening of air bleeder</li> <li>Caliper to pad pin</li> </ul>



TORQUE-CHECK POINTS

Fuel system -

- Fuel tank to fuel cock

### NOTE:\_\_

Concerning the tightening torque, refer to "MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS" section in the CHAPTER 2.



# CLEANING AND STORAGE

### CLEANING

Frequent cleaning of your machine will enhance its appearance, maintain good overall performance, and extend the life of many components.

- Before washing the machine, block off the end of the exhaust pipe to prevent water from entering. A plastic bag secured with a rubber band may be used for this purpose.
- 2. If the engine is excessively greasy, apply some degreaser to it with a paint brush. Do not apply degreaser to the chain, sprockets, or wheel axles.
- Rinse the dirt and degreaser off with a garden hose; use only enough pressure to do the job.

### **CAUTION:**

Excessive hose pressure may cause water seepage and contamination of wheel bearings, front forks, brakes and transmission seals. Many expensive repair bills have resulted from improper high pressure detergent applications such as those available in coin-operated car washers.

- 4. After the majority of the dirt has been hosed off, wash all surfaces with warm water and a mild detergent. Use an old toothbrush to clean hard-to-reach places.
- 5. Rinse the machine off immediately with clean water, and dry all surfaces with a soft towel or cloth.
- 6. Immediately after washing, remove excess water from the chain with a paper towel and lubricate the chain to prevent rust.
- 7. Clean the seat with a vinyl upholstery cleaner to keep the cover pliable and glossy.
- Automotive wax may be applied to all painted or chromed surfaces. Avoid combination cleaner-waxes, as they may contain abrasives.
- 9. After completing the above, start the engine and allow it to idle for several minutes.



#### EC1B2010 STORAGE

If your machine is to be stored for 60 days or more, some preventive measures must be taken to avoid deterioration. After cleaning the machine thoroughly, prepare it for storage as follows:

- 1. Drain the fuel tank, fuel lines, and the carburetor float chambers.
- 2. Remove the spark plugs, pour a tablespoon of SAE 10W30 motor oil in the spark plug hole, and reinstall the plug. With the engine stop switch pushed in, kick the engine over several times to coat the cylinder walls with oil.
- 3. Remove the drive chain, clean it thoroughly with solvent, and lubricate it. Reinstall the chain or store it in a plastic bag tied to the frame.
- 4. Lubricate all control cables.
- 5. Block the frame up to raise the wheels off the ground.
- 6. Tie a plastic bag over the exhaust pipe outlet to prevent moisture from entering.
- If the machine is to be stored in a humid or salt-air environment, coat all exposed metal surfaces with a film of light oil. Do not apply oil to rubber parts or the seat cover.
- 8. Drain the cooling water completely. And then fill the coolant and water (50%:50%) in the engine and radiator.

## NOTE:\_

Make any necessary repairs before the machine is stored.

SPEC U

# SPECIFICATIONS

# GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Model name:	TZ250N1 (USA)
	TZ250(N) (OTHERS)
Model code number:	5KE2
Dimensions:	
Overall length	1,955 mm (77.0 in)
Overall width	650 mm (25.6 in)
Overall height	1,083 mm (42.6 in)
Seat height	788 mm (31.0 in)
Wheelbase	1,342 mm (52.8 in)
Minimum ground clearance	112 mm (4.4 in)
Basic weight:	
With oil and full fuel tank	119.5 kg (263 lb)
Engine:	
Engine type	Liquid cooled 2-stroke, gasoline
Cylinder arrangement	V-type, 2-cylinder
Displacement	249 cm <sup>3</sup> (8.76 lmp oz, 8.42 US oz)
Bore×Stroke	54×54.5 mm (2.126×2.146 in)
Compression ratio	7.2 : 1
Starting system	Push to start
Lubrication system:	Premix (30 : 1) (Castrol A747)
Oil type or grade (2-Cycle) :	
Transmission oil	Castrol R30
Periodic oil change	0.5 L (0.44 lmp qt, 0.53 US qt)
Total amount	0.5 L (0.44 Imp qt, 0.53 US qt)
Cooling water capacity (including all routes) :	1.4 L (1.23 lmp qt, 1.48 US qt)
Fuel:	
Туре	Except for AUS: Premium unleaded fuel with a
	research octane number of
	95 or higher
	For AUS: Unleaded fuel only
Tank capacity	23.0 L (5.06 lmp gal, 6.08 US gal)
Carburetor:	
Type/Manufacturer	TMX <sub>X</sub> 38/MIKUNI
Spark plug:	
Type/Manufacturer	R6179A-105P/NGK
Gap	0.5~0.6 mm (0.020~0.024 in)
Clutch type:	Dry, multiple-disc

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

SPEC U

Transmission:	
primary reduction system	Spur gear
Primary reduction ratio	53/21 (2.524)
Secondary reduction system	Chain drive
Secondary reduction system	36/14 (2.571)
Transmission type	
	Constant mesh, 6-speed
Operation	Left foot operation
Gear ratio: 1st	34/18 (1.889)
2nd	31/21 (1.476)
3rd	29/23 (1.261)
4th	27/25 (1.080)
5th	26/27 (0.963)
6th	20/22 (0.909)
Chassis:	
Frame type	Delta box
Caster angle	22°
Trail	82 mm (3.23 in)
Tire:	
Туре	Tubeless
Size (front)	3.10/4.80 R17
Size (rear)	165/55 R17
Tire pressure (front and rear)	200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 29 psi)
Brake:	
Front brake type	Dual disc brake
Operation	Right hand operation
Rear brake type	Single disc brake
Operation	Right foot operation
Suspension:	
Front suspension	Telescopic fork
Rear suspension	Swingarm (link type monocross suspension)
Shock absorber:	
Front shock absorber	Coil spring/oil damper
Rear shock absorber	Coil spring/gas, oil damper
Wheel travel:	
Front wheel travel	113 mm (4.45 in)
Rear wheel travel	118 mm (4.65 in)
Electrical:	
Ignition system	CDI magneto
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#### EC212112 ENGINE

Item	Standard	Limit
Cylinder head: Combustion chamber capacity	9.0 cm³ (0.317 lmp oz, 0.304 US oz)	
Piston: Piston clearance	0.090~0.100 mm (0.0035~0.0039 in)	
Piston offset	1.0 mm (0.039 in)/EX-side	
Piston pin: Piston pin outside diameter	14.995~15.000 mm (0.5904~0.5906 in)	14.975 mm (0.5896 in)
Piston ring: Sectional sketch End gap (installed) Side clearance (installed)	Keystone B=1.0 mm (0.039 in) T=2.2 mm (0.087 in) 0.22~0.37 mm (0.009~0.015 in) Zero~0.06 mm (Zero~0.0024 in)	  0.59 mm (0.023 in) 
Crankshaft: Crank width "A" Runout limit "C" Connecting rod big end side clearance "D" Small end free play "F"	49.975~50.025 mm (1.968~1.969 in) 0.03 mm (0.0012 in) 0.45~0.95 mm (0.018~0.037 in) 0.8~1.0 mm (0.031~0.039 in)	 0.05 mm (0.0020 in)  2.0 mm (0.08 in)
Clutch: Friction plate thickness Quantity Clutch plate thickness Quantity Warp limit Clutch spring free length Quantity Clutch housing thrust clearance Clutch housing radial clearance Clutch release method Push rod bending limit	2.9~3.1 mm (0.114~0.122 in) 6 2.2~2.4 mm (0.087~0.094 in) 5  30.6 mm (1.205 in) 6 0.07~0.18 mm (0.003~0.007 in) 0.009~0.071 mm(0.0004~0.0028 in) Inner push, cam push 	2.7 mm (0.106 in)  0.1 mm (0.004 in) 29.6 mm (1.165 in)   0.2mm (0.008 in)
Transmission: Main axle deflection limit Drive axle deflection limit	····	0.01 mm (0.0004 in) 0.01 mm (0.0004 in)
Shifter: Shifting type Guide bar bending limit	Cam drum and guide bar	 0.04 mm (0.0016 in)



Iter	n	Standard	Limit
Carburetor:		Olandara	Linik
		TMX $\chi$ 38/MIKUNI	
Type/Manufacturer	right aida)	5KE2 10L/5KE2 10R	
I.D. mark (left side/	•		
Main jet	(M.J.)	#560	
Jet needle	(J.N.)	6DGJ1	
Main nozzle	(N.J.)	S-4	
Cutaway	(C.A.)	5.0	
Pilot jet	(P.J.)	#40	
Pilot air screw	(P.A.S.)	1-1/2	
Valve seat size	(V.S.)	1.5	
Starter jet	(G.S.)	#80	
Power jet	(P.W.J.)	#55	
Float height	(F.H.)	6.0~7.0 mm (0.24~0.28 in)	
Reed valve:			
Thickness* reed va	alve 1	0.42 mm (0.017 in)	
reed valve 2		0.34 mm (0.013 in)	
Valve stopper height		6.5~6.9 mm (0.256~0.272 in)	
Valve bending limit	*		0.2 mm (0.008 in)
Cooling:			
Radiator core size:			
Width		380 mm (14.96 in)	
Height		198 mm (7.80 in)	
Thickness		24 mm (0.94 in)	
Radiator cap opening pressure		95~125 kPa	
		(0.95~1.25 kg/cm², 13.5~17.8 psi)	
Radiator capacity		0.5 L (0.44 Imp qt, 0.53 US qt)	
Water pump:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Туре		Single-suction centrifugal pump	



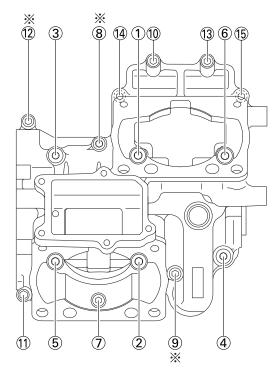
			Tigl	rque	
Part to be tightened	Thread size	Q'ty	Nm	m•kg	ft•lb
Spark plug	M14S  imes 1.25	2	19	1.9	13
Cylinder head (bolt)	M6 × 1.0	12	11	1.1	8.0
Cylinder (nut)	M 8 $\times$ 1.25	8	20	2.0	14
(stud)	M 8 $\times$ 1.25	8	15	1.5	11
Power valve:					
Cover	M 5 $ imes$ 0.8	8	4	0.4	2.9
Holder (power valve)	M 5 $\times$ 0.8	2	9	0.9	6.5
Pulley	M 5 $ imes$ 0.8	2	4	0.4	2.9
Cable stay	M 5 $ imes$ 0.8	4	7	0.7	5.1
Air bleeding bolt (cylinder)	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	2	12	1.2	8.7
Balance weight gear	M14  imes 1.0	1	50	5.0	36
Water pump housing cover	M 6 × 1.0	4	11	1.1	8.0
Air bleeding bolt (water pump)	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	1	11	1.1	8.0
Radiator	M 6 $ imes$ 1.0	3	7	0.7	5.1
Radiator and thermo unit	M16  imes 1.5	1	11	1.1	8.0
Radiator hose clamp	_	6	2	0.2	1.4
Oil pump cover	M 5 $\times$ 0.8	3	8	0.8	5.8
Oil strainer	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	4	7	0.7	5.1
Carburetor joint	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	9	11	1.1	8.0
Clamp (carburetor joint)	M 4 $\times$ 0.7	2	2	0.2	1.4
Reed valve	M 3 $ imes$ 0.5	12	1	0.1	0.7
Mixing chamber top	M 4 $\times$ 0.7	2	2	0.2	1.4
Exhaust pipe	M 8 $\times$ 1.25	2	21	2.1	15
Silencer	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	4	11	1.1	8.0
Crankcase	M 8 $\times$ 1.25	6		- for to NO	
Crankcase	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	9	R	efer to NO	
Transmission housing	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	6	16	1.6	11
Oil check bolt	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	1	9	0.9	6.5
Oil drain bolt	M12  imes 1.25	1	23	2.3	17
Crankcase cover (right)	M6 × 1.0	10	11	1.1	8.0
Crankcase cover (left)	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	3	11	1.1	8.0
Primary drive gear	M10  imes 1.25	1	55	5.5	40
Clutch boss	M20 × 1.0	1	75	7.5	54
Clutch spring	M 6 × 1.0	6	9	0.9	6.5
Push rod adjuster	M 6 $ imes$ 1.0	1	6	0.6	4.3
Seat plate (push lever)	M 5 $\times$ 0.8	1	7	0.7	5.1
Clutch cable holder	M 6 $ imes$ 1.0	2	8	0.8	5.8
Bearing plate cover	M 6 $ imes$ 1.0	3	10	1.0	7.2
Oil seal plate cover	M 5 $\times$ 0.8	2	7	0.7	5.1
Drive sprocket	M20  imes 1.0	1	75	7.5	54
Bearing plate cover (shift cam)	M 5 $\times$ 0.8	1	4	0.4	2.9
Segment	M 8 $ imes$ 1.25	1	23	2.3	17
Shift guide	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	2	11	1.1	8.0
Shift lever adjuster and locknut	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	1	9	0.9	6.5
Stopper bolt (torsion spring)	M 8 $ imes$ 1.25	1	8	0.8	5.8
Shift arm	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	1	14	1.4	10

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Dout to be tightened	Thread size Q'ty	016	Tightening torque		
Part to be tightened		Nm	m∙kg	ft•lb	
Joint rod 1 and shift rod	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	1	9	0.9	6.5
Joint rod 2 and shift rod	M 6 × 1.0	1	9	0.9	6.5
Joint rod 1,2	M 6 × 1.0	2	11	1.1	8.0
Shift pedal pivot bolt	M 8 × 1.25	1	22	2.2	16
Front pedal	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	1	10	1.0	7.2

### Crankcase tightening sequence



## CAUTION:

The M6 bolt comes in two lengths. Use the correct one for installation.

*ℓ*=30 mm (1.18 in) (green) ⑦ 10 11 13 14 15 Mark ※:*ℓ*=35 mm (1.38 in) (silver) 8 9 12

### NOTE:\_

Tighten all bolts in 2 steps as follows and be sure to tighten in numbered order as shown.

•First: ①~⑥ (M8) 11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb) ⑦~⑮ (M6) 6 Nm (0.6 m•kg, 4.3 ft•lb)

•Final: 1)~6 (M8) 26 Nm (2.6 m•kg, 19 ft•lb) 7~15 (M6) 11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb)



#### EC212201 CHASSIS

Item	Standard	Limit
Steering system:		
Steering bearing type	Taper roller bearing	
Front suspension:		
Front fork travel	113 mm (4.45 in)	
Fork spring free length	212.5 mm (8.37 in)	210.5 mm (8.29 in)
Spring rate, STD	K=7.00 N/mm	
	(0.700 kg/mm, 39 lb/in)	
Optional spring	No	•••
Oil capacity	386 cm <sup>3</sup> (13.6 lmp oz, 13.1 US oz)	
Oil level	135 mm (5.31 in)	
<min.~max.></min.~max.>	80~140 mm (3.15~5.51 in)	•••
(From top of outer tube with inner tube		
and damper rod fully compressed		
without spring.) Oil grade	Suspension oil "01"	
Inner tube outer diameter	41 mm (1.61 in)	
Front fork top end	13 mm (0.51 in)	
Rear suspension:	50 mm (0.00 in)	
Shock absorber travel	53 mm (2.09 in)	•••
Spring free length	150 mm (5.91 in) 137 mm (5.39 in)	
Fitting length <min.~max.></min.~max.>	133~142 mm (5.24~5.59 in)	
Spring rate, STD	K=72 N/mm	
oping rate, or b	(7.2 kg/mm, 403 lb/in)	
Optional spring	No	
Enclosed gas pressure	1,200 kPa (12 kg/cm³, 171 psi)	
Swingarm:		
Swingarm free play limit		
End		1.0 mm (0.04 in)
Side clearance		0.05~0.35 mm
		(0.002~0.014 in)
Wheel:		
Front wheel type	Cast wheel	
Rear wheel type	Cast wheel	
Front rim size/Material	MT 3.75×17/Magnesium	
Rear rim size/Material	MT 5.50 $\times$ 17/Magnesium	
Wheel runout limit:		
Radial		1.0 mm (0.04 in)
Lateral		0.5 mm (0.02 in)
Drive chain		
Type/Manufacturer	RKGB520TRU/RK EXCEL	
Number of links	109 links + joint	
Chain slack	40~50 mm (1.6~2.0 in)	
Chain length (10 links)		150.1 mm (5.909 in)



Item	Standard	Limit
Front disc brake:		
Disc outside dia.×Thickness	298×5.0 mm (11.73×0.20 in)	
Pad thickness	5.3 mm (0.21 in)	1.0 mm (0.04 in)
Master cylinder inside dia.	15.87 mm (0.625 in)	
Caliper cylinder inside dia.	33.96 + 30.23 mm	
	(1.337 + 1.190 in)	
Brake fluid type	DOT #4	
Rear disc brake:		
Disc outside dia.×Thickness	185×4.0 mm (7.28×0.16 in)	
Deflection limit		0.15 mm (0.006 in)
Pad thickness	4.0 mm (0.16 in)	1.0 mm (0.04 in)
Master cylinder inside dia.	12.7 mm (0.500 in)	
Caliper cylinder inside dia.	25.4 mm (1.000 in)	
Brake fluid type	DOT #4	
Brake lever & brake pedal:		
Brake pedal position	148~152 mm (5.8~6.0 in)	
Clutch lever free play (at lever pivot)	2~3 mm (0.08~0.12 in)	
Throttle grip free play	2~4 mm (0.08~0.16 in)	



ſ	Tightening torque					
	Part to be tightened	Thread size	Q'ty	Nm	m•kg	ft•lb
Δ	Handle crown and outer tube	M 8 × 1.25	2	20	2.0	14
$\Delta$	Under bracket and outer tube	$M 8 \times 1.25$	4	23	2.3	17
$\Delta$	Steering shaft and steering shaft nut	$M22 \times 1.0$	1	80	8.0	58
$\Delta$	Handlebar and outer tube	$M22 \times 1.0$ M 6 $\times 1.0$	4	7	0.7	5.1
	Steering ring nut	$M25 \times 1.0$	1		efer to NO	
	Steering damper and fame	$M 8 \times 1.25$	1	23	2.3	17
	Steering damper and damper bracket	$M 6 \times 1.20$	1	5	0.5	3.6
Δ	Steering damper stay and outer tube	$M 6 \times 1.0$	1	10	1.0	7.2
	Steering damper stay and pin	$M 5 \times 0.8$	1	5	0.5	3.6
	Steering stopper bolt and locknut	$M 6 \times 1.0$	2	11	1.1	8.0
	Fuel tank fitting bolt and locknut	$M 8 \times 1.25$	1	20	2.0	14
	Clutch lever holder	$M 5 \times 0.8$	2	5	0.5	3.6
Δ	Front master cylinder and master cylinder	$M 6 \times 1.0$	2	8	0.8	5.8
	bracket		2	0	0.0	0.0
	Front brake reservoir tank and stay	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	1	5	0.5	3.6
	Brake lever (bolt)	M 6 × 1.0	1	1	0.1	0.7
	Brake lever (nut)	M 6 × 1.0	1	6	0.6	4.3
	Main switch and handleber	M 4 $\times$ 0.7	2	2	0.2	1.4
	Front fork and cap bolt	M44  imes 1.0	2	23	2.3	17
	Front fork and damper rod	M12  imes 1.25	2	40	4.0	29
	Cap bolt and damper rod	M12  imes 1.25	2	29	2.9	21
	Front fork and front fender	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	4	8	0.8	5.8
	Brake hose holder and swingarm	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	2	8	0.8	5.8
Δ	Brake hose (front and rear) and union bolt	M10  imes 1.25	2	30	3.0	22
	(master cylinder)					
Δ	Brake hose (front and rear) and adapter	M10  imes 1.25	3	14	1.4	10
Δ	Brake caliper (front and rear) and adapter	M10  imes 1.25	3	26	2.6	19
Δ	Front brake caliper and front fork	M10  imes 1.25	4	35	3.5	25
Δ	Front master cylinder and bleed screw	M 8 $\times$ 1.25	1	6	0.6	4.3
$\Delta$	Brake caliper (front and rear) and pad pin	M10  imes 1.25	3	18	1.8	13
$\Delta$	Brake caliper (front and rear) and bleed screw	M 8 $\times$ 1.25	4	6	0.6	4.3
Δ	Front wheel axle and nut	M18  imes 1.5	1	80	8.0	58
	Front wheel axle holder	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	4	11	1.1	8.0
$\Delta$	Front brake disc and wheel hub	M 8 $\times$ 1.25	12	20	2.0	14
$\Delta$	Footrest bracket and frame	M 8 $\times$ 1.25	4	20	2.0	14
	Footrest bracket and plate (left and right)	M 5 $ imes$ 0.8	4	8	0.8	5.8
$\Delta$	Footrest and footrest bracket	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2
Δ	Brake pedal and master cylinder	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	1	12	1.2	8.7
Δ	Rear master cylinder and footrest bracket	M 8 × 1.25	2	20	2.0	14
	Rear master cylinder and reservoir connector	M 4 $\times$ 0.7	1	2	0.2	1.4
	Rear brake reservoir tank and bolt (rear frame)	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	1	7	0.7	5.1
						_

### NOTE:\_

1. First, tighten the ring nut approximately 46 Nm (4.6 m•kg, 33 ft•lb) by using the ring nut wrench, then loosen the ring nut one turn.

2. Retighten the ring nut 1 Nm (0.1 m•kg, 0.7 ft•lb).

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	Devision for California d	Thursdains	011	Tigł	que	
	Part to be tightened	Thread size	Q'ty	Nm	m•kg	ft•lb
$\Delta$	Rear brake caliper and caliper bracket	M 8 × 1.25	2	23	2.3	17
$\Delta$	Rear wheel axle and nut	M18  imes 1.5	1	80	8.0	58
$\Delta$	Driven sprocket and sprocket damper	M 8 $ imes$ 1.25	5	32	3.2	23
$\Delta$	Rear brake disc and wheel hub	M 8 $ imes$ 1.25	3	23	2.3	17
	Chain puller adjust bolt and locknut	M 8 × 1.25	2	16	1.6	11
	Chain puller adjust bolt	M 8 × 1.25	2	2	0.2	1.4
	Engine mounting:					
$\Delta$	Engine and frame (upper)	M10  imes 1.25	1	30	3.0	22
$\Delta$	Engine and frame (lower)	M10  imes 1.25	1	30	3.0	22
$\Delta$	Engine bracket and frame	M10  imes 1.25	2	30	3.0	22
$\Delta$	Engine bracket and engine	M 8 × 1.25	4	23	2.3	17
$\Delta$	Pinch bolt (engine mounting collar)	M 6 × 1.0	2	11	1.1	8.0
	Engine mounting adjust bolt	M16 × 1.0	2	8	0.8	5.8
	Pivot adjust bolt	M25 × 1.0	1	5	0.5	3.6
$\Delta$	Pivot shaft and nut	M18  imes 1.5	1	115	11.5	85
$\Delta$	Relay arm and frame	M10  imes 1.25	1	34	3.4	24
$\Delta$	Relay arm and connecting rod	M10  imes 1.25	1	34	3.4	24
$\Delta$	Connecting rod and swingarm	M10  imes 1.25	1	34	3.4	24
$\Delta$	Rear shock absorber and upper bracket	M10  imes 1.25	1	34	3.4	24
$\Delta$	Rear shock absorber and relay arm	M10  imes 1.25	1	34	3.4	24
	Seal guard and swingarm	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	4	8	0.8	5.8
	Swingarm and hook	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2
	Swingarm and chain guard	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	2	8	0.8	5.8
	Rear shock absorber and locknut (preload)	M52  imes 1.5	1	20	2.0	14
$\Delta$	Seat height adjuster and locknut	M22  imes 1.0	1	38	3.8	27
$\Delta$	Seat height adjuster and upper bracket	M10  imes 1.25	1	40	4.0	29
	Radiator stay and frame	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	1	8	0.8	5.8
	Cowling stay bracket and frame	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	2	8	0.8	5.8
	Cowling stay and cowling stay bracket	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	2	8	0.8	5.8
	Cowling stay (left and right) and frame	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	2	8	0.8	5.8
	Upper cowl and screen	M 4 $\times$ 0.7	6	4	0.4	2.9
$\Delta$	Fuel tank and fuel cock	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	2	7	0.7	5.1
	Seat and rear frame	M 6 $\times$ 1.0	4	8	0.8	5.8
$\Delta$	Rear frame and frame	M 6 $ imes$ 1.0	4	11	1.1	8.0

## NOTE:\_\_

 $\Delta$  - marked portion shall be checked for torque tightening after break-in or before each race.



#### EC212300 ELECTRICAL

Item	Standard	Limit
Ignition system: Ignition timing (B.T.D.C) Advancer type	2.4 mm (0.094 in) Electrical	
CDI:		
Magneto-model/Manufacturer Source coil resistance (color)	5KE-00 (TLGZ06)/DENSO 2.3~3.5 Ω at 20°C (68°F) (White-White)	
Pickup coil resistance (left cylinder) (color) (right cylinder)	94~140 Ω at 20°C (68°F) (White/Black-White/Blue) 94~140 Ω at 20°C (68°F)	
CDI unit-model/Manufacturer	(White/Black-White/Green) 5KE-10/DENSO	
Ignition coil: Model/Manufacturer (left cylinder) (right cylinder)	TJ0285/DENSO TJ0277/DENSO	
Minimum spark gap Primary winding resistance Secondary winding resistance	5 mm (0.20 in) 0.14~0.18 Ω at 20°C (68°F) 5.0~7.4 kΩ at 20°C (68°F)	 
Battery: Model/Manufacturer	PE12V0.8/ JAPAN STORAGE BATTERY	
Capacity Voltage when charged	12V0.8Ah 12.8V or more	
Fuel pump: Model/Manufacturer Coil resistance	UC-Z6V/MITSUBISHI 1~3 Ω at 20°C (68°F)	
Fuel pump relay: Model/Manufacturer Coil resistance	1UY-92/MATSUSHITADENKO 72~88 Ω at 20°C (68°F)	
Circuit breaker: Type Main	Fuse 10A×1	

Part to be tightened	Thread size	Q'ty	Tightening torque		
			Nm	m∙kg	ft∙lb
Stator	M 6 $ imes$ 1.0	2	7	0.7	5.1
Rotor	M12  imes 1.25	1	53	5.3	38
CDI unit	M 6 × 1.0	2	8	0.8	5.8
Servomotor pulley	M 5 $\times$ 0.8	1	8	0.8	5.8
Servomotor	M 6 × 1.0	2	7	0.7	5.1
Voltage regulator	M 6 × 1.0	2	7	0.7	5.1
Fuel pump and bracket	M 5 $\times$ 0.8	1	5	0.5	3.6

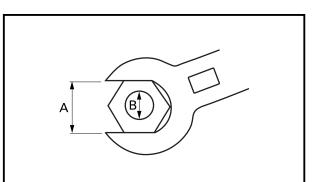
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# GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

This chart specifies torque for standard fasteners with standard I.S.O. pitch threads. Torque specifications for special components or assemblies are included in the applicable sections of this book. To avoid warpage, tighten multi-fastener assemblies in a crisscross fashion, in progressive stages, until full torque is reached. Unless otherwise specified, torque specifications call for clean, dry threads. Components should be at room temperature.

А	В	TORQUE SPECIFICATIO					
(Nut)	(Bolt)	Nm	m•kg	ft•lb			
10 mm	6 mm	6	0.6	4.3			
12 mm	8 mm	15	1.5	11			
14 mm	10 mm	30	3.0	22			
17 mm	12 mm	55	5.5	40			
19 mm	14 mm	85	8.5	61			
22 mm	16 mm	130	13	94			



A: Distance across flats

B: Outside thread diameter

EC	223	00	00

# **DEFINITION OF UNITS**

Unit	Read	Definition	Measure
mm	millimeter	10 <sup>-3</sup> meter	Length
cm	centimeter	$10^{2}$ meter	Length
kg	kilogram	10 <sup>3</sup> gram	Weight
Ν	Newton	1 kg×m/sec²	Force
Nm	Newton meter	N×m	Torque
m•kg	Meter kilogram	m×kg	Torque
Pa	Pascal	N/m <sup>2</sup>	Pressure
N/mm	Newton per millimeter	N/mm	Spring rate
L	Liter	-	Volume or capacity
cm³	Cubic centimeter	-	Volume or capacity
r/min	Revolution per minute	_	Engine speed

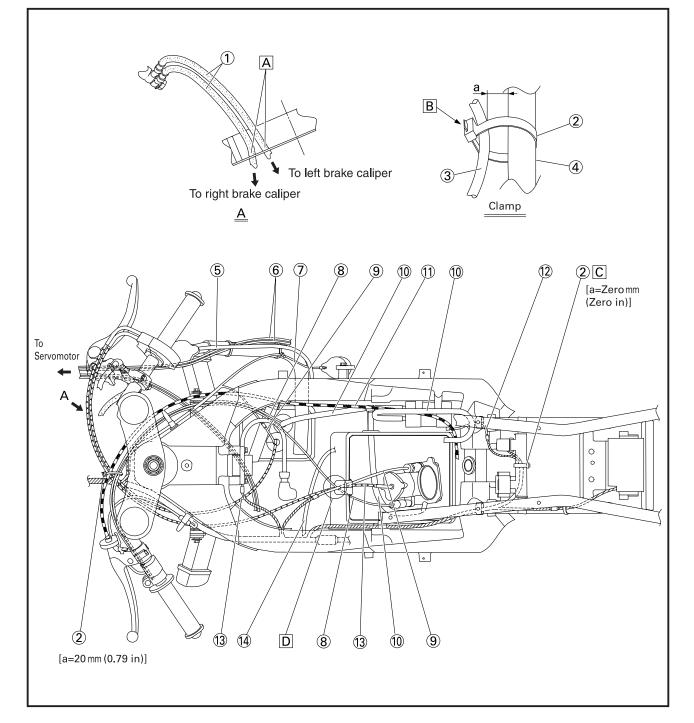
# **CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM**

# SPEC

#### EC240000 **CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM**

- 1 Brake hose
- ② Clamp
- ③ Cable
- (4) Frame
- (5) Radiator breather hose
- (6) YPVS cable 1, 2 (right cylinder)
- Ignition coil lead
- (8) Starter cable
- (9) Solenoid valve lead
- 1 Fuel hose
- 1 Clutch cable
- 12 Fuel pump lead

- (13) Throttle cable
- (1) Transmission oil breather hose
- A Pass the brake hose through the hole in the inner fender.
- B Cut the clamp so that the protruding portion is less than 5 mm (0.20 in).
- C Install the clamp with its ends facing backward.
- D Position the cable from bottom to top in the following order.
  - Starter cable
  - Throttle cable
  - Solenoid valve lead

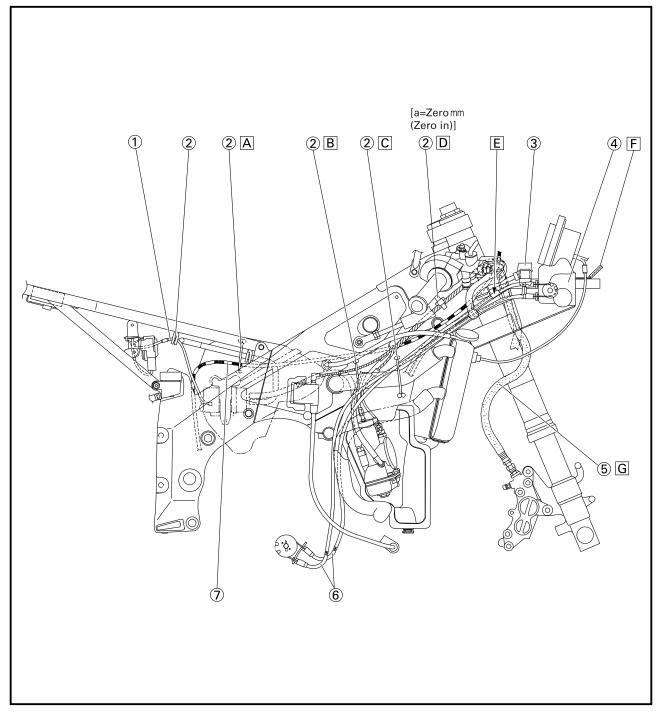


# CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM



- ① Fuel pump lead
- ② Clamp
- ③ Fuse holder
- ④ Servomotor
- 5 Front brake hose (right)
- (6) YPVS cable 1, 2 (right cylinder)
- ⑦ Clutch cable

- A Clamp the fuel hose and clutch cable. Position the upside ends of the clamp inside of the seat rail.
- $\ensuremath{\mathbb B}$  Clamp the radiator hose 3 and ignition coil lead.
- C Clamp the radiator hose 3 and YPVS cable (right cylinder).
- $\fbox$  Do not cut the end of the clamp.
- E Connect the left cylinder YPVS cables (silver cables) to the inner YPVS servomotor pulley and right cylinder YPVS cables (black cables) to the outer. The sleeved cables must be connected to the top side (open side) of the YPVS servomotor.
- $\fbox{\ }$  Align the end of the cover with that of the meter stay.
- G Be sure the brake hose is not twisted.

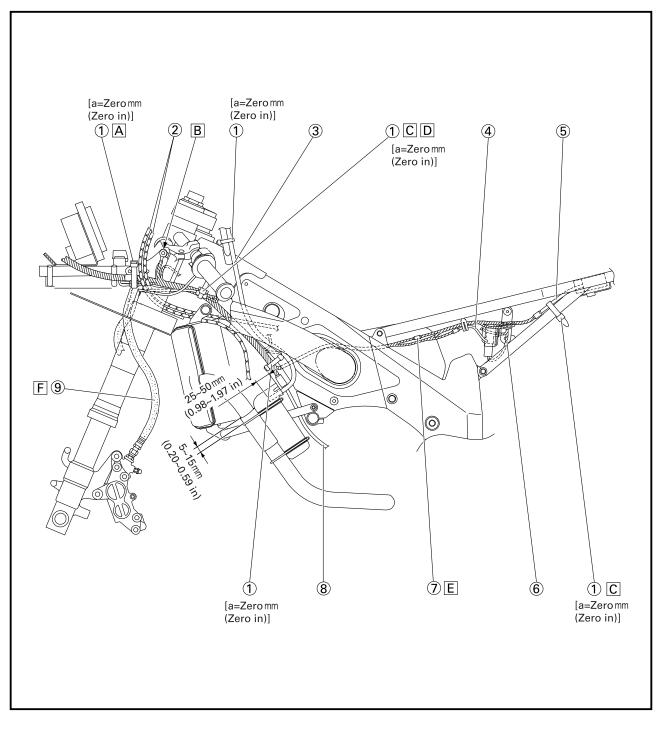


CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM



- 1 Clamp
- Throttle cable
- ③ Fuel tank breather hose
- ④ Fuel pump stop switch lead
- (5) Battery lead
- 6 Fuel pump relay lead
- ⑦ Power supply coupler
- 8 CDI magneto lead
- (9) Front brake hose (left)

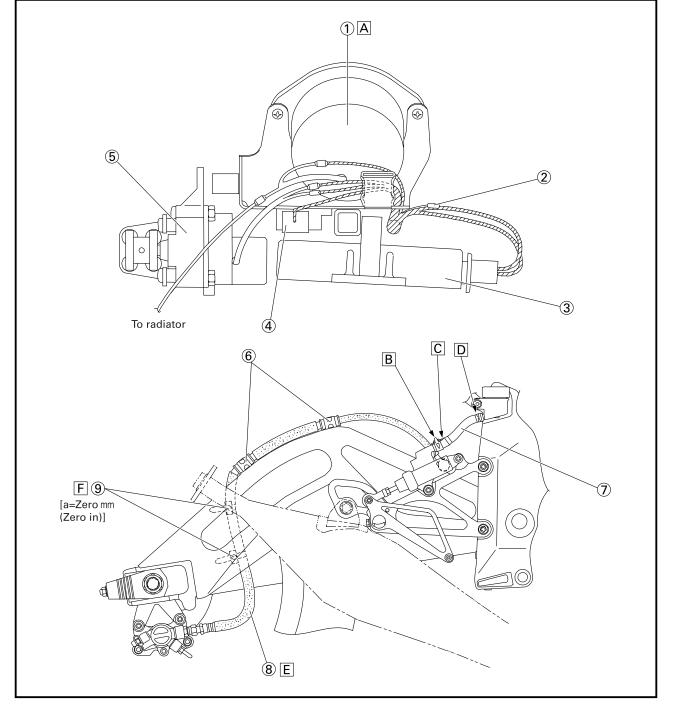
- A Clamp the wireharness together with couplers of the fuse lead under the cowling stay mounting bolt so that the tape on the wireharness aligns with the bolt.
- B Fasten the primary ground lead together with the cowling stay bracket mounting bolt.
- C Do not cut the end of the clamp.
- D Clamp the couplers of the main switch lead together with the wireharness.
- E Disconnect the power supply coupler except when the engine is started or when electric parts are checked.
- F Be sure the brake hose is not twisted.



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# CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM

- A Install the tachometer assembly with its figures standing upright.
- $\underline{\mathbb{B}}$  Do not make the clamp grip face outside of the chassis.
- C Position the reservoir hose with its paint mark upward.
- $\ensuremath{\mathbb{D}}$  Make the clamp grip face inside of the chassis.
- $\underline{\mathbb{E}}$  Be sure the brake hose is not twisted.
- F Do not cut the end of the clamp.



④ Voltage regulator⑤ Servomotor⑥ Brake hose holder

1 Tachometer assembly

② Coupler for speed shift

- (7) Reservoir hose
- 8 Rear brake hose
- ④ Clamp

③ CDI unit





# **REGULAR INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENTS**

# MAINTENANCE INTERVALS

The following schedule is intended as a general guide to maintenance and lubrication. Bear in mind that such factors as weather, terrain, geographical location, and individual usage will alter the required maintenance and lubrication intervals. If you are a doubt as to what intervals to follow in maintaining and lubricating your machine, consult your Yamaha dealer.

### NOTE:

Replace earlier depending on the operating condition.

Item	After break- in	Every race	Every 500km	Every 1,000 km	As re- quired	Remarks
PISTON Inspect and clean Replace	•	•	•		•	Inspect crack
PISTON PIN, SMALL END BEARING Inspect Replace	•	•	•		•	
PISTON RING Inspect Replace	•	•	•		•	Check ring end gap
CYLINDER HEAD Inspect and clean Retighten	•	•				Remove carbon Check O-ring
CYLINDER Inspect and clean Replace Retighten	•	•		(3,000 km)	•	Inspect score marks Inspect wear
YPVS Inspect Retighten	•	•				
CLUTCH Inspect and adjust Replace	•	•			•	Inspect housing, friction plate, clutch plate and spring
TRANSMISSION Replace oil Inspect transmission Replace bearing	•		•		•	Castrol R30
SHIFT FORK, SHIFT CAM, GUIDE BAR Inspect					•	Inspect wear
ROTOR NUT Retighten				•		
MUFFLER Inspect Clean	•	•			•	Inspect crack
CRANK Inspect and replace				(1,500 km)	•	
CARBURETOR Inspect, adjust and clean	•	•				Inspect jet needle clip groove

# MAINTENANCE INTERVALS



Item	After break- in	Every race	Every 500km	Every 1,000 km	As re- quired	Remarks
SPARK PLUG Inspect and clean Replace	•	•			•	
PLUG CAP Inspect and replace				(1,500 km) ●	●	
COOLING SYSTEM Check cooling level and leakage Check radiator cap operation Replace cooling water Replace hoses	•	•			•	Use soft water
OUTSIDE NUTS AND BOLTS Retighten	•	•				Refer to "STARTING AND BREAK-IN" section in the CHAPTER 1.
OIL PUMP STRAINER Clean	•		•			
REED VALVE Inspect Replace	•	•			•	
FRAME Clean and inspect	•	•				
FUEL TANK, COCK Clean and inspect	•	•				
BRAKES Adjust lever position and pedal position Check brake disc surface Check brake fluid level and leakage Retighten brake disc bolts, caliper bolts and master cylinder bolts Replace pads Replace brake fluid	•	•			•	Every one year
FRONT FORKS Inspect and adjust Replace oil Replace oil seal	•	•		•	•	Suspension oil "01"
REAR SHOCK ABSORBER Inspect and adjust Lube Retighten	•	•			(After rain race) ●	Molybdenum disulfide grease
CHAIN GUARD Replace					•	
SWINGARM Inspect and retighten	•	•				
RELAY ARM, CONNECTING ROD Inspect and retighten	•	•				
STEERING HEAD Inspect free play and retighten Clean and lube Replace bearings	•	•		•	•	Lithium base grease

# MAINTENANCE INTERVALS



ltem	After break- in	Every race	Every 500km	Every 1,000 km	As re- quired	Remarks
TIRE, WHEELS Inspect air pressure, wheel run-out and tire wear Inspect bearings Replace bearings Lubricate	•	•	•		•	Lithium base grease
DRIVE CHAIN Lubricate, slack, alignment Replace	•	•		•		Use chain lube Chain slack: 40~50 mm (1.6~2.0 in)
DRIVE, DRIVEN SPROCKET Inspect and replace					•	Inspect wear
DRIVEN SPROCKET DAMPER Inspect and retighten Replace	•	•			•	
THROTTLE, CONTROL CABLE Check routing and connection Lubricate	•	•				Yamaha cable lube or SAE 10W30 motor oil
BATTERY Check battery voltage Replace	•	•			•	12.5V or more



#### EC320010

# PRE-OPERATION INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

Before riding for break-in operation, practice or a race, make sure the machine is in good operating condition.

Before using this machine, check the following points.

### NOTE:

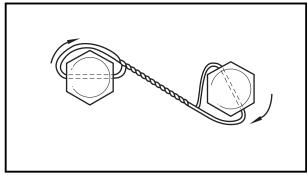
- The brake disc is coated with a rush inhibitor. Before pre-operation thoroughly remove it using a lacquer thinner.
- For storage, a coolant is used. Before riding the machine remove it with cooling water. Refer to "INFORMATION BEFORE PRE-OPERATION".

# **GENERAL INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

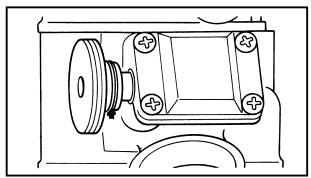
Item	Routine	Page
Cooling water	Check that cooling water is filled up to the radiator filler cap. Check the cooling system for leakage.	P3-6~9
Fuel	Check that a fresh mixture of oil and gasoline is filled in the fuel tank. Check the fuel line for leakage.	P1-14
Transmission oil	Check that the oil level is correct. Check the crankcase for leakage.	P3-13~15
YPVS	Check operation.	P3-12~13
Gear shifter and clutch	Check that gears can be shifted correctly in order and that the clutch operates smoothly.	P3-9~10
Throttle grip/Housing	Check that the throttle grip operation and free play are correctly adjusted. Lubricate the throttle grip and housing, if necessary.	P3-10~11
Brakes	Check the effect of front and rear brake. Check brake disc surface.	P3-17~22
Chain	Check chain slack and alignment. Check that the chain is lubricated properly.	P3-23~25
Wheels	Check for excessive wear, tire pressure and tire wear.	P3-36
Steering	Check that the handlebars can be turned smoothly and have no excessive play.	P3-37~38
Front forks and rear shock absorber	Check that they operate smoothly and there is no oil leakage.	P3-27~35
Cables (wires)	Check that the clutch and throttle cables move smoothly. Check that they are not caught when the handlebars are turned or when the front forks travel up and down.	P3-39
Muffler	Check that the muffler is tightly mounted and has no cracks.	P3-16
Sprocket	Check that the driven sprocket damper is not loose.	P3-22
Lubrication	Check for smooth operation. Lubricate if necessary.	P3-41
Bolts and nuts	Check the chassis and engine for loose bolts and nuts. Check that the locking wire is correct.	P1-19~20
Lead connectors	Check that the CDI magneto, CDI unit, and ignition coil are connected tightly.	P1-5
Battery	Check the battery voltage.	P3-44~46
Cowling	Check that the cowling is tightly mounted and has no cracks in it. Check that it dose not contact other parts by stroking. Check that the screen is clean.	P3-39
Settings	Is the machine set suitably for the condition of the racing course and weather or by taking into account the results of test runs before racing? Are inspection and maintenance completely done?	P7-1~22



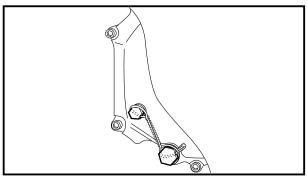
# LOCKING WIRE INSTALLATION GUIDE



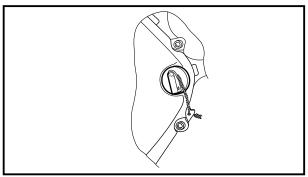
Bolt to bolt



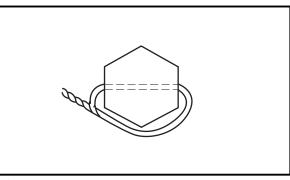
YPVS pulley



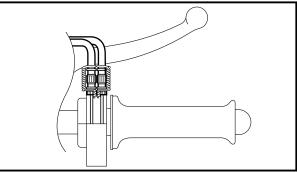
Oil drain bolt and check bolt



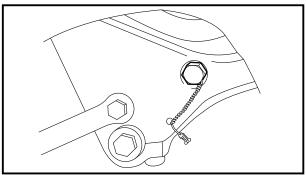
Oil filler cap



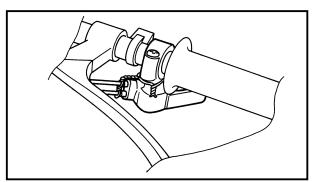
Bolt



Throttle cable adjuster



Tank rail drain bolt



Starter cable





### CAUTION:

- The cooling system is filled with coolant at the factory to prevent rusting. Be sure to replace coolant with soft water before riding.
- Take care so that coolant does not splash on painted surfaces. If it splashes, wash it away with water.

# COOLING WATER LEVEL INSPECTION

Do not remove the radiator cap (1), drain bolt and hoses when the engine and radiator are hot. Scalding hot fluid and steam may be blown out under pressure, which could cause serious injury.

When the engine has cooled, place a thick towel over the radiator cap, slowly rotate the cap counterclockwise to the detent. This procedure allows any residual pressure to escape. When the hissing sound has stopped, press down on the cap while turning counterclockwise and remove it.

# CAUTION:

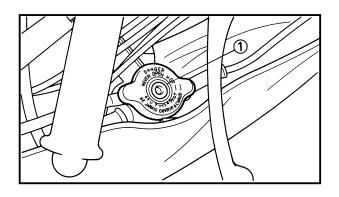
Hard water or salt water is harmful to the engine parts. You may use distilled water, if you can't get soft water.

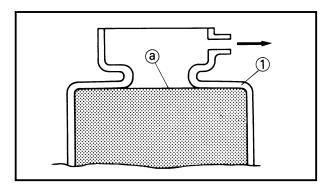
- 1. Place the machine on a level place, and hold it in an upright position.
- 2. Remove:
  - Radiator cap
- 3. Check:
- Cooling water level ⓐ
   Cooling water level low → Add cooling water.
- 1 Radiator

# COOLING WATER REPLACEMENT

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.

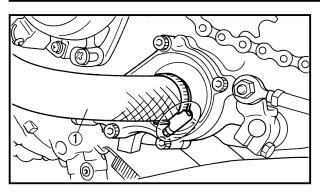
- 1. Remove the lower cowl.
- 2. Place a container under the radiator hose.

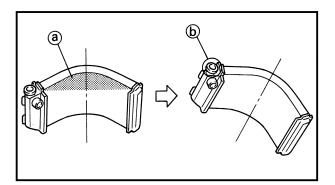


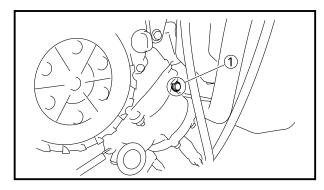


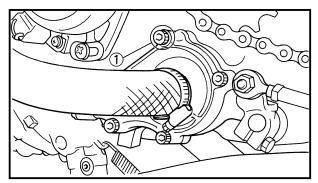
# COOLING WATER REPLACEMENT











- 3. Disconnect:
  - Radiator hose 2 ①
- 4. Remove:
  - Radiator cap
     Drain the cooling water completely.
- 5. Clean:
  - Cooling system Thoroughly flush the cooling system with clean tap water.
- 6. Connect:
  - Radiator hose 2
    - 2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)
- 7. Fill:
  - Radiator
  - Engine
  - To specified level.



Recommended cooling water:

Soft water Cooling water capacity: 1.4 L (1.23 Imp qt, 1.48 US qt)

# CAUTION:

- When filling the radiator with anti-freeze, tilt the motorcycle so that the filler hole (b) is at the highest position. If the radiator is positioned upright, air (a) is difficult to escape which may result in excessive engine heating.
- Hard water or salt water is harmful to the engine parts. You may use distilled water, if you can't get soft water.
- 8. Remove:
  - Air bleeding bolt (right cylinder) ① Bleeding the air until coming out the cooling water.
- 9. Install:
  - Copper washer New
  - Air bleeding bolt (right cylinder)

12 Nm (1.2 m•kg, 8.7 ft•lb)

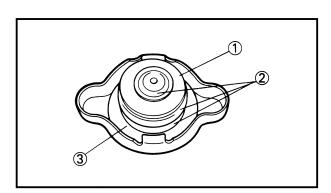
- 10.Remove:
  - Air bleeding bolt (water pump) ① Bleeding the air until coming out the cooling water.
- 11.Install:
  - Copper washer New
  - Air bleeding bolt (water pump)

11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb)

# RADIATOR CAP INSPECTION/ RADIATOR CAP OPENING PRESSURE INSPECTION

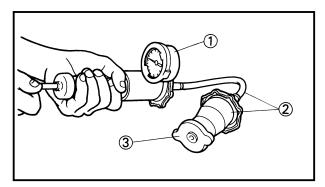


- 12.Fill:
  - Radiator
  - Engine
  - To specified level.
- 13.Install:
  - Radiator cap Start the engine and warm it up for a several minute.
- 14.Check:
  - Cooling water level
     Cooling water level low → Add cooling water.
- 15.Install the lower cowl.



# RADIATOR CAP INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
  - Seal (radiator cap) ①
  - Valve and valve seat ②
     Crack/Damage → Replace.
     Exist fur deposits ③ → Clean or replace.



# RADIATOR CAP OPENING PRESSURE

- 1. Attach:
  - Radiator cap tester ① and adapter ②



Radiator cap tester: YU-24460-01/90890-01325 Adapter:

YU-33984/90890-01352

# NOTE:\_

Apply water on the radiator cap seal.

③ Radiator cap

2. Apply the specified pressure.

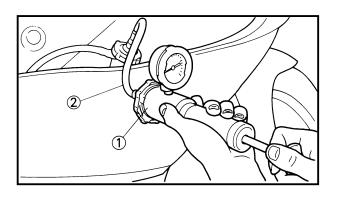


Radiator cap opening pressure: 95~125 kPa (0.95~1.25 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 13.5~17.8 psi)

# **COOLING SYSTEM INSPECTION/CLUTCH CARE**

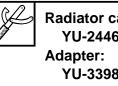


- 3. Inspect:
  - Pressure Impossible to maintain the specified pressure for 10 seconds  $\rightarrow$  Replace.



#### EC357003 **COOLING SYSTEM INSPECTION**

- 1. Inspect:
  - Coolant level
- 2. Attach:
  - Radiator cap tester ① and adapter ②



Radiator cap tester: YU-24460-01/90890-01325 YU-33984/90890-01352

3. Apply the specified pressure.



# NOTE:\_

- Do not apply pressure more than specified pressure.
- Radiator should be filled fully.
- 4. Inspect:
  - Pressure

Impossible to maintain the specified pressure for 10 seconds  $\rightarrow$  Repair.

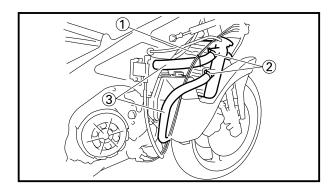
- Radiator ①
- Radiator hose joint 2
  - Coolant leakage  $\rightarrow$  Repair or replace.
- Radiator hose ③

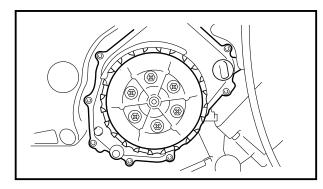
Swelling  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

#### EC358000 **CLUTCH CARE**

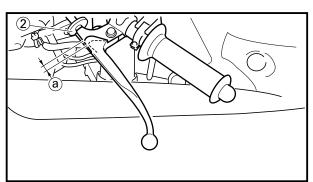
# NOTE:

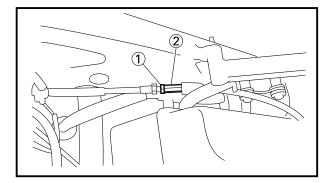
This machine is equipped with a dry type clutch. Be sure to clean with solvent or replace if grease or oil contacts either clutch or friction plates.

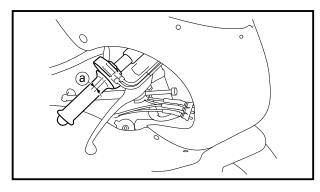




# CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT/ INSP THROTTLE CABLE ADJUSTMENT ADJ







# CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Check:
- Clutch lever free play ⓐ
   Out of specification → Adjust.



Clutch lever free play (a): 2~3 mm (0.08~0.12 in)

- 2. Adjust:
  - Clutch lever free play

### Clutch lever free play adjustment steps:

- Loosen the locknut ①.
- Turn the adjuster ② until free play ③ is within the specified limits.
- Tighten the locknut.

# NOTE:

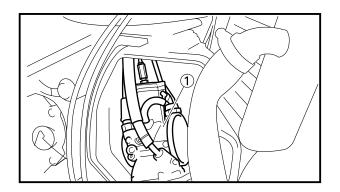
After adjustment, check proper operation of clutch lever.

#### EC35A040 THROTTLE CABLE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Check:
  - Throttle grip free play ⓐ
     Out of specification → Adjust.

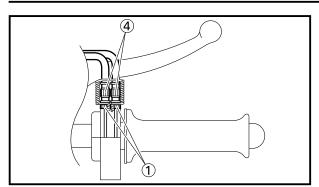


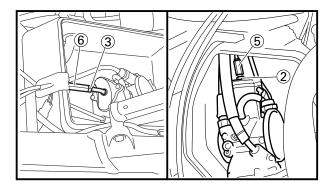
- 2. Remove:
  - Lower cowl
  - Fuel tank
  - Induction guide (right cylinder)

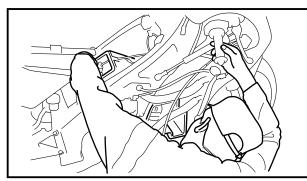


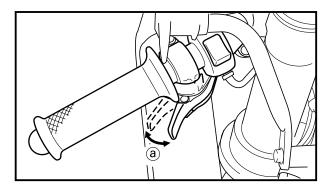
3. Loosen the screw (right carburetor joint clamp), then take out the carburetor ①.

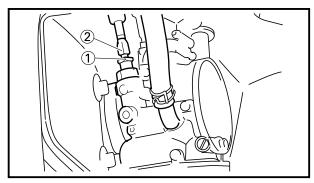












- 4. Adjust:
  - Throttle grip free play

### Throttle grip free play adjustment steps:

- Loosen the locknuts (1), (2), (3).
- Turn the adjusters (4), (5), (6) fully in.
- Turn out the right carburetor adjuster (5) until the specified free play is obtained.
- Tighten the right carburetor locknut 2.
- Turn out the left carburetor adjuster (6) until the left throttle valve moves together with the right throttle valve.

### NOTE:\_

- When adjusting left throttle cable, watch the right throttle valve and touch the left throttle valve.
- After adjusting the throttle cables, open the throttle grip and check that both throttle valves are completely open.
- Tighten the left carburetor locknut ③.
- Tighten the locknuts ①.

# 

After adjusting, turn the handlebar to right and left and make sure that the engine idling dose not run faster.

EC35B002

## STARTER CABLE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Check:
  - Starter lever free play 
     Out of appointion of Adius

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Adjust.

Starter lever free play (a): 5~10 mm (0.20~0.39 in)

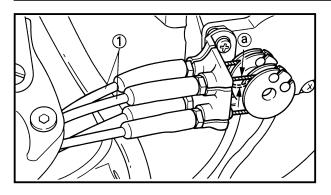
- 2. Adjust:
  - Starter lever free play

## Starter lever free play adjustment steps:

- Loosen the locknuts 1).
- Turn the adjusters ② until the specified free play is obtained.
- Tighten the locknuts.

# YPVS OPEN SIDE CABLE ADJUSTMENT





# YPVS OPEN SIDE CABLE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Disconnect the fuel pump coupler to prevent the fuel pump operation.
- 2. Check:
  - $\bullet\, {\rm YPVS}$  open side cable free play (a)

### Checking steps:

- Move the main switch to "RUN".
- The servomotor will be fully opened.

### NOTE:\_

After the main switch is moved to "RUN", the servomotor will be operated as follows.

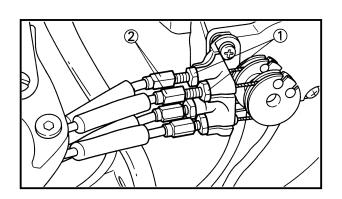
- 1. The servomotor will be fully closed about 1 second.
- 2. And then, it will be kept fully opened.
- Check the free play ⓐ for the YPVS open side cables ①.

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Adjust.



### YPVS open side cable free

play (a): 2~3 mm (0.08~0.12 in)

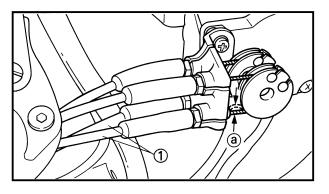


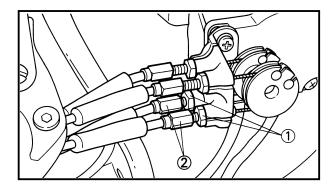
- 3. Adjust:
  - YPVS open side cable free play

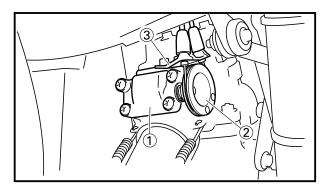
### Adjusting steps:

- Fully open the servomotor.
- Loosen the locknuts 1).
- Turn the adjusters ② until the specified free play is obtained.
- Tighten the locknuts.

#### **INSP** YPVS CLOSE SIDE CABLE ADJUSTMENT/YPVS COMPO-NENTS RETIGHTENING/TRANSMISSION OIL LEVEL CHECK







#### EC35E011 YPVS CLOSE SIDE CABLE ADJUSTMENT

1. Disconnect the fuel pump coupler to prevent the fuel pump operation.

ADJ

- 2. Check:
  - YPVS close side cable free play (a)

### Checking steps:

- Move the main switch to "RUN".
- The servomotor will be fully closed about 1 second.
- During this 1 second, move the main switch to "OFF".
- The servomotor will be kept fully closed.
- Check the free play (a) for the YPVS close side cables (1).

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Adjust.



YPVS close side cable free play @:

- 2~3 mm (0.08~0.12 in)
- 3. Adjust:
  - YPVS close side cable free play

## Adjusting steps:

- Fully close the servomotor.
- Loosen the locknuts (1).
- Turn the adjusters 2 until the specified free play is obtained.
- Tighten the locknuts.

# EC35E000 YPVS COMPONENTS RETIGHTENING

## NOTE:\_

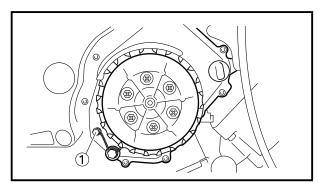
Before riding the machine, retighten all YPVS components.

- 1. Retighten:
  - Valve cover ①
  - 4 Nm (0.4 m•kg, 2.9 ft•lb) • Pulley ② 4 Nm (0.4 m•kg, 2.9 ft•lb)
  - Cable stay ③ 7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)
- EC35H030

# TRANSMISSION OIL LEVEL CHECK

- 1. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes and wait for five minutes.
- 2. Place the machine on a level place and hold it up on upright position by placing the suitable stand.





3. Check:

• Transmission oil level

### Transmission oil level checking steps:

- Remove the oil check bolt ①.
- Inspect the oil level.

### NOTE:\_

Be sure the machine is positioned straight up when inspecting the oil level.

# 

Never attempt to remove the checking bolt just after high speed operation. The heated oil could spout out, causing danger. Wait until the oil cools down.

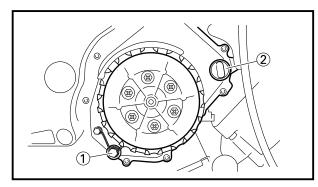
	Oil flows out → Oil level is correct. Oil does not flow out → Oil level is low. Add transmis- sion oil until oil flows out.			
·YP	Recommended oil: Castrol R30			
<ul> <li>Inspect the gasket (oil check bolt), replace if damaged.</li> <li>Tighten the oil check bolt.</li> </ul>				
	Oil check bolt: 9 Nm (0.9 m•kg, 6.5 ft•lb)			

EC35K021 TRANSMISSION OIL REPLACEMENT

- 1. Start the engine and warm it up for several minutes and wait for five minutes.
- 2. Place the machine on a level place and hold it on upright position by placing the suitable stand.
- 3. Place a suitable container under the engine.

# PILOT AIR SCREW ADJUSTMENT





- 4. Remove:
  - Oil drain bolt ① • Oil filler cap ②
  - Drain the transmission oil.
- 5. Install:
  - Copper washer New
  - Oil drain bolt ①

### 🔀 23 Nm (2.3 m•kg, 17 ft•lb)

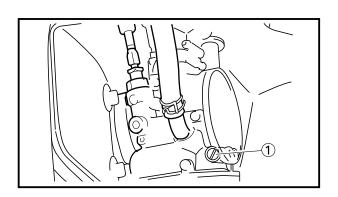
### NOTE:

After tightening the oil drain bolt to specified torque, lock it using a wire.

- 6. Fill:
  - Transmission oil

**Recommended oil:** Castrol R30 **Oil capacity** (periodic oil change): 0.50 L (0.44 Imp qt, 0.53 US qt)

- 7. Check:
- Oil leakage
- 8. Check:
  - Transmission oil level
- 9. Install:
  - Oil filler cap ②



#### EC35I 002 PILOT AIR SCREW ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Adjust:
  - Pilot air screw ①

### Adjustment steps:

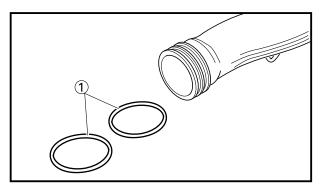
- Screw in the pilot air screw until it is lightly seated.
- Back out by the specified number of turns.

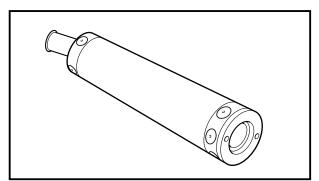
1-1/2 turns out

# Pilot air screw:

# **MUFFLER INSPECTION/SILENCER INSPECTION**







#### EC35P010 MUFFLER INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
  - O-ring ① Damage → Replace.

# SILENCER INSPECTION

Inspect:
 Silencer
 Inside of silencer loose → Repair.

### Silencer repair steps:

- Drill the silencer for riveting.
- Rivet the silencer using the rivet.

### NOTE:\_

Rivet the silencer in a different area than previously riveted.



# CHASSIS

EC361002

BRAKE SYSTEM AIR BLEEDING

# 

Bleed the brake system if:

- The system has been disassembled.
- A brake hose has been loosened or removed.
- The brake fluid is very low.
- The brake operation is faulty.

A dangerous loss of braking performance may occur if the brake system is not properly bleed.

- 1. Remove:
  - Reservoir tank cap
  - Diaphragm
- 2. Bleed:
  - Brake fluid
- A Front
- B Rear

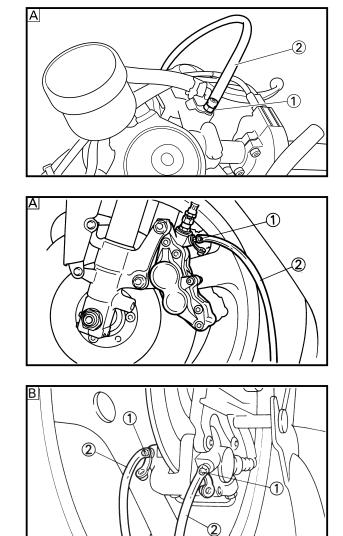
## Air bleeding steps:

- a. Add proper brake fluid to the reservoir.
- b. Install the diaphragm. Be careful not to spill any fluid or allow the reservoir to overflow.
- c. Connect the clear plastic tube ② tightly to the caliper bleed screw ①.
- d. Place the other end of the tube into a container.
- e. Slowly apply the brake lever or pedal several times.
- f. Pull the lever in or push down on the pedal. Hold the lever or pedal in position.
- g. Loosen the bleed screw and allow the lever or pedal to travel towards its limit.
- h. Tighten the bleed screw when the lever or pedal limit has been reached; then release the lever or pedal.



### Bleed screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m•kg, 4.3 ft•lb)

i. Repeat steps ( e ) to ( h ) until of the air bubbles have been removed from the system.



FRONT BRAKE ADJUSTMENT/ REAR BRAKE ADJUSTMENT



## NOTE:\_

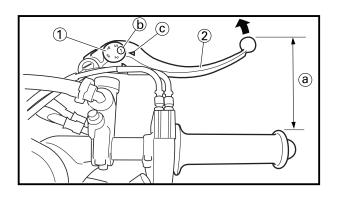
If bleeding is difficult, it may be necessary to let the brake fluid system stabilize for a few hours. Repeat the bleeding procedure when the tiny bubbles in the system have disappeared.

j. Add brake fluid to the level line on the reservoir.

# 

Check the operation of the brake after bleeding the brake system.

- 3. Install:
  - Diaphragm
  - Reservoir tank cap



#### EC363020 FRONT BRAKE ADJUSTMENT

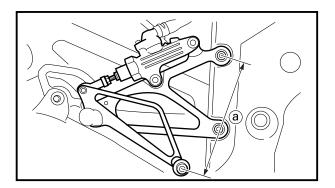
- 1. Adjust:
  - Brake lever position ⓐ

### Adjustment steps:

- Turn the adjuster ① while pushing the brake lever ② forward until the desired lever position is obtained.
- Closer  $\rightarrow$  Turn the adjuster to a larger number.
- Farther  $\rightarrow$  Turn the adjuster to a smaller number.

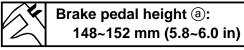
### NOTE:\_\_

Align the number b on the adjuster with the mark c on the brake lever.



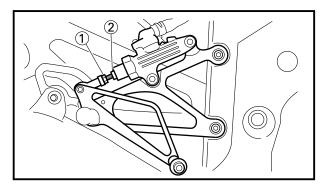
# REAR BRAKE ADJUSTMENT

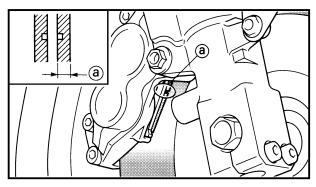
- 1. Check:
  - Brake pedal height ⓐ
     Out of specification → Adjust.

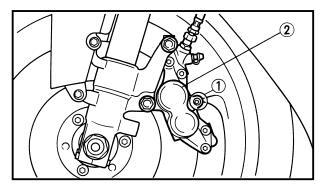


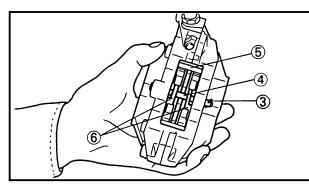
# FRONT BRAKE PAD INSPECTION AND REPLACEMENT

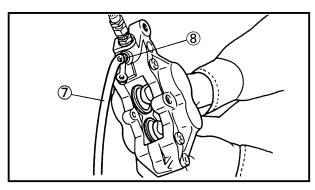












- 2. Adjust:
  - Brake pedal height

### Pedal height adjustment steps:

- Loosen the locknut ①.
- Turn the adjusting nut ② until the pedal height is within specified height.
- Tighten the locknut.

# FRONT BRAKE PAD INSPECTION AND REPLACEMENT

- 1. Inspect:
  - Brake pad thickness (a)

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace as a set.

Brake pad this	ckness @:		
Standard <limit></limit>			
5.3 mm (0.21 in)	1.0 mm (0.04 in)		

- 2. Replace:
  - Brake pad

### Brake pad replacement steps:

- Loosen the pad pin ① and remove the caliper ②.
- Remove the cotter pin ③, pad pin ④, pad support ⑤ and brake pads ⑥.
- Connect the transparent hose ⑦ to the bleed screw ⑧ and place the suitable container under its end.
- Loosen the bleed screw and push the caliper piston in.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse the drained brake fluid.

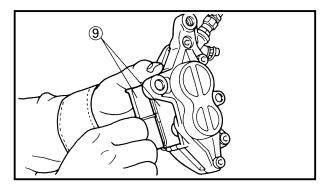
• Tighten the bleed screw.

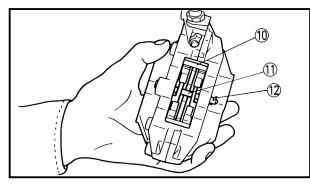
Bleed screw:

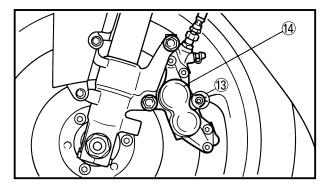
6 Nm (0.6 m•kg, 4.3 ft•lb)

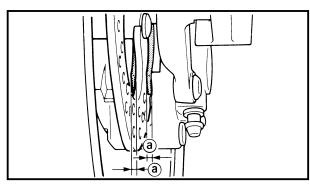
# REAR BRAKE PAD INSPECTION AND REPLACEMENT

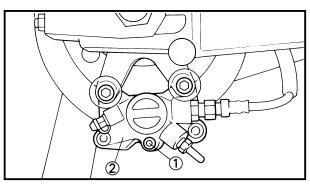












• Install the brake pads (9), pad support (10), pad pin (11) and cotter pin (12).

#### NOTE:\_

- Always use a new cotter pin.
- Temporarily tighten the pad pin at this point.
- Install the caliper (3) and tighten the pad pin (4).

#### Bolt (caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m•kg, 25 ft•lb) Pad pin: 18 Nm (1.8 m•kg, 13 ft•lb)

- 3. Inspect:
  - Brake fluid level Refer to "BRAKE FLUID LEVEL INSPEC-TION" section.
- 4. Check:
  - Brake lever operation
  - A softy or spongy feeling  $\rightarrow$  Bleed brake system.

Refer to "BRAKE SYSTEM AIR BLEED-ING" section.

#### EC366031

# REAR BRAKE PAD INSPECTION AND REPLACEMENT

1. Inspect:

Brake pad thickness ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace as a set.

Brake pad thickness (a):	
Standard <limit></limit>	
4.0 mm (0.16 in)	1.0 mm (0.04 in)

- 2. Replace:
  - Brake pad

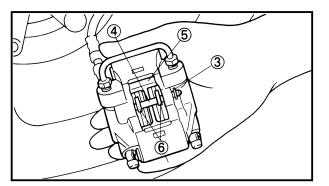
#### Brake pad replacement steps:

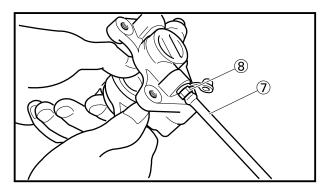
• Loosen the pad pin ① and remove the caliper ②.

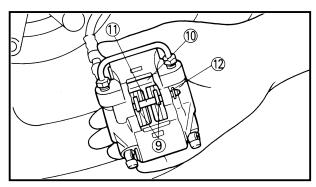
#### NOTE:\_

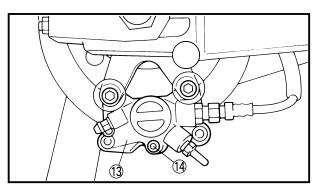
Before removing the caliper from the swingarm, loosen the pad pin.

# REAR BRAKE PAD INSPECTION AND REPLACEMENT









• Remove the cotter pin ③, pad pin ④, pad support ⑤ and brake pads ⑥.

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- Connect the transparent hose ⑦ to the bleed screw ⑧ and place the suitable container under its end.
- Loosen the bleed screw and push the caliper piston in.

#### CAUTION:

#### Do not reuse the drained brake fluid.

• Tighten the bleed screw.



#### Bleed screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m•kg, 4.3 ft•lb)

• Install the brake pads (9), pad support (10), pad pin (1) and cotter pin (12).

#### NOTE:\_

- Always use a new cotter pin.
- Temporarily tighten the pad pin at this point.
- Install the caliper (13) and tighten the pad pin (14).



#### Bolt (caliper): 23 Nm (2.3 m•kg, 17 ft•lb) Pad pin:

18 Nm (1.8 m•kg, 13 ft•lb)

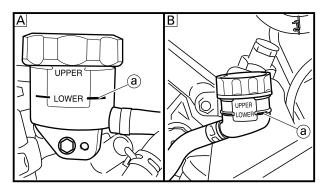
- 3. Inspect:
  - Brake fluid level Refer to "BRAKE FLUID LEVEL INSPEC-TION" section.
- 4. Check:
  - Brake pedal operation

A softy or spongy feeling  $\rightarrow$  Bleed brake system.

Refer to "BRAKE SYSTEM AIR BLEED-ING" section.

## BRAKE FLUID LEVEL INSPECTION/ SPROCKETS INSPECTION





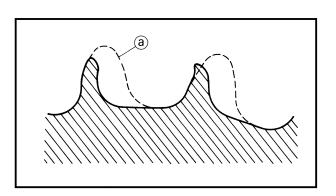
# BRAKE FLUID LEVEL INSPECTION

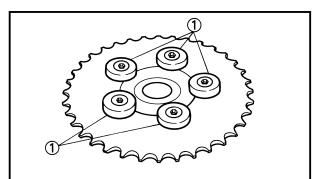
- 1. Place the master cylinder so that its top is in a horizontal position.
- 2. Inspect:
  - Brake fluid level
    - Fluid at lower level  $\rightarrow$  Fill up.
- a Lower level
- A Front
- B Rear

Recommended brake fluid: DOT #4

## 

- Use only designated quality brake fluid to avoid poor brake performance.
- Refill with same type and brand of brake fluid; mixing fluids could result in poor brake performance.
- Be sure that water or other contaminants do not enter master cylinder when refilling.
- Clean up spilled fluid immediately to avoid erosion of painted surfaces or plastic parts.





#### EC368011

#### SPROCKETS INSPECTION

Inspect:
 Sprocket teeth 

 Excessive wear → Replace.

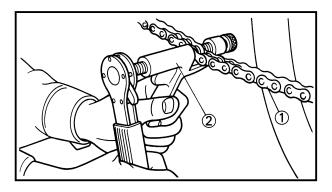
#### NOTE:\_

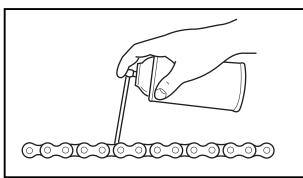
Replace the drive, driven sprockets and drive chain as a set.

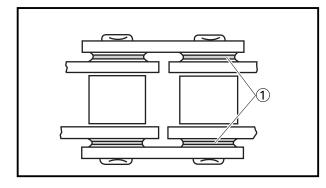
- 2. Inspect:
  - Sprocket damper ①
     Wear/Damage → Replace.

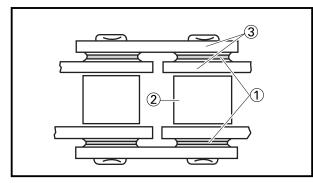
# DRIVE CHAIN INSPECTION

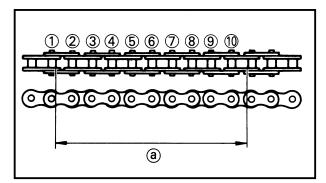












# DRIVE CHAIN INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
  - Drive chain ①

#### NOTE:\_

Remove the drive chain using a chain cutter ②.

- 2. Clean:
- Drive chain

Brush off as much dirt as possible. Then clean the chain using the chain cleaner.

#### CAUTION:

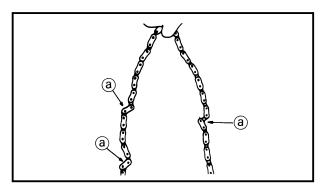
This machine has a drive chain with small rubber O-rings ① between the chain plates. Steam cleaning, high-pressure washes, certain solvent and kerosene can damage these O-rings.

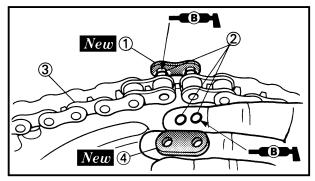
- 3. Inspect:
  - O-rings ① (drive chain)
     Damage → Replace drive chain.
  - Rollers ②
  - Side plates ③
     Damage/Wear → Replace drive chain.
- 4. Measure:
  - Drive chain length (10 links) ⓐ
     Out of specification → Replace.

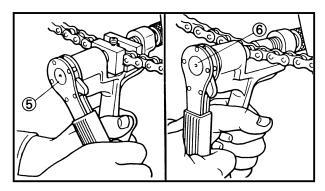
Drive chain length (10 links): Limit: 150.1 mm (5.909 in)

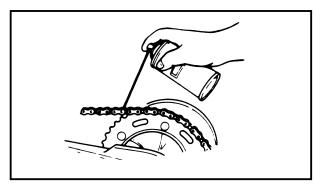
# DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT

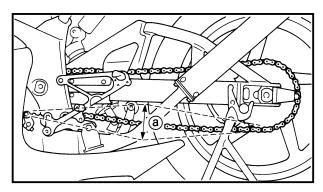












- 5. Check:
  - Drive chain stiffness ⓐ Clean and oil the chain and hold as illustrated.
    - Stiff  $\rightarrow$  Replace drive chain.
- 6. Install:
  - Chain joint ① New
  - O-ring ②
  - Drive chain  $\Im$

#### NOTE:\_

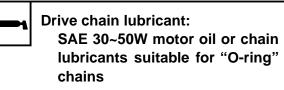
When installing the drive chain, apply the lithium soap base grease on the chain joint and O-rings.

- 7. Install:
- Link plate ④ New

#### NOTE:\_

- Press the link plate onto the chain joint using a chain rivetter (5).
- Rivet the end of the chain joint using a chain rivetter (6).
- After rivetting the chain joint, make sure its movement is smooth.
- 8. Lubricate:

#### Drive chain



# DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT

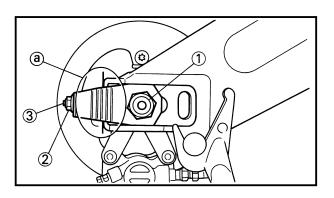
- 1. Hold the machine on upright position by placing the suitable stand.
- 2. Check:
- Drive chain slack ⓐ
   Out of specification → Adjust.

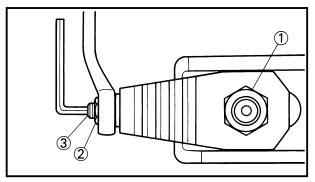




#### NOTE:\_\_

Before checking and/or adjusting, rotate the rear wheel through several revolutions and check the slack several times to find the tightest point. Check and/or adjust chain slack with rear wheel in this "tight chain" position.





- 3. Adjust:
  - Drive chain slack

#### Drive chain slack adjustment steps:

- Loosen the axle nut ① and locknuts ②.
- Adjust chain slack by turning the adjusters ③.

To tighten  $\rightarrow$  Turn adjuster ③ counterclockwise.

To loosen  $\rightarrow$  Turn adjuster (3) clockwise.

• Turn each adjuster exactly the same amount to maintain correct axle alignment. (There are marks (a) on each side of chain puller alignment.)

#### NOTE:\_

Turn the adjuster so that the chain is in line with the sprocket, as viewed from the rear.

#### CAUTION:

Too small chain slack will overload the engine and other vital parts; keep the slack within the specified limits.

• Tighten the axle nut while pushing down the drive chain.

#### Axle nut:

80 Nm (8.0 m•kg, 58 ft•lb)

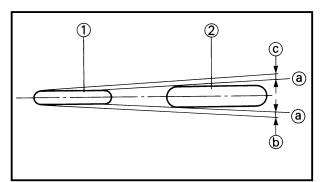
• Turn out the adjusters to the specified torque.

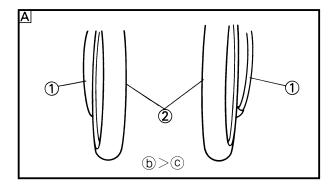
Adjuster:

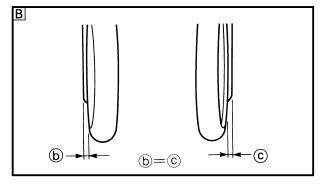
- 2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)
- Tighten the locknuts.

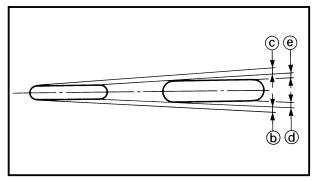
#### 

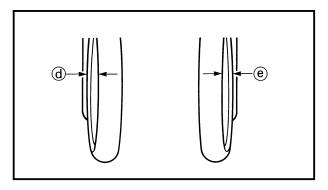
16 Nm (1.6 m•kg, 11 ft•lb)











#### EC36B000 WHEEL ALIGNMENT ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Remove:
- Lower cowl
- 2. Place the machine on a level place and hold it up on upright position.

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- 3. Sit 1~2 m (3.3~6.6 ft) behind the machine and look at both sides of the wheels below the rear wheel axle.
- 4. Turn the handlebar left and right to make the front wheel straight.

#### NOTE:\_

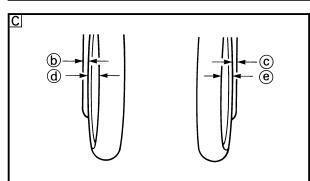
- To make the front wheel straight, provide (b) and (c) with the same distance as seen along the extension of the line (a) connecting the rear end of the front wheel (1) and the front end of the rear wheel (2).
- Figure A shows that the front wheel is turned clockwise ((b) > (c)).
- Figure **B** shows that the front wheel is straight ((b) = (c)).

- 5. Check:
- Wheel alignment

With the front wheel straight (b = c), check whether the distances d and e are equal.

If not  $\rightarrow$  Adjust.

## FRONT FORK INSPECTION/ INSP FRONT FORK TOP END ADJUSTMENT ADJ

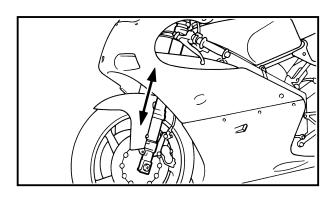


- 6. Adjust:
  - Wheel alignment

Turn the chain puller adjuster while paying attention to the drive chain slack and make adjustment while moving the rear wheel.

#### NOTE:\_

- Figure C shows that the wheel alignment has been correctly made ((b) = (c) and (d) = (e)).
- After the adjustment, record the difference in the graduation between the left and right chain pullers as it will provide convenience in your future similar adjustment.
- 7. Install:
  - Lower cowl



#### EC36C000 FRONT FORK INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
  - Front fork smooth action Operate the front brake and stroke the front fork.

Unsmooth action/oil leakage  $\rightarrow$  Repair or replace.

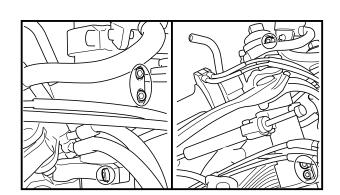
#### EC36E021

#### FRONT FORK TOP END ADJUSTMENT

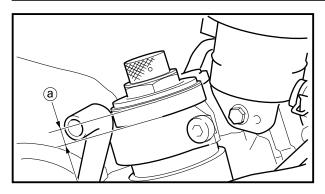
- 1. Hold the machine on upright position by placing the suitable stand.
- 2. Remove:
  - Cowling
  - Induction guide (left cylinder)
  - Front wheel
  - Front fender
- 3. Adjust:
  - Front fork top end

#### Adjustment steps:

- Loosen the pinch bolts (handlebar and steering damper stay).
- Loosen the pinch bolts (handle crown and under bracket).



# FRONT FORK TOP END ADJUSTMENT



• Adjust the front fork top end (a).

Front fork top end @:	
Standard	Extent of adjustment
13 mm (0.51 in)	Zero~13 mm
	(Zero~0.51 in)

**INSP** 

#### CAUTION:

Never attempt to install the front fork beyond the maximum or minimum setting.

#### 

Always adjust each front fork to the same setting. Uneven adjustment can cause poor handling and loss of stability.

• Tighten the pinch bolts (handle crown and under bracket).

Pinch bolt (handle crown): 20 Nm (2.0 m•kg, 14 ft•lb) Pinch bolt (under bracket): 23 Nm (2.3 m•kg, 17 ft•lb)

#### **CAUTION:**

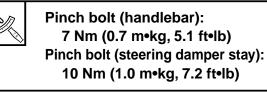
Tighten the under bracket to specified torque. If torqued too much, it may cause the front fork to malfunction.

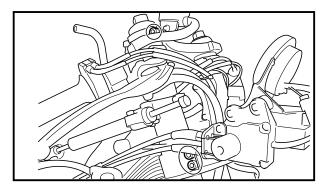
• Adjust the handlebar position (b) and steering damper stay position (c).

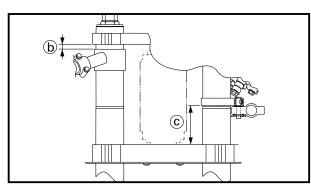


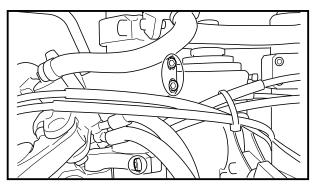
Handlebar position (b): 9 mm (0.35 in) Steering damper stay position (c): 73 mm (2.87 in)

• Tighten the pinch bolts (handlebar and steering damper stay).

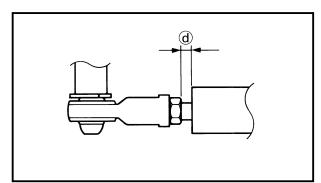










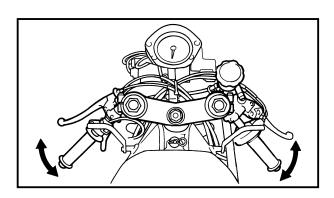


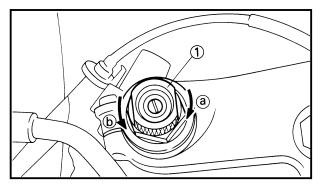
#### CAUTION:

Tighten the pinch bolts to specified torque. If torqued too much, it may cause the front fork to malfunction.

#### NOTE:\_

Adjust the installation angle of the steering damper stay so that the dimension  $\bigcirc$  is between 3 mm (0.12 in) and 5 mm (0.20 in) when the handlebar is turned fully to the right.





- 4. Check:
  - Steering smooth action Turn the handlebar to make sure no parts are being contacted with others.
     Contact → Repair.
- 5. Install:
  - Front fender
  - Front wheel
  - Induction guide (left cylinder)
  - Cowling

#### FRONT FORK SPRING PRELOAD ADJUST-MENT

- 1. Adjust:
  - Spring preload By turning the adjuster ①.

Stiffer (a) $\rightarrow$ Increase the spring preload.
(Turn the adjuster ① in.)
Softer $(b) \rightarrow$ Decrease the spring preload.
(Turn the adjuster ① out.)

Extent of adjustment:	
Maximum	Minimum
Fully turned-in position	Fully turned-out position

FRONT FORK REBOUND DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT



• STANDARD POSITION:

This is the position which is back by the specific number of clicks from the fully turned-out position.



#### NOTE:\_

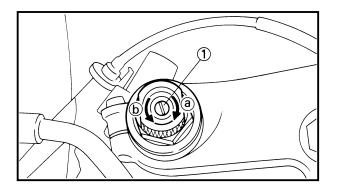
- Fully turn out the adjuster and then turn it in. Specify the position in which the first click is heard as the zero position . If a click is heard just when the adjuster is fully turned out, this position is zero.
- Preload is 0.5 mm (0.02 in) changed per click of the adjuster.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.

#### 

Always adjust each front fork to the same setting. Uneven adjustment can cause poor handling and loss of stability.



#### 

FRONT FORK REBOUND DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT

1. Adjust:

• Rebound damping force By turning the adjuster ①.

Stiffer (a) $\rightarrow$	Increase the	rebound
	damping force.	(Turn the
	adjuster 🛈 in.)	
Softer (b) $\rightarrow$	Decrease the	rebound
	damping force.	(Turn the
	adjuster ① out.)	
	<b>, , , ,</b>	

Extent of adjustment:	
Maximum	Minimum
Fully turned-in	Fully turned-out
position	position

FRONT FORK COMPRESSION DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT



#### • STANDARD POSITION:

This is the position which is back by the specific number of clicks from the fully turned-in position.



12 clicks out

#### NOTE:\_

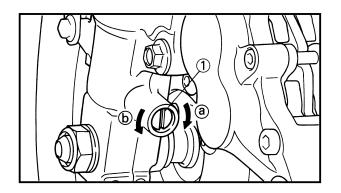
Fully turn in the adjuster and then turn it out. Specify the position in which the first click is heard as the zero position. If a click is heard just when the adjuster is fully turned in, this position is zero.

#### CAUTION:

Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.

#### 

Always adjust each front fork to the same setting. Uneven adjustment can cause poor handling and loss of stability.



#### EC36.1030

FRONT FORK COMPRESSION DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Adjust:
  - Compression damping force By turning the adjuster 1.

Stiffer (a) $\rightarrow$	Increase the compression
	damping force. (Turn the
	adjuster ① in.)
Softer (b) $\rightarrow$	Decrease the compression
	damping force. (Turn the

adjuster ① out.)

Extent of adjustment:	
Maximum	Minimum
Fully turned-in	Fully turned-out
position	position

**REAR SHOCK ABSORBER INSPECTION/** SEAT HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT



• STANDARD POSITION:

This is the position which is back by the specific number of clicks from the fully turned-in position.



12 clicks out

#### NOTE:\_

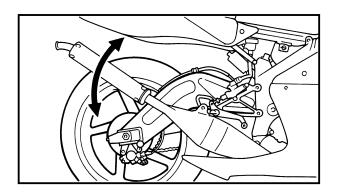
Fully turn in the adjuster and then turn it out. Specify the position in which the first click is heard as the zero position. If a click is heard just when the adjuster is fully turned in, this position is zero.

#### CAUTION:

Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.

### 

Always adjust each front fork to the same setting. Uneven adjustment can cause poor handling and loss of stability.



#### EC36K000

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER INSPECTION

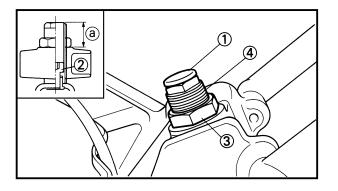
- 1. Inspect:
  - Swingarm smooth action Abnormal noise/Unsmooth action Grease the pivoting points or repair the pivoting points.

Damage/Oil leakage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

#### EC36L001 SEAT HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Remove:
  - Fuel tank
- 2. Adjust:
  - Seat height

# REAR SHOCK ABSORBER SPRING PRELOAD ADJUSTMENT ADJ



#### Seat height adjustment steps:

- Remove the cap ①.
- Loosen the lock bolt (2) and locknut (3).
- Turn the adjuster ④ in or out.

Adjuster set length @:		
Standard length		Extent of adjustment
27 mm (1.06 in)		21~33 mm
		(0.83~1.30 in)

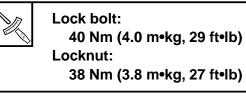
#### NOTE:\_

If the adjuster set length (a) is changed, the seat height will be increased or decreased by twice the change.

#### CAUTION:

Never attempt to turn the adjuster beyond the maximum or minimum length.

• Tighten the lock bolt and locknut.



Install the cap.

3. Install:

• Fuel tank

#### REAR SHOCK ABSORBER SPRING PRE-LOAD ADJUSTMENT

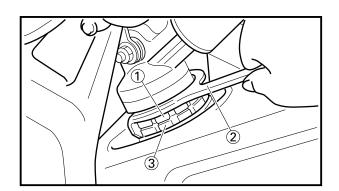
- 1. Hold the machine on upright position by placing the suitable stand.
- 2. Loosen:
- Locknut

#### NOTE:\_\_

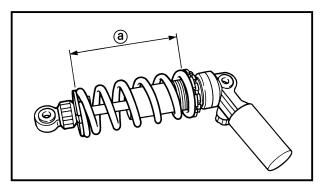
When loosening the locknut, use the special tool ② which is included in the owner's tool kit.

- 3. Adjust:
  - Spring preload By turning the adjuster ③.

Stiffer → Increas	se the spring preload.
(Turn t	he adjuster ③ in.)
Softer → Decrea	se the spring preload.
(Turn t	he adjuster ③ out.)



#### REAR SHOCK ABSORBER REBOUND DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT



Spring length (installed) (a):		
Standard length Extent of adjustm		Extent of adjustment
137 mm (5.39 in)		133~142 mm
		(5.24~5.59 in)

#### NOTE:\_\_

The length of the spring (installed) changes 1.5 mm (0.06 in) per turn of the adjuster.

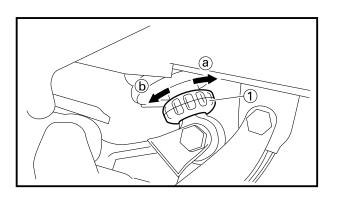
#### CAUTION:

Never attempt to turn the adjuster beyond the maximum or minimum setting.

- 4. Tighten:
  - Locknut
- 20 Nm (2.0 m•kg, 14 ft•lb)

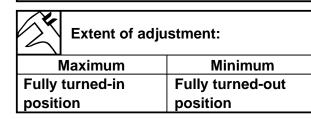
**INSP** 

ADJ



## REAR SHOCK ABSORBER REBOUND DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Adjust:
  - Rebound damping force By turning the adjuster ①.
- Stiffer ⓐ → Increase the rebound damping force. (Turn the adjuster ① in.)
- Softer (b) → Decrease the rebound damping force. (Turn the adjuster ① out.)



• STANDARD POSITION:

This is the position which is back by the specific number of clicks from the fully turned-in position.

Standard position: 20 clicks out

# REAR SHOCK ABSORBER COMPRESSION DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT



#### NOTE:\_\_

Fully turn in the adjuster and then turn it out. Specify the position in which the first click is heard as the zero position. If a click is heard just when the adjuster is fully turned in, this position is zero.

#### CAUTION:

Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.

#### EC36P040 REAR SHOCK ABSORBER COMPRESSION DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Adjust:
  - Compression damping force By turning the adjuster ①.

Stiffer (a) $\rightarrow$	Increase the compression damping force. (Turn the
	adjuster ① in.)
Softer (b) $\rightarrow$	Decrease the compression

damping force. (Turn the adjuster ① out.)

Extent of adjustment:				
Maximum Minimum				
Fully turned-in	Fully turned-out			
position	position			

• STANDARD POSITION:

This is the position which is back by the specific number of clicks from the fully turned-in position.

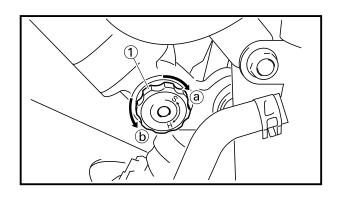
Standard position: 12 clicks out

#### NOTE:\_

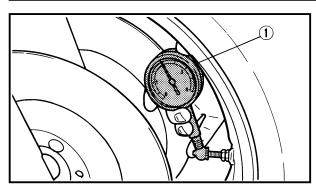
Fully turn in the adjuster and then turn it out. Specify the position in which the first click is heard as the zero position. If a click is heard just when the adjuster is fully turned in, this position is zero.

#### CAUTION:

Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.



## TIRE PRESSURE CHECK/TIRE INSPECTION/ INSP WHEEL INSPECTION ADJ



# TIRE PRESSURE CHECK

- 1. Measure:
  - Tire pressure

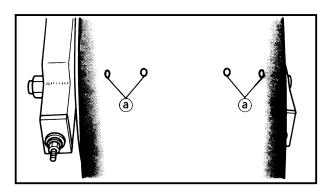
Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Adjust.

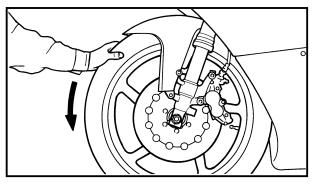
Standard tire	pressure:
Front	Rear
200 kPa	200 kPa
(2.0 kg/cm², 29 psi)	(2.0 kg/cm², 29 psi)

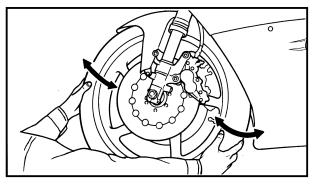
#### NOTE:\_

Check the tire while it is cold.

①Air gauge







#### EC36R000 TIRE INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
  - Tire surfaces
  - Wear/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.



Minimum tire tread depth (a): 2 mm (0.08 in)

#### 

#### WHEEL INSPECTION

- Inspect:
   Wheel runout Elevate the wheel and turn it. Abnormal runout → Replace.
- 2. Inspect:
  - Bearing free play Exist play → Replace.

STEERING HEAD INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT



STEERING HEAD INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Remove the steering damper at front fork side.
- 2. Elevate the front wheel by placing a suitable stand.
- 3. Check:
  - Steering stem
     Grasp the bottom of the forks and gently rock the fork assembly back and forth.
     Free play → Adjust steering head.
- 4. Check:

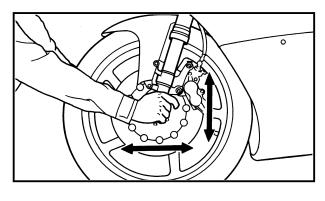
 Steering smooth action Turn the handlebar lock to lock. Unsmooth action → Adjust steering ring nut.

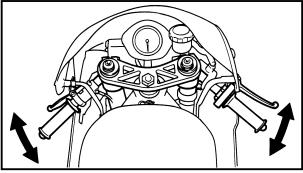
- 5. Adjust:
  - Steering ring nut

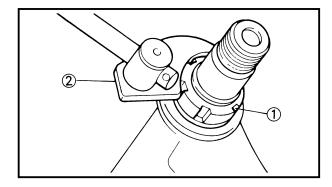
#### Steering ring nut adjustment steps:

- Remove the cowling.
- Remove the reservoir tank and handle crown.
- Loosen the ring nut ① using ring nut wrench ②.

### Ring nut wrench: YU-33975/90890-01403

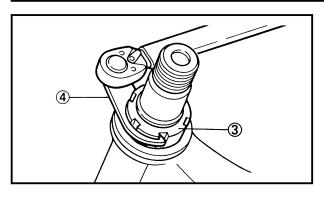


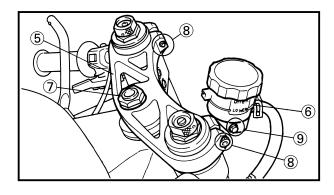


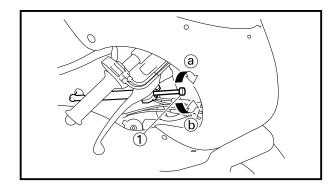


# STEERING DAMPER ADJUSTMENT









• Tighten the ring nut ③ using ring nut wrench ④.

#### NOTE:\_

Set the torque wrench to the ring nut wrench so that they form a right angle.

#### Ring nut wrench: YU-33975/90890-01403 Ring nut (initial tightening):

46 Nm (4.6 m•kg, 33 ft•lb)

- Loosen the ring nut one turn.
- Retighten the ring nut using the ring nut wrench.

#### 

Avoid over-tightening.



Ring nut (final tightening): 1 Nm (0.1 m•kg, 0.7 ft•lb)

- Check the steering shaft by turning it lock to lock. If there is any binding, remove the steering shaft assembly and inspect the steering bearings.
- Install the handle crown (5) and reservoir tank (6).
- Steering shaft nut ⑦: 80 Nm (8.0 m•kg, 58 ft•lb) Pinch bolt (front fork) ⑧: 20 Nm (2.0 m•kg, 14 ft•lb) Bolt (reservoir tank) ⑨: 5 Nm (0.5 m•kg, 3.6 ft•lb)

• Install the cowling.

- 6. Install:
- Steering damper

#### STEERING DAMPER ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Adjust:
  - Damping force By turning the adjuster ①.

Stiffer ⓐ →	Increase the compression damping force. (Turn the adjuster ① in.)
Softer ⓑ →	Decrease the compression damping force. (Turn the adjuster ① out.)

WIRES, CABLES/ COWLING INSTALLATION INSPECTION



Extent of adjustment:				
Maximum	Minimum			
Fully turned-in position	Fully turned-out position			

#### • STANDARD POSITION:

This is the position which is back by the specific number of clicks from the fully turned-out position.

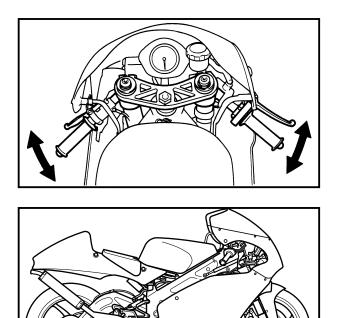
Standard position: 0 click in

#### NOTE:\_

Fully turn out the adjuster and then turn it in. Specify the position in which the first click is heard as the zero position. If a click is heard just when the adjuster is fully turned out, this position is zero.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.



#### EC36X001 WIRES, CABLES

- 1. Inspect:
  - Smooth movement for steering handle By turning the handlebar lock to lock.
     If any caught/rubbed → Repair/Replace.

# COWLING INSTALLATION INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
  - Cowling

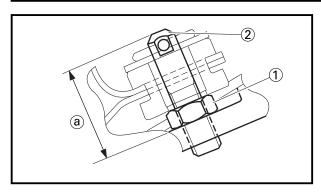
Loose  $\rightarrow$  Tighten.

Stroke the front fork to make sure no parts are being contacted with others. Contact  $\rightarrow$  Repair or replace.

• Screen Scratches/fogging → Clean or replace.

# FUEL TANK INSTALLATION INSPECTION





# FUEL TANK INSTALLATION INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
  - Looseness in the installed fuel tank Loose → Adjust.
- Loose the nut ① and screw in the bolt ② a half turn. Then fasten the bolt with the nut. Repeat this until tight.

#### CAUTION:

Take care so that the bolt protruding length ⓐ is not 29 mm (1.14 in) or over.

LUBRICATION



# EC36a023

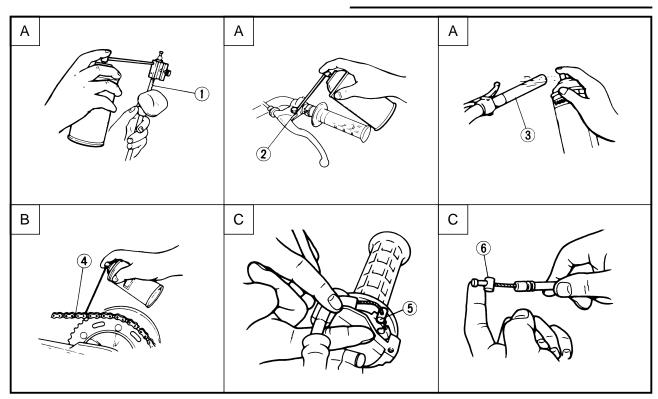
To ensure smooth operation of all components lubricate your machine during setup, after break-in, and after every race.

- 1 All control cable
- ② Brake and clutch lever pivots
- ③ Throttle-to-handlebar contact
- ④ Drive chain
- (5) Throttle cable end
- 6 Clutch cable end

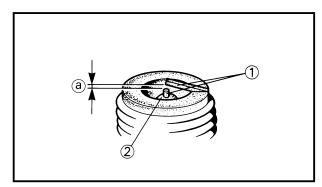
- A Use Yamaha cable lube or equivalent on these areas.
- B Use SAE 10W30 motor oil or suitable chain lubricants.
- C Lubricate the following areas with high quality, lightweight lithium-soap base grease.

#### **CAUTION:**

Wipe off any excess grease, and avoid getting grease on the brake discs.







# ELECTRICAL

EC371001

- SPARK PLUG INSPECTION
- 1. Remove:
- Spark plug
- 2. Inspect:
  - Electrode ①
     Wear/Damage → Replace.
  - Insulator color ②
  - Normal condition is a medium to light tan color.

Distinctly different color  $\rightarrow$  Check the engine condition.

#### NOTE:\_

When the engine runs for many hours at low speeds, the spark plug insulator will become sooty, even if the engine and carburetor are in good operating condition.

- 3. Measure:
  - Plug gap ⓐ
     Use a wire gauge or thickness gauge.
     Out of specification → Regap.

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Spark plug gap: 0.5~0.6 mm (0.020~0.024 in)

Standard spark plug: R6179A-105P

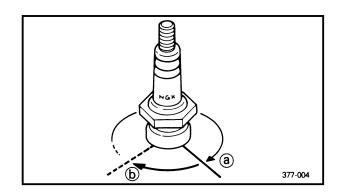
4. Clean the plug with a spark plug cleaner if necessary.

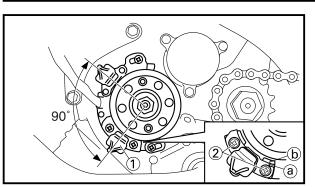
🔀 19 Nm (1.9 m•kg, 13 ft•lb)

- 5. Tighten:
- Spark plug

#### NOTE:\_

- Before installing a spark plug, clean the gasket surface and plug surface.
- Finger-tighten ⓐ the spark plug before torquing to specification ⓑ.





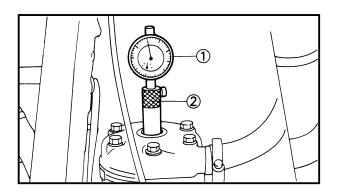
# IGNITION TIMING CHECK

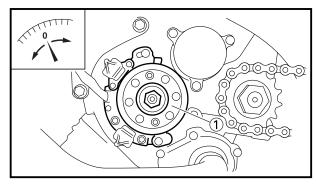
#### NOTE:\_

• The right pick-up coil ① is provided so that ignition timing can be set for both cylinders by adjusting for the left cylinder only. Therefore, do not loosen the screws (right pick-up coil) ②.

**INSP** 

- When the portion (a) of the right pick-up coil aligns with the punch mark (b) on the stator, the right pick-up coil forms an angle of 90° with the left pick-up coil, indicating that the ignition timing is the same for both cylinders.
- 1. Remove:
  - Cowling
  - Fuel tank
  - Spark plugs (left and right cylinder)





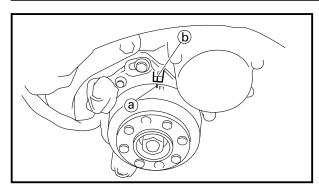
- 2. Attach:
  - Dial gauge ①

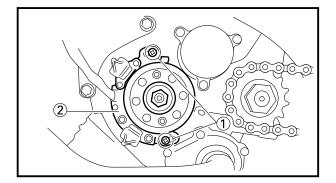
• Dial gauge stand ② To left cylinder head.



- 3. Rotate the magneto rotor ① until the piston reaches top dead center (TDC). When this happens, the needle on the dial gauge will stop and reverse directions even though the rotor is being turned in the same direction.
- 4. Set the dial gauge to zero at TDC.
- 5. From TDC, rotate the rotor clockwise until the dial gauge indicates that the piston is at a specified distance from TDC.

Ignition timing: 2.4 mm (0.094 in) BATTERY INSPECTION





- 6. Check:
  - Ignition timing
     Punch mark (a) on rotor should be aligned with punch mark (b) on stator.
     Not aligned → Adjust.

INSP

ADJ

#### NOTE:\_

Be sure to use the punch mark "F1".

- 7. Adjust:
  - Ignition timing

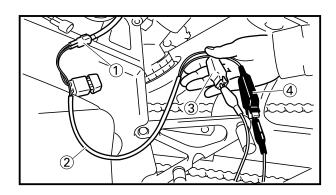
#### Adjustment steps:

- Loosen the screws (stator) ①.
- Align the punch marks by turning the stator (2).
- Tighten the screws (stator).



Screw (stator):

7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.8 ft•lb)



# BATTERY INSPECTION

To prevent danger, read the battery label carefully before handling the battery.

- 1. Connect the checking lead (supplying parts) ② to the power supply coupler ①.
- 2. Check:
  Battery voltage Out of specification → Replace.

Tester (+) lead → Red lead ③ Tester (-) lead → Black lead ④

Battery voltage	Tester selector position
12.5V or more	DCV-20



#### EC376000 **RECHARGING BATTERY**

- Keep the battery away from fire.
- •When charging the battery, be sure to remove it from the chassis and use the checking lead (supplying parts).
- Be sure to use the specific charging current and voltage when charging the battery.
- Do not quick charge the battery.
- For battery replacement, be sure to use a sealed type specified for the TZ250.

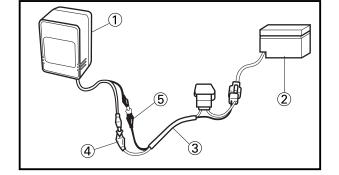
#### NOTE:\_

Battery can be recharged using either an MF battery devoted charger or automobile battery.

[Using the MF battery devoted charger]

- 1. Remove:
- Seat
- Battery
- 2. Connect the battery charger 1 for MF batteries to the battery 2 using the checking lead (supplying parts) ③, and recharge the battery.

Battery charger (+) lead  $\rightarrow$  Red lead (4) Battery charger (-) lead  $\rightarrow$  Black lead (5)



Battery charger for MF batteries: GS TYPE BC-601-12V

Charging time: 5 hours

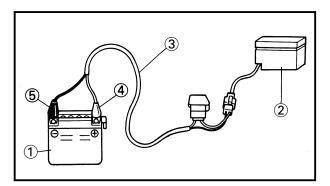
Voltage when charged: 12.8V or more

#### CAUTION:

Make sure that the red and black leads do not contact each other during recharge.







[Using the automobile battery]

- 1. Remove:
- Seat
- Battery
- Connect an automobile battery ① to the battery ② using the checking lead (supplying parts) ③, and recharge the battery.

Automobile battery (+) lead  $\rightarrow$ Red lead (4) Automobile battery (-) lead  $\rightarrow$ Black lead (5)

#### Charge time:

3 hours

Voltage when charged: 12.8V or more (or 12.5V or more) Voltage of the automobile battery for power supply: 12.8~13.8V (maximum 14.9V)

#### NOTE:\_

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If the battery is recharging using an automobile battery, the charge may not exceed 12.8V. Then, 12.5V or more will be OK.

#### CAUTION:

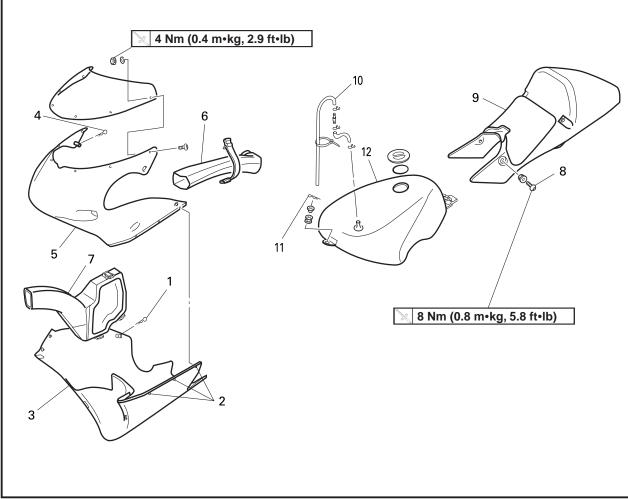
- For an automobile battery for supply, use a battery with a capacity of 12V20Ah or more with a voltage 12.8 to 13.2.
- During the battery recharge, do not recharge the power supply battery by starting or running the engine.
- Connect only one battery for recharge.



020

# ENGINE

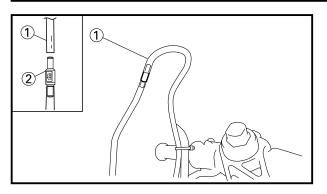




Extend of removal: ① Cowling removal ③ Seat removal		<ul><li>② Induction guide removal</li><li>④ Fuel tank removal</li></ul>		
Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		COWLING, INDUCTION GUIDE, SEAT AND FUEL TANK REMOVAL Turn the fuel cock to "OFF". Disconnect the fuel hose.		
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Clip (lower cowl) Quick fastener Lower cowl Clip (upper cowl) Upper cowl Induction guide (left cylinder) Induction guide (right cylinder) Screw (seat) Seat Fuel tank breather hose Clip (fuel tank) Fuel tank	1 5 1 3 1 1 4 1 1 1 1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".

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#### EC4V3000 REMOVAL POINTS EC4U3100

Fuel tank breather hose

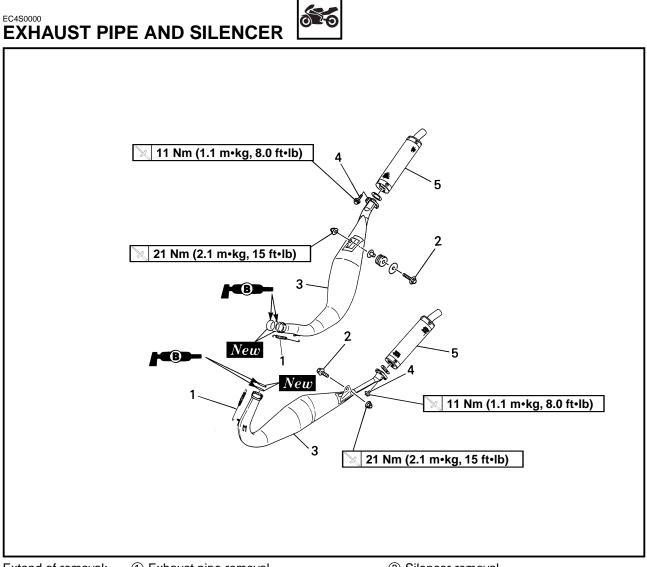
- 1. Disconnect:
  - $\bullet$  Fuel tank breather hose (1)

#### NOTE:\_

Disconnect the fuel tank breather hose with the valve joint ② remaining on the fuel tank side so as to prevent fuel from spurting out by the tank inner pressure.

# EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER





Extend of removal:   ① Exhaust pipe removal   ② Silencer removal				
Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER REMOVAL Lower cowl		Refer to "COWLING, INDUCTION GUIDE, SEAT AND FUEL TANK" section.
	1 2 3 4 5	Tension spring Bolt (exhaust pipe) Exhaust pipe Bolt (silencer) Silencer	2ea. 1ea. 1ea. 2ea. 1ea.	

RADIATOR



000 RADIATOR 2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb) Øø 11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb) 6 5 Ø 2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb) Co Co Ø 2 1 D CO CO New 7 7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb) S < 7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb) 2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)

Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		<b>RADIATOR REMOVAL</b> Cowling, induction guide and fuel tank Drain the cooling water.		Refer to "COWLING, INDUCTION GUIDE, SEAT AND FUEL TANK" section. Refer to "COOLANT REPLACEMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Water temperature gauge lead Thermo unit Radiator hose 2 Radiator hose 4 Radiator hose 3 Radiator breather hose Radiator	1 1 1 1 1 1	

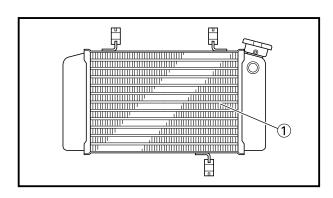


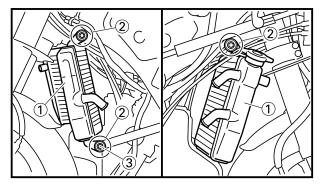
# HANDLING NOTE

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine and radiator are hot. Scalding hot fluid and steam may be blown out under pressure, which could cause serious injury.

When the engine has cooled, open the radiator cap by the following procedure:

Place a thick rag, like a towel, over the radiator cap, slowly rotate the cap counterclockwise to the detent. This procedure allows any residual pressure to escape. When the hissing sound has stopped, press down on the cap while turning counterclockwise and remove it.





#### EC454000 INSPECTION EC444100 Radiator

1. Inspect:

Radiator core ①

Obstruction  $\rightarrow$  Blow out with compressed air through rear of the radiator. Bent fin  $\rightarrow$  Repair/replace.

#### EC455000 ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION EC455141 Radiator

- 1. Install:
  - Radiator ①
  - Bolt (radiator) ②
    - 📉 7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)
  - Nut (radiator) 3

∑ 7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)



RADIATOR

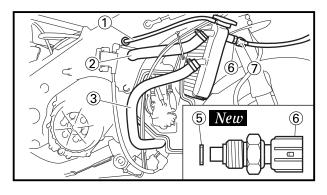
- 2. Install:
  - $\bullet$  Radiator breather hose (1)
  - Radiator hose 3 ②
    - 2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)
  - Radiator hose 4 ③

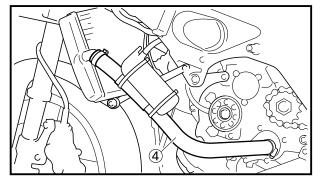
2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)

- Radiator hose 2 ④
- Gasket (5) New
- Thermo unit 6 11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb)
- Water temperature gauge lead ⑦

#### NOTE:\_

Insert the end of the radiator breather hose into the frame. Refer to "CONTROL FUNC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 1.









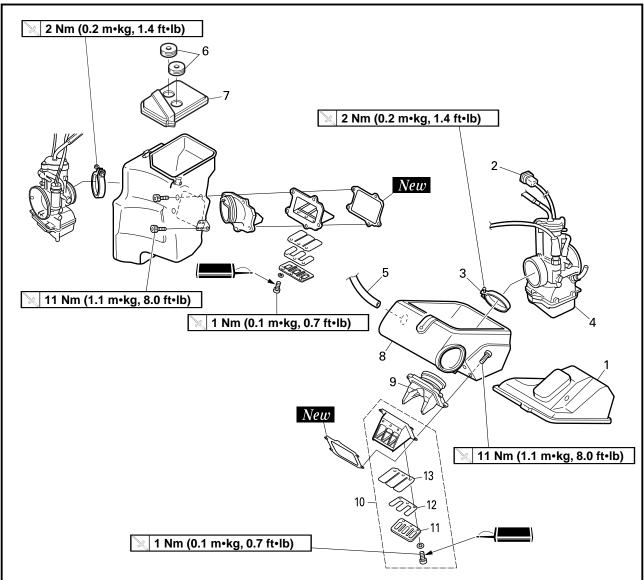


2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)
2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)
New New
11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb)
1 Nm (0.1 m•kg, 0.7 ft•lb)
9
New New
11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb)
10 - 12
1 Nm (0.1 m•kg, 0.7 ft•lb)

Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks	
Preparation for removal		CARBURETOR AND REED VALVE REMOVAL Cowling, induction guide and fuel tank		Refer to "COWLING, IN GUIDE, SEAT AND FU section.	
		Spark plug cap (left cylinder)			
		Radiator hose 3		Refer to "RADIATOR" section.	
		Bolt (radiator stay)		Shift the radiator forward.	Servicing the right cylinder
		Tension spring [exhaust pipe (left cylinder)]			





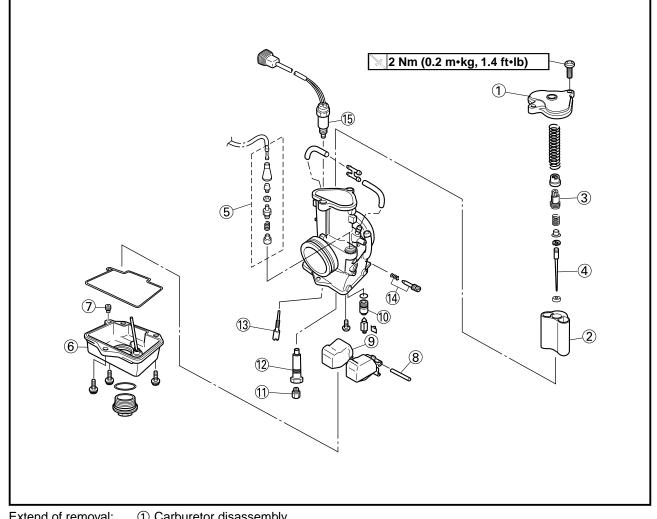


xtend of removal: ① Carburetor removal		② Reed valve removal			
Extend of removal	Order	Part name Q'ty		Remarks	
<b>↑ ↑</b>	1	Induction cap (left cylinder)	1	Servicing the left cyli	nder
	2	Solenoid valve lead	1ea.	Disconnect the soler	noid valve lead.
1	3	Clamp (carburetor joint)	1ea.	Loosen the screw (ca	arburetor joint).
↓ ↓	4	Carburetor	1ea.		
¥	5	Fuel hose	1ea.		
1	6	Grommet	2	Pull up by slit end.	Servicing th
	7	Induction cap (right cylinder)	1		fright cylinde
	8	Induction box	1ea.		
	9	Carburetor joint	1ea.		
2	10	Reed valve assembly	1ea.		
	11	Stopper (reed valve)	2ea.		
	12	Reed valve 2	2ea.		
↓	13	Reed valve 1	2ea.		

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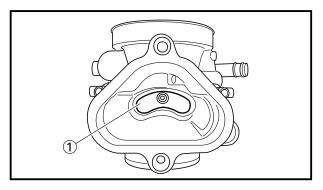


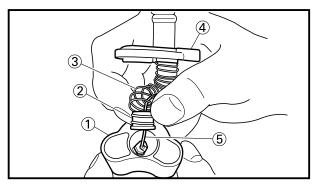
# CARBURETOR DISASSEMBLY



Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		CARBURETOR DISASSEMBLY		
<b></b>	1	Mixing chamber top	1	
	2	Throttle valve	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	3	Needle holder	1	
	(4)	Jet needle	1	
	(5)	Starter plunger	1	
	6	Float chamber	1	
	$\bigcirc$	Power jet	1	
1	8	Float pin	1	
	9	Float	1	
	10	Valve seat	1	
	1	Main jet	1	
	12	Main nozzle	1	
	13	Pilot jet	1	
	14	Pilot air screw	1	
	15	Solenoid valve	1	







# HANDLING NOTE

Do not disassemble the venturi block 1 because it will cause a drop in carburetor performance.

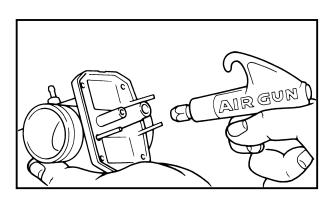
#### EC463000 REMOVAL POINTS EC463110 Throttle valve

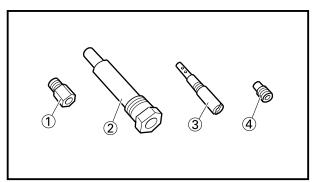
1. Remove:

- Throttle valve ①
- Ring ②
- Spring (throttle valve) ③
- Mixing chamber top ④
- Throttle cable (5)

# NOTE:\_

While compressing the spring (throttle valve), disconnect the throttle cable.





# EC464000

#### EC464120 Carburetor

- 1. Inspect:
  - Carburetor body Contamination → Clean.

# NOTE:\_

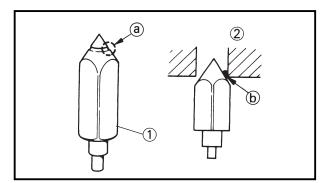
- Use a petroleum based solvent for cleaning. Blow out all passages and jets with compressed air.
- Never use a wire.
- 2. Inspect:
  - Main jet 1
  - Main nozzle 2
  - Pilot jet ③
  - Power jet ④

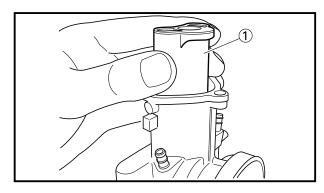
Contamination  $\rightarrow$  Clean.

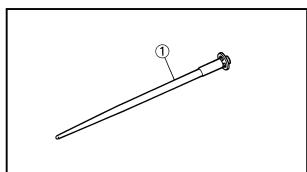
# NOTE:\_

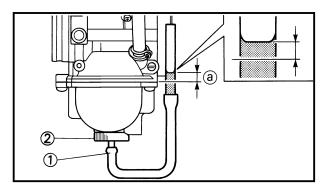
- Use a petroleum based solvent for cleaning. Blow out all passages and jets with compressed air.
- Never use a wire.











### EC464200 Needle valve

- 1. Inspect:
  - Needle valve ①
  - Valve seat ②
     Grooved wear ③ → Replace.
     Dust ⓑ → Clean.

# NOTE:\_\_

Always replace the needle valve and valve seat as a set.

#### EC464301 Throttle valve

- 1. Check:
  - Free movement
     Stick → Repair or replace.

## NOTE:\_\_

Insert the throttle value 1 into the carburetor body, and check for free movement.

# EC464420

- Jet needle
- Inspect:
   Jet needle ①
  - Bends/Wear  $\rightarrow$  Replace.
  - Clip groove
     Free play exists/Wear → Replace.

#### EC464802 FUEL LEVEL

- 1. Measure:
  - Fuel level (a)

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Adjust.

# Fuel level:

6.0~7.0 mm (0.24~0.28 in) Above the float chamber mating surface

## Measurement and adjustment steps:

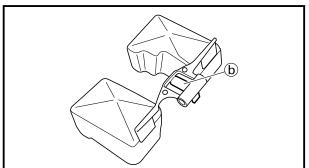
- Remove the drain plug.
- Connect the fuel level gauge adapter ② and fuel level gauge ① to the float chamber.

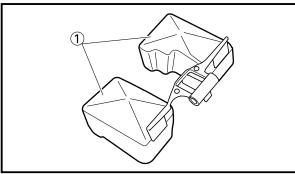


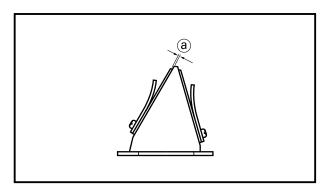
Fuel level gauge adapter: YM-1470/90890-01470 Fuel level gauge:

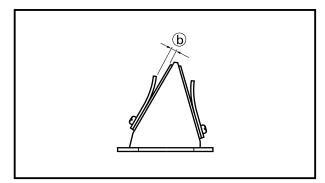
YM-1312-A/90890-01312











- Hold the fuel level gauge vertically next to the float chamber mating surface.
- Measure the fuel level with the fuel level gauge.

# NOTE:

Keep the carburetor and fuel level gauge vertically when measuring the fuel level.

- If the fuel level is not within specification, inspect the valve seat and needle valve.
- If either is worn, replace them both.
- If both are fine, adjust the fuel level by bending the float tab (b) on the float.
- Recheck the fuel level.

#### EC464600 Float

- 1. Inspect:
- Float ①
- Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

#### EC464701 Reed valve

- 1. Measure:
  - Reed valve bending (a) Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

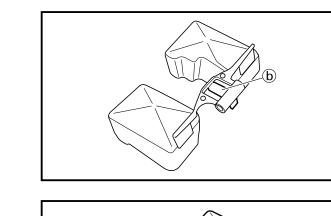


Reed valve bending limit: 0.2 mm (0.008 in)

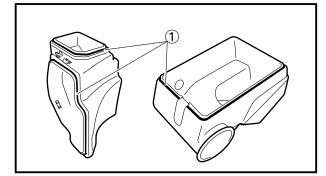
• Valve stopper height (b) Out of specification → Adjust stopper/Replace valve stopper.

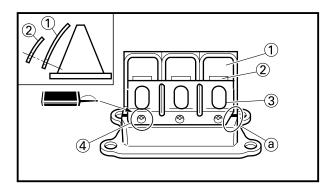


Valve stopper height: 6.5~6.9 mm (0.256~0.272 in)









### EC464900 Induction box

- 1. Inspect:
- Seal ①
   Peeled → Stick using the instantaneous adhesive

Crack/Wear/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

### ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION EC465180 Reed valve

1. Install:

- Reed valve 1 ①
- Reed valve 2 2
- Stopper (reed valve) ③
- Screw (reed valve) ④

💻 🛋 🕅 1 Nm (0.1 m•kg, 0.7 ft•lb)

# NOTE:\_

- Install the reed valve with the reed valve bending as shown.
- Note the cut (a) in the lower corner of the reed and stopper plate.

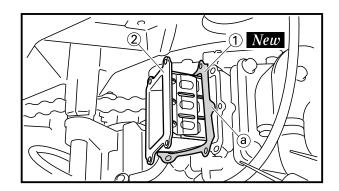
# CAUTION:

Tighten each screw gradually to avoid warping.

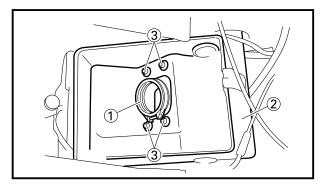
- 2. Install:
  - Gasket (reed valve assembly) ① New
  - $\bullet \operatorname{Reed}$  valve assembly (2)

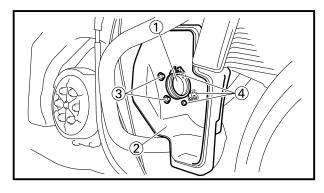
# NOTE:\_

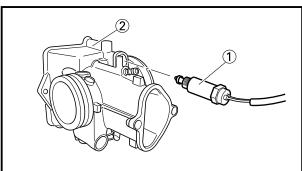
Install the gasket (left cylinder) with its projection (a) facing upward and the seal print side toward the crankcase.

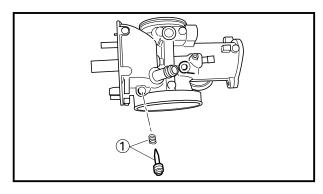


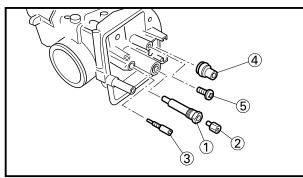












- 3. Install:
- Carburetor joint
- Induction box ②
- Bolt {carburetor joint [ $\ell$ =25 mm (0.98 in)]} (3)

📉 11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb)

• Bolt {carburetor joint [*l*=20 mm (0.79 in)]} ④

#### EC4652E0 Carburetor

- 1. Install:
  - Solenoid valve ① To carburetor ②.

- 2. Install:
  - Pilot air screw ①

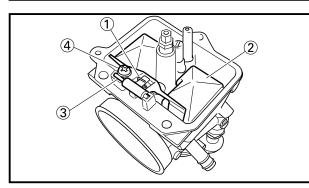
### Note the following installation points:

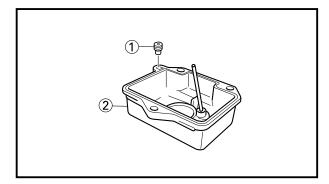
- Screw in the pilot air screw until it is lightly seated.
- Back out it by the specified number of turns.

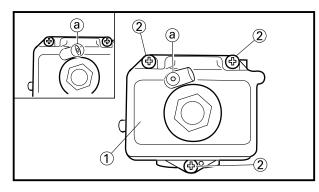
# Pilot air screw: 1-1/2 of turns out

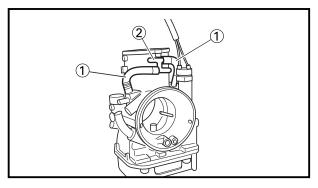
- 3. Install:
  - Main nozzle ①
  - Main jet 2
  - Pilot jet ③
  - Valve seat ④
  - Screw (valve seat) (5)

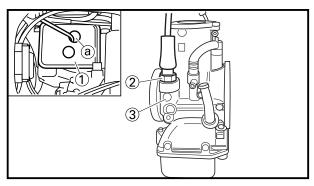












- 4. Install:
  - Needle valve ①
  - Float (2)
  - Float pin ③
  - Screw (float pin) ④

# NOTE:\_

- After installing the needle valve to the float, install them to the carburetor.
- Check the float for smooth movement.
- 5. Install:
  - Power jet ① To float chamber ②.

# CAUTION:

Do not tighten the power jet too hard, or you may not remove it when checking and replacing it.

- 6. Install:
  - Float chamber ①
  - Screw (float chamber) ②

# **CAUTION:**

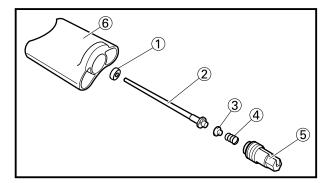
Do not confuse the left and right float chambers in installation because they are different from each other. The overflow hole (a) is in the bottom of the float chamber for the left cylinder and for the right one in the side.

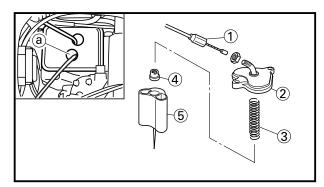
- 7. Install:
  - $\bullet \operatorname{Air}$  vent hose (1)
  - Joint (2)
- 8. Install:
  - Induction cap ① (right cylinder only)
  - Starter plunger ② To carburetor ③.

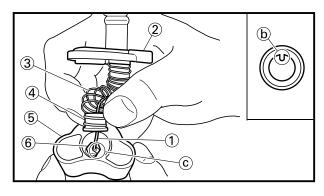
# NOTE:\_

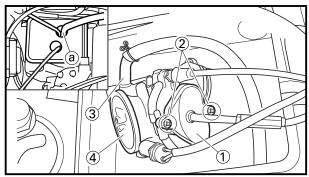
Install the stater plunger (right cylinder) after passing it through the hole (a) of the induction cap. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM" section in the CHAPTER 2.











- 9. Install:
  - Collar ①
  - Jet needle ②
  - Spring guide ③
  - Spring ④
  - Needle holder (5) To throttle valve (6).

10.Install:

- $\bullet$  Throttle cable (1)
- $\bullet$  Mixing chamber top 2
- Spring (throttle valve) ③
- $\bullet \operatorname{Ring} 4$
- Throttle valve (5)

# NOTE:\_

- Install the throttle cable (right cylinder) after passing it through the hole (a) of the induction cap. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM" section in the CHAPTER 2.
- While compressing the spring, connect the throttle cable.
- Align the projection (b) on the ring with the groove (c) in the needle holder (6).
- 11.Install:
  - $\bullet$  Mixing chamber top 1
  - Screw (mixing chamber top) ②

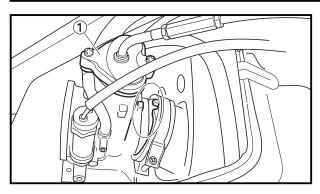
2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)

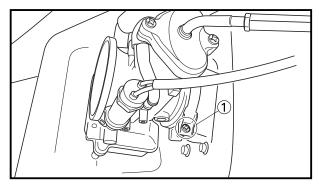
• Fuel hose ③ To carburetor ④.

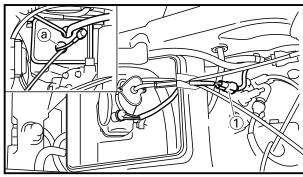
# NOTE:\_

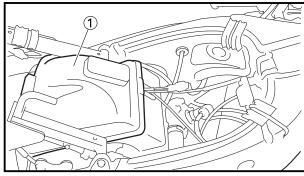
- Install the fuel hose (right cylinder) after passing it through the hole (a) of the induction cap. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM" section in the CHAPTER 2.
- After installing, check the throttle grip for smooth movement.

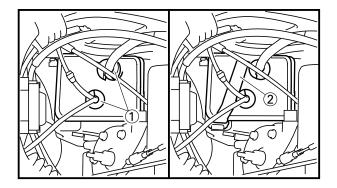












### EC465370 **Carburetor installation**

- 1. Install:
- Carburetor ①

### NOTE:\_

Install the projection between the carburetor joint slots.

- 2. Tighten:
  - Clamp (carburetor joint) ①

2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)

- 3. Connect:
  - Solenoid valve lead ①

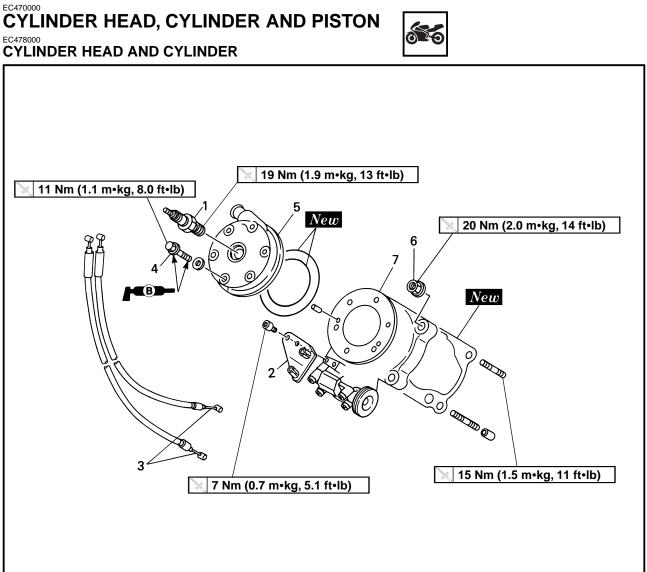
### NOTE:\_

Install the solenoid valve lead (right cylinder) after passing it through the hole (a) of the induction cap. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM" section in the CHAPTER 2.

- 4. Install:
  - Induction cap ① (left cylinder only)

- 5. Install:
  - Grommet ① (right cylinder only)
  - Band ② (right cylinder only)

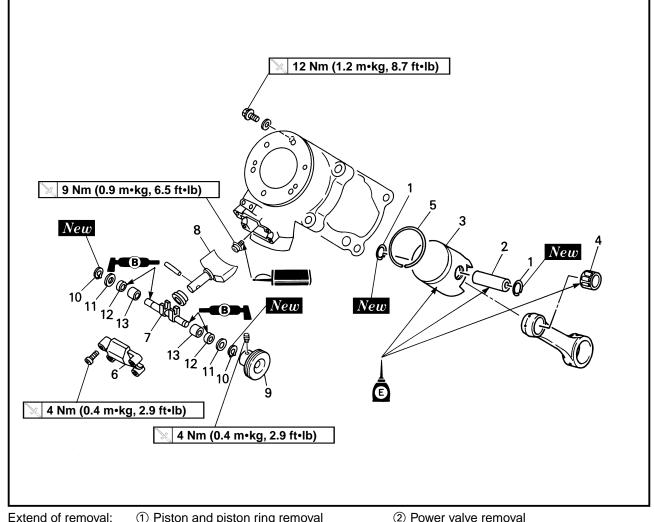




Extend of removal: ① Cylinder head rem		er nead removal	moval ② Cylinder removal	
Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		CYLINDER HEAD AND CYLINDER REMOVAL Cowling and fuel tank Exhaust pipe Radiator hose 3, 4 Carburetor (left cylinder) Induction guide (left cylinder)		Refer to "COWLING, INDUCTION GUIDE, SEAT AND FUEL TANK" section. Refer to "EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER" section. Disconnect at cylinder head side.
	1 2 3 4 5 6	Spark plug Cable stay YPVS cable Bolt (cylinder head) Cylinder head Nut (cylinder) Cylinder	1ea. 1ea. 2ea. 6ea. 1ea. 4ea. 1ea.	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS". Loosen each bolt 1/4 turn, and remove them after all bolts are loosened.

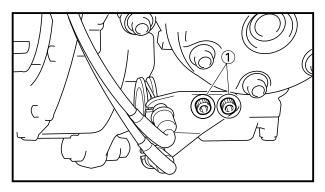


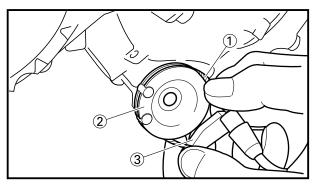
### EC478100 PISTON AND POWER VALVE

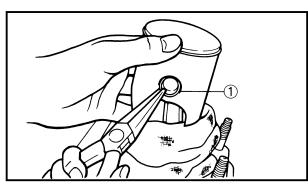


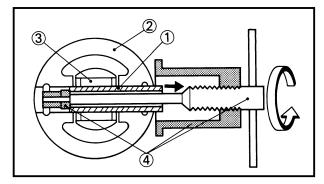
			<u>E</u> 10	
Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		PISTON REMOVAL		
♠	1	Piston pin clip	2ea.	)
	2	Piston pin	1ea.	
(1)	3	Piston	1ea.	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
Ĭ	4	Small end bearing	1ea.	
↓ I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	5	Piston ring	1ea.	
·	6	Valve cover	1ea.	
	7	Valve shaft	1ea.	
	8	Power valve	1ea.	
	9	Valve pulley	1ea.	
2	10	Circlip	2ea.	
	11	Plain washer	2ea.	
	12	Oil seal	2ea.	
Ļ	13	Solid bush	2ea.	











### EC473000 REMOVAL POINTS EC473310

# YPVS cable

- 1. Remove:
- Bolt (cable stay) ①
- 2. Remove:
  - YPVS cable ① From the valve pulley ②.

### NOTE:\_

Remove the YPVS cable together with the cable stay ③.

### EC473402

### Piston and piston ring

- 1. Remove:
  - Piston pin clip ①

# NOTE:\_

Before removing the piston pin clip, cover the crankcase with a clean rag to prevent the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase cavity.

- 2. Remove:
  - Piston pin ①
  - Piston ②
  - Small end bearing ③

## NOTE:\_

Before removing the piston pin, deburr the clip groove and pin hole area. If the piston pin groove is deburred and piston pin is still difficult to remove, use the piston pin puller ④.

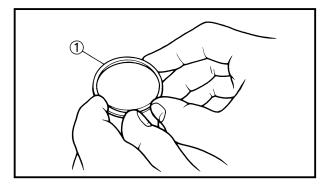


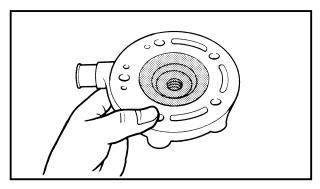
Piston pin puller: YU-1304/90890-01304

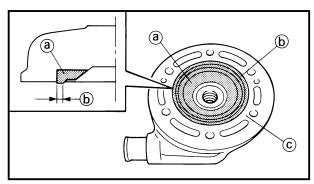
## CAUTION:

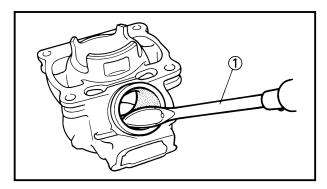
Do not use a hammer to drive the piston pin out.

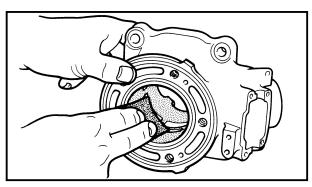












3. Remove:

Piston ring ①

# NOTE:\_

Take care not to scratch the piston or damage the piston ring by expanding it more than necessary.

#### EC474000 INSPECTION EC474110 Cylinder head

- 1. Remove:
  - Carbon deposits Use #400~600 grit wet sandpaper.
- 2. Inspect:
  - Cylinder head water jacket Crust of minerals/Rust → Remove.
  - Cylinder head contact surface Wear/Damage → Replace.
  - Recess of insert portion ⓐ
     The contact surface ⓑ of the insert portion is recessed below the aluminum portion ⓒ
     → Replace.
  - $\rightarrow$  Replace

# EC474211

- Cylinder 1. Remove:
  - Carbon deposits
     Use a rounded scraper ①.

# NOTE:\_

Do not use a sharp instrument. Avoid scratching the aluminum.

- 2. Inspect:
  - Cylinder inner surface

Score marks  $\rightarrow$  Repair or replace.

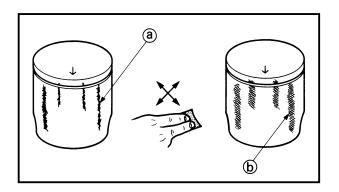
Using wet sandpaper (#240), repair in the same crisscross patterns as the honed ones.

# CAUTION:

- Do not rebore the cylinder.
- Minimize modification by wet sandpaper. Do not rub too much.

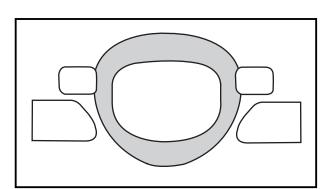


- 3. Inspect:
  - Travel distance for cylinder
  - 3,000 km (1,800 miles) or more  $\rightarrow$  Replace.



#### EC474B00 Piston

- 1. Inspect:
  - Piston crown
     Damage and crack due to detonation → Replace.
  - Piston pin hole Crack→ Replace.
  - Contact with cylinder
     Excessive scuffing, score a) → Use
     #240~320 grit wet sandpaper in a crisscross manner (b).
  - Heat discoloration  $\rightarrow$  Replace.
- 2. Inspect:
  - Travel distance for piston
     500 km (300 miles) or more → Replace.



## EC474A00

# Contact surface roughening for piston replacement

# NOTE:

- Roughening the cylinder wall for a replaced piston helps toward smoother contact surfaces and prevents trouble that would otherwise occur.
- If a new piston is installed to a cylinder without honed patterns, the contact surfaces will not fit properly because of eccentric wear caused by sliding motion.

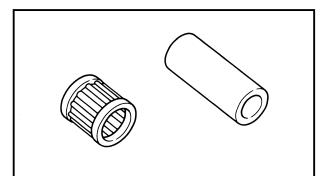
## 1. Inspect:

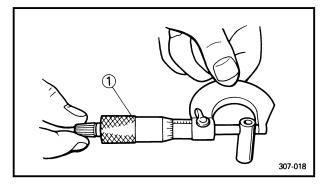
• Honed patterns on the cylinder wall Using wet sandpaper (#240), rub the area without honed patterns in the same crisscross patterns as the honed ones (especially, along the periphery of the exhaust port).

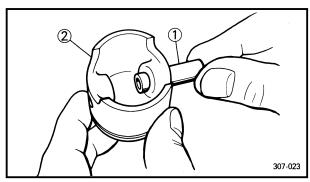
# CAUTION:

Minimize modification by wet sandpaper. Do not rub too much.









### EC474402 Piston pin and small end bearing

- 1. Inspect:
- Piston pin
- Small end bearing Signs of heat discoloration → Replace.
- 2. Measure:
  - Piston pin outside diameter Use micrometer ①.
     Out of limit → Replace.

Piston pin outside diameter:						
Standard	<limit></limit>					
14.995~15.000 mm	14.975 mm					
(0.5904~0.5906 in)	(0.5896 in)					

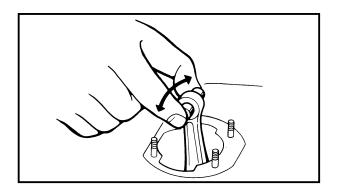
3. Check:

• Free play (when the piston pin ① is in place in the piston ②)

There should be no noticeable for the play. Free play exists  $\rightarrow$  Replace piston pin and/or piston.

- 4. Install:
  - Small end bearing
  - Piston pin

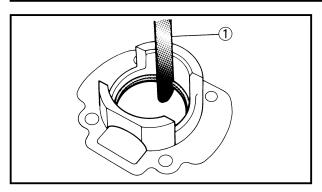
Into the small end of connecting rod.



- 5. Check:
  - Free play

There should be no noticeable free play. Free play exists  $\rightarrow$  Inspect the connecting rod for wear/Replace the pin and/or connecting rod as required.

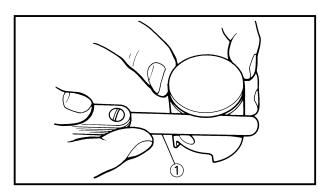


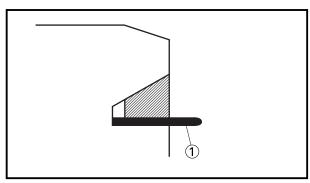


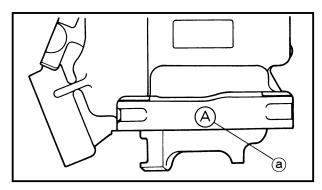
### EC474530 Piston ring

- 1. Install:
  - Piston ring
     Into the cylinder.
     Push the ring with the piston crown.
- Measure:
   End gap
  - Use a thickness gauge (1). Out of limit  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

Ring end gap (installed):						
Standard	<limit></limit>					
0.22~0.37 mm	0.59 mm					
(0.009~0.015 in) (0.023 in)						







3. Measure:

Side clearance

Use a thickness gauge ①.

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace piston and/or ring.

Side clearance:						
Standard	<limit></limit>					
Zero~0.06 mm						
(Zero~0.0024 in)	-					

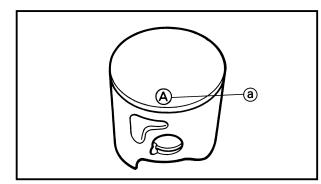
# NOTE:\_

- Insert the thickness gauge deep in the piston ring groove. Then measure the clearance with both sliding surfaces being flush with each other.
- Check at several points.

### EC474720 Combination of piston and cylinder

- 1. Check:
- Cylinder mark ⓐ

Cylinder mark ⓐ			
A			
В			
C			



2. Check:

Piston mark

Piston mark (a) (color)			
A (red)			
B (orange)			
C (green)			

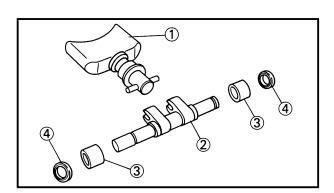
3. Combination:

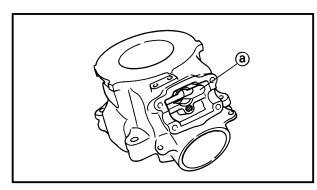
Combine the piston and cylinder by the following chart.

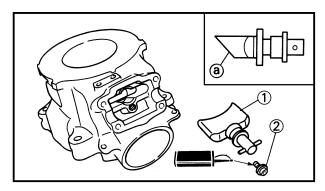
Cylinder mark	Piston mark (color)
A	A(red)
В	B(orange)
C	C (green)

# NOTE:\_\_\_

When you purchase a cylinder, you cannot designate a specific one. Choose the piston that matches the above chart.







### EC474821 Power valve

- 1. Inspect:
  - Power valve ①
     Wear/Damage → Replace.
     Carbon deposits → Remove.
  - Valve shaft (2)
  - Solid bush ③
  - Oil seal ④ Wear/Damage → Replace.

EC474901

## Power valve hole on cylinder

- 1. Remove:
  - Carbon deposits

From power valve hole surface (a).

# NOTE:\_

Do not use a sharp instrument. Avoid scratching the aluminum.

# ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

Power valve

# 1. Install:

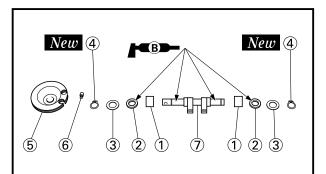
- Power valve ①
- Bolt (power valve) ②

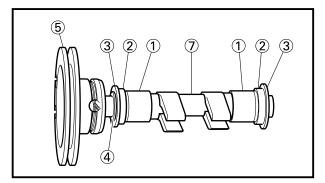
📕 🛋 🕅 9 Nm (0.9 m•kg, 6.5 ft•lb)

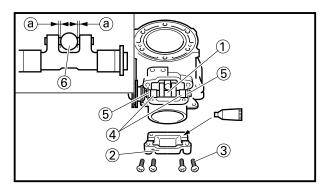
# NOTE:\_

Install the power valve at cut-away faced (a) for down side.









- 2. Install:
  - $\bullet \, {\rm Solid} \, \, {\rm bush} (\!\!\! 1)$
  - Oil seal ②
  - Plain washer ③
  - Circlip ④ New
  - Valve pulley (5)
  - Screw (valve pulley) 6

### × 4 Nm (0.4 m•kg, 2.9 ft•lb)

To valve shaft ⑦.

# NOTE:\_

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the valve shaft and oil seal lip.

- 3. Lock the pulley holding screw using an appropriate wire around the groove on the valve pulley.
- 4. Install:
  - $\bullet$  Valve shaft (1)
  - $\bullet$  Valve cover (2)
  - Screw (valve cover) ③

```
☆ 4 Nm (0.4 m•kg, 2.9 ft•lb)
```

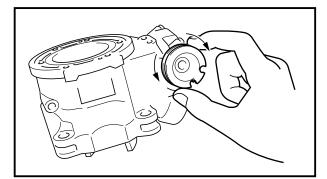
# NOTE:\_

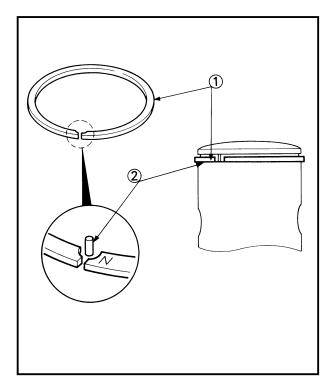
- Install the valve shaft so that its pulley faces left of the chassis for the left cylinder and right of the chassis for the right cylinder.
- When installing the valve shaft into the cylinder, lightly touch the solid bush ④ with the oil seal ⑤ and provide an equal gap ⓐ for the power valve ⑥ and valve shaft.
- Clean the contacting surface of the valve cover and cylinder before applying the sealant.

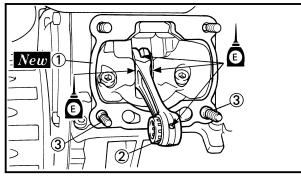


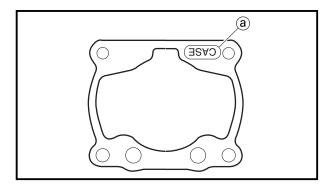
Quick gasket® ACC-YAMAB-ON-D4 YAMAHA Bond No.4 90890-05143











- 5. Check:
  - Power valve smooth movement
     Unsmooth movement → Repair or replace.

#### EC475271 Piston ring and piston

- 1. Install:
  - Piston ring ①

# NOTE:\_\_

- Take care not to scratch the piston or damage the piston ring by expanding it more than necessary.
- Install the piston ring with its mark "N" upward.
- Align the piston ring gap with the pin 2.
- After installing the piston ring, check the smooth movement of it.

- 2. Install:
  - Gasket (cylinder) ① New
  - $\bullet\,\text{Small}$  end bearing (2)
  - Dowel pin ③

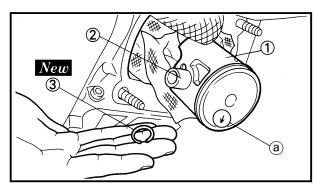
# NOTE:\_\_

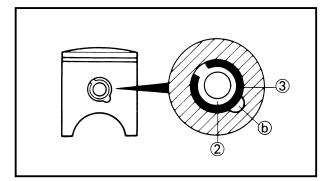
Apply the engine oil on the bearing (crankshaft and connecting rod) and connecting rod big end washers.

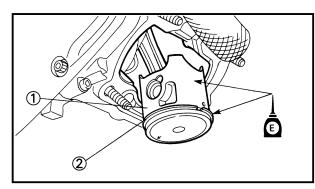
# CAUTION:

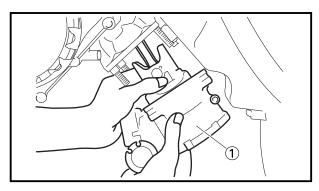
Install the gasket with the letter "CASE" (a) on it toward the crankcase.

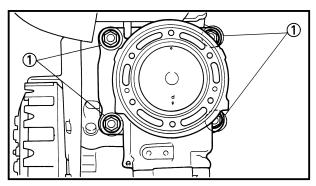












- 3. Install:
- Piston ①
- Piston pin ②
- Piston pin clip ③ New

# NOTE:\_

- The arrow (a) on the piston dome must point to exhaust side.
- Before installing the piston pin clip, cover the crankcase with a clean rag to prevent the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase cavity.

# CAUTION:

- When installing the piston pin clip, use the hand so that it may not be distorted.
- Do not allow the clip open ends to meet the piston pin slot **b**.

### EC475351

### Cylinder head and cylinder

- 1. Apply:
  - Engine oil
    - To piston ①, piston ring ② and cylinder inner surface.
- 2. Install:
- Cylinder ①

# CAUTION:

Make sure the piston ring is properly positioned. Install the cylinder with one hand while compressing the piston ring with the other hand.

# NOTE:\_

After installing, check the smooth movement of the piston.

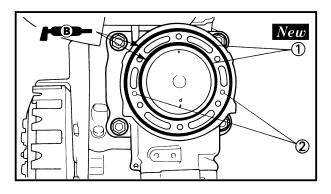
- 3. Install:
  - Nut (cylinder) ①

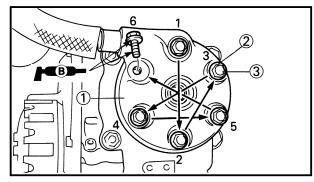
### 20 Nm (2.0 m•kg, 14 ft•lb)

# NOTE:

Tighten the nuts in stages, using a crisscross pattern.







- 4. Install:
  - O-ring ① <u>New</u>
  - Dowel pin

# NOTE:\_

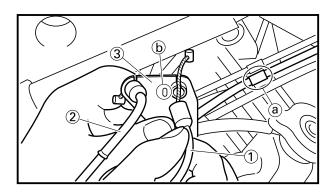
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the O-rings.

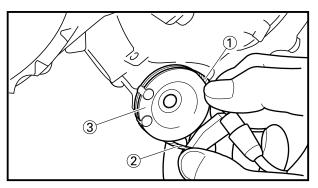
- 5. Install:
  - $\bullet \, \text{Cylinder head} \, \textcircled{1}$
  - Copper washer 2
  - Bolt (cylinder head) ③

### 11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb)

# NOTE:

- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the thread and contact surface of the bolt (cylinder head).
- Tighten the bolts (cylinder head) in stage, using a crisscross pattern.





- 6. Install:
  - YPVS cable 2, 4 (open side) ①
  - YPVS cable 1, 3 (close side) ② To cable stay ③.

# NOTE:\_

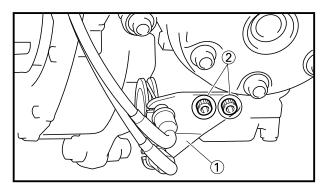
Install the open side cables (sleeve (a) cables) to the "0" marked (b) side of the cable stay.

- 7. Connect:
  - YPVS cable 2, 4 (open side) ①
  - YPVS cable 1, 3 (close side) ② To valve pulley ③.

# NOTE:\_

Connect thhe silver cables to the left side cylinder and the black cables to the right cylinder. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM" section in the CHAPTER 2.



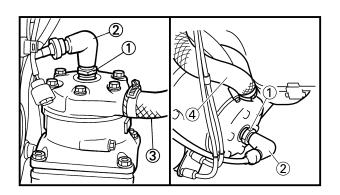


- 8. Install:
  - Cable stay ①Bolt (cable stay) ②

```
7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)
```

- 9. Adjust:
  - YPVS cable

Refer to "YPVS OPEN SIDE CABLE ADJUSTMENT" and "YPVS CLOSE SIDE CABLE ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



10.Install:

- Spark plug ① 19 Nm (1.9 m•kg, 13 ft•lb)
- Spark plug cap 2
- Radiator hose 3 ③

2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)

• Radiator hose 4 ④

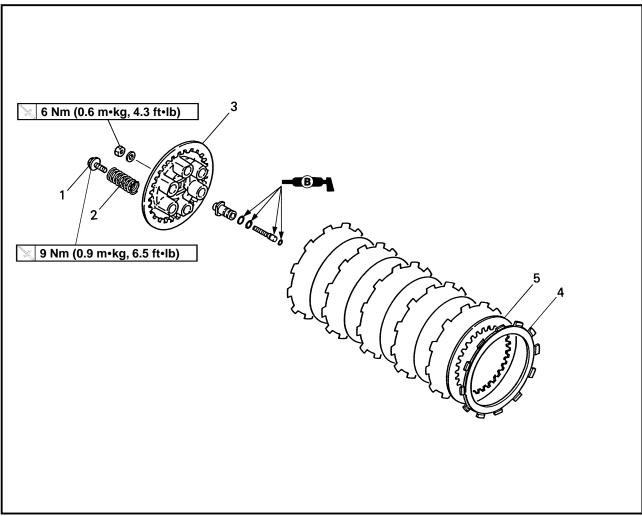
2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)

CLUTCH

# ENG

# CLUTCH

CLUTCH PLATE AND FRICTION PLATE



010

Extend of removal:	① Clutch plate and friction plate removal	

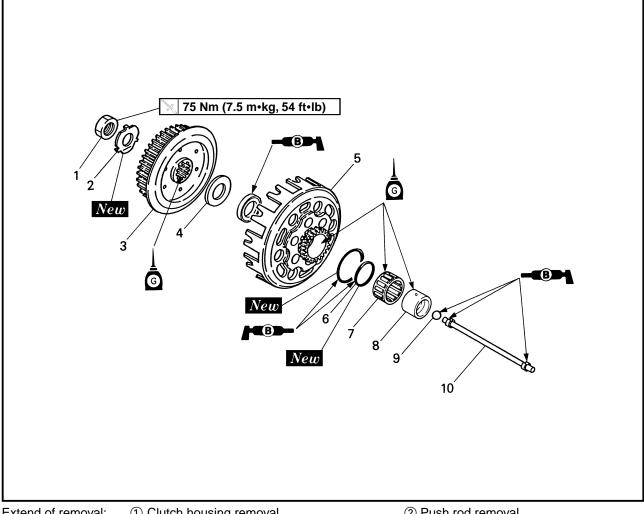
Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		CLUTCH PLATE AND FRICTION PLATE REMOVAL Lower cowl		Refer to "COWLING, SEAT AND FUEL TANK" section.
<b>↑</b>	1	Screw (clutch spring)	6	
	2	Clutch spring	6	
1	3	Pressure plate	1	
	4	Friction plate	6	
↓ ↓	5	Clutch plate	5	

CLUTCH

ENG

 $\bigcirc$ 

### EC4A8200 CLUTCH HOUSING AND PUSH ROD



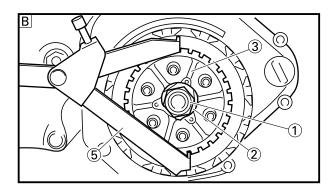
Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	CLUTCH HOUSING AND PUSH ROD REMOVAL Nut (clutch boss) Lock washer Clutch boss Plain washer Clutch housing O-ring Bearing Spacer 1 Ball Push rod	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Use special tool. ∫Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".

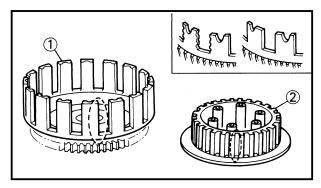


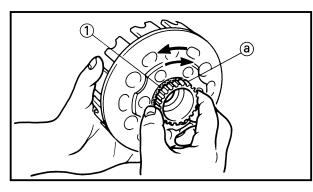
CLUTCH

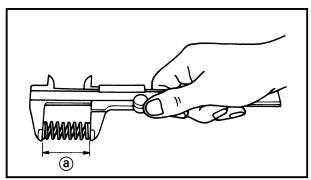
# 

А









#### EC4A3000 REMOVAL POINTS EC483211

# Clutch boss

- 1. Remove:
- Nut ①
- Lock washer ②
- Clutch boss ③

# NOTE:\_

Straighten the lock washer tab and use the clutch holding tool (4), (5) to hold the clutch boss.



A For USA and CDN

B Except for USA and CDN

# EC4A4000

# EC484100

# Clutch housing and boss

- 1. Inspect:
  - Clutch housing ① Cracks/Wear/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.
  - Clutch boss ②
     Scoring/Wear/Damage → Replace.

# EC4A4100

- Clutch housing 1. Check:
  - Circumferential play
     Free play exists → Replace.
  - Gear teeth ⓐ
     Wear/Damage → Replace.
  - O-ring ①
- $\underset{\text{EC484400}}{\text{Damage}} \rightarrow \text{Replace}.$

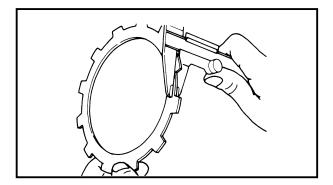
# Clutch spring

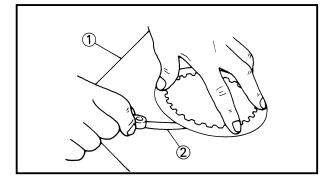
- 1. Measure:
  - Clutch spring free length (a)

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace springs as a set.

Clutch spring	Clutch spring free length:			
Standard	<limit></limit>			
30.6 mm (1.205 in)	29.6 mm (1.165 in)			







### EC484500 Friction plate

- 1. Measure:
- Friction plate thickness
  - Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace friction plate as a set.

Measure at all four points.

**CLUTCH** 

Friction plate thickness:					
Standard	<limit></limit>				
2.9~3.1 mm	2.7 mm				
(0.114~0.122 in)	(0.106 in)				

# EC484600

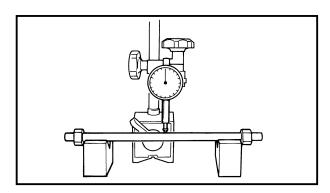
Clutch plate 1. Measure:

- Clutch plate warpage
- Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace clutch plate as a set.
- Use a surface plate (1) and thickness gauge (2).



# Warp limit:

0.1 mm (0.004 in)



# EC4A4301

Push rod

- 1. Inspect:
  - Push rod ①
  - Ball ②

Wear/Damage/Bend  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

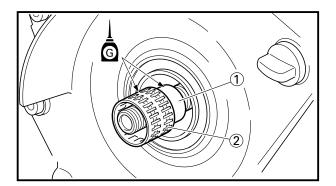
Bending limit: 0.2 mm (0.008 in)

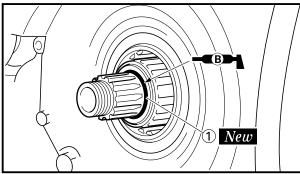
0.2 11111

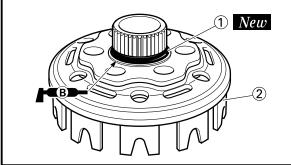
# NOTE:\_

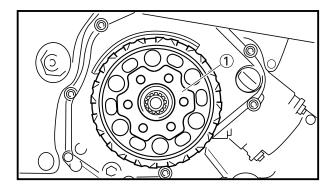
The bending value is shown by one half of the dial gauge reading.

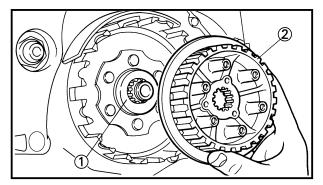












#### EC4A5000 ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION EC4A5213 Clutch

**CLUTCH** 

- 1. Install:
  - Spacer 1 ①
  - Bearing ②

# NOTE:\_

Apply the transmission oil on the spacer 1 and bearing.

- 2. Install:
  - O-ring ① New

# NOTE:\_\_

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the O-ring.

3. Install:

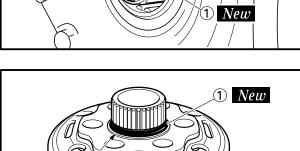
• O-ring ① <u>New</u> To clutch housing ②.

# NOTE:\_

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the O-ring.

- 4. Install:
- Clutch housing ①

- 5. Install:
  - $\bullet$  Plain washer (1)
  - $\bullet \, {\rm Clutch \ boss}$  (2)





- CLUTCH
- 6. Install:
   Lock washer ① New
  - Nut (clutch boss) ②
    - 75 Nm (7.5 m•kg, 54 ft•lb)

# NOTE:\_

Use the clutch holding tool (3), (4) to hold the clutch boss.

# CAUTION:

Align the projections on the lock washer with the holes (a) in the clutch boss.



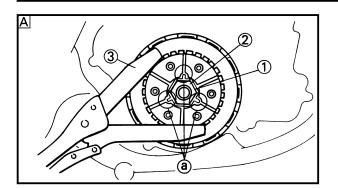
A For USA and CDN

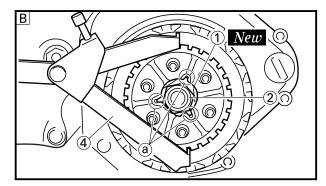
- B Except for USA and CDN
- 7. Bend the lock washer 1 tab.

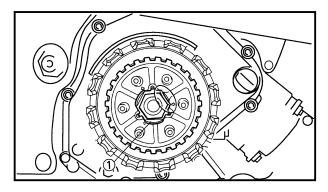
- 8. Install:
  - Friction plate (yellow) ①
  - Clutch plate 2
  - Friction plate (brown) ③

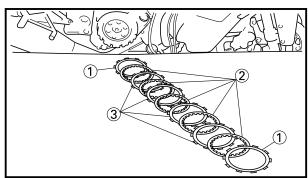
# NOTE:\_

- Install the clutch plates and friction plates alternately on the clutch boss, starting with a friction plate and ending with a friction plate.
- Yellow colored friction plates are used for the first and final.
- This machine is equipped with a dry type clutch. Be sure to clean with solvent or replace if grease or oil contacts either clutch or friction plates.

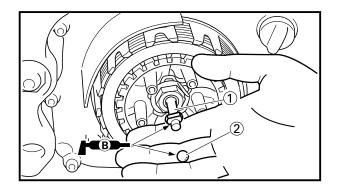


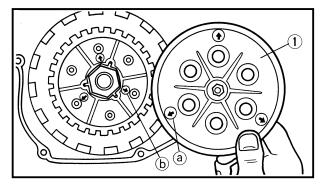


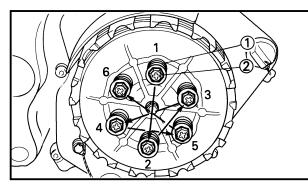


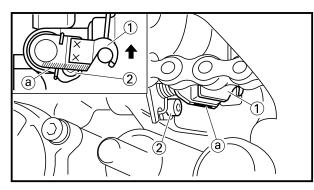


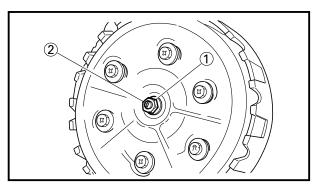












- 9. Install:
  - Push rod ①
  - Ball ②

# NOTE:\_

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the push rod and ball.

**CLUTCH** 

## 10.Install:

• Pressure plate ①

# NOTE:\_

Align the arrow marks (a) on the pressure plate the arrow marks (b) on the clutch boss.

- 11.Install:
  - Clutch spring
  - Screw (clutch spring) (2)

9 Nm (0.9 m•kg, 6.5 ft•lb)

# NOTE:\_

Tighten the screws in stages, using a crisscross pattern.

- 12.Check:
  - Push lever position

Push the push lever ① upward until it stops. With the push lever in this position, the rear edge ⓐ of the push lever should be aligned with the center of the push lever installation bolt ②.

- Not aligned  $\rightarrow$  Adjust.
- 13.Adjust:
  - Push lever position

# Push lever position adjustment steps:

- Loosen the locknut ①.
- Turn the adjuster ② to align the rear edge of the push lever with the center of the push lever installation bolt.
- Tighten the locknut.

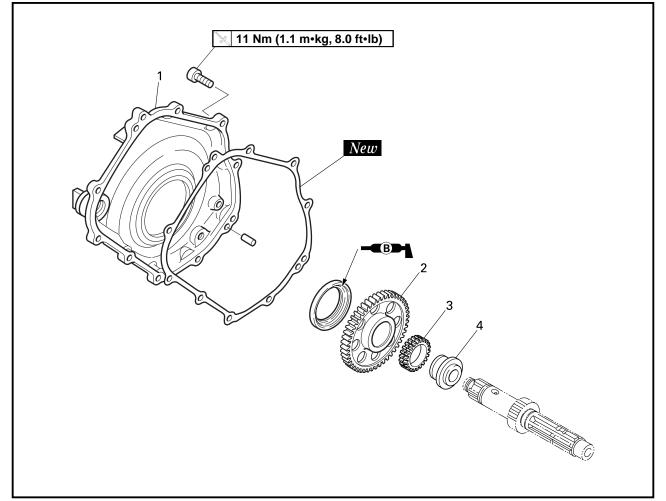
Locknut: 6 Nm (0.6 m•kg, 4.3 ft•lb)



020

# PRIMARY DRIVEN GEAR, PRIMARY DRIVE GEAR AND BALANCER SHAFT

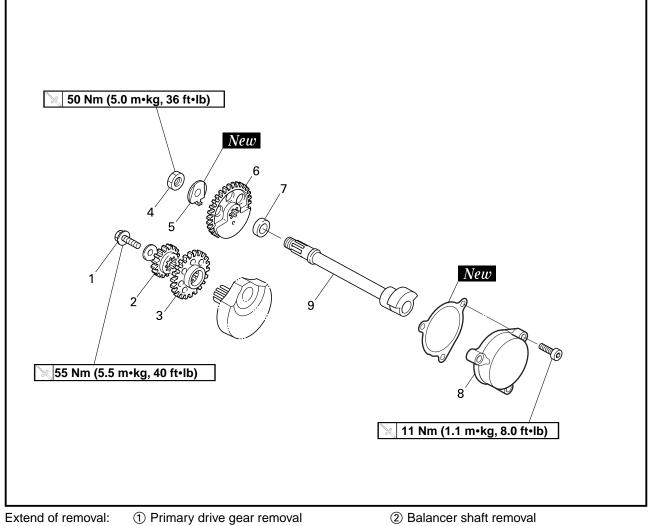
PRIMARY DRIVEN GEAR



Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		PRIMARY DRIVEN GEAR REMOVAL Cowling Clutch Drain the transmission oil.		Refer to "COWLING, INDUCTION GUIDE, SEAT AND FUEL TANK" section. Refer to "CLUTCH" section. Refer to "TRANSMISSION OIL REPLACEMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.
1	1 2 3 4	Crankcase cover (right) Primary driven gear Oil pump drive gear Thrust plate	1 1 1 1	

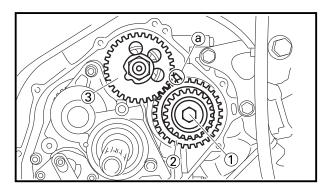


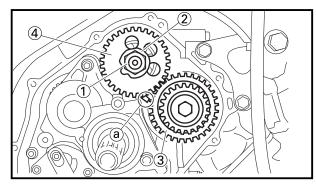
# PRIMARY DRIVE GEAR AND BALANCER SHAFT

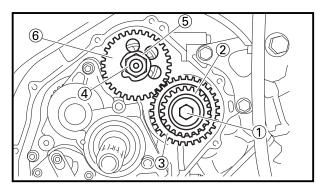


Extend of remo	oval	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
			PRIMARY DRIVE GEAR AND BALANCER SHAFT REMOVAL		
	♠	1	Bolt (primary drive gear)	1	
l ↓		2	Primary drive gear	1	
		3	Balancer drive gear	1	Defer to "DEMOVAL DOINTS"
		4	Nut (balancer weight gear)	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
(	2	5	Lock washer	1	
	Ť	6	Balancer weight gear	1	
		7	Collar	1	-
		8	Crankcase cover (left)	1	
	<b>↓</b>	9	Balancer shaft	1	









#### EC4D3000 REMOVAL POINTS EC4D3101

Primary drive gear and balancer weight gear

- 1. Loosen:
  - Bolt (primary drive gear) ①

## NOTE:\_

Place an aluminum plate (a) between the teeth of the balancer drive gear (2) and balancer weight gear (3).

- 2. Loosen:
  - Nut (balancer weight gear) ①

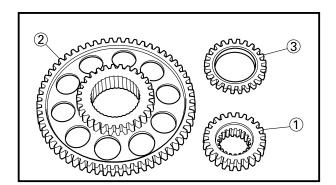
# NOTE:\_

Straighten the lock washer ② tab and place an aluminum plate ⓐ between the teeth of the balancer drive gear ③ and balancer weight gear ④.

- 3. Remove:
  - Bolt (primary drive gear) ①
  - Primary drive gear 2
  - $\bullet$  Balancer drive gear 3
  - Nut (balancer weight gear) ④
  - $\bullet \, \text{Lock}$  washer (5)
  - Balancer weight gear ⑥

# NOTE:\_

It may sometimes happens that the primary drive gear and balancer drive gear are fitted too tight as in force fitting. In that case, use a general gear puller to remove them without too much force on the crankshaft.

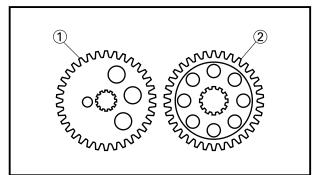


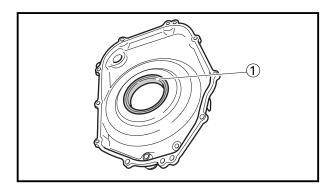
# EC4D4000

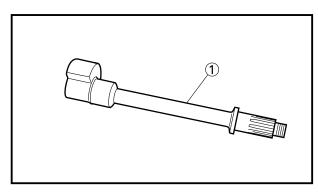
Primary drive gear, primary driven gear and oil pump drive gear

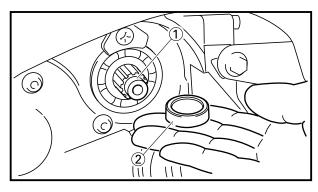
- 1. Inspect:
  - $\bullet$  Primary drive gear 1
  - Primary driven gear ②
  - Oil pump drive gear ③
     Wear/Damage → Replace.

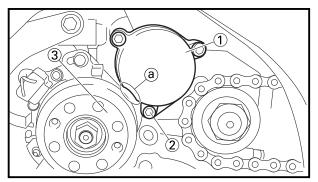












### EC4D4200 Balancer weight gear and balancer drive gear

- 1. Inspect:
  - $\bullet$  Balancer weight gear 1
  - Balancer drive gear ②
     Wear/Damage → Replace.

# Crankcase cover (right)

- 1. Inspect:
  - Contacting surface
     Scratches → Replace.
  - Crankcase cover (right) Cracks/Damage → Replace.
  - Oil seal ① Wear/Damage → Replace.

#### EC4D4500 Balancer shaft

- 1. Inspect:
  - Balancer shaft ①
     Bend/Wear/Damage → Replace.

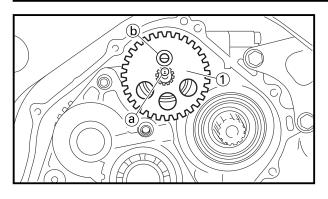
# ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION EC4D5130 Balancer shaft and primary drive gear

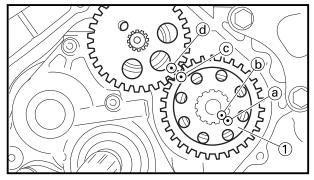
- 1. Install:
  - Balancer shaft ①
  - Collar 
     2
- 2. Install:
  - Gasket [crankcase cover (left)] New
  - Crankcase cover (left) ①
  - Bolt [crankcase cover (left)] 2 [> 11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb)

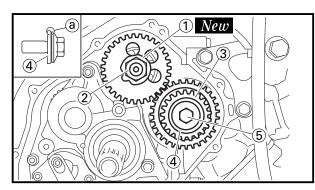
# NOTE:\_

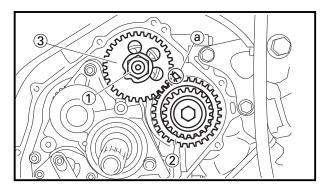
Install the gasket and crankcase cover (left) with their recesses (a) facing the rotor (3).

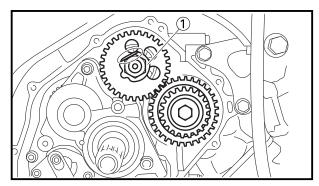












- 3. Install:
  - Balancer weight gear ①

# NOTE:\_

Align the punch mark (a) on the balancer shaft with the hole (b) of the balancer weight gear.

- 4. Install:
  - Balancer drive gear ①

# NOTE:\_

Align the punch marks, (a) (balancer drive gear) with (b) (crankshaft) and (c) (balancer drive gear) with (d) (balancer weight gear) as shown.

- 5. Install:
  - Lock washer ① New
  - Nut (balancer weight gear) ②
  - Primary drive gear ③
  - $\bullet$  Plain washer (4)
  - Bolt (primary drive gear) (5)

# NOTE:\_

Install the plain washer with its chamfered portion (a) toward you.

- 6. Tighten:
  - Nut (balancer weight gear) ①

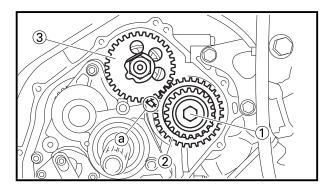
50 Nm (5.0 m•kg, 36 ft•lb)

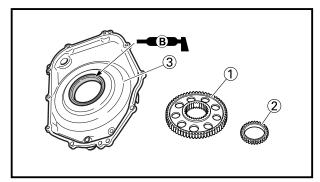
# NOTE:

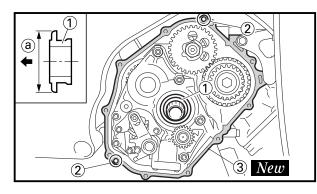
Place an aluminum plate (a) between the teeth of the balancer drive gear (2) and balancer weight gear (3).

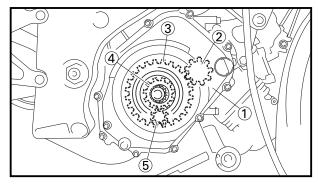
7. Bend the lock washer 1 tab.

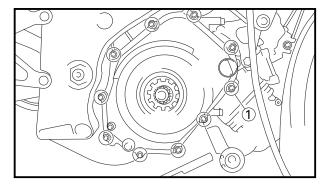












- 8. Tighten:
  - Bolt (primary drive gear) ① 55 Nm (5.5 m•kg, 40 ft•lb)

# NOTE:\_

Place an aluminum plate (a) between the teeth of the balancer drive gear (2) and balancer weight gear (3).

#### EC4D5212 Primary driven gear

- 1. Install:
  - Primary driven gear ①
  - Oil pump drive gear ②
  - To crankcase cover (right) ③.

# NOTE:

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the oil seal lip.

- 2. Install:
  - Thrust plate ①
  - Dowel pin ②
  - Gasket [crankcase cover (right)] ③ New

# NOTE:\_

Install the thrust plate with its larger diameter side (a) toward the transmission.

3. Install:

• Crankcase cover (right) ①

# NOTE:\_

Mesh the primary drive gear ② with the primary driven gear ③, and the oil pump drive gear ④ with the oil pump driven gear ⑤ by turning the rotor.

- 4. Install:
  - Bolt [crankcase cover (right)] ①

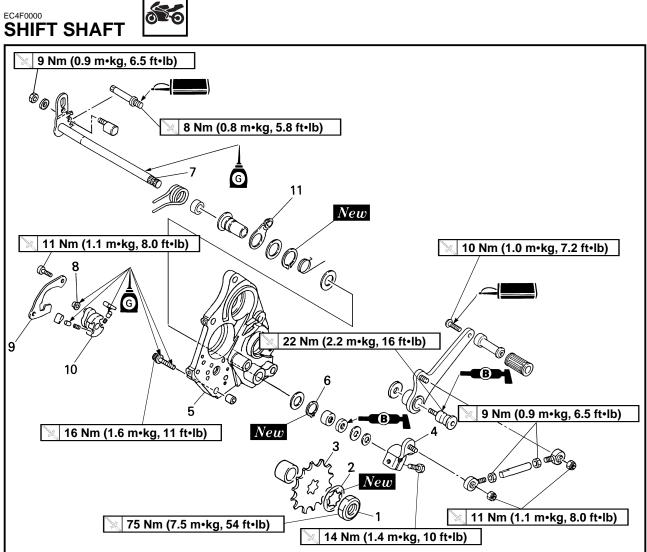
11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb)

# NOTE:\_

Tighten the bolts in stages, using a crisscross pattern.

SHIFT SHAFT





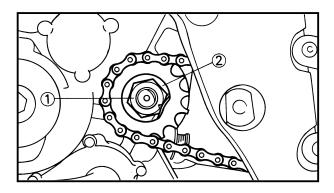
[ ≫] 14 NM (1.4 M•Kg, 10 ft•lb)						
Extend of removal: ① Shi		Shift shaft removal		② Stopper lever removal		
Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks		
Preparation for removal		SHIFT SHAFT REMOVAL Crankcase cover (right)		Refer to "PRIMARY DRIVEN GEAR, PRIMARY DRIVE GEAR AND BALANCER SHAFT" section.		
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Nut (drive sprocket) Lock washer Drive sprocket Shift arm Transmission housing Circlip Shift shaft Roller Shift guide Shift lever assembly	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS". Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".		

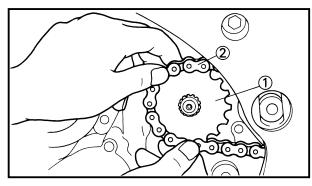
11

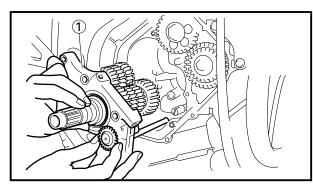
Stopper lever

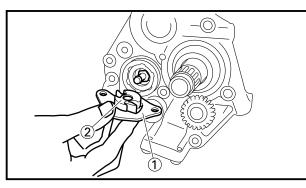
1

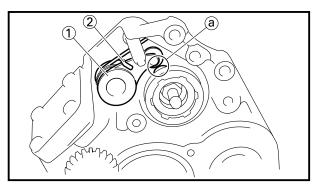












#### EC4F3000 REMOVAL POINTS EC4F3100

# Drive sprocket

- 1. Remove:
  - Nut (drive sprocket) ①

SHIFT SHAFT

• Lock washer ②

# NOTE:

- Straighten the lock washer tab.
- Loosen the nut while applying the rear brake.
- 2. Remove:
  - Drive sprocket ①
  - Drive chain ②

# NOTE:\_

Remove the drive sprocket together with the drive chain.

### EC4F3201

### **Transmission housing**

- 1. Remove:
  - Bolt (transmission housing)
  - Transmission housing 1

# NOTE:\_

Remove the transmission housing together with the transmission, shift cam, shift fork and shift shaft.

### EC4C3101

# Shift guide and shift lever assembly

- 1. Remove:
  - Bolt (shift guide)
  - Shift guide ①
  - Shift lever assembly ②

# NOTE:\_

The shift lever assembly is disassembled at the same time as the shift guide.

#### EC4F3401 Stopper lever

- 1. Remove:
  - Stopper lever assembly ①
  - Torsion spring (2)
  - Plain washer

# NOTE:\_

Remove the stopper lever assembly with its roller aligning with the top (a) of the segment.

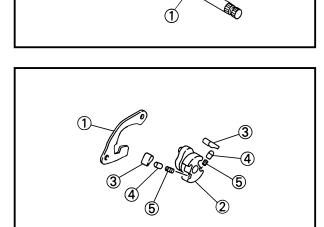


- 2. Remove:
  - Circlip ①

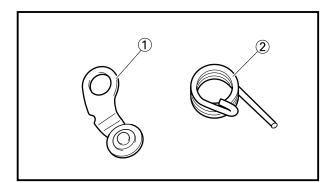
  - Plain washer ②
  - Stopper lever ③

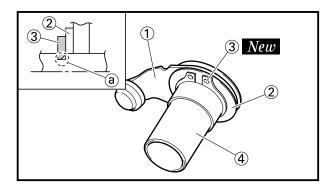
 $\mathfrak{D}$ 

1



(3)





#### EC4F4000 INSPECTION EC4B4400 Shift shaft

# 1. Inspect:

- Shift shaft ① Bend/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.
- Spring ② Broken  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

### EC4C4100

### Shift guide and shift lever assembly

- 1. Inspect:
  - Shift guide ①
  - Shift lever (2)
  - Pawl ③
  - Pawl pin ④
  - Spring (5) Wear/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.



- **Stopper lever** 1. Inspect:
  - Stopper lever ① Wear/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.
  - Torsion spring 2 Broken  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

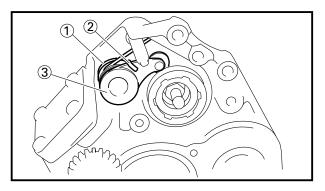
#### EC4F5000 **ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION** EC4F5100 **Stopper lever**

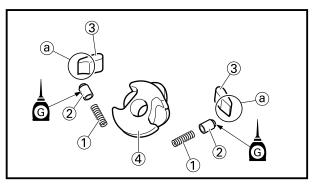
- 1. Install:
  - Stopper lever ①
  - Plain washer ②
  - Circlip ③ New To collar (4).

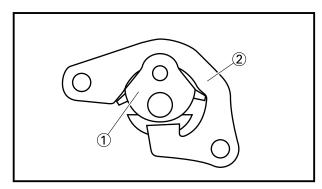
### NOTE:\_

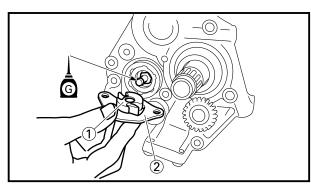
Be sure the circlip sharp-edged corner (a) is positioned opposite side to the plain washer.

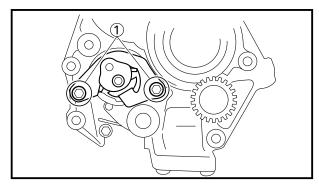












### 2. Install:

- Plain washer ①
- Torsion spring ②
- $\bullet$  Stopper lever assembly (3)

SHIFT SHAFT

### EC4F5202

### Shift guide and shift lever assembly

- 1. Install:
  - Spring 1
  - Pawl pin ②
  - Pawl ③ To shift lever ④.

### NOTE:\_

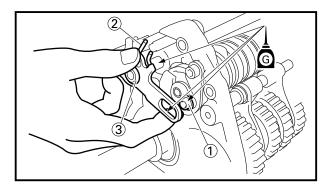
- When installing the pawl into the shift lever, make sure the chamfered side (a) face the pawl pin side.
- Apply the transmission oil on the pawl pin.
- 2. Install:
  - Shift lever assembly ① To shift guide ②.
- 3. Install:
  - Shift lever assembly ①
  - Shift guide ②

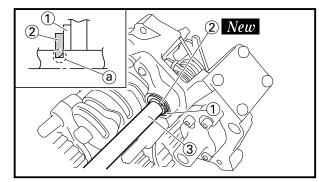
### NOTE:\_

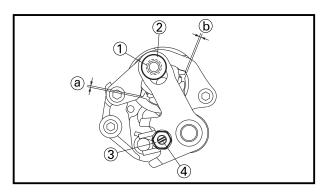
- The shift lever assembly is installed at the same time as the shift guide.
- Apply the transmission oil on the bolt (segment) shaft.
- 4. Install:
  - Bolt (shift guide) ①

🔀 11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb)









#### EC4F5302 Shift shaft

- 1. Install:
  - Roller ①
  - Torsion spring (2)
  - Shift shaft ③

### NOTE:\_

Apply the transmission oil on the roller and shift shaft.

- 2. Install:
  - Plain washer ①
- Circlip ② New
   To shift shaft ③.

### NOTE:\_

Be sure the circlip sharp-edged corner (a) is positioned opposite side to the plain washer.

- 3. Check:
  - Shift lever position

### **Checking steps:**

- Attach the collar (with supplying parts) ② onto the roller ①.
- Check the shift lever position.
- Gaps (a) and (b) are not equal  $\rightarrow$  Adjust.
- 4. Adjust:

Ø

Shift lever position

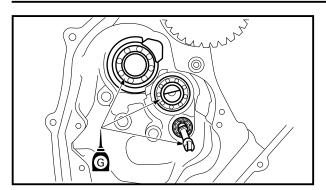
### Adjusting steps:

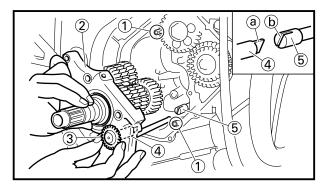
- Loosen the locknut 3.
- Turn the adjuster ④ in or out.
- Tighten the locknut.

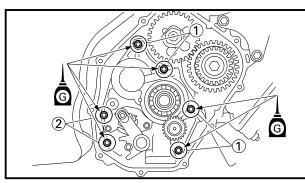
### Locknut: 9 Nm (0.9 m•kg, 6.5 ft•lb)

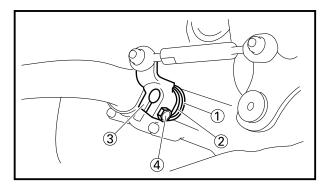
• Remove the collar.

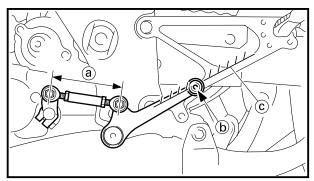












#### EC4F5411 Transmission housing

- 1. Apply:
  - Transmission oil On the bearing (crankcase lower) and impeller shaft.
- 2. Install:
  - Dowel pin ①
  - Transmission housing (2)

### NOTE:

When installing the transmission housing, turn the oil pump driven gear ③ until the key end ④ of the oil pump gear shaft ④ is in the recess ⓑ of the impeller shaft ⑤.

- 3. Install:
  - Bolt {transmission housing [ $\ell$ =40 mm (1.57 in)]} ①

• Bolt {transmission housing  $[\ell=30 \text{ mm} (1.18 \text{ in})]$  2

16 Nm (1.6 m•kg, 11 ft•lb)

### NOTE:\_

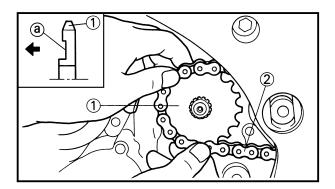
- Tighten the bolts in stages, using a crisscross pattern.
- Apply the transmission oil on the thread and contact surface of the bolt (transmission housing).
- 4. Install:
  - Plain washer ①
  - Spacer ②
  - Shift arm ③
  - Bolt (shift arm) ④

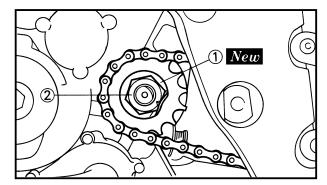
### 🔀 14 Nm (1.4 m•kg, 10 ft•lb)

### NOTE:

- Make sure that the joint rod distance (a) is 104.5~106.5 mm (4.1~4.2 in).
- Install the shift arm so that the shift pedal center (b) is highest without exceeding the inside line (c) of the footrest bracket.







#### EC4F5510 Drive sprocket

- 1. Install:
  - Drive sprocket ①
  - Drive chain ②

### NOTE:\_

- Install the drive sprocket with its depressed side (a) facing the engine.
- Install the drive sprocket together with the drive chain.

### 2. Install:

- Lock washer ① New
- Nut (drive sprocket) 2

75 Nm (7.5 m•kg, 54 ft•lb)

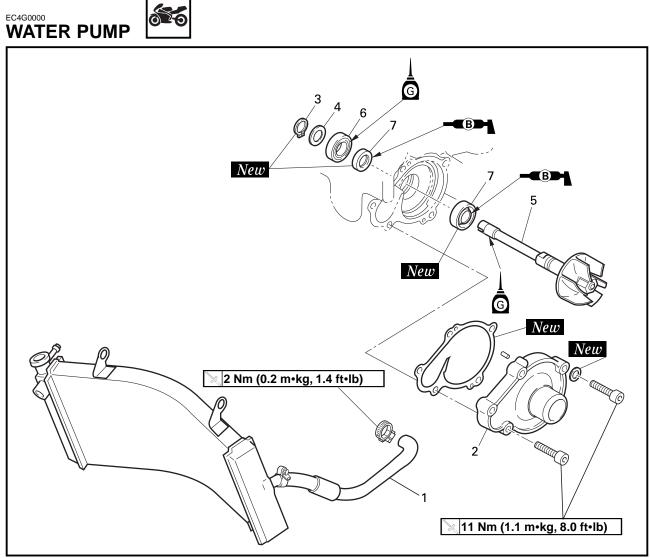
### NOTE:\_

Tighten the nut while applying the rear brake.

3. Bend the lock washer tab to lock the nut.







Extend of removal: ① Impeller shaft remov	al 2 Oil seal removal
---	-----------------------

Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		WATER PUMP DISASSEMBLY Cowling		Refer to "COWLING, INDUCTION GUIDE, SEAT AND FUEL TANK" section.
		Drain the cooling water. Transmission housing		Refer to "COOLING WATER REPLACEMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3. Refer to "SHIFT SHAFT" section.
	1	Radiator hose 2	1	
	2	Water pump housing cover	1	
	4	Circlip Plain washer	1	
	5	Impeller shaft	1	
	6	Bearing	1	Bofor to "BEMOVAL BOINTS"
L	7	Oil seal	2	Sefer to "REMOVAL POINTS".



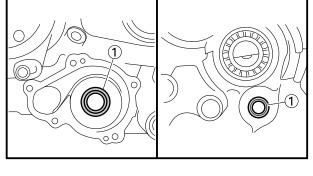
#### EC4G3000 REMOVAL POINTS EC4G3210 Oil seal

### NOTE:\_

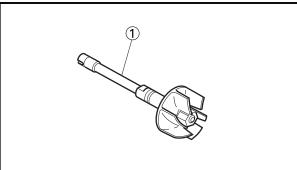
It is not necessary to disassemble the water pump, unless there is an abnormality such as excessive change in coolant level, discoloration of coolant, or milky transmission oil.

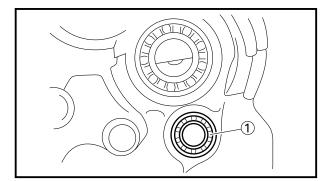
- 1. Remove:
  - Bearing 1

2. Remove:• Oil seal ①



(1)





### EC444200 Impeller shaft 1. Inspect:

EC4G4000

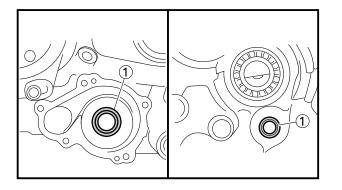
Impeller shaft ①
 Bend/Wear/Damage → Replace.
 Fur deposits → Clean.

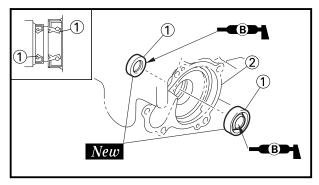
#### EC4H4600 Bearing

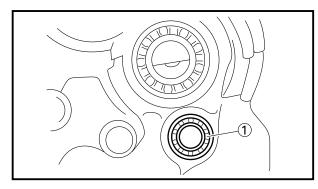
- 1. Inspect:
  - Bearing ①
     Rotate inner race with a finger.
     Rough spot/Seizure → Replace.

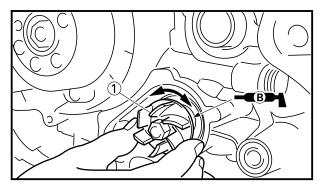
WATER PUMP

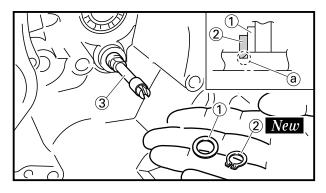












#### EC444400 Oil seal

- 1. Inspect:
  - Oil seal ①
    - Wear/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

# ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

Oil seal

- 1. Install:
  - Oil seal ① New

### NOTE:.

- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the oil seal lip.
- Install the oil seal with its manufacture's marks or numbers facing the crankcase 2.
- 2. Install:
  - Bearing ①

### NOTE:

Install the bearing by pressing its outer race parallel.

EC4G5203

- 1. Install:
  - Impeller shaft ①

### NOTE:\_

- Take care so that the oil seal lip is not damaged or the spring does not slip off its position.
- When installing the impeller shaft, apply the lithium soap base grease on the oil seal lip and impeller shaft. And install the shaft while turning it.
- 2. Install:
  - Plain washer ①
  - Circlip ② New To impeller shaft ③.

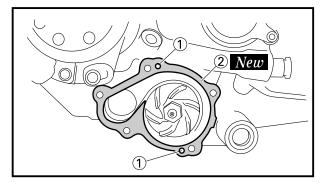
## NOTE:\_

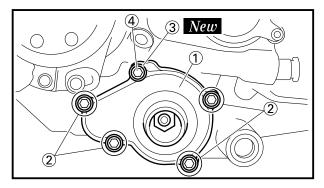
Be sure the circlip sharp-edged corner (a) is positioned opposite side to the plain washer.

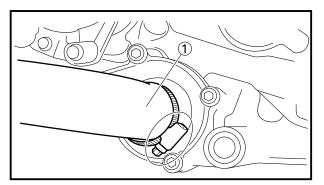


# WATER PUMP

- 3. Install:
  - Dowel pin ①
    Gasket (water pump housing cover) ② New







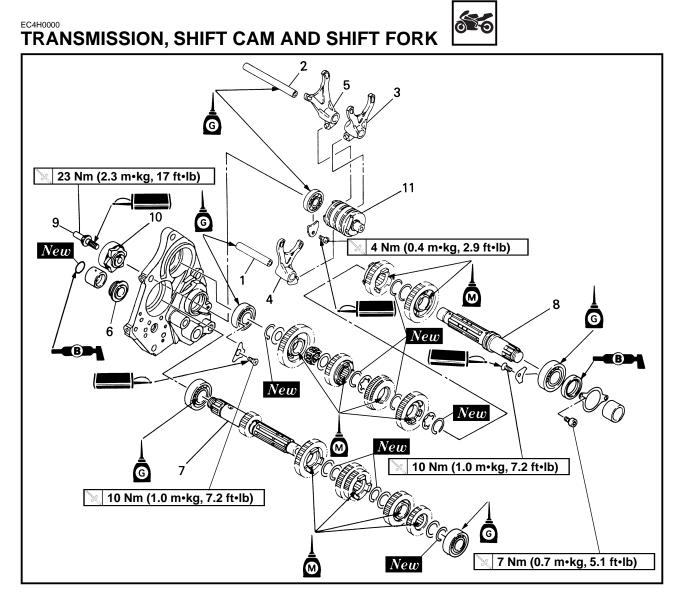
- 4. Install:
  - Water pump housing cover ①
  - Bolt (water pump housing cover) ②

🔀 11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb)

- Copper washer ③ New
- Air bleeding bolt (water pump) ④
- 5. Install:
  - Radiator hose 2 ①

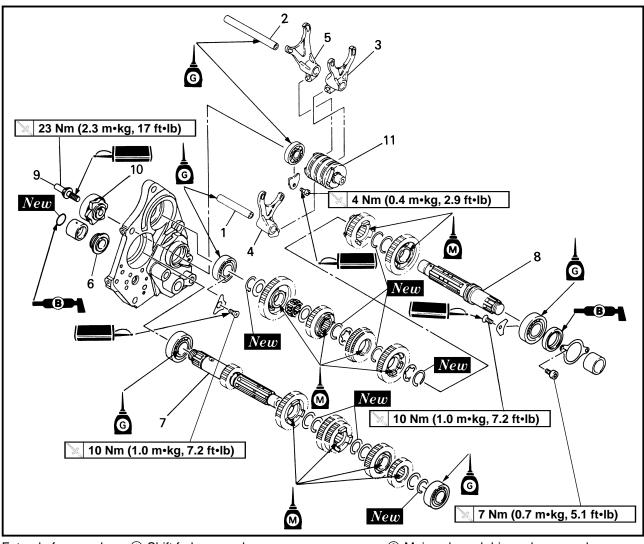
2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)





Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		TRANSMISSION, SHIFT CAM AND SHIFT FORK REMOVAL Cowling		Refer to "COWLING, INDUCTION GUIDE, SEAT AND FUEL TANK" section.
		Transmission housing Shift shaft and shift lever assembly Stopper lever		Refer to "SHIFT SHAFT" section.



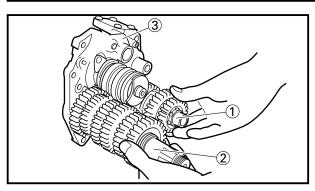


 Extend of removal:
 ① Shift fork removal

 ③ Shift cam removal
 ② Main axle and drive axle removal

Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Guide bar 1 (short) Guide bar 2 (long) Shift fork 1 Shift fork 2 Shift fork 3 Thrust plate Main axle Drive axle Bolt (segment) Segment Shift cam	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	}Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS". }Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".





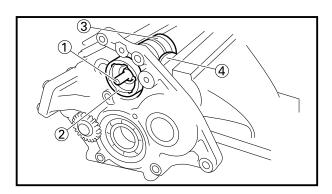
#### EC4H3000 REMOVAL POINTS EC4H3210 Transmission

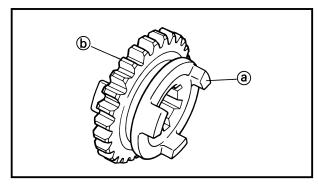
# 1. Remove:

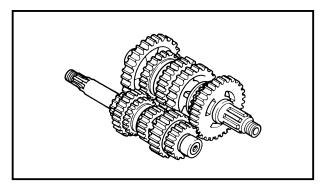
- Main axle ①
- Drive axle (2)

### NOTE:\_

- Remove the main axle together with the drive axle from the transmission housing ③.
- Remove assembly carefully. Note the position of each part. Pay particular attention to the location and direction of shift forks.







#### EC4H3400 Segment

- 1. Remove:
- Bolt (segment) ①
- Segment ②

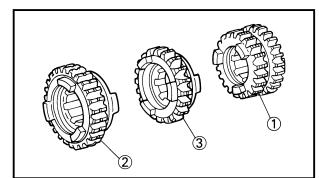
### NOTE:\_

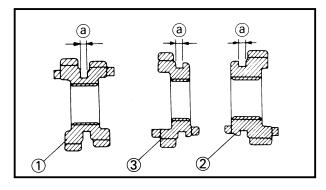
Clamp the shift cam ③ securely in a vise, using soft protecting material ④ to loosen the bolt (segment).

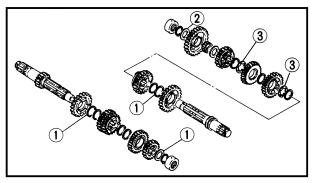
#### EC4H4000 INSPECTION EC4H4210 Gears

- 1. Inspect:
  - Matching dog (a)
  - Gear teeth ⓑ Wear/Damage → Ben
  - Wear/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.
- 2. Check:
  - Gears movement
  - Unsmooth movement  $\rightarrow$  Repair or replace.









#### EC4H4300 Shift fork groove

- 1. Measure:
  - 3rd/4th pinion gear ①
  - 5th wheel gear 2
  - 6th wheel gear ③
  - Shift fork groove

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

Shift fork groove @:					
Standard <limit></limit>					
5.05~5.18 mm	5.35 mm				
(0.199~0.204 in)	(0.211 in)				

### EC4H4400

### Thrust clearance

1. Check:

• After assembling the transmission, check whether the idle gear turns smoothly without a thrust.

If the thrust clearance is too large or the idle gear moves with difficulty  $\rightarrow$  Replace the shim (1), (2) and (3).

Choose the shims by the following chart.

Part name	Size (thickness)	Part number
Shim (1) STD	· · · · ·	90201-253K0
	(0.039 in)	
	t=0.9 mm	90201-256E6
	(0.035 in)	50201 25020
Shim ② STD	t=1.0 mm	90201-20276
	(0.039 in)	
	t=0.9 mm	90201-206E5
	(0.035 in)	
Shim ③ STD	t=0.7 mm	5F7-17136-00
	(0.028 in)	
	t=0.5 mm	90209-22082
	(0.020 in)	

### NOTE:\_

It is necessary to adjust the thrust clearance when the transmission gear, axle, washer, circlip, bearing or crankcase is replaced.



### EC4H4501 Dog clearance

### NOTE:\_

- It is necessary to adjust the dog clearance when the transmission gear, axle, washer, circlip, bearing or crankcase is replaced.
- If there is any shifting trouble, it is necessary to check the shift fork, shift cam, shift lever and gears. But if there are in good condition, the dog clearance should be inspected.
- 1. Install the transmission, shift cam and shift fork into the transmission housing.
- 2. Position the transmission is neutral.
- 3. Pull the main axle toward the clutch side.
- Bring the 3rd/4th pinion gear ① into light contact with the 6th pinion gear ② to the extent that they are not engaged, and measure the clearance ③ between 3rd/4th pinion gear and 6th pinion gear.

Bring the 3rd/4th pinion gear into light contact with the 5th pinion gear ③ to the extent that they are not engaged and measure the clearance ⓑ between 3rd/4th pinion gear and 5th pinion gear.

Dog clearance ⓐ, ⓑ: 0.5 mm (0.020 in) or more

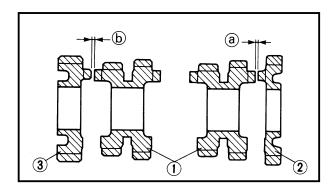
Out of specification or clearance (a) and (b) are not equal  $\rightarrow$  Replace the shim (4). Choose the shim by the following chart.

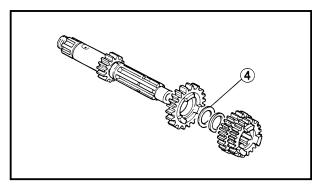
Size (thickness)	Part number		
t=1.0 mm	90201-253K0		
(0.039 in)			
t=0.9 mm	90201-256E6		
(0.035 in)			
	Size (thickness) t=1.0 mm (0.039 in) t=0.9 mm		

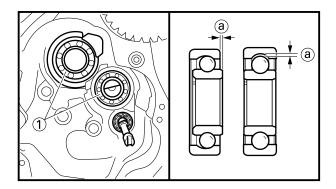
#### EC4H4600 Bearing

1. Inspect:

Bearing ①
 Rotate inner race with a finger.
 Rough spot/Seizure → Replace.

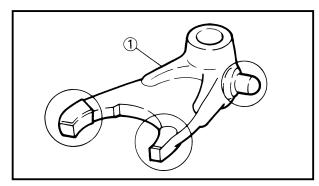


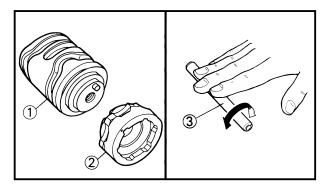


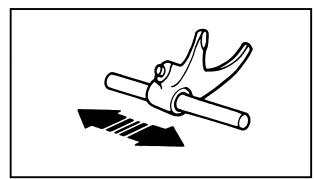


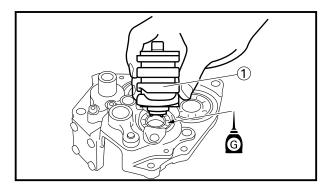
# TRANSMISSION, SHIFT CAM AND SHIFT FORK











#### EC4H4801 Shift fork, shift cam and segment

- 1. Inspect:
  - Shift fork ①
     Wear/Damage/Scratches → Replace.

- 2. Inspect:
  - Shift cam ①
  - Segment ②
  - Guide bar ③
  - Bend/Wear/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.
- 3. Check:
  - Shift fork movement
     On its guide bar.
     Unsmooth operation → Replace shift fork and/or guide bar.

### NOTE:\_

For a malfunctioning shift fork, replace not only the shift fork itself but the two gears each adjacent to the shift fork.

### EC4H5000

ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION EC4H5112 Shift cam

1. Install:

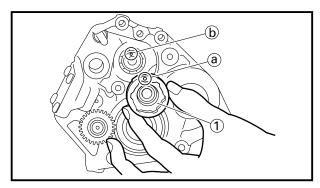
• Shift cam ①

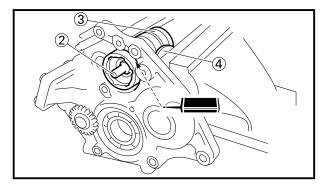
### NOTE:\_

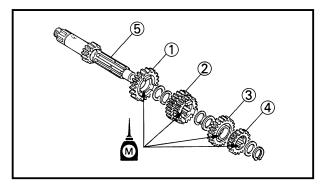
Apply the transmission oil on the shift cam bearing.

# TRANSMISSION, SHIFT CAM AND SHIFT FORK









- 2. Install:
  - Segment ①
  - Bolt (segment) 2

💻 🚘 🔀 23 Nm (2.3 m•kg, 17 ft•lb)

### NOTE:\_

- When installing the segment onto the shift cam, align the punch mark ⓐ with the dowel pin ⓑ.
- Clamp the shift cam ③ securely in a vise, using soft protecting material ④ to tighten the bolt (segment).

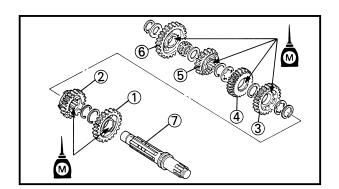
### EC4H5232

### Transmission

- 1. Install:
  - 6th pinion gear (22T) ①
  - 3rd/4th pinion gear (23T/25T) ②
  - 5th pinion gear (27T) ③
  - 2nd pinion gear (21T) ④ To main axle ⑤.

### NOTE:\_

Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the gears inner circumference.



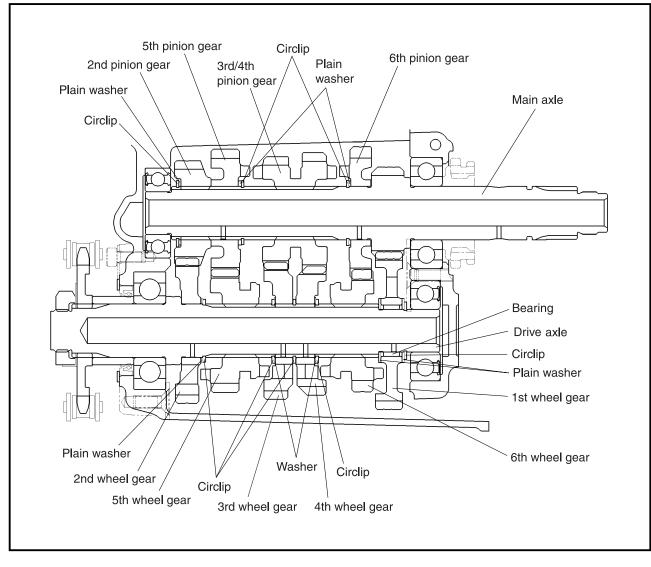
- 2. Install:
  - 2nd wheel gear (31T) ①
  - 5th wheel gear (26T) ②
  - 3rd wheel gear (29T) ③
  - 4th wheel gear (27T) ④
  - 6th wheel gear (20T) (5)
  - 1st wheel gear (34T) ⑥ To drive axle ⑦.

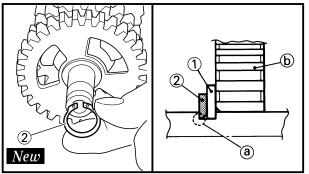
### NOTE:\_

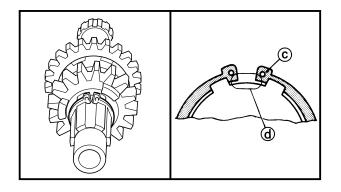
Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the gears inner circumference.

# TRANSMISSION, SHIFT CAM AND SHIFT FORK







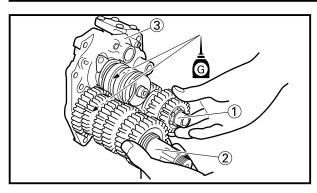


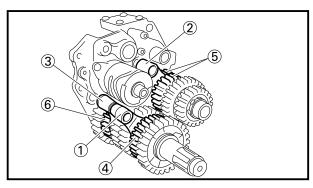
- 3. Install:
  - Plain washer ①
  - Circlip ② New

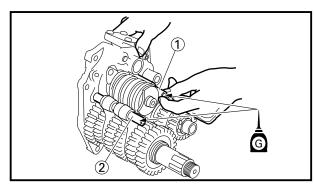
### NOTE:\_

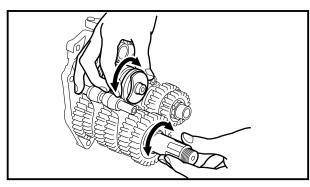
- Be sure the circlip sharp-edged corner (a) is positioned opposite to the plain washer and gear (b).
- Be sure the circlip end ⓒ is positioned at axle spline groove ⓓ.

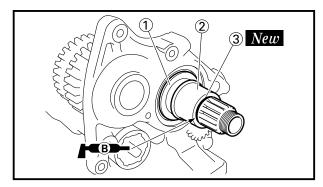












- 4. Install:
  - Main axle ①
  - Drive axle (2)

### NOTE:\_

- Apply the transmission oil on the main axle and drive axle bearings.
- Install the main axle together with the drive axle into the transmission housing ③.
- 5. Install:
  - Shift fork 1 ①
  - Shift fork 2 ②
  - Shift fork 3 ③

### NOTE:\_

- Mesh the shift fork #1 with the 5th wheel gear ④ and #3 with the 6th gear ⑥ on the drive axle.
- Mesh the shift fork #2 with the 3rd/4th pinion gear (5) on the main axle.
- 6. Install:
  - Guide bar 1 (short) ①
  - Guide bar 2 (long) 2

### NOTE:

- Apply the transmission oil on the guide bars.
- Be sure the short bar is inserted into the shift fork #2 and the long one into #1 and #3.
- 7. Check:
  - Shift operation
  - Transmission operation
  - Unsmooth operation  $\rightarrow$  Repair.

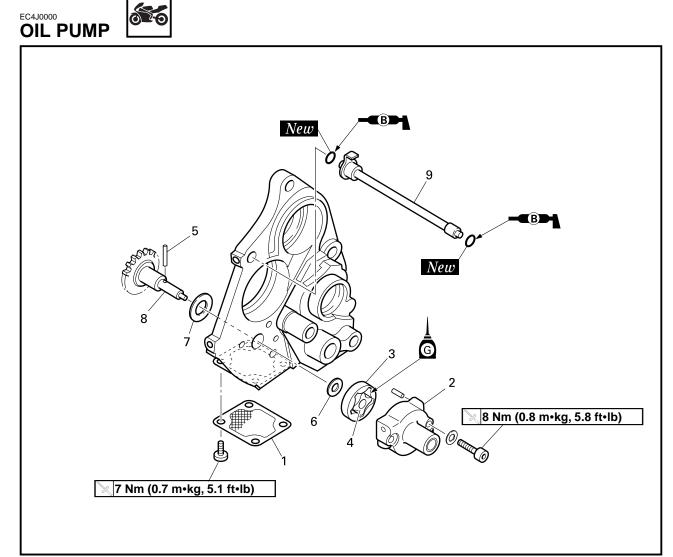
- 8. Install:
  - Thrust plate ①
  - Spacer 1 ②
  - O-ring ③ New

### NOTE:\_

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the O-ring.

OIL PUMP

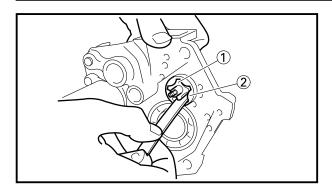
ENG

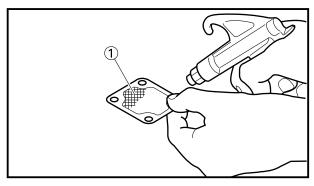


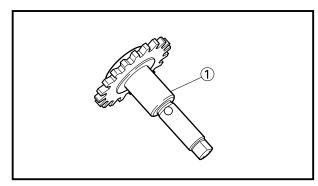
Extend of removal:	1 Oil pump removal and disassembly

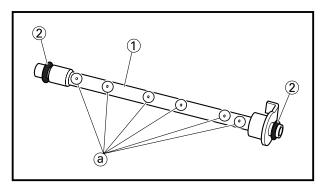
Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		<b>OIL PUMP REMOVAL</b> Transmission housing Shift shaft and Stopper lever Transmission and shift fork		Refer to "SHIFT SHAFT" section. Refer to "TRANSMISSION, SHIFT CAM AND SHIFT FORK" section.
↑	1	Strainer	1	
	2	Oil pump cover	1	
	3	Outer rotor	1	
	4	Inner rotor	1	
	5	Dowel pin	1	
	6	Plain washer	1	
		[D=ø15 mm (0.59 in)]		
	7	Plain washer	1	
		[D=ø22 mm (0.87 in)]		
	8	Oil pump gear shaft	1	
↓ ↓	9	Oil delivery pipe	1	

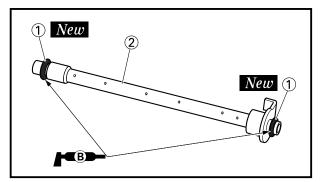












# EC4J4000

#### EC4J4100 Oil pump

- 1. Measure:
  - Tip clearance

Measure the clearance between the inner rotor ① and outer rotor ②.

Out of limit  $\rightarrow$  Replace the inner rotor and outer rotor as a set.

### Tip clearance limit: 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

### EC4E4310

- Strainer 1. Clean:
  - Strainer ①
     Use compressed air.

### NOTE:\_

- Clean the strainer every 500 km (300 miles).
- If a lot of metallic dust in noticed, disassemble the engine and check.

# EC4J4200

- Oil pump gear shaft
- 1. Inspect:
  - Oil pump gear shaft ①
     Wear/Damage → Replace.

EC4H4100 Oil delivery pipe

- 1. Inspect:
  - Oil delivery pipe ①
- O-ring ②
  - Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.
- Oil orifice ⓐ Clogged → Blow.

### ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION EC4J5102

### Oil pump

### 1. Install:

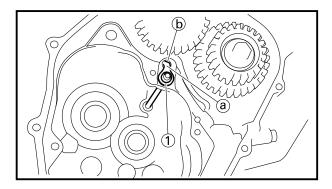
• O-ring ① New

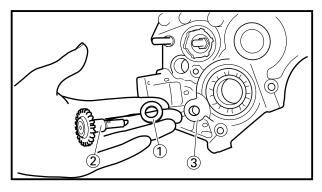
To oil delivery pipe 2.

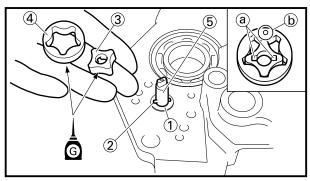
### NOTE:\_

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the O-rings.









- 2. Install:
- Oil delivery pipe ①

**OIL PUMP** 

### NOTE:\_

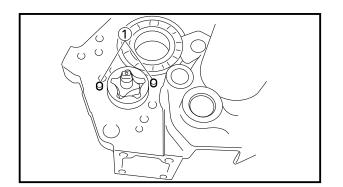
When installing the oil delivery pipe, fit the projection (a) of the oil delivery pipe into the hole (b) on the crankcase.

- 3. Install:
  - Plain washer [D=ø22 mm (0.87 in)] ①
  - Oil pump gear shaft ② To transmission housing ③.

- 4. Install:
  - Plain washer [D=ø15 mm (0.87 in)] ①
  - Dowel pin ②
  - Inner rotor ③
  - Outer rotor ④ To oil pump gear shaft ⑤.

### NOTE:\_

- Apply the transmission oil on the inner rotor and outer rotor.
- Make sure the dowel pin fits into the groove (a) in the inner rotor.
- When installing the outer rotor, make sure the punch mark (b) on the outer rotor face the transmission housing side.



- 5. Install:
  - Dowel pin ①





- 6. Install:
  - Oil pump cover ①
  - Plain washer ②
  - Bolt (oil pump cover) ③

8 Nm (0.8 m•kg, 5.8 ft•lb)

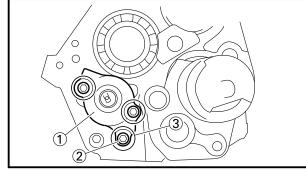
### NOTE:\_

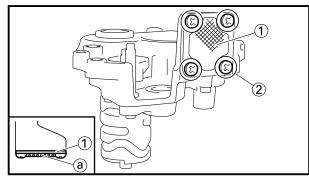
While turning the oil pump gear shaft, install the oil pump cover.

- 7. Install:
  - Strainer ①
  - Screw (strainer) 2 7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)

NOTE:

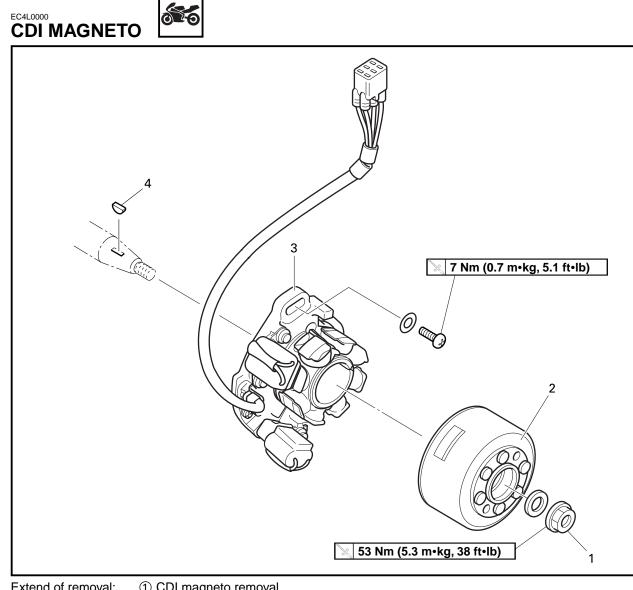
Strainer is installed with the mesh (a) facing outward.





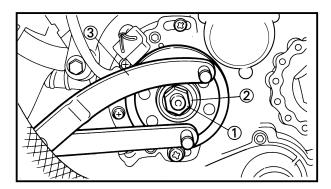
**CDI MAGNETO** 

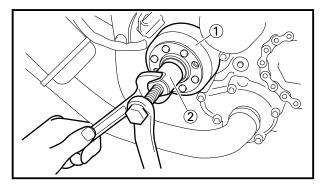


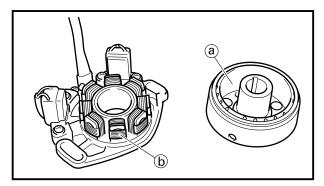


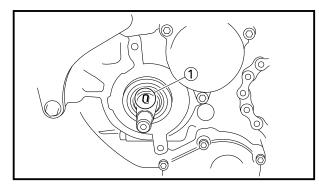
Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		<b>CDI MAGNETO REMOVAL</b> Cowling and fuel tank Disconnect the CDI magneto lead.		Refer to "COWLING, INDUCTION GUIDE, SEAT AND FUEL TANK" section.
	1 2 3 4	Nut (rotor) Rotor Stator Woodruff key	1 1 1	Use special tool. ∫Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".

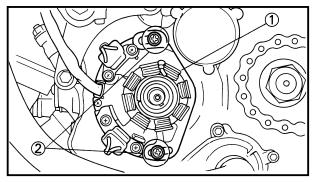
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**CDI MAGNETO** 



# REMOVAL POINTS

# EC4L3102

1. Remove:

- Nut (rotor) ①
- Plain washer ② Use the rotor holding tool ③.



- 2. Remove:
- Rotor ①

Use the flywheel puller 2.

Flywheel puller: YM-1189/90890-01189

### NOTE:\_

When installing the flywheel puller, turn it counterclockwise.

# EC4L4000

#### EC4L4101 CDI magneto

- 1. Inspect:
  - Rotor inner surface ⓐ
  - Stator outer surface (b)

Damage  $\rightarrow$  Inspect the crankshaft runout and crankshaft bearing.

If necessary, replace CDI magneto and/or stator.

EC4L4200

- Woodruff key 1. Inspect:
  - Woodruff key ①
     Damage → Replace.

### ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATIO EC4L5191 CDI magneto

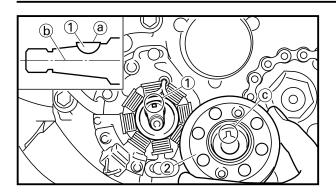
# 1. Install:

- Stator ①
- Screw (stator) ②

### NOTE:\_

Temporarily tighten the screw (stator) at this point.





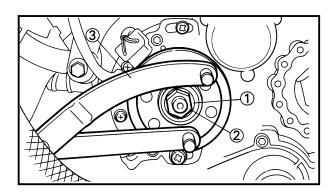
- 2. Install:
  - Woodruff key ①

**CDI MAGNETO** 

Rotor ②

### NOTE:\_

- Clean the tapered portions of the crankshaft and rotor.
- When installing the woodruff key, make sure that its flat surface (a) is in parallel with the crankshaft center line (b).
- When installing the rotor, align the keyway ⓒ of the rotor with the woodruff key.



- 3. Install:
  - Plain washer ①
  - Nut (rotor) ② 53 Nm (5.3 m•kg, 38 ft•lb) Use the rotor holding tool ③.

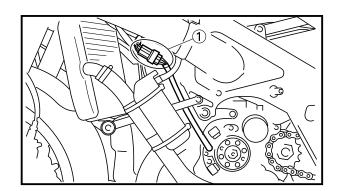
Rotor holding tool: YU-1235/90890-01235

- 4. Adjust:
  - Ignition timing



Ignition timing: 2.4 mm (0.094 in)

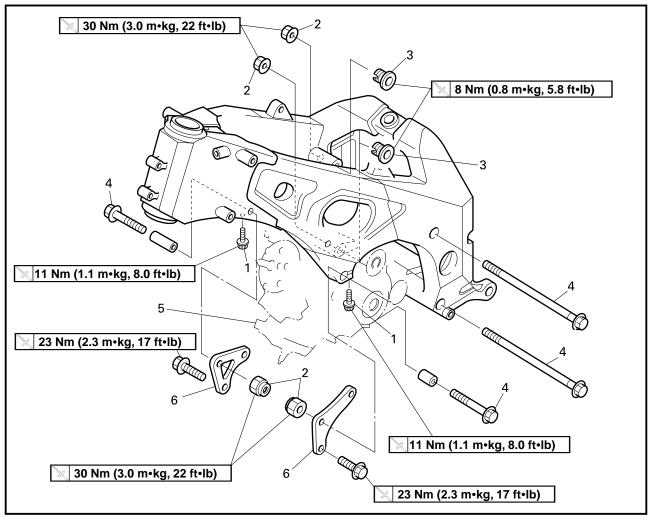
Refer to "IGNITION TIMING CHECK" section in the CHAPTER 3.



- 5. Connect:
  - CDI magneto lead ① Refer to "CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM" section in the CHAPTER 2.

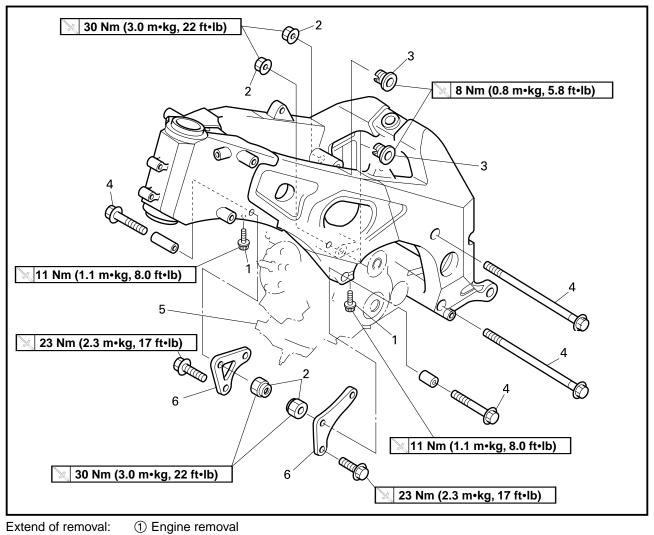


# ENGINE REMOVAL



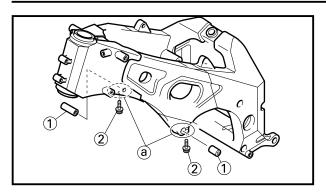
Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Extend of removal Preparation for removal	Order	Part name ENGINE REMOVAL Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand. Cowling and fuel tank Carburetor and carburetor box Exhaust pipe	Q'ty	Remarks
		Clutch cable Radiator hose 2 Radiator hose 3, 4 Drive sprocket Shift arm Spark plug cap YPVS cable Disconnect the CDI magneto lead.		Disconnect at engine side. Disconnect at water pump side. Disconnect at cylinder head side. Refer to "SHIFT SHAFT" section.

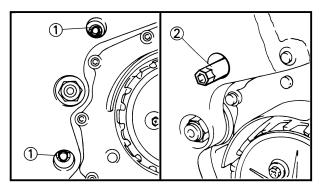


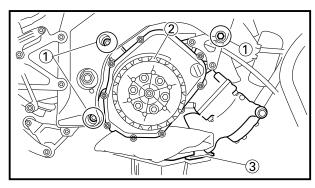


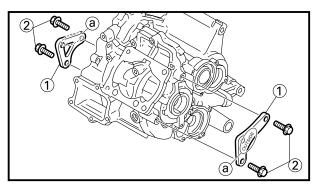
Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	1 2 3 4 5 6	Pinch bolt (engine mounting collar) Nut (engine mounting bolt) Engine mounting adjust bolt Engine mounting bolt Engine Engine bracket	2 4 2 4 1 2	Only loosening.











#### EC4M6000 HANDLING NOTE

When the frame alone is stored, insert the engine mounting collars ① into the brackets and tighten them with the pinch bolts ② to 6 Nm (0.6 m•kg, 4.3 ft•lb) in order to prevent the brackets ⓐ from damage.

#### EC4M3000 REMOVAL POINTS EC4M3331 Engine removal

- 1. Loosen:
  - Engine mounting adjust bolt ①

### NOTE:\_

Use the adjust bolt wrench ② to loosen the engine mounting adjust bolt.

- 2. Remove:
  - Engine mounting bolt ①
- Engine ②

### NOTE:\_

- Before removing the engine, make sure that the couplers, hoses and cables are disconnected.
- Remove the engine by lowering it with a jack ③.

### ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION EC4M5190 Engine installation

- 1. Install:
  - Engine bracket ①
  - Bolt (engine bracket) 2

### NOTE:\_

- Install the engine brackets with their "OUT-SIDE" marks (a) facing outward.
- Tighten the bolts (engine brackets) to 23 Nm (2.3 m•kg, 17 ft•lb), then loosen them by 1/4 turn, for temporary fitting.





2. Install:

### • Engine ①

### NOTE:\_

Install the engine by raising it into the frame with a jack 2.

3. Install:

2

(1)

6

 $\bigcirc$ 

6

(2)

2

- Engine mounting bolt (upper) ①
- Engine mounting bolt (lower) ②

- 4. Tighten:
  - Engine mounting adjust bolt ①

### 8 Nm (0.8 m•kg, 5.8 ft•lb)

### NOTE:\_

- Use the adjust bolt wrench 2 to tighten the engine mounting adjust bolts.
- Tighten the adjust bolts to specified torque alternately two times.
- 5. Install:

4-74

• Nut (engine mounting bolt) (upper) ①

30 Nm (3.0 m•kg, 22 ft•lb) • Nut (engine mounting bolt) (lower) ② 30 Nm (3.0 m•kg, 22 ft•lb)

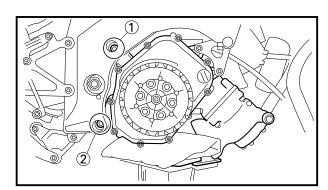
Downloaded from www.Manualslib.com manuals search engine

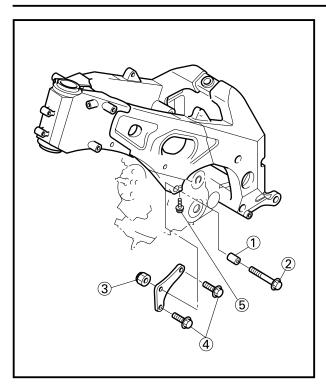
1

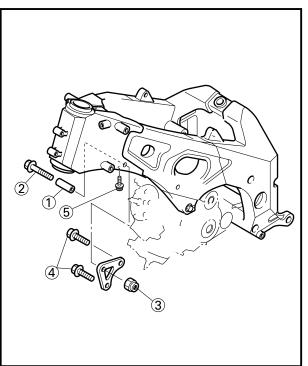
(O

1











- 6. Install:
  - Engine mounting collar (left) ①
  - Engine mounting bolt (left) ②
  - Engine mounting nut (left) ③

30 Nm (3.0 m•kg, 22 ft•lb)

- 7. Tighten:
  - Bolt (engine bracket) (left) ④

23 Nm (2.3 m•kg, 17 ft•lb)

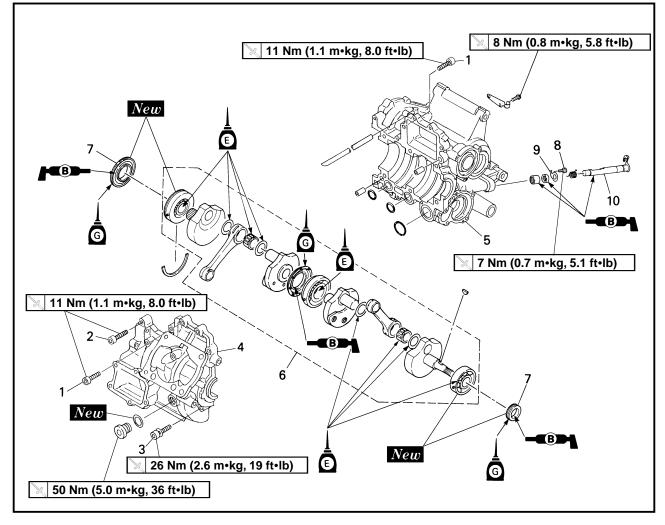
- 8. Tighten:
  - Pinch bolt (engine mounting collar) (left) (5)

- 9. Install:
  - Engine mounting collar (right) ①
  - Engine mounting bolt (right) ②
  - Engine mounting nut (right) ③

30 Nm (3.0 m•kg, 22 ft•lb)

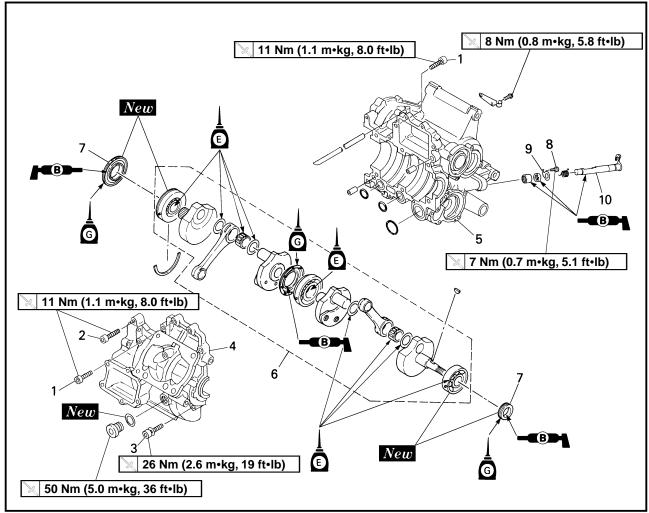
- 10.Tighten:
  - Bolt (engine bracket) (right) ④
    - 23 Nm (2.3 m•kg, 17 ft•lb)
- 11.Tighten:
  - Pinch bolt (engine mounting collar) (right) (5)





Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal	Order	CRANKCASE AND CRANK SHAFT REMOVAL Engine Reed valve Piston	Qiy	Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" section. Refer to "CARBURETOR AND REED VALVE" section. Refer to "CYLINDER HEAD, CYLIN-
		Primary drive gear Rotor and stator Engine bracket		DER AND PISTON" section. Refer to "PRIMARY DRIVEN GEAR, PRIMARY DRIVE GEAR AND BALANCER SHAFT" section. Refer to "CDI MAGNETO" section.

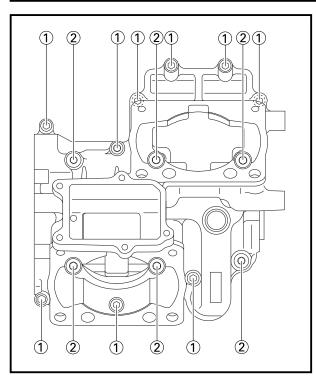


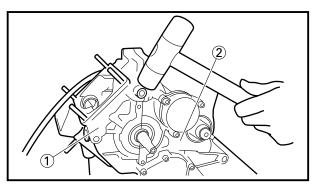


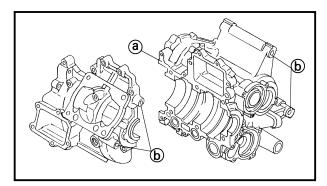
	-	case separation al removal	-	rankshaft removal ush lever axle removal
Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	4	Dalt Caracheses (MC)1		

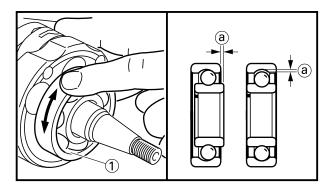
Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Qîty	Remarks
	1	Bolt [crankcase (M6)]	6	
	2	[ℓ=30 mm (1.18 in)] Bolt [crankcase (M6)]	3	
	2	$[\ell=35 \text{ mm} (1.38 \text{ in})]$	0	
	3	Bolt [crankcase (M8)]	6	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
		[ℓ=45 mm (1.77 in)]		
	4	Crankcase (upper)	1	
↓	5	Crankcase (lower)	1	J
↓	6	Crankshaft	1	
↓ ↓	7	Oil seal (crankshaft)	2	
I ↑	8	Bolt (seat plate)	1	
4	9	Seat plate	1	
↓	10	Push lever axle	1	











#### EC4N3000 REMOVAL POINTS EC4N3230

### Crankcase

- 1. Remove:
  - Bolt [crankcase (M6)] ①
  - Bolt [crankcase (M8)] 2

### NOTE:\_

- The M6 size bolts should be removed first.
- Loosen the bolts from the outer sides inward.

- 2. Remove:
  - Crankcase (upper) ① From crankcase (lower) ②.

### CAUTION:

Use soft hammer to tap on the case half. Tap only on reinforced portions of case. Do not tap on gasket mating surface. Work slowly and carefully. If the cases do not separate, check for a remaining case screw or fitting. Do not force.

# EC4N4000

EC4N4112

- Crankcase 1. Inspect:
  - Contacting surface
  - Scratches  $\rightarrow$  Replace crankcase assembly.
  - Engine mounting boss (b), crankcase
     Cracks/Damage → Replace crankcase assembly.

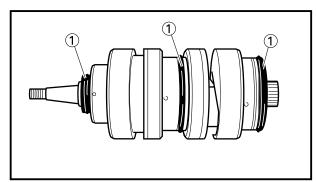
#### EC4N4214 Crankshaft

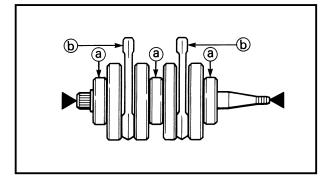
- 1. Inspect:
  - Bearing ①

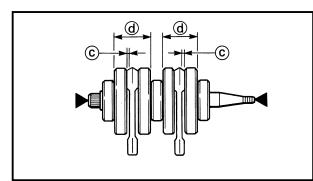
Rotate outer race with a finger.

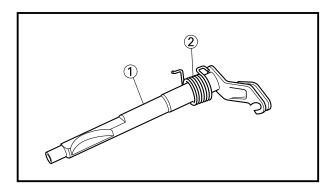
Rough spot/Seizure  $\rightarrow$  Replace crankshaft assembly.

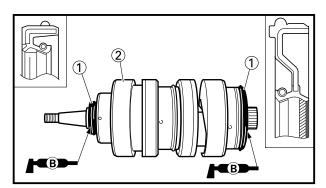












- 2. Inspect:
  - Oil seal ① Wear/Damage → Replace.

- 3. Measure:
  - Runout limit (a)
  - Small end free play limit (b)
  - $\bullet$  Connecting rod big end side clearance  $\textcircled{\mbox{c}}$
  - Crank width (crank pin side) ⓓ
     Out of specification → Replace.
     Use the dial gauge and thickness gauge.



### Dial gauge: YU-3097/90890-01252

E.	Standard	<limit></limit>
Runout	0.03 mm	0.05 mm
limit	(0.0012 in)	(0.0020 in)
Small end	0.8~1.0 mm	2.0 mm
free play	(0.031~0.039 in)	(0.08 in)
Side	0.45~0.95 mm	
clearance	(0.018~0.037 in)	—
Crank	49.975~50.025 mm	
width	(1.968~1.969 in)	-

EC4A4200

### Push lever axle

- 1. Inspect:
  - Push lever axle ①
     Wear/Damage → Replace.
  - Torsion spring ②
     Broken/Damage → Replace.

### ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION EC4N5291 Crankshaft

### 1. Install:

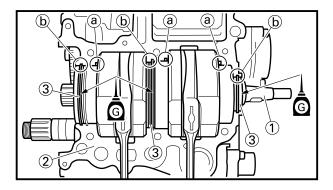
Oil seal ①
 To crankshaft ②.

### NOTE:

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the oil seal lip.



(2)0 0 1 0)))) ١O

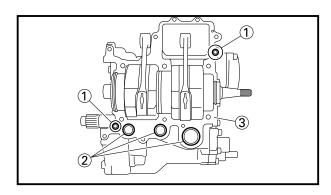


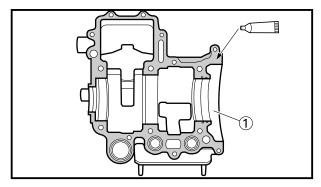
- 2. Install:
  - Circlip ① To crankcase (lower) 2.

- 3. Install:
  - Crankshaft ① To crankcase (lower) 2.

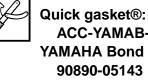
### NOTE:\_

- •When installing the crankshaft into the crankcase (lower), apply the transmission oil on the oil seal 3 outer circumference.
- Align the bearing knock pin with the pin slot (a) in the crankcase (lower) and the projection of oil seal with the groove (b) in the crankcase (lower).
- After installing the crankshaft, push the oil seal to the crankcase (lower).





- 4. Install:
  - Dowel pin ①
  - O-ring (2)
  - To crankcase (lower) ③.
- 5. Apply:
  - Sealant
    - On the crankcase (upper) ①.

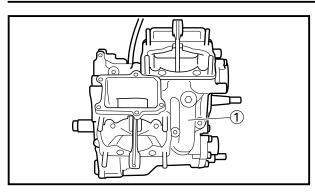


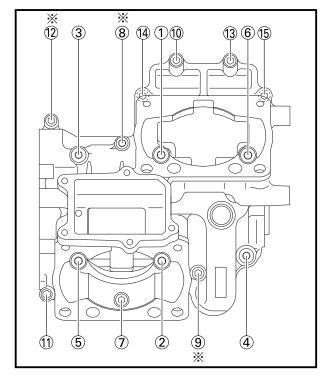
ACC-YAMAB-ON-D4 YAMAHA Bond No.4 90890-05143

### NOTE:\_

Clean the contacting surface of crankcase (upper and lower) before applying the sealant.







- 6. Install:
  - Crankcase (upper) ① To crankcase (lower).

### NOTE:

After installation, tap the crankcase (upper) with a soft hammar to settle it.

- 7. Tighten:
  - Bolt [crankcase (M8)] ①~⑥
  - Bolt [crankcase (M6)] ⑦~15

### CAUTION:

The M6 bolt comes in two lengths. Use the correct one for installation.

*ℓ*=30 mm (1.18 in) (green) ⑦ 10 11 13 14 15 Mark ※: *ℓ*=35 mm (1.38 in) (silver) ⑧ ⑨ 12

### NOTE:\_

Tighten all bolts in 2 steps as follows and be sure to tighten in numbered order as shown.

- •First: ①~⑥ (M8) 11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb) ⑦~⑮ (M6) 6 Nm (0.6 m•kg, 4.3 ft•lb)
- •Final: 1~6 (M8) 26 Nm (2.6 m•kg, 19 ft•lb) 7~15 (M6) 11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb)
- 8. Remove:
  - Sealant Forced out on the crankcase mating surface.

### **CAUTION:**

If any sealant remains, especially where the stator is installed, it may cause the stator to be installed improperly, resulting in an electrical problem.

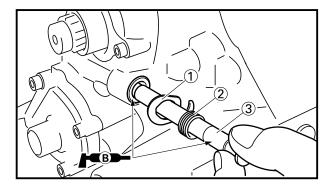
- 9. Apply:
  - Engine oil

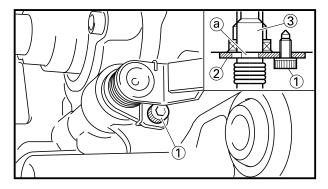
To the crank pin, bearing and oil delivery hole.

- 10.Check:
  - Crankshaft operation

Unsmooth operation  $\rightarrow$  Repair.







### EC4A5101 Push lever axle

- 1. Install:
  - Seat plate ①
  - Torsion spring 2
  - Push lever axle ③

# NOTE:\_\_

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the push lever axle, oil seal lip and bearing.

- 2. Install:
  - Bolt (seat plate) ①

7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)

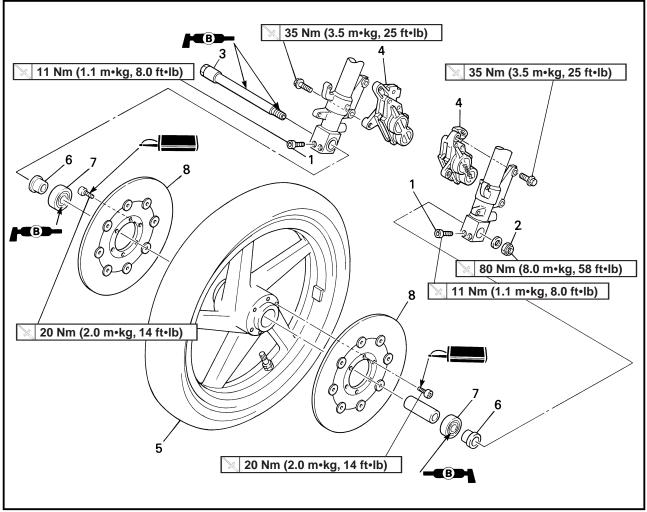
# NOTE:\_

Fit the seat plate ② in the groove ③ of the push lever axle ③ and tighten the bolt (seat plate).



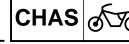
# CHASSIS EC590000 FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL

EC598000 FRONT WHEEL

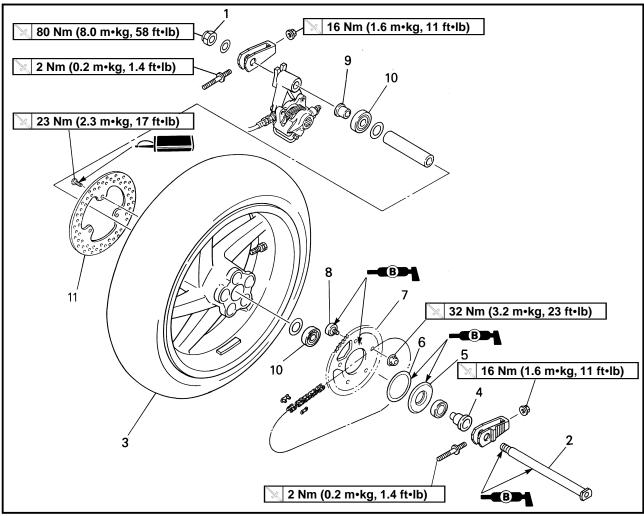


Extend of removal: ① Front wheel removal ③ Brake disc removal ② Wheel bearing removal

Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		<b>FRONT WHEEL REMOVAL</b> Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand.		AWARNING Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Bolt (axle holder) Nut (front wheel axle) Front wheel axle Caliper Front wheel Collar Bearing Brake disk	4 1 2 1 2 2 2	Only loosening. Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS". Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".



#### EC598100 REAR WHEEL

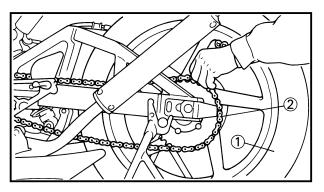


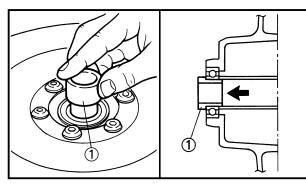
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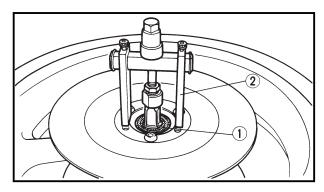
Extend of removal: ① Rear wheel removal ③ Brake disc removal

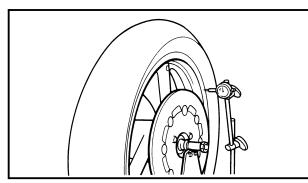
(2) Wheel bearing removal

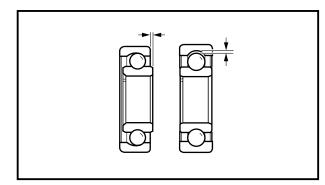
Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		<b>REAR WHEEL REMOVAL</b> Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand.		AWARNING Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.
	1	Nut (rear wheel axle)	1	
	2	Rear wheel axle	1	
	3	Rear wheel	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	4	Collar	1	
(2)	5	Clutch hub	1	
	6	Shim	1	
	7	Driven sprocket	1	
	8	Sprocket damper	5	
	9	Collar	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
↓ ↓	10	Bearing	2	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
3\$	11	Brake disc	1	











# REMOVAL POINTS

#### EC523101 Rear wheel

- 1. Remove:
  - Wheel ①

# NOTE:\_

Push the wheel forward and remove the drive chain ②.

CHAS

#### EC513300 Collar

- 1. Remove:
  - Collar ①
     Knock out of wheel on inside.

# NOTE:\_

Knock the collar out of the wheel gradually not to deform it.

## EC513201

## Wheel bearing (if necessary)

- 1. Remove:
  - Bearing ①

# NOTE:\_

Remove the bearing using a general bearing puller ②.

#### EC594000 **INSPECTION** EC514110

Wheel

- 1. Measure:
  - Wheel runout
     Out of limit → Poplace

Out of limit  $\rightarrow$  Replace.



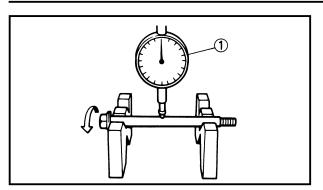
Wheel runout limit: Radial: 1.0 mm (0.04 in) Lateral: 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

- 2. Inspect:
  - Bearing
     Rotate inner race with a finger.

Rough spot/Seizure  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

# NOTE:\_

Replace the bearings and wheel collar as a set.



#### EC514200 Wheel axle

- 1. Measure:
  - Wheel axle bends
     Out of specification → Replace.
     Use the dial gauge ①.



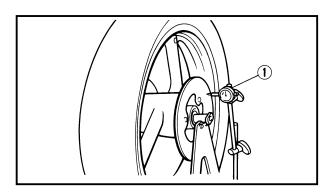
# NOTE:\_

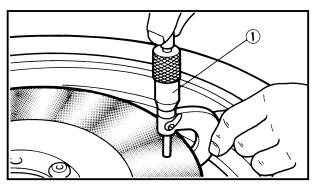
The bending value is shown by one half of the dial gauge reading.

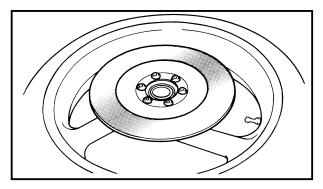
CHAS

# 

Do not attempt to straighten a bent axle.



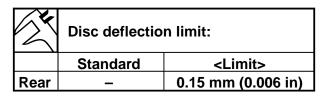




#### EC594100 Brake disc

- 1. Measure:
  - Brake disc deflection (only rear brake disc) Use the dial gauge ①.
  - Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Inspect wheel runout.

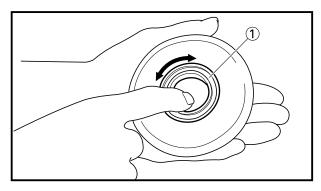
If wheel runout is in good condition, replace the brake disc.

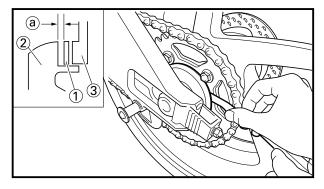


- 2. Measure:
  - Brake disc thickness
     Use the micrometer ①.
     Out of limit → Replace.

K	Disc wear limit:						
	Standard	<limit></limit>					
Front	5.0 mm (0.20 in)	4.5 mm (0.18 in)					
Rear	4.0 mm (0.16 in)	3.5 mm (0.14 in)					

- 3. Inspect:
  - Brake disc surface
     Score marks/Damege → Replace.





#### EC524100 Clutch hub

1. Inspect:

Bearing ①
 Rotate inner race with a finger.
 Rough spot/Seizure → Replace.

CHAS

# Clucth hub clearance

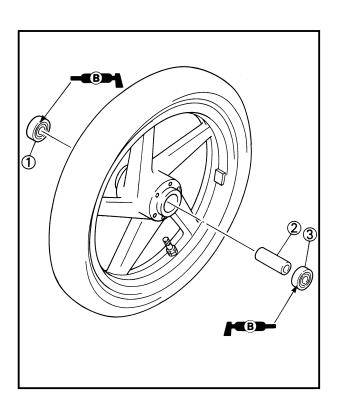
- 1. Inspect:
  - Clucth hub clearance ⓐ
     Out of specification → Adjust by adding

the supplyed shim [0.3 mm (0.012 in)].

Clucth hub clearance: Zero~0.3 mm (Zero~0.012 in)

# NOTE:\_

- When inspecting the clutch hub clearance, measure it as it is assembled to the body at specified torque.
- Measurement may be made of the clearance either between the shim ① and clutch hub ② or between the shim and sprocket ③.



## ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION EC515172 Front wheel

- 1. Install:
  - Bearing (right) ①
- Spacer ②
- Bearing (left) ③

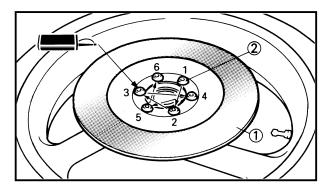
# NOTE:\_

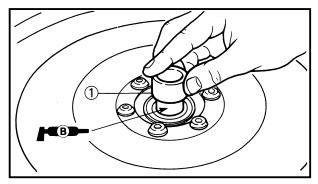
- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bearing when installing.
- Use a socket that matches the outside diameter of the race of the bearing.
- Right side of bearing shall be installed first.

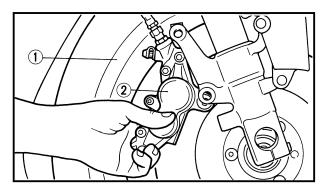
# CAUTION:

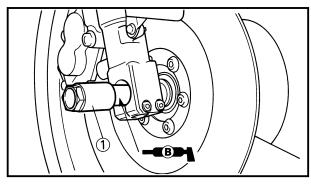
Do not strike the inner race of the bearing. Contact should be made only with the outer race.

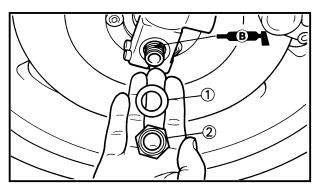












- 2. Install:
- Brake disc ①
  - Bolt (brake disc) ②

## NOTE:\_

Tighten the bolts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.

- 3. Install:
  - Collar ①

## NOTE:\_

If the collar is hard to install, apply the lithium soap base grease on the collar and press it in.

- 4. Install:
  - Wheel ①
  - Caliper ②
  - Bolt (caliper) 35 Nm (3.5 m•kg, 25 ft•lb)

# NOTE:\_\_

Before installing the wheel axle, install the caliper.

- 5. Install:
  - Wheel axle ①

# NOTE:\_

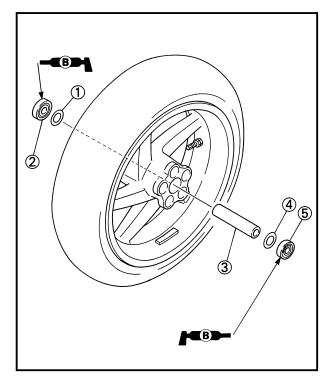
- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the wheel axle.
- Insert the wheel axle from right side.
- 6. Install:
  - Plain washer ①
  - Nut (wheel axle) ②

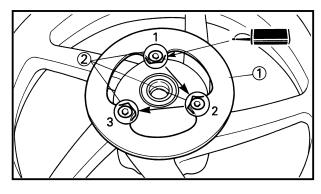
## 80 Nm (8.0 m•kg, 58 ft•lb)

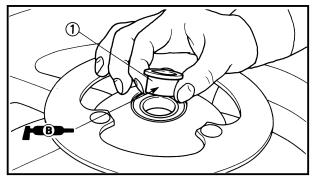
# NOTE:\_\_

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the wheel axle thread.









- 7. Tighten:
- Bolt (axle holder) ①

11 Nm (1.1 m•kg, 8.0 ft•lb)

#### EC5251C0 Rear wheel

# 1. Install:

- Fitting plate (right) ①
- Bearing (right) ②
- Spacer ③
- Fitting plate (left) ④
- Bearing (left) (5)

# NOTE:\_

- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bearing when installing.
- Use a socket that matches the outside diameter of the race of the bearing.
- Right side of bearing shall be installed first.

# CAUTION:

Do not strike the inner race of the bearing. Contact should be made only with the outer race.

- 2. Install:
  - Brake disc ①
  - Bolt (brake disc) (2)

23 Nm (2.3 m•kg, 17 ft•lb)

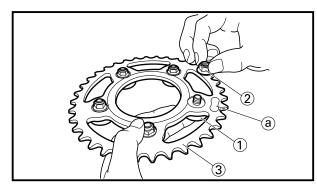
# NOTE:\_

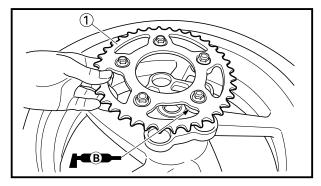
Tighten the bolts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.

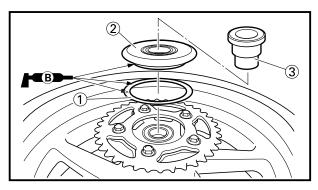
- 3. Install:
  - Collar ①

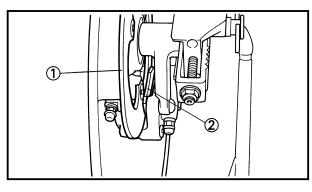
# NOTE:\_

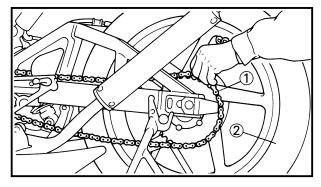
If the collar is hard to install, apply the lithium soap base grease on the collar and press it in.











- 4. Install:
- Sprocket damper ①
- Nut (sprocket damper) ②

32 Nm (3.2 m•kg, 23 ft•lb)

CHAS d

To driven sprocket ③.

# NOTE:\_

Make sure that the nut is on the side of the sprocket bearing the manufacturer's mark (a).

- 5. Install:
  - Driven sprocket ① To wheel.

# NOTE:\_

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the sprocket damper.

- 6. Install:
  - Shim ①
  - Clutch hub 2
  - Collar ③

# NOTE:\_

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the shim and clutch hub outer circumference.

- 7. Install:
  - Wheel

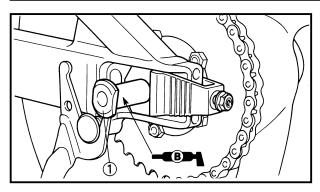
# NOTE:\_

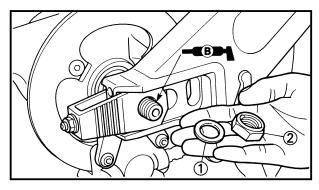
Install the brake disc ① between the brake pads ② correctly.

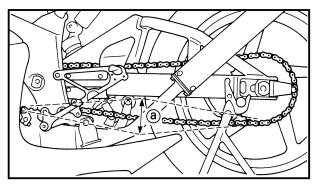
- 8. Install:
  - Drive chain ①

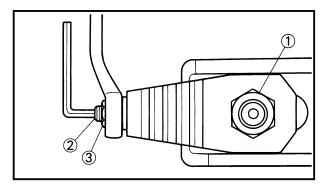
# NOTE:\_

Push the wheel ② forward and install the drive chain.









- 9. Install:
- Wheel axle ①

## NOTE:\_

• Apply the lithium soap base grease on the wheel axle.

CHAS

Insert the wheel axle from left side.

10.Install:

- Plain washer ①
- Nut (wheel axle) ②

# NOTE:\_

- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the wheel axle thread.
- Temporarily tighten the nut (wheel axle) at this point.
- 11.Adjust:
  - Drive chain slack (a)

Drive chain slack: 40~50 mm (1.6~2.0 in)

Refer to "DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUST-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 12.Tighten:
- Nut (wheel axle) ①
- Adjuster 2

X	80	Nm	(8.0	m•kg,	58	ft•lb)	

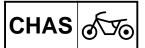
- Locknut ③
- 2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb) 16 Nm (1.6 m•kg, 11 ft•lb)

# NOTE:\_

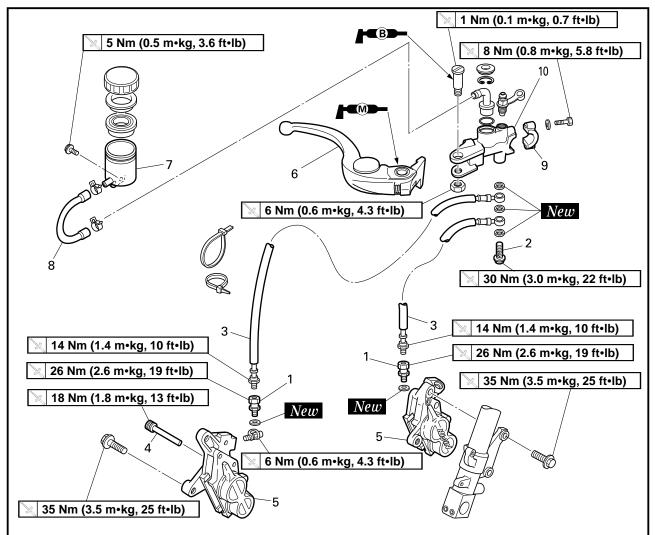
- Tighten the axle nut while pushing down the drive chain.
- After tightening the axle nut, tighten the locknut with the turned out the adjuster.

13.Adjust:

• Wheel alignment Refer to "WHEEL ALIGNMENT ADJUST-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



EC5A8000 FRONT BRAKE



Extend of removal:

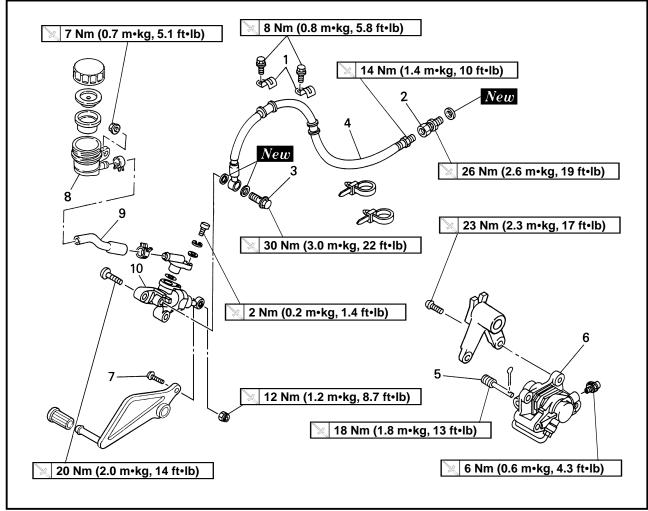
Brake hose removal
 Master cylinder removal

Caliper removal

Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		FRONT BRAKE REMOVAL Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand. Cowling Induction guide (left cylinder) Drain the brake fluid.		AWARNING Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over. Refer to "COWLING, INDUCTION GUIDE, SEAT AND FUEL TANK" section in the CHAPTER 4. Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
↑ 2 <b>†</b> 1 3 <b>‡</b>	1 2	Adapter Union bolt	1ea. 1	Loosen by moving the master cylinder mounting position either way.
↓	3	Brake hose	1ea.	
	4	Pad pin	1ea.	Loosen when disassembling the caliper.
 ₽	5	Caliper	1ea.	
I ↑	6	Brake lever	1	
	7	Reservoir tank	1	
3	8	Reservoir hose	1	
	9	Master cylinder bracket	1	
L	10	Master cylinder	1	



# REAR BRAKE

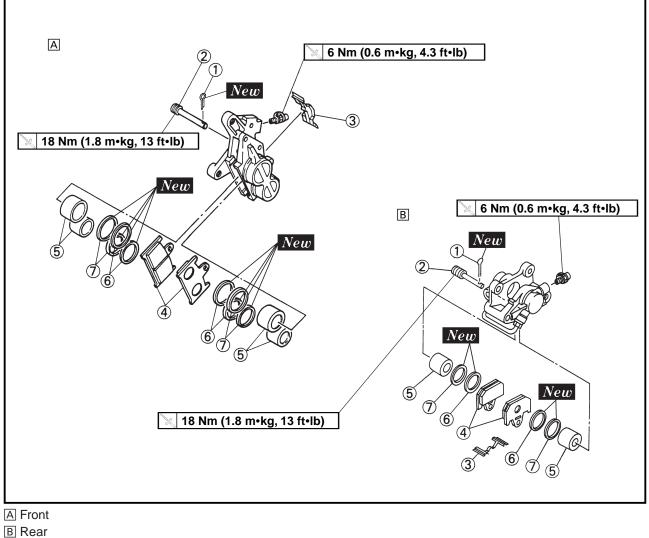


Extend of removal: ① Brake hose removal ③ Master cylinder removal ② Caliper removal

Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		<b>REAR BRAKE REMOVAL</b> Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand. Drain the brake fluid.		AWARNING Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over. Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Brake hose holder Adapter Union bolt Brake hose Pad pin Caliper Brake pedal connecting bolt Reservoir tank Reservoir hose Master cylinder	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Loosen when disassembling the caliper.



#### EC5A8200 CALIPER DISASSEMBLY

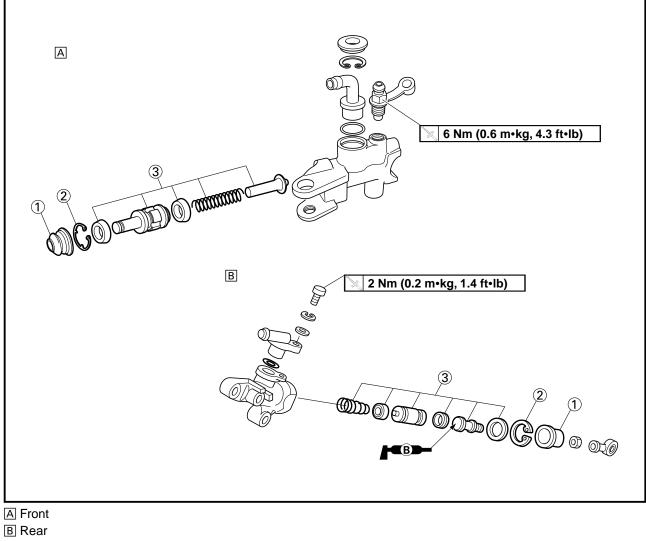


Extend of removal: 1 Front caliper disassembly 2 Rear caliper disassembly

Extend o	of removal	Order	Part name	Q	Q'ty Remarks	
			CALIPER DISASSEMBLY	Α	В	
↑	<b>↑</b>	1	Cotter pin	1ea.	1	
		2	Pad pin	1ea.	1	
		3	Pad support	1ea.	1	
	2	4	Brake pad	2ea.	2	
	Ī	5	Caliper piston	4ea.	2	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
		6	Dust seal	4ea.	2	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
		$\bigcirc$	Piston seal	4ea.	2	



# MASTER CYLINDER DISASSEMBLY



Extend of removal: ① Front master cylinder disassembly

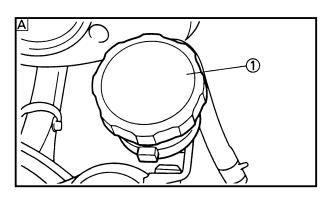
Rear master cylinder disassembly

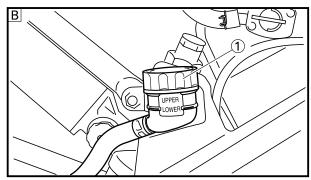
Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	1 2 3	MASTER CYLINDER DISASSEMBLY Master cylinder boot Circlip Master cylinder kit	1 1 1	

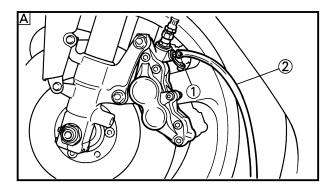


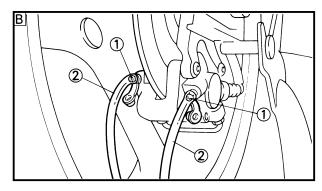
## 

The brake components of this machine are suit for closed circuit use only. Never use on any public road.









#### EC5A3000 REMOVAL POINTS

#### EC5A3200 Brake fluid

# 1. Remove:

• Reservoir tank cap ①

# NOTE:\_

Do not remove the diaphragm.

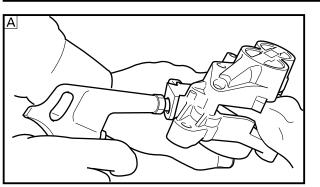
A Front

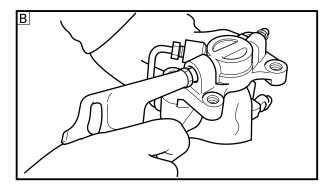
**B** Rear

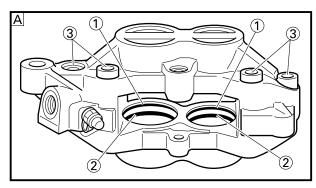
- 2. Connect the transparent hose ② to the bleed screw ① and place a suitable container under its end.
- A Front
- B Rear
- 3. Loosen the bleed screw and drain the brake fluid while pulling the lever in or pushing down on the pedal.

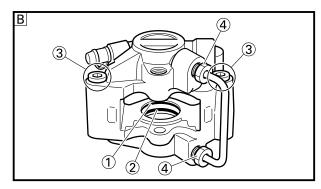
# CAUTION:

- Do not reuse the drained brake fluid.
- Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.









#### EC533301 Caliper piston

- 1. Remove:
  - Caliper piston Use compressed air and proceed carefully.

CHAS

## 

- Cover piston with rag and use extreme caution when expelling piston from cylinder.
- Never attempt to pry out piston.

## Caliper piston removal steps:

- Insert a piece of rag into the caliper to lock one caliper.
- Carefully force the piston out of the caliper cylinder with compressed air.
- A Front
- **B** Rear

## EC543411

## Piston seal kit

- 1. Remove:
  - Dust seal ①
  - Piston seal 2

## NOTE:\_

Remove the piston seals and dust seals by pushing them with a finger.

# CAUTION:

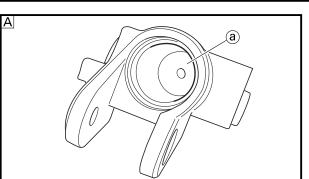
- Never attempt to pry out piston seals and dust seals.
- Do not loosen the bolts (3) and nuts (4).

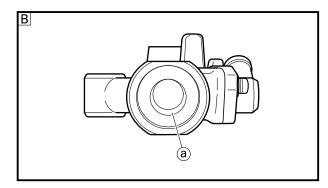
# 

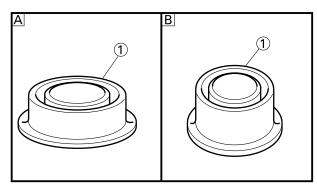
Replace the piston seals and dust seals whenever a caliper is disassembled.

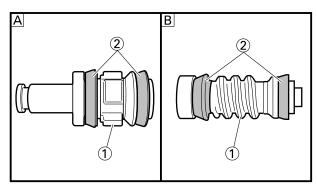
A Front

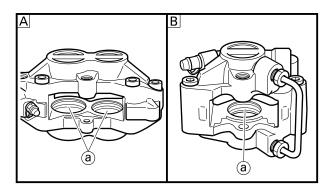
**B** Rear











# EC5A4000

# EC534112

# Master cylinder

- 1. Inspect:
  - Master cylinder inner surface ⓐ Wear/Scratches → Replace master cylinder assembly.
     Stains → Clean.

CHAS 🔬

# 

# Use only new brake fluid.

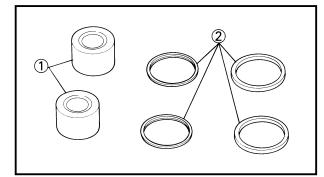
- A Front
- **B** Rear

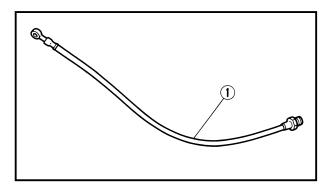
- 2. Inspect:
  - Diaphragm
  - Crack/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.
- A Front
- B Rear
- 3. Inspect:
  - Master cylinder piston ①
  - Master cylinder cup ②
     Wear/Damage/Score marks → Replace master cylinder kit.
- A Front
- B Rear

### EC534214 Caliper

- 1. Inspect:
- Caliper cylinder inner surface ⓐ Wear/Score marks → Replace caliper assembly.
- A Front
- B Rear







- 2. Inspect:
  - Caliper piston ①
     Wear/Score marks → Replace caliper piston assembly.

# 

Replace the piston seals and dust seals ② whenever a caliper is disassembled.

#### EC534301 Brake hose

- 1. Inspect:
  - Brake hose ①
     Crack/Damage → Replace.

# ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

- All internal parts should be cleaned in new brake fluid only.
- Internal parts should be lubricated with brake fluid when installed.
- Replace the piston seals and dust seals whenever a caliper is disassembled.

#### EC535113 Caliper piston

- 1. Clean:
  - Caliper
  - Piston seal
  - Dust seal
  - Caliper piston

Clean them with brake fluid.

- 2. Install:
  - Piston seal ① New
  - Dust seal ② New

# 

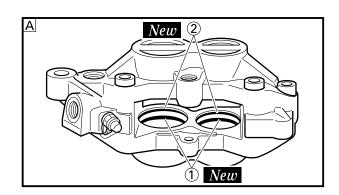
Always use new piston seals and dust seals.

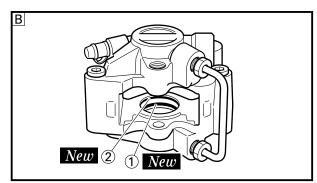
# NOTE:\_\_

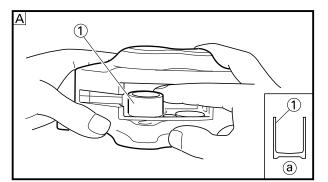
Fit the piston seals and dust seals onto the slot on caliper correctly.

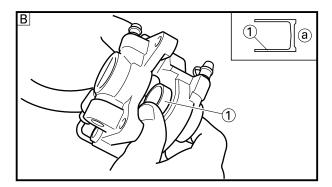
A Fron	t
--------	---

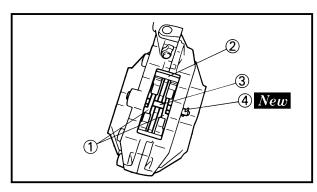
B Rear

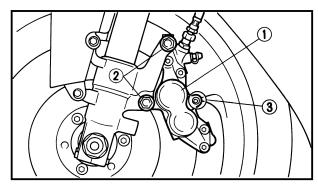


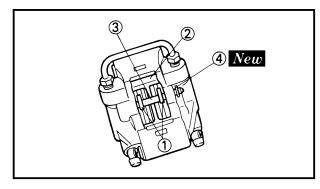












3. Install:

Caliper piston ①

## NOTE:

Apply the brake fluid on the piston wall.

# CAUTION:

• Install the piston with its shallow depressed side (a) facing the caliper.

CHAS of

- Never force to insert.
- A Front

**B** Rear

#### EC535241 Front caliper

- 1. Install:
  - Brake pad ①
  - Pad support 2
  - Pad pin ③
  - Cotter pin ④ New

# NOTE:\_

Temporarily tighten the pad pin at this point.

- 2. Install:
- Caliper ①
- Bolt (caliper) 2
  - 35 Nm (3.5 m•kg, 25 ft•lb)
- 3. Tighten:Pad pin (3)
- 18 Nm (1.8 m•kg, 13 ft•lb)

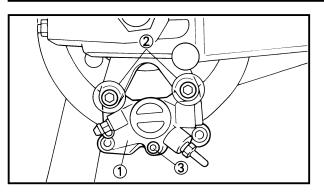
#### EC545141 Rear caliper

- 1. Install:
  - Brake pad ①
  - Pad support ②
  - Pad pin ③
  - Cotter pin ④ New

# NOTE:\_

Temporarily tighten the pad pin at this point.

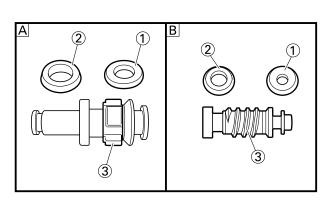


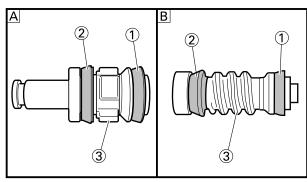


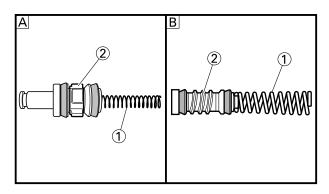
- 2. Install:
  - Caliper ①Bolt (caliper) ②
    - 23 Nm (2.3 m•kg, 17 ft•lb)
- 3. Tighten:
  - Pad pin ③
- 🔌 18 Nm (1.8 m•kg, 13 ft•lb)

#### EC5A5230 Master cylinder kit

- 1. Clean:
  - Master cylinder
  - Master cylinder kit
  - Clean them with brake fluid.







- 2. Install:
  - Master cylinder cup (primary) ①
  - Master cylinder cup (secondary) ② To master cylinder piston ③.

# NOTE:\_

Apply the brake fluid on the master cylinder cup.

# 

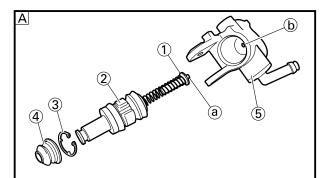
After installing, cylinder cup should be installed as shown direction. Wrong installation cause improper brake performance.

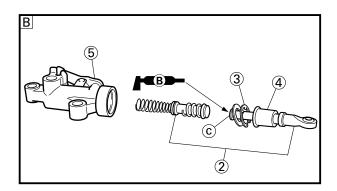
- A Front
- B Rear
- 3. Install:
  - Spring ① To master cylinder piston ②.

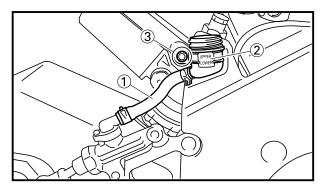
# NOTE:\_

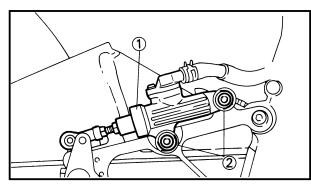
Install the spring at the smaller dia. side.

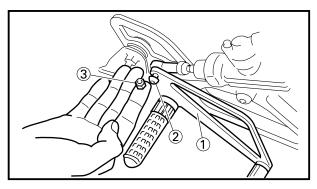
- A Front
- **B** Rear











- 4. Install:
- Spring guide ①
- Master cylinder kit 2
- Circlip ③
- Master cylinder boot ④
- To master cylinder (5).

## NOTE:.

• Apply the brake fluid on the master cylinder kit.

CHAS

- Install the spring guide with the projection (a) aligning with the master cylinder hole (b).
- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the tip ⓒ of the push rod.
- When installing the circlip, use a long nose circlip pliers.
- A Front
- **B** Rear

EC545270

## Rear master cylinder

- 1. Install:
  - $\bullet$  Reservoir hose (1)
  - Reservoir tank ②
  - Nut (reservoir tank) ③

📕 🛋 🕅 7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)

- 2. Install:
  - $\bullet \, \text{Master cylinder} \, \textcircled{1} \\$
  - Bolt (master cylinder) 2

🔀 20 Nm (2.0 m∙kg, 14 ft•lb)

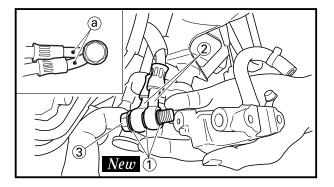
- 3. Install:
  - $\bullet$  Brake pedal (1)
  - Brake pedal connecting bolt 2
  - Nut (brake pedal connecting bolt) ③

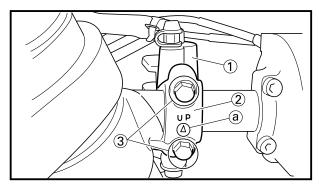
# 12 Nm (1.2 m•kg, 8.7 ft•lb)

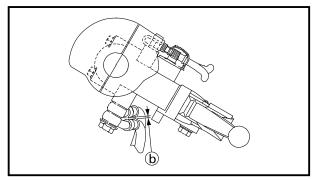
# NOTE:\_

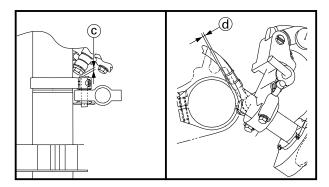
After installing, check the brake pedal height. Refer to "REAR BRAKE ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.











### EC5A5A00 Front brake hose and master cylinder

- 1. Install:
  - Copper washer ① New
  - Brake hose ②
  - Union bolt ③

# 

## Always use new copper washers.

## NOTE:\_

- Position the brake hoses with their paint marks (a) downward.
- Temporarily tighten the union bolt.
- 2. Install:
  - Master cylinder ①
  - Master cylinder bracket
  - Bolt (master cylinder bracket) ③

## NOTE:\_

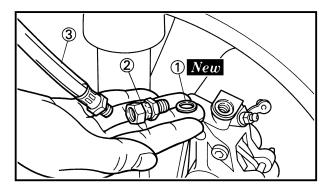
- Install the bracket so that the arrow mark ⓐ face upward.
- Temporarily tighten the bolt (master cylinder bracket).

# CAUTION:

- Take care not to allow the brake hose metal fittings and union bolts to contact with other parts. If they are installed in contact with other parts, it will result in brake failure.
- Install the brake hoses with a clearance (b) of 2 mm (0.008 in) provided between their metal fittings.
- Install the brake hoses with a clearance c of 3 mm (0.012 in) between the union bolt and steering damper stay and a clearance d of 3 mm (0.012 in) between the brake hose (for the left caliper) and front fork.
- 3. Tighten:
  - Union bolt 30 Nm (3.0 m•kg, 22 ft•lb)
  - Bolt (master cylinder bracket)

8 Nm (0.8 m•kg, 5.8 ft•lb)





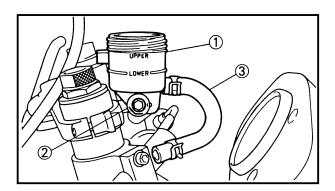
- 4. Install:
  - Copper washer ① New
  - Adapter 2 26 Nm (2.6 m•kg, 19 ft•lb)
- Brake hose ③

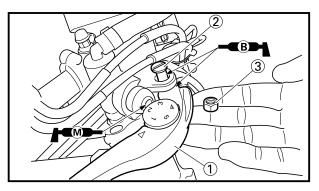
hose ③ 14 Nm (1.4 m•kg, 10 ft•lb)

Always use a new copper washer.

## NOTE:\_

When turning the adapter over the brake hose, hold the brake hose so that it may not be twisted.





- 5. Install:
  - Reservoir tank ①
  - Bolt (reservoir tank) 2
    - **5 Nm (0.5 m•kg, 3.6 ft•lb)**
  - Reservoir hose ③
- 6. Install:
  - Brake lever (1)
  - Bolt (brake lever) 2

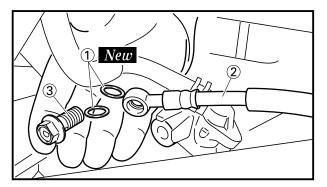
✓ 1 Nm (0.1 m•kg, 0.7 ft•lb)

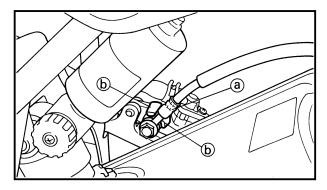
• Nut (brake lever) ③

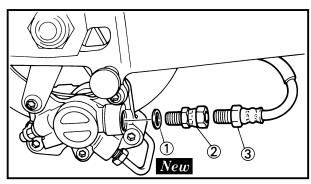
🔀 6 Nm (0.6 m•kg, 4.3 ft•lb)

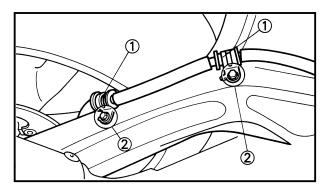
## NOTE:.

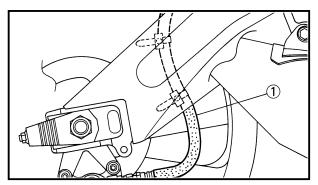
- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bolt.
- When installing the brake lever, apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the contacting surface of the master cylinder piston.











#### EC545451 Rear brake hose

- 1. Install:
- Copper washer ① New
- Brake hose ②

• Union bolt ③ 30 Nm (3.0 m•kg, 22 ft•lb)

CHAS

Always use new copper washers.

# CAUTION:

When installing the brake hose to the master cylinder, lightly touch the brake pipe ⓐ with the projection ⓑ on the master cylinder.

- 2. Install:
  - Copper washer ① New
- Adapter 2 26 Nm (2.6 m•kg, 19 ft•lb)
- Brake hose ③ 14 Nm (1.4 m•kg, 10 ft•lb)

# 

Always use a new copper washer.

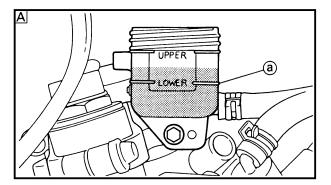
# NOTE:\_

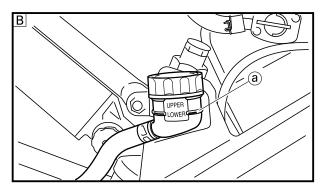
When turning the adapter over the brake hose, hold the brake hose so that it may not be twisted.

- 3. Install:
  - Brake hose holder ①
  - Bolt (brake hose holder) 2

8Nm (0.8 m•kg,5.8 ft•lb)

- 4. Install:
  - Brake hose ①
  - Refer to "CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM" section in the CHAPTER 2.





#### EC5A5610 Brake fluid

- 1. Fill:
  - Brake fluid Until the fluid level reaches "LOWER" level line (a).

CHAS ්

Recommended brake fluid: DOT #4

# 

• Use only the designated quality brake fluid:

otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.

- Refill with the same type of brake fluid; mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
- Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.

# CAUTION:

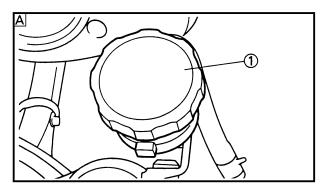
Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

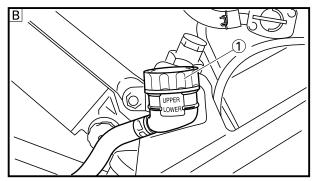
- A Front
- B Rear
- 2. Air bleed:

• Brake system Refer to "BRAKE SYSTEM AIR BLEED-ING" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 3. Inspect:
  - Brake fluid level
     Fluid at lower level → Fill up.
     Refer to "BRAKE FLUID LEVEL INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.







- 4. Install:
  - DiaphragmReservoir tank cap ①
  - Reservoir tank cap (

# CAUTION:

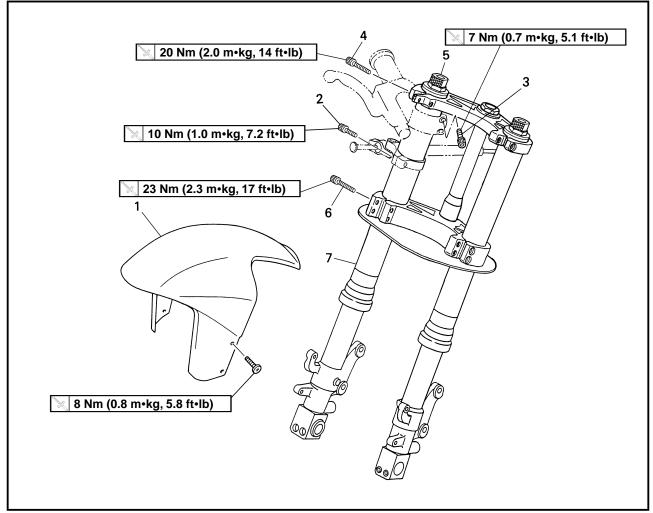
After installation, while pulling the lever in or pushing down on the pedal, check whether there is any brake fluid leaking where the union bolts are installed respectively at the master cylinder and caliper.

A Front

**B** Rear

CHAS

# FRONT FORK

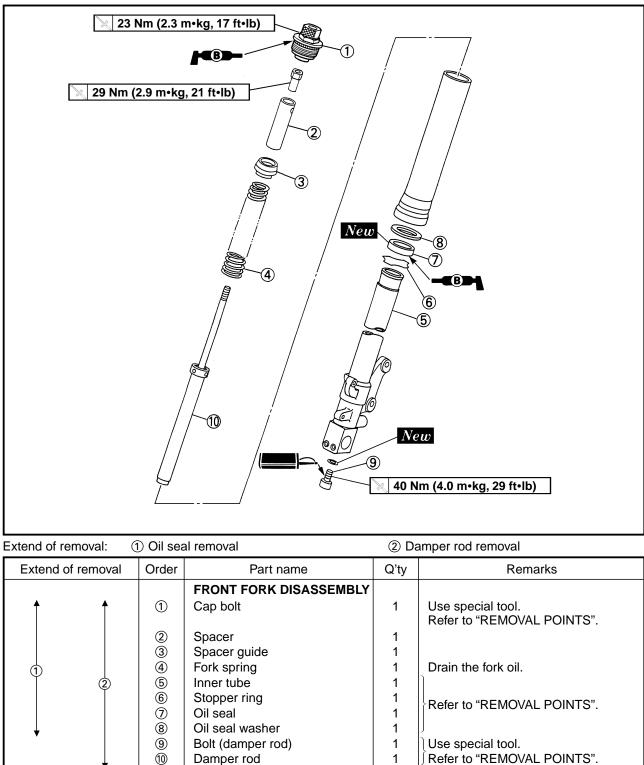


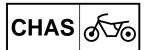
## Extend of removal: ① Front fork removal

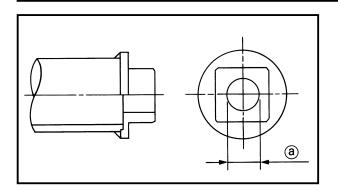
Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		FRONT FORK REMOVAL Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand. Cowling Induction guide (left cylinder) Front caliper Front wheel		AWARNING           Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.           Refer to "COWLING, INDUCTION GUIDE, SEAT AND FUEL TANK" section in the CHAPTER 4.           Refer to "FRONT BRAKE AND REAR BRAKE" section.           Refer to "FRONT WHEEL AND
1	1 2 3 4 5 6	Front fender Pinch bolt (steering damper stay) Pinch bolt (handlebar) Pinch bolt (handle crown) Cap bolt Pinch bolt (under bracket)	1 1 2 1 1 2	REAR WHEEL" section. Only loosening. (right side only) Only loosening. Only loosening. Loosen when disassembling the front fork. Only loosening.
	7	Front fork	1	

# CHAS 🖅

# FRONT FORK DISASSEMBLY







#### EC556010 HANDLING NOTE

# NOTE:\_

- With the 97 or later models, the dampar rod diameter is 12.5 mm (0.49 in). If the dimension (a) of your dampar rod holders is 12 mm (0.47 in), drill it to expand its diameter to 14 mm (0.55 in).
- The front fork requires careful attention. So it is recommended that the front fork be main-tained at the dealers.

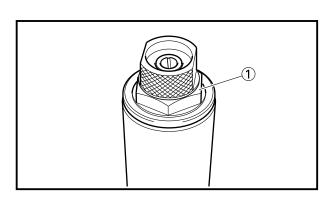
# **CAUTION:**

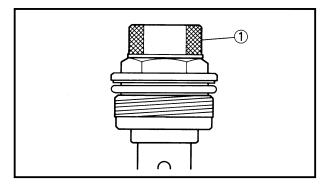
To prevent an accidental explosion of air, the following instructions should be observed:

• The front fork with a built-in piston rod has a very sophisticated internal construction and is particularly sensitive to foreign material.

Use enough care not to allow any foreign material to come in when the oil is replaced or when the front fork is disassembled and reassembled.

• Before removing the cap bolts or front forks, be sure to extract the air from the air chamber completely.





#### EC553000 REMOVAL POINTS EC553144 Cap bolt

- 1. Remove:
- Cap bolt ① From the outer tube.

# NOTE:\_

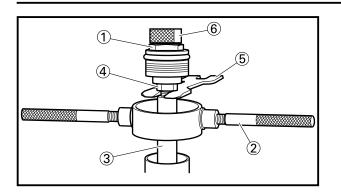
Before removing the front fork from the machine, loosen the cap bolt.

- 2. Loosen:
  - Spring preload adjuster ①

# NOTE:\_

Record the set position of the adjuster (the amount of turning out the adjuster to the fully turned out position) before loosening it.





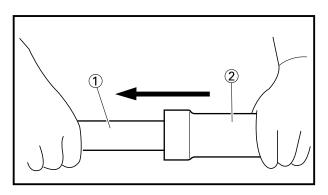
- 3. Remove:
- Cap bolt ①

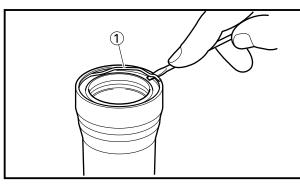
# NOTE:\_

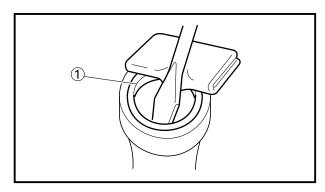
- While pressing down the spacer ③ with the fork spring compressor ②, set the rod holder
  ⑤ between the locknut ④ and spacer.
- Hold the locknut and remove the cap bolt by turning the spring preload adjuster 6.



Fork spring compressor: YM-1441/90890-01441 Rod holder: YM-1434/90890-01434







- EC553212 Oil seal
- 1. Remove:
  - Inner tube ①
    Pull out the inner tube from the outer tube ②.
- 2. Remove:

• Stopper ring ① Using slotted-head screwdriver.

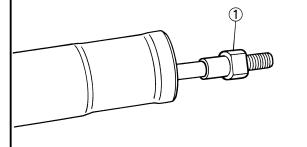
- 3. Remove:
  - Oil seal ①
  - Oil seal washer Using slotted-head screwdriver.

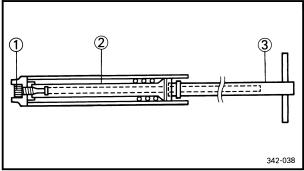
# CAUTION:

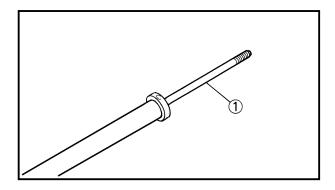
- Take care not to scratch the outer tube inner surface.
- Replace the oil seal whenever removed.

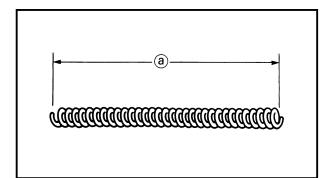


- 1. Remove:
  - Locknut ①









# 2. Remove:

- Bolt (damper rod) ①
- Damper rod ②

# NOTE:\_

Use a damper rod holder 3 to lock the damper rod.

CHAS



Damper rod holder: YM-1425/90890-01425

#### EC554000 INSPECTION EC554100

## Damper rod

- 1. Inspect:
  - Damper rod ①

Bend/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace damper rod.

# CAUTION:

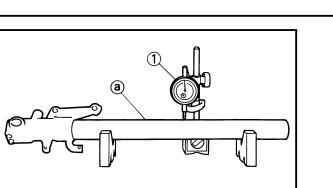
The front fork with a built-in piston rod has a very sophisticated internal construction and is particularly sensitive to foreign material.

Use enough care not to allow any foreign material to come in when the oil is replaced or when the front fork is disassembled and reassembled.

#### EC554400 Fork spring

- 1. Measure:
  - Fork spring free length (a) Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

	Fork spring free length:						
		Standard	<limit></limit>				
ſ		212.5 mm	210.5 mm				
		(8.37 in)	(8.29 in)				



#### EC554502 Inner tube

- 1. Inspect:
  - Inner tube surface ⓐ
     Score marks → Repair or replace.
     Use #1,000 grit wet sandpaper.
     Damaged oil lock piece → Replace.

CHAS ්

Inner tube bends
 Out of specification → Replace.
 Use the dial gauge ①.



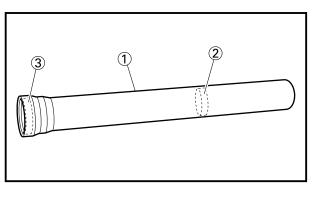
Inner tube bending limit: 0.2 mm (0.008 in)

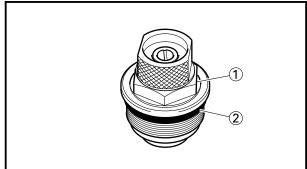
# NOTE:

The bending value is shown by one half of the dial gauge reading.

# 

Do not attempt to straighten a bent inner tube as this may dangerously weaken the tube.



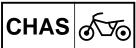


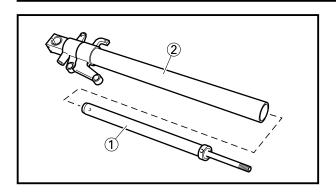
#### EC554611 Outer tube

- 1. Inspect:
  - Outer tube ①
  - Piston metal ②
  - Slide metal ③
     Damage/Score marks/Wear → Replace outer tube assembly.

#### EC554710 Cap bolt

- 1. Inspect:
  - Cap bolt ①
  - O-ring ②
  - Wear/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.





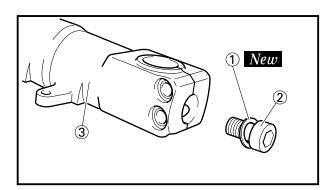
# ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

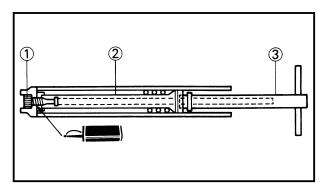
# Front fork assembly

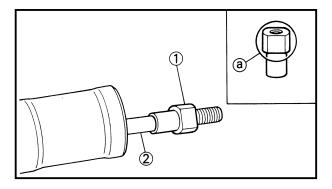
- 1. Wash the all parts in a clear solvent.
- 2. Install:
- Damper rod ① To inner tube ②.

# CAUTION:

To install the damper rod into the inner tube, hold the inner tube aslant. If the inner tube is held vertically, the damper rod may fall into it, damaging the valve inside.







- 3. Install:
  - Copper washer ① New
  - Bolt (damper rod) ② To inner tube ③.

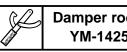
4. Tighten:

• Bolt (damper rod) ①

📕 🛋 🕅 40 Nm (4.0 m•kg, 29 ft•lb)

# NOTE:\_

Use a damper rod holder ③ to lock the damper rod ②.



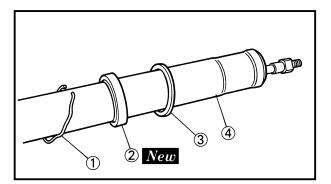
# Damper rod holder: YM-1425/90890-01425

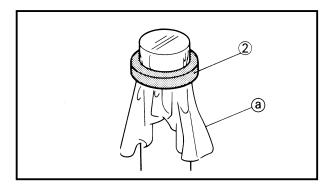
- 5. Install:
  - Locknut
  - To damper rod 2.

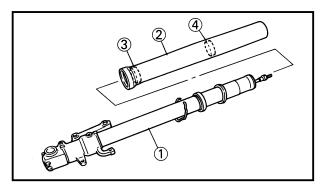
# NOTE:\_

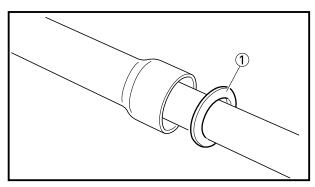
Install the locknut with its width across flat ⓐ facing upward.

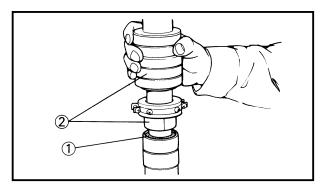
CHAS of To











- 6. Install:
  - Stopper ring ①

**FRONT FORK** 

- Oil seal ② New
- Oil seal washer ③ To inner tube ④.

# NOTE:\_

- Apply the fork oil on the inner tube.
- When installing the oil seal, use vinyl seat ⓐ with fork oil applied to protect the oil seal lip.
- Install the oil seal with its manufacture's marks or number facing the axle holder side.

- 7. Install:
  - Inner tube ① To outer tube ②.

# CAUTION:

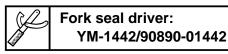
When installing the inner tube, slowly and take care to insert it carefully so that the slide metal ③ and piston metal ④ will not be scratched.

- 8. Install:
  - Oil seal washer ① To outer tube slot.

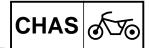
- 9. Install:
  - Oil seal ①

# NOTE:\_

Press the oil seal into the outer tube with fork seal driver ②.



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10.Install:

Stopper ring ①

# NOTE:\_

Fit the stopper ring correctly in the groove in the outer tube.

11.Check:

 Inner tube smooth movement Tightness/Binding/Rough spots → Repeat the steps 2 to 10.

- 12.Compress the front fork fully.
- 13.Fill:
  - Front fork oil

Until outer tube top surface with recommended fork oil 1.

Recommended oil: Suspension oil "01"

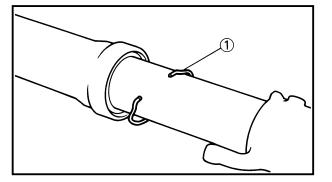
# CAUTION:

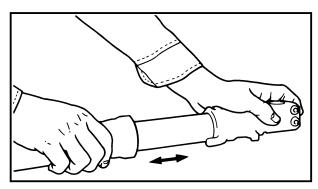
- Be sure to use recommended fork oil. If other oils are used, they may have an excessively adverse effect on the front fork performance.
- Never allow foreign materials to enter the front fork.
- 14. After filling, pump the damper rod ① slowly up and down more than 10 times to distribute the fork oil.

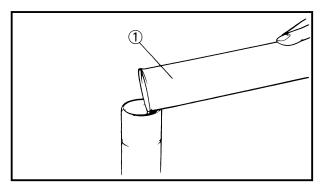
# NOTE:\_

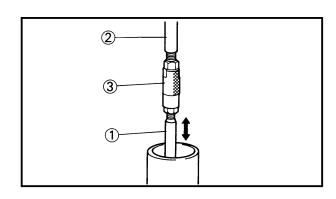
Use the rod puller 2 and rod puller attachment 3 to pull up and down the damper rod.

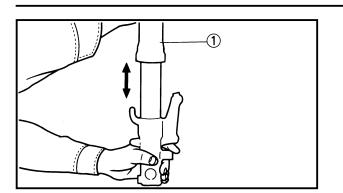
Rod puller ②: YM-1437/90890-01437 Rod puller attachment ③: 90890-01435

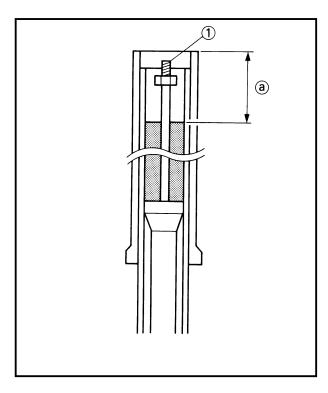


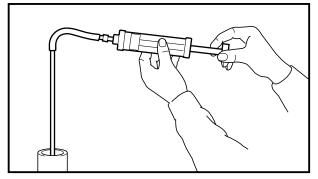












- 15.Fill:
  - Front fork oil

Until outer tube top surface with recommended fork oil once more.

CHAS 🔬

16.After filling, pump the outer tube ① slowly up and down (about 60 mm (2.4 in) stroke) to distribute the fork oil once more.

# NOTE:\_

Be careful not to excessive full stroke. A stroke of 60 mm (2.4 in) or more will cause air to enter. In this case, repeat the steps 13 to 16.

17.Wait ten minutes until the air bubbles have been removed from the front fork, and the oil has dispense evenly in system before setting recommended oil level.

# NOTE:\_

Fill with the fork oil up to the top end of the outer tube, or the fork oil will not spread over to every part of the front forks, thus making it impossible to obtain the correct level. Be sure to fill with the fork oil up to the top of the outer tube and bleed the front forks.

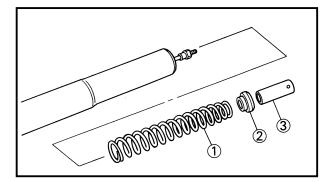
18.Measure:

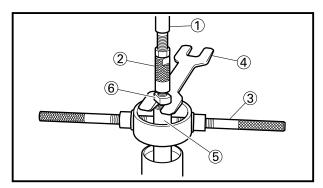
- Oil level (left and right) ⓐ
   Out of specification → Adjust.
  - Standard oil level: 135 mm (5.31 in) Extent of adjustment: 97~157 mm (3.82~6.18 in) From top of outer tube with inner tube and damper rod ① fully compressed without spring.

# 

Never fail to make the oil level adjustment between the maximum and minimum level and always adjust each front fork to the same setting. Uneven adjustment can cause poor handling and loss of stability.









- Fork spring ①
- Spacer guide ②
- Spacer ③

# NOTE:\_

Install the fork spring with its smaller dia. portion upward.

## 20.Attach:

- Rod puller ①
- Rod puller attachment (2)
- Fork spring compressor ③
- Rod holder ④

# NOTE:\_

- Pull up the damper rod with the rod puller and rod puller attachment.
- While pressing down the spacer (5) with the fork spring compressor, set the rod holder between the locknut (6) and spacer.



Rod puller (1):

YM-1437/90890-01437 Rod puller attachment 2: 90890-01435 Fork spring compressor ③: YM-1441/90890-01441

Rod holder (4): YM-1434/90890-01434

## 21.Adjust:

• Distance (a)

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Turn the locknut (2) until the specified distance is obtained.

# Distance (a):

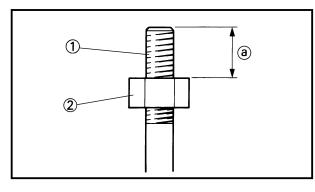
13 mm (0.51 in) Between damper rod ① top and locknut (2) top.

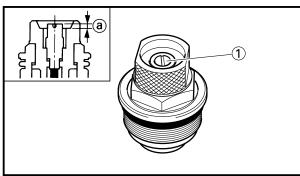
22.Adjust:

• Rebound damping adjuster position (a) Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Turn the adjuster (1) until the specified position is obtained.



Rebound damping adjuster posi-Zero mm (Zero in)







# NOTE:\_

Record the set position of the adjuster (the amount of turning in the adjuster to the fully turned in position) before adjusting it.

# CAUTION:

If the rebound damping adjuster position is out of specification, proper damping force cannot be obtained.

## 23.Install:

- Push rod ①
- Cap bolt 2

# NOTE:\_

Turn in the cap bolt fully by holding the spring preload adjuster ④ with your hand until the rebound damping adjuster ③ hits the push rod tip.

- 24.Check:
  - Cap bolt clearance (a)

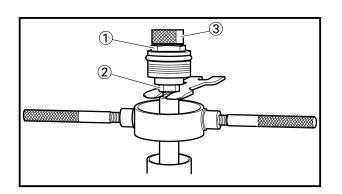
Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Repeat the steps 21 to 23.



Cap bolt clearance (a): Zero~2 mm (Zero~0.08 in)

# CAUTION:

If the cap bolt is installed out of specification, proper damping force cannot be obtained.



## 25.Install:

• Cap bolt (locknut) ①

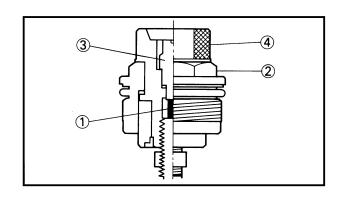
29 Nm (2.9 m•kg, 21 ft•lb)

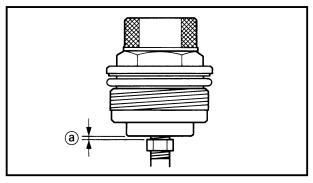
# NOTE:\_

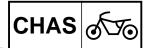
Hold the locknut ② and tighten the cap bolt by turning the spring preload adjuster ③ with specified torque.

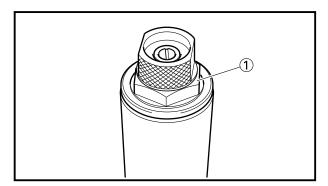
# CAUTION:

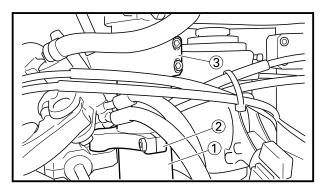
Do not tighten the cap bolt. It may cause damage to the spring preload adjuster.

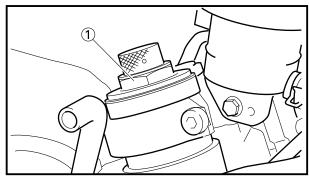


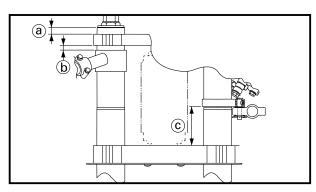












## 26.Install:

- Cap bolt ①
- To outer tube.

# NOTE:\_

Temporarily tighten the cap bolt.

**FRONT FORK** 

### EC555290 Installation

# 1. Install:

- Front fork ①
- Steering damper stay ② (right side only)
- Handlebar ③

# NOTE:\_

- Temporarily tighten the pinch bolt (under bracket).
- Do not tighten the pinch bolts (handle crown, steering damper stay and handlebar) yet.
- 2. Tighten:
- Cap bolt ①

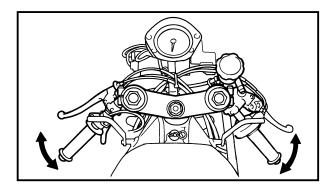
23 Nm (2.3 m•kg, 17 ft•lb)

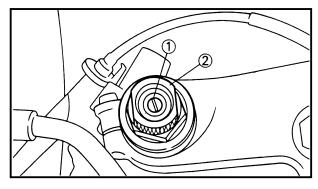
- 3. Adjust:
  - Front fork top end (a)
  - $\bullet$  Handlebar position (b)
  - Steering damper stay position ⓒ (left side only)

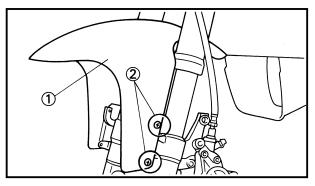
## Front fork top end:



Refer to "FRONT FORK TOP END ADJUSTMENT" in the CHAPTER 3.







**FRONT FORK** 

- 4. Tighten:
- Pinch bolt (handle crown) ①
- Pinch bolt (under bracket) ②
   [23 Nm (2.3 m•kg, 14 ft•lb)

CHAS of

- Pinch bolt (handlebar) ③
- 7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)
   Pinch bolt (steering damper stay) ④ (right side only)
   10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)
   Refer to "FRONT FORK TOP END ADJUSTMENT" in the CHAPTER 3.
- 5. Check:
  - Steering smooth action Turn the handlebar to make sure no parts are being contacted with others. Contact → Repair.
- 6. Adjust:
  - Rebound damping force
  - Spring preload

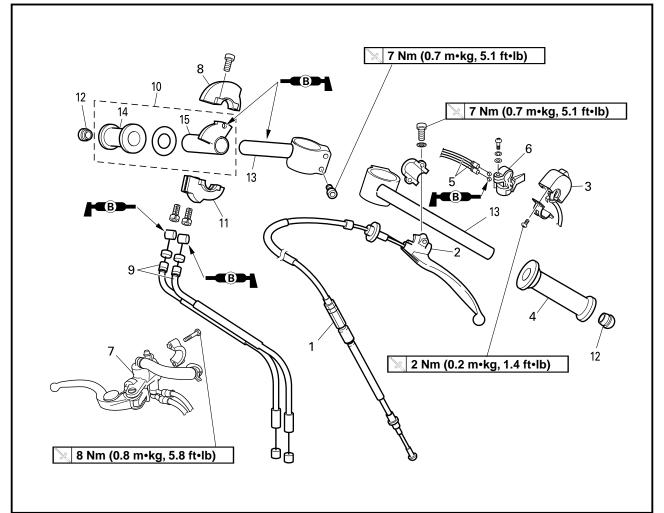
# NOTE:\_

- Turn in the rebound damping adjuster ① fully, then turn out it to the originally set position.
- Turn in the spring preload adjuster ② to the originally set position.
- 7. Install:
  - $\bullet\,\mbox{Front fender}\,\,\ensuremath{\textcircled{1}}$
  - Bolt (front fender) 2

🗏 8 Nm (0.8 m•kg, 5.8 ft•lb)

CHAS

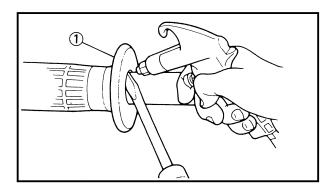
HANDLEBAR

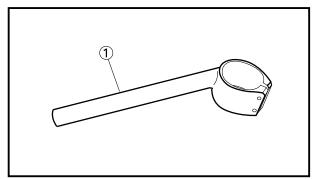


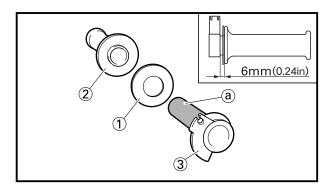
Extend of removal: 1 Handlebar removal		ebar removal	② Th	rottle disassembly	
	Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks

Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks	
Preparation for removal		HANDLEBAR REMOVAL Cowling Induction guide (left cylinder) Handle crown		Refer to "COWLING, INDUCTION GUIDE, SEAT AND FUEL TANK" section in the CHAPTER 4. Refer to "STEERING" section.	
	1	Clutch cable	1	Disconnect at the lever side.	
	2	Clutch lever holder	1		
	3	Main switch	1		
	4	Grip (left)	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".	
	5	Starter cable	2	Disconnect at the lever side.	
	6	Starter lever	1		
	7	Master cylinder	1		
	8	Grip cap (upper)	1		
2	9	Throttle cable	2		
	10	Throttle	1		
	11	Grip cap (lower)	1		
	12	Grip end	2		
↓ ↓	13	Handlebar	2		
	14	Grip (right)	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".	
(2) ▼	15	Tube guide	1		









# REMOVAL POINTS

EC5B3200 Grip

- 1. Remove:
  - Grip (1)

# NOTE:\_

Blow in air between the handlebar or tube guide and the grip. Then remove the grip which has become loose.

# EC5B4000

### EC5B4100

Handlebar

- 1. Inspect:
  - Handlebar ①
     Bends/Cracks /Damage → Replace.

# 

Do not attempt to straighten a bent handlebar as this may dangerously weaken the handlebar.

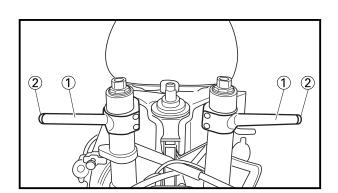
### EC585000 ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION EC585110

Throttle assembly

- 1. Install:
  - Ring plate ①
  - Grip (right) ②
  - Apply the adhesive on the tube guide ③.

# NOTE:\_

Before applying the adhesive, wipe off grease or oil on the tube guide surface (a) with a lacquer thinner.

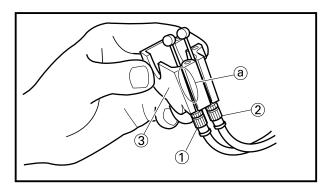


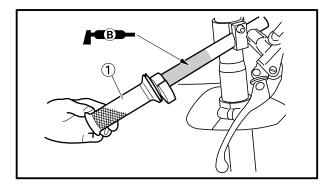
### EC5B5230 Handlebar

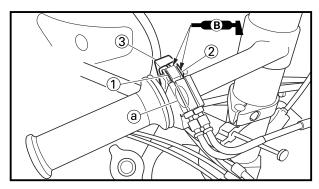
- 1. Install:
  - Handlebar ①
  - Grip end ②

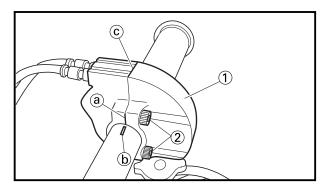
# NOTE:\_

Temporarily tighten the bolts (handlebar).









2. Install:

• Throttle cable [carburetor (left cylinder)] ①

CHAS of

• Throttle cable [carburetor (right cylinder)]

To grip cap (lower) ③.

# NOTE:\_\_

Install the throttle cable [carburetor (left cylinder)] in the grip side slit (a) in the grip cap (lower).

- 3. Install:
  - Throttle ①

# NOTE:\_\_

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the throttle grip sliding surface.

- 4. Install:
  - Throttle cable [carburetor (left cylinder)] ①
  - Throttle cable [carburetor (right cylinder)] ② To tube guide ③.

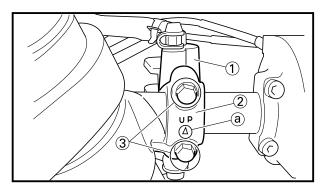
# NOTE:\_

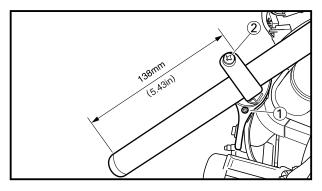
- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the throttle cable ends and tube guide cable wid-ing portions.
- Install the throttle cable [carburetor (left cylinder)] in the grip side slit (a) in the tube guide.
- 5. Install:
  - Grip cap (upper) ①
  - Bolt (grip cap) ②

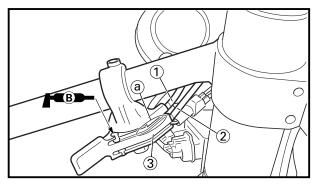
# NOTE:\_

- Align the contacting surface (a) of the grip cap (upper) with the punch mark (b) on the handlebar.
- Tighten the bolts so that the upper side contacting surface ⓒ is closed.
- 6. Adjust:
  - Throttle grip free play Refer to "THROTTLE CABLE ADJUST-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

CHAS of yo







- 7. Install:
  - Master cylinder ①

HANDLEBAR

- Master cylinder bracket ②
- Bolt (master cylinder bracket) ③

8 Nm (0.8 m•kg, 5.8 ft•lb)

# NOTE:\_

Install the bracket so that the arrow mark (a) faces upward.

- 8. Install:
  - $\bullet$  Starter lever (1)
  - Screw (starter lever) 2

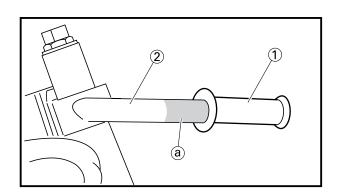
# NOTE:\_

The starter lever should be installed according to the dimension shown.

- 9. Install:
  - Starter cable [carburetor (left cylinder)] ①
  - Starter cable [carburetor (right cylinder)] ② To starter lever ③.

# NOTE:\_

- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the starter lever ends.
- Install the starter cable [carburetor (left cylinder)] in the upper side slit (a) in the starter lever.

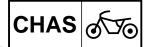


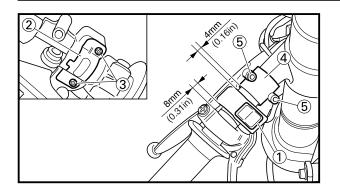
10.Install:

- Grip (left) ①
- Apply the adhesive to the handlebar 2.

# NOTE:\_

Before applying the adhesive, wipe off grease or oil on the handlebar surface (a) with a lacquer thinner.





# 11.Install:

- Main switch ①
- Main switch holder ②

HANDLEBAR

• Screw (main switch holder) ③

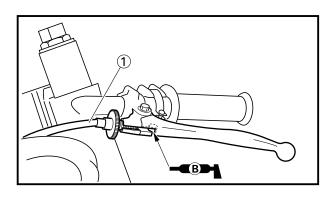
2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)

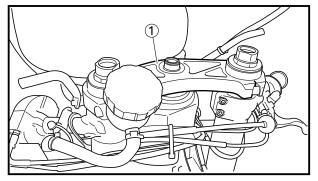
- Clutch lever holder ④
- Bolt (clutch lever holder) (5)

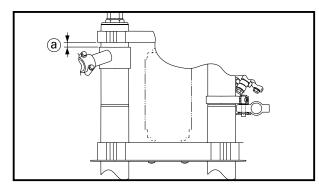
## 5 Nm (0.5 m•kg, 3.6 ft•lb)

## NOTE:

The main switch and clutch lever holder should be installed according to the dimensions shown.







- 12.Install:
  - Clutch cable ①

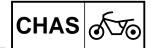
## NOTE:\_\_

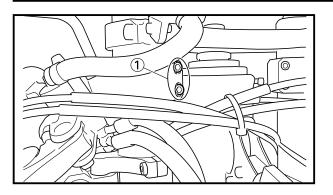
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the clutch cable end.

- 13.Install:
  - Handle crown ① Refer to "STEERING" section.

- 14.Adjust:
  - Handlebar position (a)







15.Tighten:

• Pinch bolt (handlebar) ①

7 Nm (0.7 m•kg, 5.1 ft•lb)

# CAUTION:

Tighten the pinch bolts to specified torpue. If torpue too much, it may cause the front fork to malfunction.

16.Adjust:

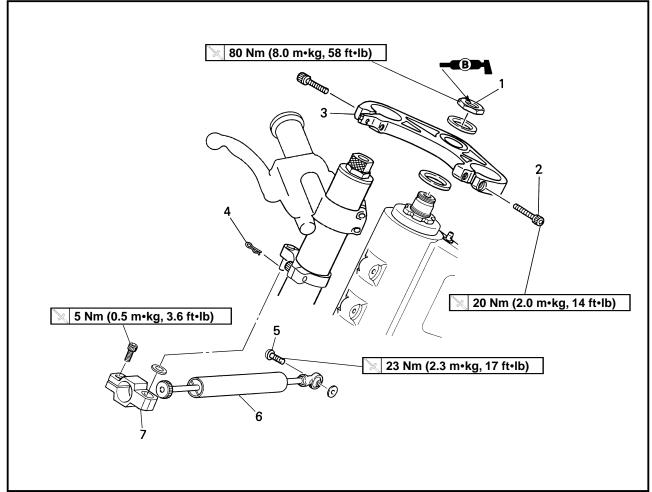
- Clutch lever free play Refer to "CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 17.Lock the throttle cables and starter cables using a locking wire. Refer to "LOCKING WIRE INSTALLATION GUIDE" section in the CHAPTER 3.

STEERING

CHAS

# STEERING

HANDLE CROWN AND STEERING DAMPER



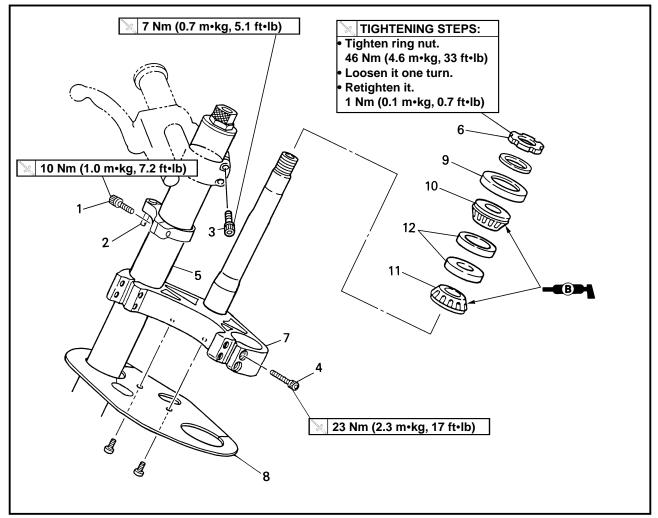
Extend of removal: ① Handle crown removal ② Steering damper removal

Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		HANDLE CROWN AND STEERING DAMPER REMOVAL Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand. Cowling		AWARNING Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.
		Induction guide (left cylinder)		GUIDE, SEAT AND FUEL TANK" section in the CHAPTER 4.
		Bolt (Front brake reservoir tank) Front brake caliper		Refer to "FRONT BRAKE AND REAR BRAKE" section.
		Front wheel Front fender		Refer to "FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL" section.
	1	Steering shaft nut	1	
Ψ	2	Pinch bolt (handle crown)	2	Only loosening.
▼ 3		Handle crown	1	
l 1	4	Clip	1	
2	5	Bolt (steering damper)	1	
	6	Steering damper		
<u>↓</u>	7	Steering damper bracket	1	

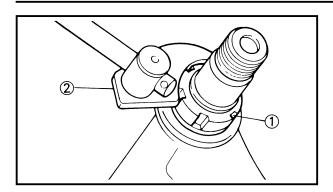
STEERING

CHAS

# UNDER BRACKET



Extend of removal	Order			
		Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	UNDER BRACKET REMOVAL Pinch bolt (steering damper stay) Pin Pinch bolt (handlebar) Pinch bolt (under bracket) Front fork Ring nut Under bracket Inner fender	Q'ty 1 4 4 2 1 1 1 1	Remarks Only loosening. Only loosening. Only loosening. Refer to "FRONT FORK" section. Use special tool. Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	9	Ball race cover Bearing (upper)	1 1	
	9	Ball race cover Bearing (upper)	1	
	11	Bearing (lower) Ball race	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS". Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".



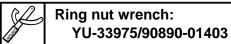
### EC563000 REMOVAL POINTS EC563202

# Ring nut

- 1. Remove:
  - Ring nut ①

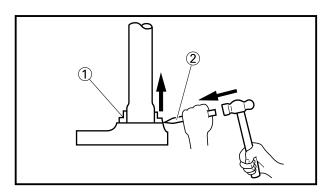
Use the ring nut wrench 2.

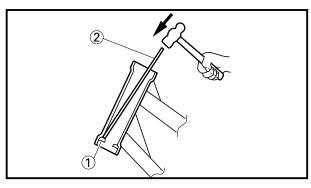
**STEERING** 

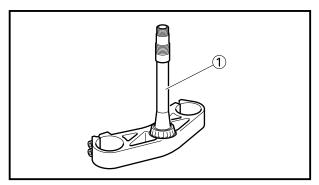


# 

Support the steering shaft so that it may not fall down.







### EC563300 Bearing (lower)

- 1. Remove:
  - Bearing (lower) ① Use the floor chisel ②.

**CAUTION:** 

Take care not to damage the steering shaft thread.



# Ball race

1. Remove:

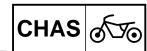
• Ball race ① Remove the ball race using long rod ② and the hammer.

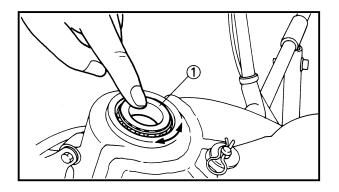
EC564000 INSPECTION EC564200 Steering shaft

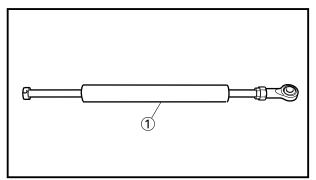
### 1. Inspect:

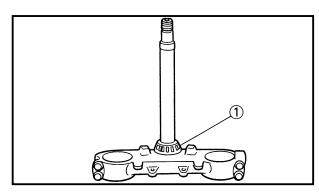
• Steering shaft ① Bend/Damage → Replace.

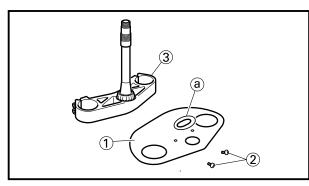
STEERING

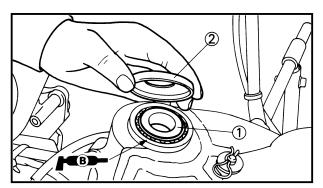












# Bearing and ball race

- 1. Wash the bearings and ball races with a solvent.
- 2. Inspect:
  - Bearing ①
  - Ball race

Pitting/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace bearings and ball races as a set.

Install the bearing in the ball races. Spin the bearings by hand. If the bearings hang up or are not smooth in their operation in the ball races, replace bearings and ball races as a set. EC564300

## Steering damper

- 1. Inspect:
  - Steering damper ①
     Bend/Damage → Replace.
     Oil leaks/Unsmooth movement → Replace.

# 

# ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

# Under bracket

- 1. Install:
- Bearing (lower) ①

# NOTE:\_

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the dust seal lip and bearing inner circumference.

- 2. Install:
  - $\bullet$  Inner fender (1)
  - Screw (inner fender) ② To under bracket ③.

## NOTE:\_

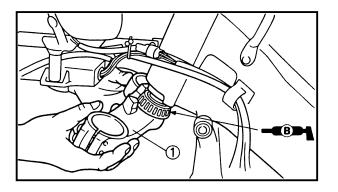
Install the inner fender with its brake hose through hole (a) facing to the right.

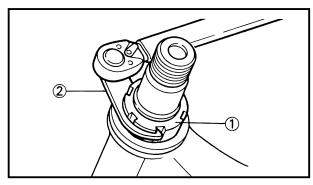
- 3. Install:
  - Ball race
  - Bearing ①
  - Ball race cover 2

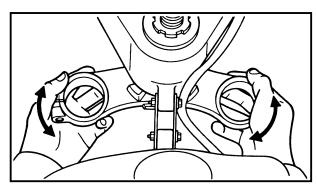
# NOTE:\_

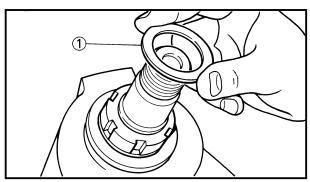
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bearing.

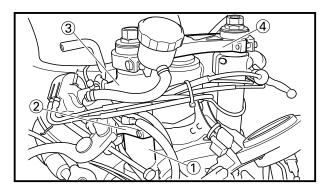












- 4. Install:
- Under bracket

# NOTE:\_

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bearing.

- 5. Install:
  - Ring nut ① <u>I Nm (0.1 m·kg, 0.7 ft·lb)</u> Tighten the ring nut using the ring nut wrench ②.
     Refer to "STEERING HEAD INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAP-TER 3.
- 6. Check the steering shaft by turning it lock to lock. If there is any binding, remove the steering shaft assembly and inspect the steering bearings.

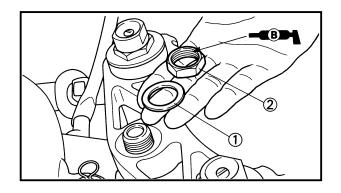
- 7. Install:
  - $\bullet\, \text{Plain}$  washer (1)

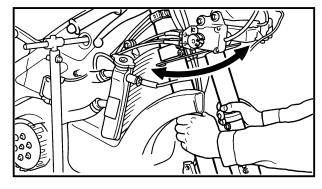
- 8. Install:
  - Front fork ①
  - Steering damper stay (2) (right side only)
  - Handlebar ③
  - $\bullet \, \text{Handle crown} \ \textcircled{4}$

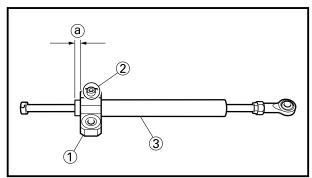
# NOTE:\_

- Temporarily tighten the pinch bolts (under bracket).
- Do not tighten the pinch bolts (handle crown, steering damper stay and handlebar) yet.









- 9. Install:
  - Plain washer ①
  - Steering shaft nut ②

80 Nm (8.0 m•kg, 58 ft•lb)

## NOTE:\_

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the steering shaft nut thread.

10.After tightening the nut, check the steering for smooth movement. If not, adjust the steering by loosening the ring nut little by little.

- 11.Install:
  - Steering damper bracket ①
  - Pinch bolt (steering damper bracket) ②
    5 Nm (0.5 m•kg, 3.6 ft•lb)

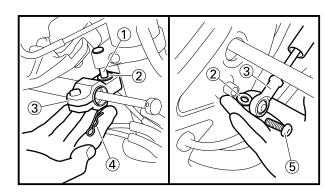
To steering damper ③.

# NOTE:\_

When installing the steering damper bracket, provide a distance (a) of 9 mm (0.35 in) from its edge.

# CAUTION:

Tighten the pinch bolt to specified torque. If torqued too much, it may cause the steering damper to malfunction.

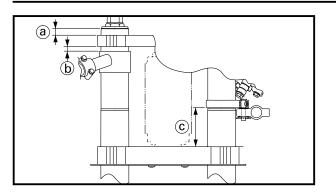


12.Install:

- Pin ①
- Plain washer (2)
- Steering damper ③
- Clip ④
- Bolt (steering damper) (5)

23 Nm (2.3 m•kg, 17 ft•lb)

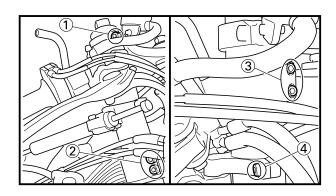
# STEERING CHAS



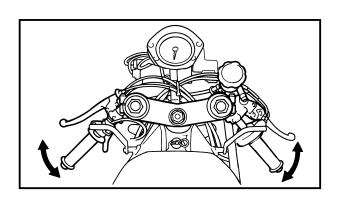
- 13.Adjust:
  - Front fork top end ⓐ
  - Handlebar position (b)
  - Steering damper stay position ⓒ (right side only)

Front fork top end: 13 mm (0.51 in) Handlebar position: 9 mm (0.35 in) Steering damper stay position: 73 mm (2.87 in)

Refer to "FRONT FORK TOP END ADJUSTMENT" in the CHAPTER 3.

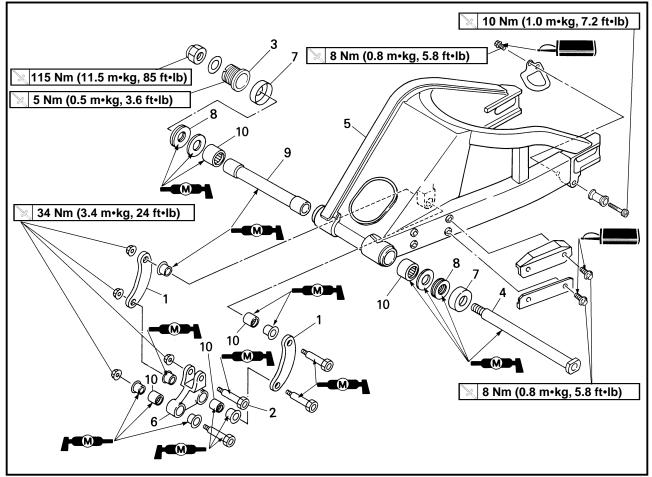


- 14.Tighten:
  - Pinch bolt (handle crown) ①
    - 20 Nm (2.0 m•kg, 14 ft•lb)
  - Pinch bolt (under bracket) (2)
    23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)
    Pinch bolt (bandlebar) (3)
  - Pinch bolt (handlebar) ③
  - Pinch bolt (steering damper stay) ④ (right side only)
     10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)
     Refer to "FRONT FORK TOP END ADJUSTMENT" in the CHAPTER 3.



- 15.Check:
  - Steering smooth action Turn the handlebar to make sure no parts are being contacted with others.
  - Contact  $\rightarrow$  Repair.

# SWINGARM

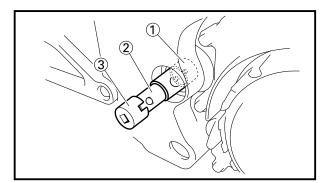


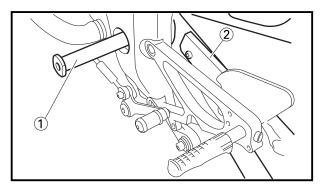
CHAS ග්

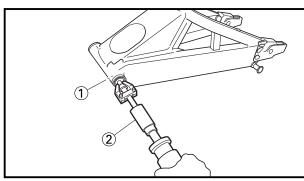
SWINGARM

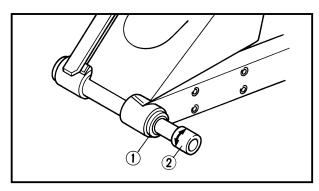
Extend of removal:       ① Swingarm removal       ② Swingarm disassembly				
Extend of removal Order		Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		SWINGARM REMOVAL Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand. Lower cowl and fuel tank		AWARNING Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over. Refer to "COWLING, INDUCTION
		Exhaust pipe		GUIDE, SEAT AND FUEL TANK" sec- tion in the CHAPTER 4. Refer to "EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER" section.
		Brake hose holder Drive chain		Refer to "FRONT BRAKE AND REAR BRAKE" section.
	Reary			Refer to "FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL" section.
	1 2	Connecting rod Bolt (rear shock absorber – relay arm)	2 1	Hold the swingarm.
	3 4 5	Pivot shaft adjust bolt Pivot shaft Swingarm	1 1 1	Use special tool. Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
▼	6 7 8	Relay arm Cover Thrust bearing	1 2 2	
	9 10	Bush Bearing	2 1 5	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".

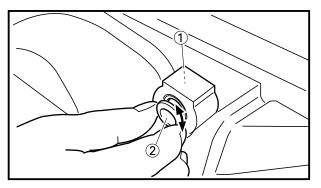
CHAS











### EC573000 **REMOVAL POINTS** EC573153 Swingarm

- 1. Loosen:
  - Pivot shaft adjust bolt ①

**SWINGARM** 

# NOTE:\_

Loosen the pivot shaft adjust bolt using the pivot shaft wrench (2) and pivot shaft wrench adapter 3.

> Pivot shaft wrench: YM-1455/90890-01455 Pivot shaft wrench adapter: YM-1476/90890-01476

- 2. Remove:
  - Pivot shaft ①
  - Swingarm 2

### EC573210 Bearing

- 1. Remove:
- Bearing ①
  - Use a general bearing puller 2.

### EC574010 INSPECTION

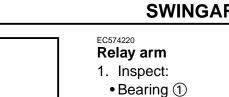
Wash the bearings, bushes, collars, and covers in a solvent. <sup>EC574131</sup> **Swingarm** 

- 1. Inspect:
  - Bearing ①
  - Bush (2)

Free play exists/Unsmooth revolution/Rust  $\rightarrow$  Replace bearing and bush as a set.

- 2. Inspect:
  - Bearing ①
  - Collar (2)
  - Free play exists/Unsmooth revolution/Rust
  - $\rightarrow$  Replace bearing and collar as a set.

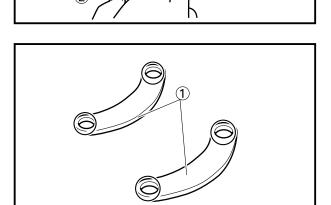
# **SWINGARM**



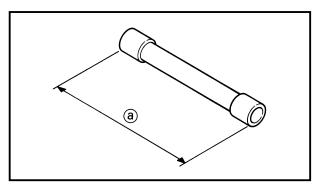
- Collar 
   2
- Free play exists/Unsmooth revolution/Rust

CHAS

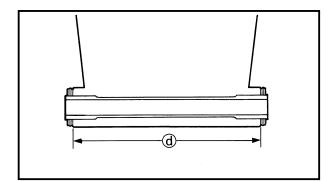
 $\rightarrow$  Replace bearing and collar as a set.



(1)



# $\bigcirc$ C b



### EC574320 **Connecting rod**

- 1. Inspect:
  - Connecting rod ① Wear/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

### EC574520

## Swingarm side clearance

- 1. Measure:
  - Bush length (a)

- 2. Measure:
  - Thrust bearing (right) thickness (b)
  - Thrust bearing (left) thickness ⓒ

- 3. Measure:
  - Swingarm head pipe length (d)

SWINGARM

- 4. Calculate:
  - Swingarm side clearance "A + B"
     Out of specification → Adjust side clearance using shim.

CHAS

By using formula given below.

$$(A + B) = A - (B + C + A)$$



Side clearance "A + B": 0.05~0.35 mm (0.002~0.014 in)

If the side clearance is out of specification, adjust it to specification by installing the adjust shim ① at position,  $\triangle$  and  $\triangle$ .

# NOTE:\_

- The adjust shim is available only in the 0.3 mm (0.012 in)-thick type.
- When only one shim is required, install it on the left side, and when two shims are necessary, install them on both right and left sides.

### EC575000 ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION EC575300 Bearing

- 1. Install:
  - Bearing ① To swingarm.

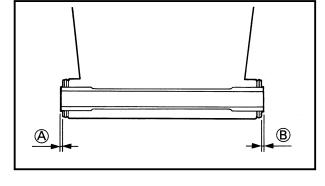
# NOTE:\_

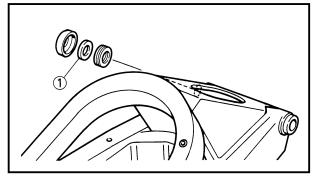
- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bearing when installing.
- Install the bearing by pressing it on the side having the manufacture's marks or numbers.

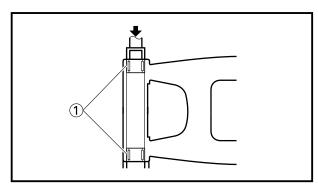


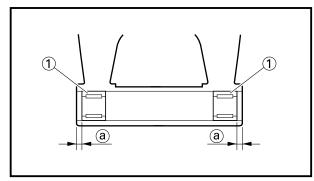
Installed depth of bearings:

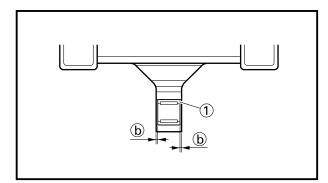
For head pipe (a): 1.0 mm (0.04 in) For connecting rod bracket (b): 0.5 mm (0.02 in)



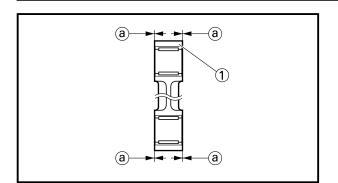










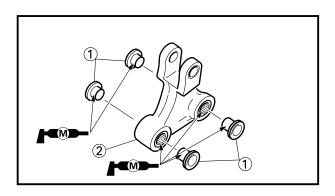


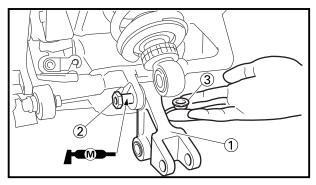
- 2. Install:
  - Bearing ① To relay arm.

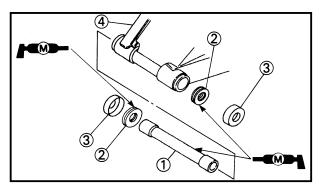
## NOTE:\_

- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bearing when installing.
- Install the bearing by pressing it on the side having the manufacture's marks or numbers.

# Installed depth of bearings (a): Zero mm (Zero in)







### EC575142 Swingarm

- 1. Install:
  - Collar ①

To relay arm 2.

# NOTE:\_

Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the collars and bearings.

- 2. Install:
  - $\bullet$  Relay arm (1)
  - Bolt (relay arm) 2
  - Nut (relay arm) ③

34 Nm (3.4 m•kg, 24 ft•lb)

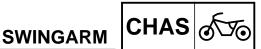
# NOTE:\_

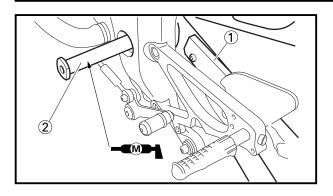
Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolt.

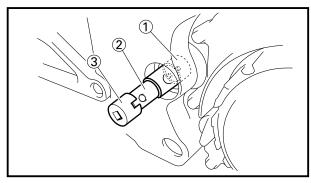
- 3. Install:
  - Bush ①
  - $\bullet$  Thrust bearing (2)
  - Cover ③ To swingarm ④.

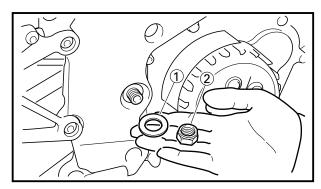
# NOTE:\_

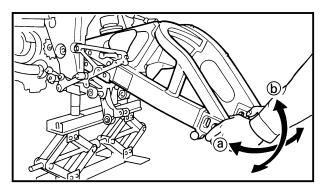
Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bush, bearings and cover lips.

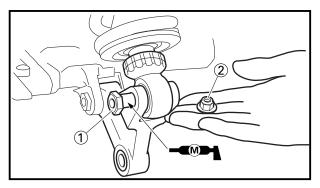












- 4. Install:
  - Swingarm ①
  - Pivot shaft 2

# NOTE:\_

- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the pivot shaft.
- Insert the pivot shaft from left side.
- 5. Tighten:
  - Pivot adjust bolt ①

**5 Nm (0.5 m•kg, 3.6 ft•lb)** 

# NOTE:\_

Use the pivot shaft wrench (2) and pivot shaft wrench adapter (3) to tighten the pivot adjust bolt.



- 6. Install:
  - Plain washer ①
  - Nut (pivot shaft) 2

115 Nm (11.5 m•kg, 85 ft•lb)

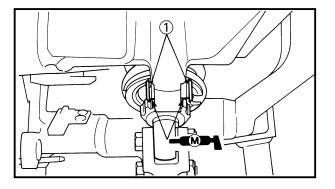
- 7. Check:
  - Swingarm side play ⓐ Free play exists → Check side clearance.
  - Swingarm up and down movement (b) Unsmooth movement/Binding/Rough spots
     → Grease or replace bearings, bushes and collars.
- 8. Install:
  - Bolt (rear shock absorber relay arm) ①
  - Nut (rear shock absorber relay arm) (2)

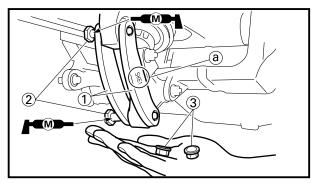
🄀 34 Nm (3.4 m•kg, 24 ft•lb)

# NOTE:\_

Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolt.

# CHAS of To





- 9. Install:
  - Collar (swingarm) 1

**SWINGARM** 

## NOTE:\_\_

Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the collars and bearings.

10.Install:

- Connecting rod ①
- Bolt (connecting rod) 2
- $\bullet\,\mbox{Nut}$  (connecting rod) 3

### 34 Nm (3.4 m•kg, 24 ft•lb)

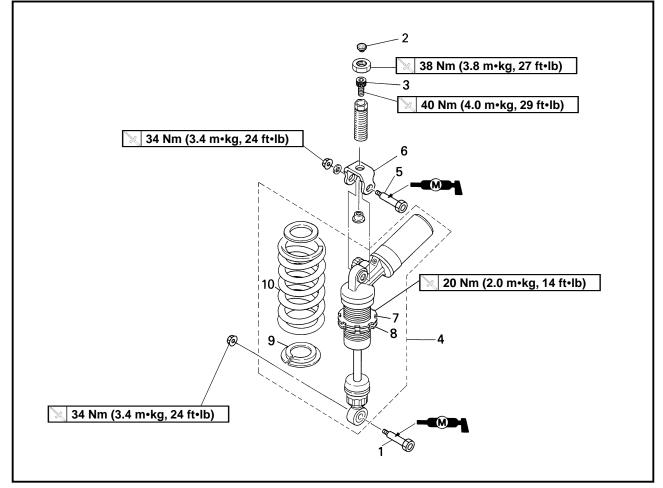
# NOTE:\_

- Install the connecting rods with the mark (a) outward of the chassis.
- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolts.

**REAR SHOCK ABSORBER** 



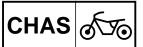
# REAR SHOCK ABSORBER



Extend of removal: ① Rear shock absorber removal

Rear shock absorber disassembly

Extend of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		REAR SHOCK ABSORBER REMOVAL Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand. Lower cowl, seat and fuel tank Exhaust pipe	AWARNING Support the machine securely so th is no danger of it falling over.	
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Bolt (rear shock absober – relay arm) Cap Bolt (Upper bracket) Rear shock absober Bolt (rea shock absober – upper bracket) Upper bracket Locknut Adjuster Spring guide Spring (rear shock absober)	1     Hold the swingarm.       1     1       1     1       1     Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".       1     1       1     Loosen.       1     Loosen.       1     1	

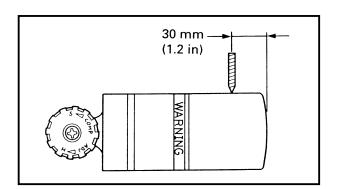


### 

This shock absorber is provided with a separate type tank filled with high-pressure nitrogen gas. To prevent the danger of explosion, read and understand the following information before handling the shock absorber.

The manufacturer can not be held responsible for property damage or personal injury that may result from improper handling.

- 1. Never tamper or attempt to disassemble the cylinder or the tank.
- 2. Never throw the shock absorber into an open flame or other high heat. The shock absorber may explode as a result of nitrogen gas expansion and/or damage to the hose.
- 3. Be careful not to damage any part of the gas tank. A damaged gas tank will impair the damping performance or cause a malfunction.
- 4. Take care not to scratch the contact surface of the piston rod with the cylinder; or oil could leak out.
- 5. Never attempt to remove the plug at the bottom of the nitrogen gas tank. It is very dangerous to remove the plug.
- 6. When scrapping the shock absorber, follow the instructions on disposal.



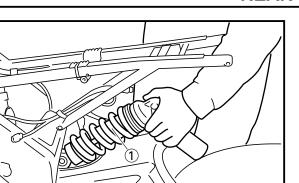
# NOTES ON DISPOSAL (YAMAHA DEALERS ONLY)

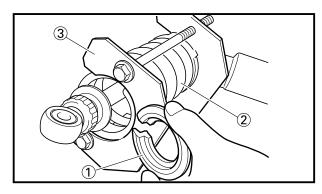
Before disposing of the shock absorber, be sure to extract the nitrogen gas. To do so, drill a 2 or 3 mm (0.08~0.12 in) hole through the tank at a position 30 mm (1.2 in) from the bottom end of the tank. At this time, wear eye protection to prevent eye damage from escaping gas and/or metal chips.

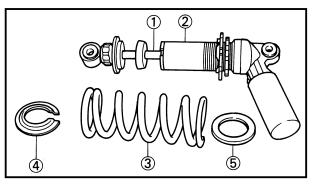
# 

To dispose of a damaged or worn-out shock absorber, take the unit to your Yamaha dealer for this disposal procedure.

# **REAR SHOCK ABSORBER**







# REMOVAL POINTS

### EC583160 Rear shock absorber

- 1. Remove:
  - Rear shock absorber 1

# NOTE:\_

Remove the rear shock absorber between the rear frame and swingarm.

CHAS d

# EC583221

# Spring (rear shock absorber)

- 1. Remove:
  - •Spring guide ① •Spring ②

# NOTE:\_

Remove the spring guide while compressing the spring by using the spring compressor ③.

# EC584000

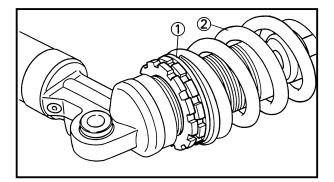
# EC584130

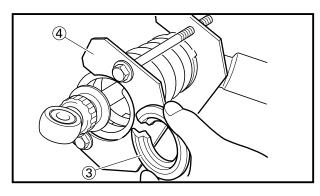
## Rear shock absorber

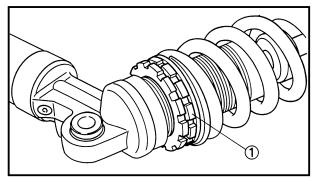
- 1. Inspect:
  - Damper rod ①
     Bends/Damage → Replace absorber assembly.
  - Shock absorber ②
     Oil leaks → Replace absorber assembly.
     Gas leaks → Replace absorber assembly.
  - Spring ③
     Damage → Replace spring.
     Fatigue → Replace spring.
  - Move spring up and down.
  - Spring guide ④
     Wear/Damage → Replace spring guide.
  - Plate (5)

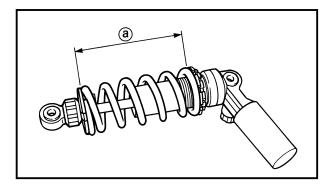
Wear/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace plate.











# ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION EC585143

Spring (rear shock absorber)

- 1. Install:
  - Plate ①
  - Spring ②
  - Spring guide ③

# NOTE:\_

Install the spring guide while compressing the spring by using the spring compressor ④.

2. Tighten:Adjuster ①

3. Adjust:

• Spring length (installed) (a)

Spring length		(installed) (a):	
Stand	lard length	Extent of adjustment	
4.27	···· (E 20 in)	133~142 mm	
137 mm (5.39 in)		(5.24~5.59 in)	

# NOTE:\_

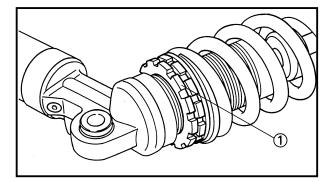
The length of the spring (installed) changes 1.5 mm (0.06 in) per turn of the adjuster.

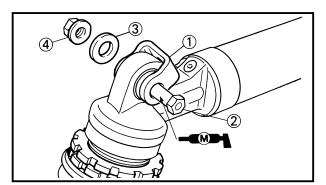
# **CAUTION:**

Never attempt to turn the adjuster beyond the maximum or minimum setting.

# **REAR SHOCK ABSORBER**







# 4. Tighten:

Locknut

20 Nm (2.0 m•kg, 14 ft•lb)

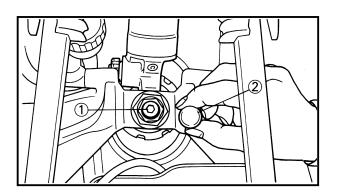
### EC5852A1 Rear shock absorber

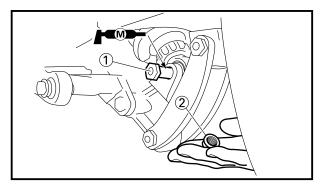
- 1. Install:
  - Upper bracket ①
  - Bolt (rear shock absorber upper bracket)
     ②
  - Plain washer (rear shock absorber upper bracket) ③
  - Nut (rear shock absorber upper bracket) ④

# NOTE:\_

Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolt.

- 2. Install:
  - Rear shock absorber





- 3. Install:
- Bolt (upper bracket) ①

40 Nm (4.0 m•kg, 29 ft•lb)

• Cap (2)

- 4. Install:
  - Bolt (rear shock absorber relay arm) (1)
  - Nut (rear shock absorber relay arm) ②

🄀 34 Nm (3.4 m•kg, 24 ft•lb)

# NOTE:\_

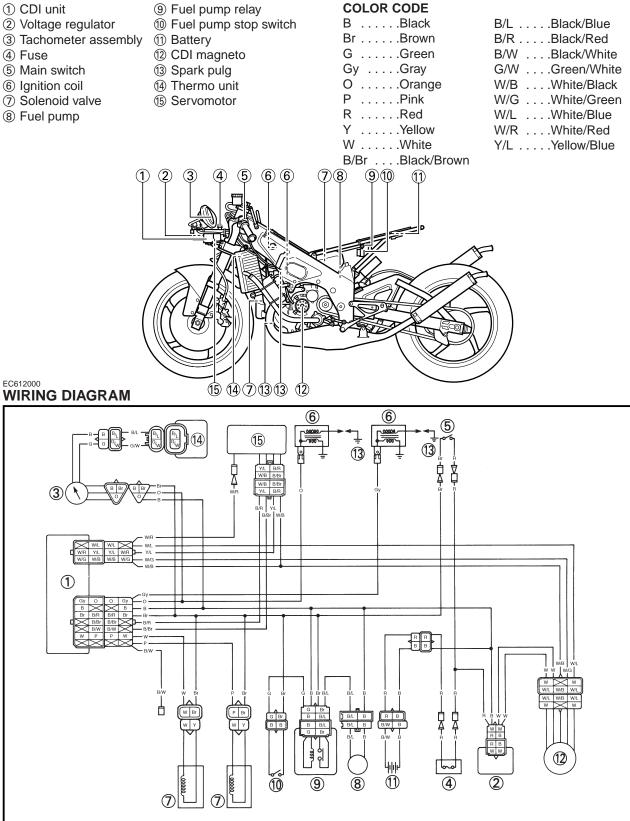
Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolt.



# ELECTRICAL

# ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS AND WIRING DIAGRAM

# ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

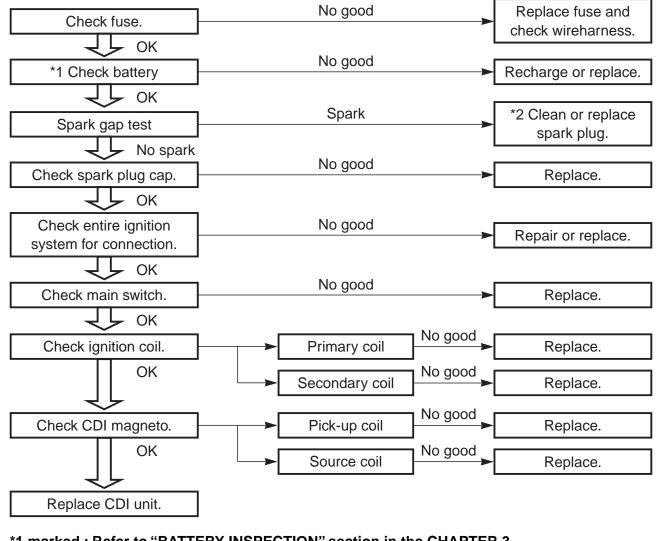


ELEC



### EC621031 INSPECTION STEPS

Use the following steps for checking the possibility of the malfunctioning engine being attributable to ignition system failure and for checking the spark plug which will not spark.



\*1 marked : Refer to "BATTERY INSPECTION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

\*2 marked : Only when the ignition checker is used.

# NOTE:\_

- Remove the following parts before inspection.
- 1) Cowling
- 2) Fuel tank
- Use the following special tools in this inspection.

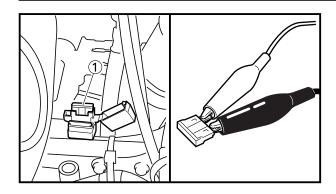
Þ	Dynamic spark tester: YM-34487
	Ignition checker:
	90890-06754

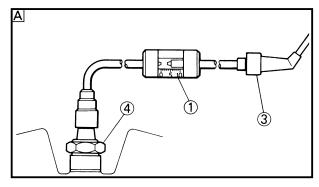
3) Seat

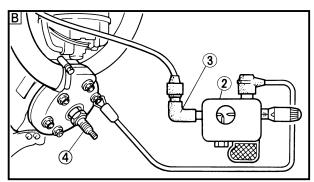
Pocket tester: YU-3112-C/90890-03112

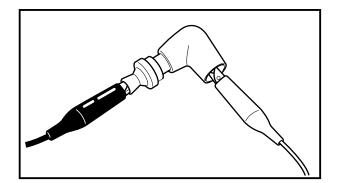
**IGNITION SYSTEM** 











# FUSE INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
- Fuse ①
- 2. Check:
  - Fuse conduct

Use pocket tester (tester selector position  $\Omega$   $\times$  1).

Not continuous  $\rightarrow$  Replace fuse and check that the wireharness is not shorted.

#### EC622020 SPARK GAP TEST

- 1. Disconnect the fuel pump coupler to prevent the fuel pump operating.
- 2. Disconnect the spark plug cap from spark plug.
- 3. Connect the dynamic spark tester ① (ignition checker ②) as shown.
  - Spark plug cap ③
  - $\bullet \, {\rm Spark} \, {\rm plug} \, \textcircled{4}$
- A For USA and CDN
- B Except for USA and CDN
- 4. Start the engine and increase the spark gap until misfire occurs. (for USA and CDN)
- 5. Move the main switch to "RUN" and rotate the rear wheel with gear in 3rd and check the spark gap. (except for USA and CDN)

Minimum spark gap: 5.0 mm(0.20 in)

EC623001

SPARK PLUG CAP INSPECTION

1. Remove:

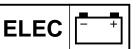
Spark plug cap

CAUTION:

Do not pull the spark plug lead out of the spark plug cap. Turn the spark plug cap counterclockwise to remove it and clockwise to install it.

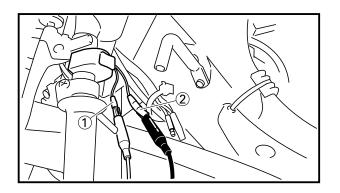
- 2. Check:
  - Spark plug cap resistance
     Out of specification → Replace.

Spark plug cap resistance	Tester selector position	
4~6 kΩ at 20°C (68°F)	k $\Omega imes$ 1	



### EC624000 COUPLERS AND LEADS CONNECTION INSPECTION

- 1. Check:
  - Couplers and leads connection Rust/ Dust/ Looseness/Short-circuit → Repair or replace.



### EC62A000 MAIN SWITCH INSPECTION

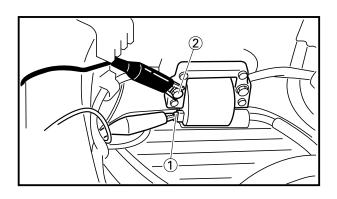
- 1. Inspect:
  - Main switch conduct

Tester (+) lead $ ightarrow$ Red lead $\textcircled{1}$
Tester (-) lead $\rightarrow$ Brown lead $\textcircled{2}$

0		<b>R</b> ①	Br ②	Tester selector position
	RUN	0	$\neg$	$\Omega \times 1$
	OFF			

Continuous while the main switch is moved to "OFF"  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

Not continuous while the main switch is moved to "RUN"  $\rightarrow$  Replace.



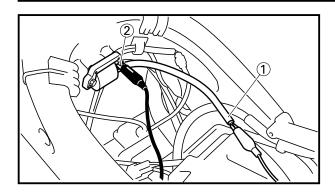
# EC626002

**IGNITION COIL INSPECTION** 

- 1. Inspect:
  - Primary coil resistance Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

Tester (+) lead $\rightarrow$ Orange (Gray) lead (1)
Tester (–) lead $ ightarrow$ Black lead $\textcircled{2}$

Primary coil resistance	Tester selector position
0.14~0.18 Ω at 20°C (68°F)	$\Omega imes$ 1



2. Inspect:

**IGNITION SYSTEM** 

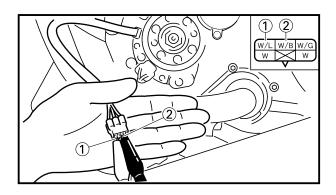
Secondary coil resistance
 Out of specification → Replace.

Tester (+) lead  $\rightarrow$  Spark plug lead ① Tester (–) lead  $\rightarrow$  Orange (Gray) lead ②

Secondary coil resistance	Tester selector position
5.0~7.4 kΩ at 20°C (68°F)	k $\Omega imes$ 1

## NOTE:\_

When inspecting the secondary coil resistance, remove the spark plug cap.

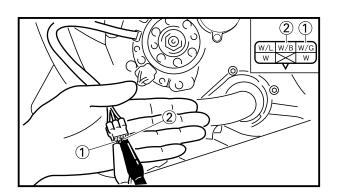


# CDI MAGNETO INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
  - Pick-up coil resistance (left cylinder) Out of specification → Replace.

Tester (+) lead  $\rightarrow$  White/Blue lead (1) Tester (-) lead  $\rightarrow$  White/Black lead (2)

Pick-up coil resistance	Tester selector position
94~140 Ω at 20°C (68°F)	$\Omega imes$ 100



- 2. Inspect:
  - Pick-up coil resistance (right cylinder)
     Out of specification → Replace.

Tester (+) lead $\rightarrow$ White/Green lead (1)	
Tester (-) lead $\rightarrow$ White/Black lead $\textcircled{2}$	

Pick-up coil resistance	Tester selector position
94~140 Ω at 20°C (68°F)	$\Omega imes$ 100

3. Inspect:

**IGNITION SYSTEM** 

Source coil resistance
 Out of specification → Replace.

Tester (+) lead $\rightarrow$ White lead (1)	
Tester (-) lead $ ightarrow$ White lead $\textcircled{2}$	

Source coil resistance	Tester selector position
2.3~3.5 Ω at 20°C (68°F)	$\Omega imes$ 1

EC628000

## **CDI UNIT INSPECTION**

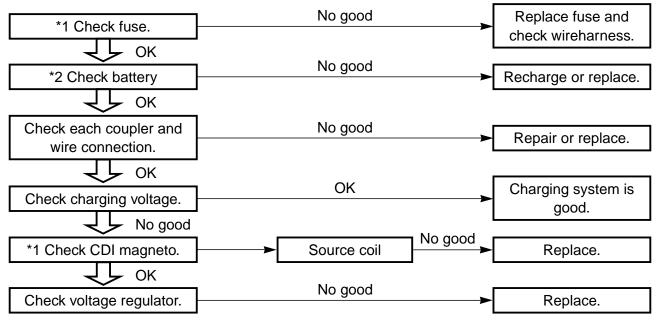
Check all electrical components. If no fault is found, replace the CDI unit. Then check the electrical components again.



# CHARGING SYSTEM

### EC681001 INSPECTION STEPS

If the battery is not charged, use the following inspection steps.



- \*1 marked : Refer to "IGNITION SYSTEM" section.
- \*2 marked : Refer to "BATTERY INSPECTION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

# NOTE:.

- Remove the following parts before inspection.
- 1) Cowling
- 2) Fuel tank
- Use the following special tool in this inspection.

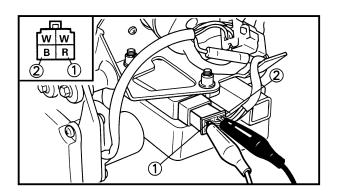
A

Pocket tester:

YU-3112-C/90890-03112

# COUPLERS AND LEADS CONNECTION INSPECTION

- 1. Check:
  - Couplers and leads connection Rust/ Dust/ Looseness/Short-circuit → Repair or replace.



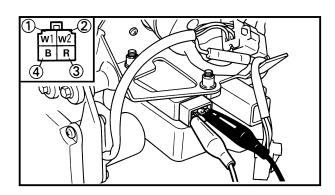
# CHARGING VOLTAGE INSPECTION

- 1. Start the engine.
- 2. Inspect:
  - Charging voltage

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  If no failure is found in checking the source coil resistance, check the voltage regulator.

Tester (+) lead → Red lead ① Tester (-) lead → Black lead ②

Charging voltage	Tester selector position	
14.2~15.2 V	DCV-20	
at 5,000 r/min	DCV-20	



#### EC683000

### VOLTAGE REGULATOR INSPECTION

- 1. Check:
  - Voltage regulator conduct

Use pocket tester (tester selection position  $\Omega$   $\times$  1).

Tester (+) lead	W1	W2	R	В
Tester (-) lead	1	2	3	4
W1 ①		×	0	×
W2 ②	×		0	×
R ③	×	×		×
В④	0	0	0	

" $\bigcirc$ " indicates continuity and " $\times$ " non-continuity.

In case of continuity for " $\times$ "  $\rightarrow$  Replace. In case of non-continuity for " $\bigcirc$ "  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

## **CHARGING SYSTEM**

### NOTE:\_\_

If nothing is wrong with the continuity of the voltage regulator and with all the others in the charging system, replace the voltage regulator.

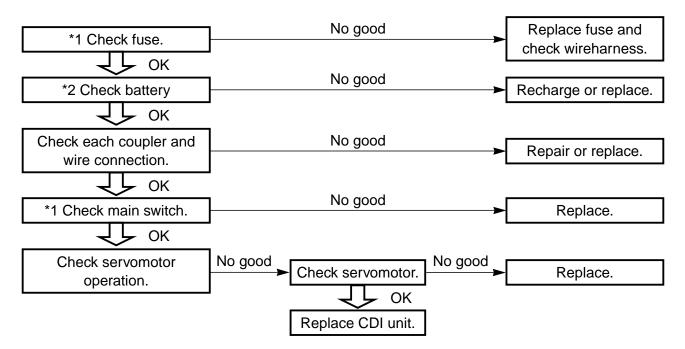
YPVS SYSTEM



## **YPVS SYSTEM** EC641021

### **INSPECTION STEPS**

If the servomotor will not turn, use the following inspection steps.



\*1 marked : Refer to "IGNITION SYSTEM" section.

\*2 marked : Refer to "BATTERY INSPECTION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

## NOTE:

- Remove the following parts before inspection.
- 1) Cowling
- 2) Fuel tank
- Use 12V battery in this inspection.
- Use the following special tool in this inspection.



Pocket tester:

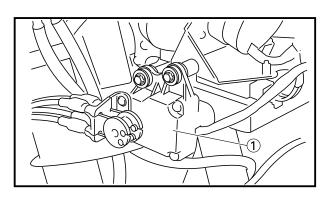
YU-3112-C/90890-03112

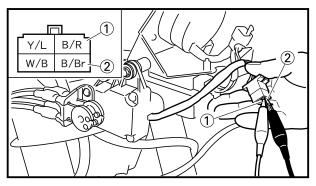
**YPVS SYSTEM** 

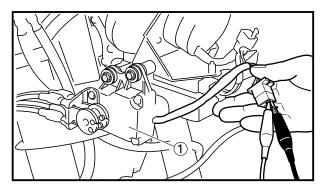


# COUPLERS AND LEADS CONNECTION INSPECTION

- 1. Check:
  - Couplers and leads connection Rust/ Dust/ Looseness/Short-circuit → Repair or replace.







## SERVOMOTOR OPERATION

- 1. Disconnect the fuel pump coupler to prevent the fuel pump operating.
- 2. Inspect:
  - Servomotor (1) Operative when the main switch is moved to "RUN"  $\rightarrow$  OK

# SERVOMOTOR INSPECTION

- 1. Disconnect the YPVS cable from the servomotor.
- 2. Disconnect the servomotor lead.
- 3. Connect 12V battery to the servomotor lead.

Battery (+) lead  $\rightarrow$  Black/Red lead (1) Battery (-) lead  $\rightarrow$  Black/Brown lead (2)

- 4. Inspect:
  - Servomotor ①

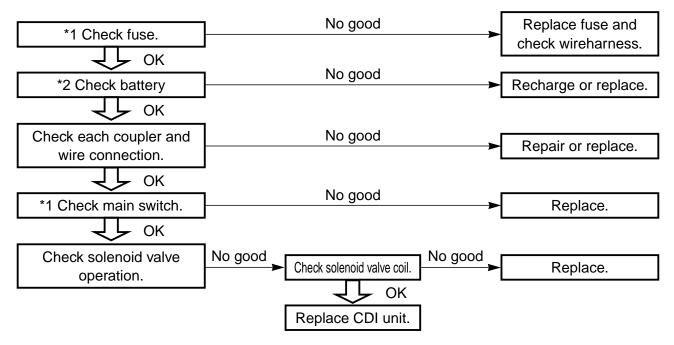
Not operate  $\rightarrow$  Replace servomotor.



# SOLENOID VALVE SYSTEM

#### EC651021 INSPECTION STEPS

If the solenoid valve will not operate, use the following inspection steps.



\*1 marked : Refer to "IGNITION SYSTEM" section.

\*2 marked : Refer to "BATTERY INSPECTION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

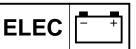
### NOTE:

- Remove the following parts before inspection.
- 1) Cowling
- 2) Fuel tank
- 3) Induction cap (left cylinder)
- Use I2V battery in this inspection.
- Use the following special tools in this inspection.

#### Pocket tester: YU-3112-C/90890-03112

4) Induction guide (right cylinder)

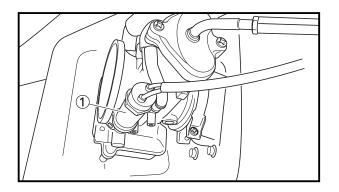
5) Seat



# COUPLERS AND LEADS CONNECTION INSPECTION

#### 1. Check:

 Couplers and leads connection Rust/ Dust/ Looseness/Short-circuit → Repair or replace.

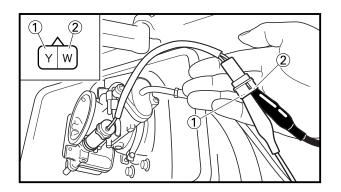


# SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

- 1. Disconnect the fuel pump and servomotor coupler to prevent the fuel pump and servomotor operating.
- 2. Inspect:
  - Solenoid valve ①
     Click when the main switch is moved to "RUN" → OK

#### NOTE:\_

Before checking the solenoid valve, disconnect the other solenoid valve lead.



# SOLENOID VALVE COIL INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
  - Solenoid valve coil resistance
     Out of specification → Replace.

Tester (+) lead $\rightarrow$ Yellow lead (1)
Tester (–) lead $\rightarrow$ White lead (2)

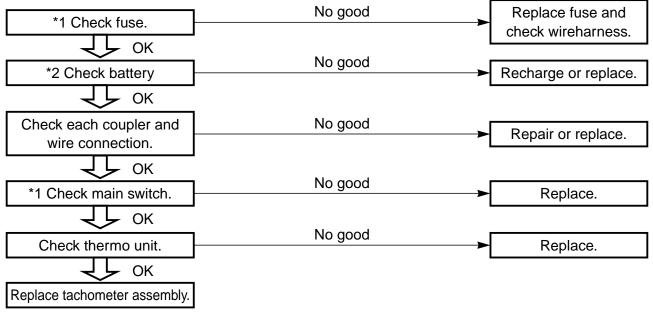
Solenoid resistance	Tester selector position	
52.0~63.6 Ω at 20°C (68°F)	$\Omega imes$ 10	



# THERMO UNIT SYSTEM

#### EC6A1011 INSPECTION STEPS

If the water temperature gauge (thermo unit) will not operate, use the following inspection steps.



#### \*1 marked : Refer to "IGNITION SYSTEM" section.

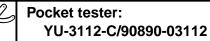
\*2 marked : Refer to "BATTERY INSPECTION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

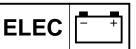
#### NOTE:

• Remove the following parts before inspection.

1) Cowling

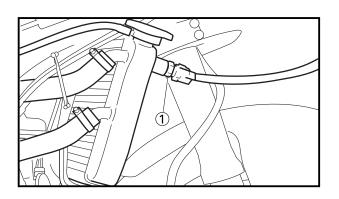
• Use the following special tools in this inspection.

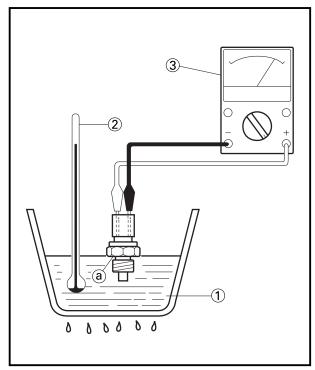




# COUPLERS AND LEADS CONNECTION INSPECTION

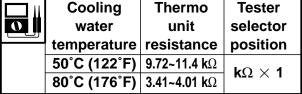
- 1. Check:
  - Couplers and leads connection Rust/ Dust/ Looseness/Short-circuit → Repair or replace.





#### ECGA2000 THERMO UNIT INSPECTION

- 1. Drain the cooling water.
- 2. Remove:
  - $\bullet$  Thermo unit (1)
- Immerse the thermo unit with a tester lead connected in a container containing cooling (tap) water ① down to the upper threaded portion ⓐ.
- ② Water temperature gauge
- ③ Poket tester
- 4. Inspect:
  - Thermo unit resistance Measure the resistance while gradually heating the cooling water.
     Out of specification → Replace .



NOTE:\_

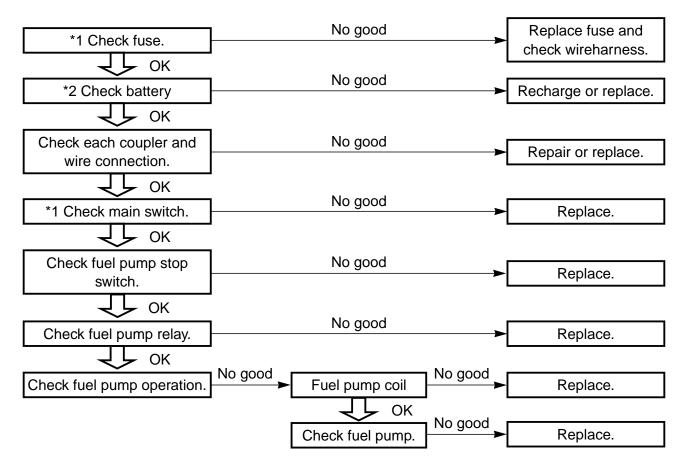
Do not allow the thermo unit to contact the test container bottom.



# FUEL PUMP SYSTEM

#### EC671001 INSPECTION STEPS

If the fuel pump will not operate, use the following inspection steps.



\*1 marked : Refer to "IGNITION SYSTEM" section.

\*2 marked : Refer to "BATTERY INSPECTION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

#### NOTE:\_

- Remove the following parts before inspection.
- 1) Cowling
- 2) Fuel tank
- Use 12V battery in this inspection.
- Use the following special tool in this inspection.

### Pocket tester:

YU-3112-C/90890-03112

- 3) Seat
- 4) Induction cap (left cylinder)



# COUPLERS AND LEADS CONNECTION INSPECTION

- 1. Check:
  - Couplers and leads connection Rust/ Dust/ Looseness/Short-circuit → Repair or replace.

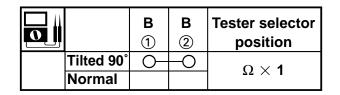
## FUEL PUMP STOP SWITCH INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
  - Fuel pump stop switch ①

2. Inspect:

• Fuel pump stop switch conduct To inspect, tilt the fuel pump stop switch to the right and left.

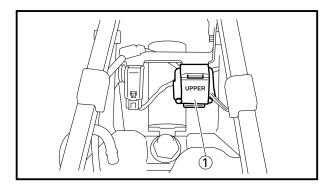
Tester (+) lead $ ightarrow$ Black lead $\textcircled{1}$	
Tester (-) lead $\rightarrow$ Black lead (2)	

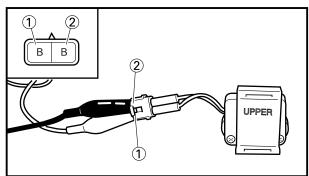


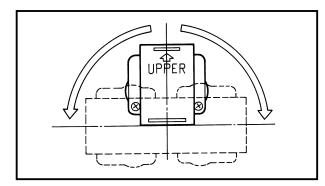
Continuous if normal  $\rightarrow$  Replace. Not continuous if tilted 90°  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

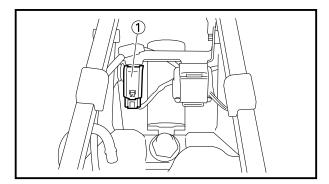
FUEL PUMP RELAY INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
  - Fuel pump relay ①

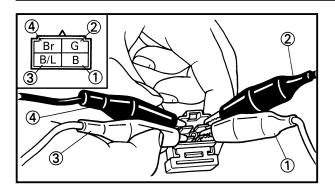








FUEL PUMP SYSTEM



- 2. Inspect:
  - Fuel pump relay conduct Use 12V battery.

Battery (+) lead $\rightarrow$ Black lead (1)
Battery (-) lead $ ightarrow$ Green lead (2)
Tester (+) lead $\rightarrow$ Black/Blue lead (3)
Tester (-) lead $\rightarrow$ Brown lead (4)

0		<b>B/L</b> ③	Br ④	Tester selector position
	Connected to battery			
	Not connected to battery	0-	-0	$\Omega imes$ 1

Continuous while connected to the battery  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

Not continuous while not connected to the battery  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

- 3. Inspect:
  - Fuel pump relay resistance
     Out of specification → Replace.

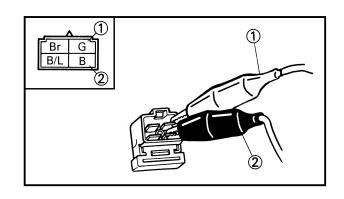
Tester (+) lead $\rightarrow$ Green lead (1)
Tester (-) lead $\rightarrow$ Black lead 2

Fuel pump relay resistance	Tester selector position	
72~80 Ω at 20°C (68°F)	$\Omega imes$ 10	

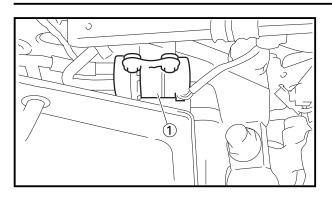
# FUEL PUMP OPERATION

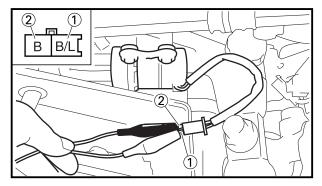
Do not operate the fuel pump on an empty fuel tank because it may damage the pump.

1. Loosen the drain plug (carburetor) and drain the fuel from the float chamber.



ELEC





- 2. Install:
- Drain plug

**FUEL PUMP SYSTEM** 

- 3. Turn the fuel cock to "ON".
- 4. Inspect:
  - Fuel pump ① Operation sound when the main switch is moved to "RUN"  $\rightarrow$  OK

#### EC675000 FUEL PUMP COIL INSPECTION

- 1. Disconnect the fuel pump coupler.
- 2. Inspect:
  - Fuel pump coil resistance
  - Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

Tester (+) lead $\rightarrow$ Black/Blue lead (1)
Tester (-) lead $ ightarrow$ Black lead $\textcircled{2}$

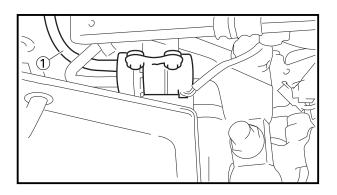
Fuel pump coil resistance	Tester selector position	
1~3 Ω at 20°C (68°F)	$\Omega imes$ 1	

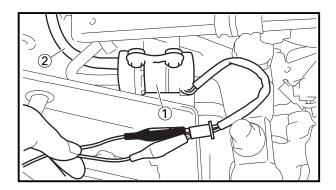


## FUEL PUMP INSPECTION **CAUTION:**

Do not operate the fuel pump on an empty fuel tank because it may damage the pump.

- 1. Remove the fuel outlet hose from the fuel pump.
- 2. Connect another plastic hose ① to the fuel pump and place its other end into a container.





3. Turn the fuel cock to "ON".

**FUEL PUMP SYSTEM** 

- 4. Disconnect the fuel pump coupler.
- 5. Connect 12V battery to the fuel pump coupler.

Battery (+) lead  $\rightarrow$  Black/Blue lead (1) Battery (-) lead  $\rightarrow$  Black lead (2)

6. Inspect:

Fuel pump ①
 No fuel flows from the plastic hose ② →
 Replace.



# TUNING

EC710000

ENGINE

#### **Carburetor setting**

- The role of fuel is not only to produce motive power but also to cool the engine and, in the case of a 2-stroke engine, to lubricate it. Therefore, too lean a mixture (of air and fuel) tends to cause an abnormal combustion (i.e., detonation), whereas too rich a mixture makes it difficult for the engine to develop its full performance, with the result that in some cases the spark plug may be fouled, causing the engine to stop running.
- The richness of the air-fuel mixture required for the engine will vary with atmospheric conditions of the day and therefore, the settings of the carburetor must be properly suited to the atmospheric conditions (air pressure, humidity and temperature).
- As a basic setting method, only the factory set main jet is first changed to check for the discoloration of the spark plug(s) and piston(s) at full throttle in 6th and then the setting is determined at mid-open throttle.
- Recording and storing the data on the settings, weather conditions, road surface conditions of the circuit, lap times, etc. will enable quick setting under different conditions at a later time.

		Air		
Air temp.	Humidity	pressure	Mixture	Setting
		(altitude)		
High	High	Low	Richer	Leaner
riigii	riigii	(high)	Richer	Leaner
Low	Low	High	Leaner	Richer
LOW	LOW	(low)	Leaner	NUCIEI

Atmospheric conditions and carburetor setting

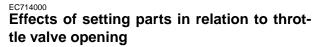
The reason for the above tendency is that the richness or leanness of a fuel mixture depends on the density of the air (i.e. the concentration of oxygen in it).

FC712000



That is:

- Higher temperature expands the air with its resultant reduced density.
- Higher humidity reduces the amount of oxygen in the air by so much of the water vapor in the same air.
- Lower atmospheric pressure (at a high altitude) reduces the density of the air.

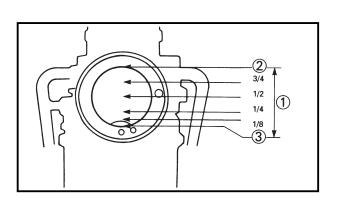


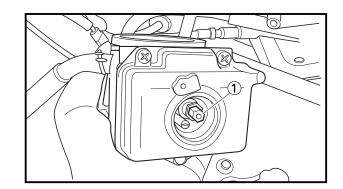
Setting parts	Throttle valve opening			
	0 1/8 1/4 1/2 3/4 7/8 1/1			
Pilot air screw				
Pilot jet				
Main nozzle Jet needle				
Main jet				
Power jet				

1 Throttle valve opening

2 Full-open

③ Full-closed





#### EC71E003

#### Basic process of carburetor setting

Ex-factory setting is on the richer side, which should basically have no problems with the brake-in procedure.

Refer to "STARTING AND BREAK-IN" section in the CHAPTER 1.

1. Adjustment of main jet

Use a main jet ① with a smaller calibration number if the engine does not develop more than 12,000 rpm after a few laps of the circuit when the water temperature becomes stable [55°C (131°F) or more].

Example:#560  $\rightarrow$  #540

7



Next run a few laps of the circuit with this setting and check for any difference in engine revolutions. If no difference is noticed, use a main jet with a much smaller calibration number.

Example:  $#540 \rightarrow #500$ 

## Factory-set main jet

#560

2. Checking of spark plug and piston for discoloration

Repeat the adjustment in the above "1" several times. If the engine begins to run at more than 12,000 rpm at full throttle, proceed to the "spark plug chopping" step (refer to P7-9) to check for the discoloration of the spark plug(s) and piston(s).

Refer to the photo for judgment on the discoloration.

As a novice will find it difficult to determine how much smaller number main jet can be used just by looking at discoloration, he should consult an experienced person for his own experience, too.

Whether the setting is proper or not can be judged by engine revolutions.

Approximate criteria for such judgment are given below, on condition that the secondary reduction ratio is fit for conditions of the circuit.

- •13,000 rpm in 1st and 2nd
- •12,500 rpm in 5th and 6th
- A Normal
- B Over burned (too lean)
- C Oil fouled (too rich)
- 3. Adjustment of main nozzle

The main nozzle ① adjustment follows the completion of the adjustment of the main jet. Check that engine revolutions smoothly respond to throttle opening from where throttle is about to be opened to 1/2 throttle opening. Use a main nozzle of a smaller size if engine revolutions appear to falter at the beginning of throttle opening and then suddenly respond to further throttle opening.

Example:S-4  $\rightarrow$  S-3





If the main jet is fully adjusted with not much allowance for discoloration, use a main jet which is approximately #20 lager.

Run a few laps of the circuit to check the engine for response to revolutions. Also check for the discoloration of the spark plug(s) and piston(s).

Use a main jet of a smaller size if good response to engine revolutions is achieved with an allowance for the discoloration of the spark plug(s) and piston(s).

On the other hand, if the use of a different main nozzle appears to produce less power, change to a main nozzle of a larger size.

Example:S-1  $\rightarrow$  S-2

Factory-set main nozzle

S-4

#### NOTE:\_\_

Difference between individual riders or difference between circuit layouts greatly affect the main nozzle setting.

- 1. Rider who frequently uses mid-open throttle
- 2. Circuit that requires frequent throttle opening and closing
- 3. Wet environment

Conditions as mentioned above require a longer period of throttle closing, resulting in the drawn in mixture staying longer in the crankcase. Such setting in turn will inevitably cause the mixture to be richer at the next throttle opening, a main nozzle of a smaller size has to be used.



# Carburetor settings by correction coefficient

Now you should be able to understand the essentials of basic carburetor setting from an explanation given under "Basic process of carburetor setting" (P7-2).

Next is an explanation of how to select a main jet to deal with changes in weather conditions by means of a correction coefficient.

#### NOTE:\_

- Before this correction coefficient can be used, satisfactory carburetor setting must have been made.
- This correction coefficient can not be used if there is a change in specification (e.g., ignition timing, compression ratio, etc.).

#### Illustration:

Suppose the best setting was represented by a #450 main jet at an air pressure of 1013 hPa (760 mmHg) and an air temperature of 20°C (68°F) in the previous riding.

In this riding, there has been a substantial change in conditions; namely, an air pressure of 1007 hPa (755 mmHg) and an air temperature of 30°C (86°F).

 Refer to a table of correction coefficients (P7-6) to find the correction coefficient for the previous riding.

The correction coefficient A=100.0

2. Find the correction coefficient for this time.

The correction coefficient B=96.1

3. Use the following equation to calculate the size of a main jet needed in this particular case.

# Previous main jet size $\times$ B/A = Currently required main jet size

 $450 \times 96.1/100 = 432.5$ Thus, a #430 main jet can be selected.



## **CAUTION:**

If a change in conditions require a main jet of a larger size, use the size to which #20 is added for safety.

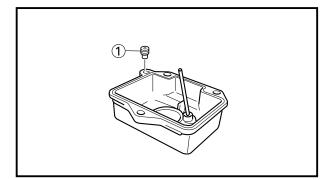
#### NOTE:\_

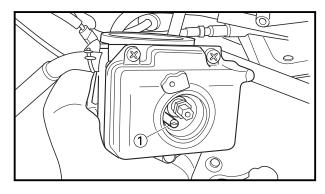
- Since this correction coefficient table lacks a column for humidity, it is advisable to check the degree of discoloration of the spark plug(s) for final selection according to an explanation under "Atmospheric conditions and carburetor setting" (P7-1).
- As the main nozzle is more susceptible to other than atmospheric conditions, no correction coefficient is used for main nozzle setting.

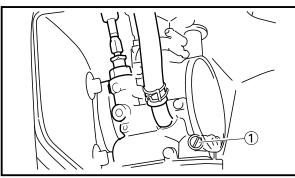
Table of correction coefficients for carburetor setting

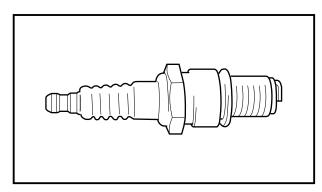
Air pressure				A	ir tempera	ture °C (°F	<sup>-</sup> )				Altitude
hPa (mmHg)	-5 (23)	Zero (32)	5 (41)	10 (50)	15 (59)	20 (68)	25 (77)	30 (86)	35 (95)	40(104)	m (ft)
1040 (780)	112.2	110.2	108.2	106.3	104.4	102.6	100.9	99.3	97.7	96.1	-220 (-722
1033 (775)	111.5	109.4	107.5	105.6	103.7	102.0	100.3	98.6	97.0	95.5	-165 (-541
1027 (770)	110.8	108.7	106.8	104.9	103.1	101.3	99.6	98.0	96.4	94.8	-110 (-361
1020 (765)	110.0	108.0	106.1	104.2	102.4	100.7	99.0	97.3	95.8	94.2	-55 (-180
1013 (760)	109.3	107.3	105.4	103.5	101.7	100.0	98.3	96.7	95.1	93.6	Zero (Zero
1007 (755)	108.6	106.6	104.7	102.9	101.1	99.3	97.7	96.1	94.5	93.0	56 (184
1000 (750)	107.9	105.9	104.0	102.2	100.4	98.7	97.0	95.4	93.9	92.4	112 (36)
993 (745)	107.2	105.2	103.3	101.5	99.7	98.0	96.4	94.8	93.3	91.8	168 (55
987 (740)	106.5	104.5	102.6	100.8	99.1	97.4	95.7	94.2	92.6	91.1	224 (73
980 (735)	105.7	103.8	101.9	100.1	98.4	96.7	95.1	93.5	92.0	90.5	281 (92)
973 (730)	105.0	103.1	101.2	99.4	97.7	96.1	94.4	92.9	91.4	89.9	338 (1,10
967 (725)	104.3	102.4	100.5	98.8	97.1	95.4	93.8	92.2	90.7	89.3	396 (1,29
960 (720)	103.6	101.7	99.8	98.1	96.4	94.7	93.1	91.6	90.1	88.7	453 (1,48
953 (715)	102.9	101.0	99.2	97.4	95.7	94.1	92.5	91.0	89.5	88.1	512 (1,68
947 (710)	102.1	100.3	98.5	96.7	95.0	93.4	91.9	90.3	88.9	87.5	570 (1,87
940 (705)	101.4	99.6	97.8	96.0	94.4	92.8	91.2	89.7	88.2	86.8	629 (2,06
933 (700)	100.7	98.9	97.1	95.4	93.7	92.1	90.6	89.1	87.6	86.2	688 (2,25
927 (695)	100.0	98.1	96.4	94.7	93.0	91.4	89.9	88.4	87.0	85.6	747 (2,45
920 (690)	99.3	97.4	95.7	94.0	92.4	90.8	89.3	87.8	86.4	85.0	807 (2,64
913 (685)	98.5	96.7	95.0	93.3	91.7	90.1	88.6	87.2	85.7	84.4	867 (2,84
907 (680)	97.8	96.0	94.3	92.6	91.0	89.5	88.0	86.5	85.1	83.8	928 (3,04
900 (675)	97.1	95.3	93.6	92.0	90.4	88.8	87.3	85.9	84.5	83.1	989 (3,24
893 (670)	96.4	94.6	92.9	91.3	89.7	88.2	86.7	85.2	83.9	82.5	1,050 (3,44
887 (665)	95.7	93.9	92.2	90.6	89.0	87.5	86.0	84.6	83.2	81.9	1,111 (3,64
880 (660)	94.9	93.2	91.5	89.9	88.3	86.8	85.4	84.0	82.6	81.3	1,173 (3,84
873 (655)	94.2	92.5	90.8	89.2	87.7	86.2	84.7	83.2	82.0	80.7	1,236 (4,05
867 (650)	93.5	91.8	90.1	88.5	87.0	85.5	84.1	82.7	81.4	80.1	1,299 (4,26
860 (645)	92.8	91.1	89.4	87.9	86.3	84.9	83.4	82.1	80.7	79.4	1,362 (4,46
853 (640)	92.1	90.4	88.8	87.2	85.7	84.2	82.8	81.4	80.1	78.8	1,425 (4,67
847 (635)	91.3	89.7	88.1	86.5	85.0	83.6	82.2	80.8	79.5	78.2	1,489 (4,88
840 (630)	90.6	89.0	87.4	85.8	84.3	82.9	81.5	80.2	78.9	77.6	1,554 (5,09











#### C71H040 Other setting parts

1. Power jet ①

Power jet is not basically changed. Since the areas of the main jet and main nozzle overlap each other, special knowledge is required for a setting change.

A larger size results in a richer mixture and a smaller size in a leaner mixture.



2. Pilot jet 1

The pilot jet is used in relation to the engine response at small throttle opening. This is changed when the main nozzle setting is not enough.

A larger size results in a richer mixture and a smaller size in a leaner mixture.

## Factory-set pilot jet

#40

### 3. Pilot air screw ①

The pilot air screw relates to the engine response at a smaller opening than for the pilot jet.

This setting may be changed for want of time or in emergency, but it is basically set at the factory-set pilot air screw position.

Factory-set pilot air	1-1/2 turns out
screw position	1-1/2 turns out

4. Spark plug

The spark plug heat range is not basically changed.

Constant attention to the discoloration of the spark plug and piston head will enable you to tell to some extent whether the setting is good or bad.

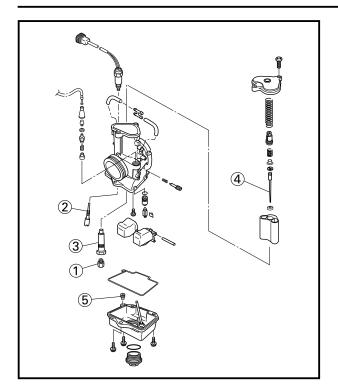
## Standard spark plug

R6179A-105P/NGK

### NOTE:\_\_\_\_\_

For the effects each setting part has, refer to "Effects of setting parts in relation to throttle valve opening" (P7-2).





Carburetor setting parts

	• •		
Part name	•	Size	Part number
Main jet ① Lean		#350	137-14143-70
-	•	#360	137-14143-72
		#370	137-14143-74
		#380	137-14143-76
		#390	137-14143-78
		#400	137-14143-80
		#410	137-14143-82
		#420	137-14143-84
		#430	137-14143-86
		#440	137-14143-88
		#450	137-14143-90
		#460	137-14143-92
		#470	137-14143-94
		#480	137-14143-96
		#490	137-14143-98
		#500	137-1414K-00
	¥	#540	137-1414K-08
*	Rich	#560	137-1414K-12
Pilot jet 2	Lean	#25	4KM-14142-25
		#30	4KM-14142-30
		#35	4KM-14142-35
*	Rich	#40	4KM-14142-40
Main nozzle	Lean	R-7	5KE-14141-R7
3	<b>▲</b>	R-8	5KE-14141-R8
		R-9	5KE-14141-R9
		S-0	5KE-14141-S0
		S-1	5KE-14141-S1
		S-2	5KE-14141-S2
	. ♥	S-3	5KE-14141-S3
*	Rich	S-4	5KE-14141-S4
Jet needle ④*		6DGJ1-63	
Power jet (5	Lean	#50	830-14231-10
*	Rich	#55	830-14231-11

\* Factory installed

#### NOTE:\_

Use a #500 main jet when selecting a next smaller size jet than a #540.

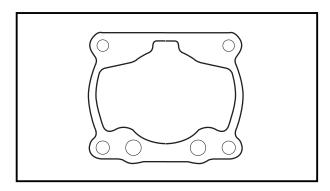


#### EC71J010 Plug chop

When checking the discoloration of the spark plug and piston head, move the main switch to "OFF" while running along a straight lane at full throttle, disengage the clutch at the same time and stop the engine. Then let your machine go back to the pit by inertia. This is called a "plug chop".

### CAUTION:

- When you do a "plug chop", pay attention to your surrounding environment to avoid interference with other riders.
- Do not shift down while riding your machine by inertia (as it may cause a seizure of the clutch push rod and ball).



## Setting of cylinder gasket

The use of the supplied gaskets of different thicknesses makes it possible to change the combustion chamber volume.

Not much torque is felt with slow engine acceleration  $\rightarrow$  Reduce the combustion chamber volume.

Torque is felt with no higher revolutions  $\rightarrow$  Expand the combustion chamber volume.

Thickness	Actual combustion chamber volume	Туре
0.6 mm	Approx. 9.66 cm <sup>3</sup>	STD
(0.024 in)	(0.340 lmp oz, 0.327 US oz)	510
0.5 mm	Approx. 9.43 cm <sup>3</sup>	
(0.020 in)	(0.020 in) (0.332 lmp oz, 0.319 US oz)	
0.38 mm	Approx. 9.20 cm <sup>3</sup>	
(0.015 in)	015 in) (0.324 lmp oz, 0.311 US oz)	
0.3 mm	nm Approx. 8.98 cm <sup>3</sup>	
(0.012 in)	(0.012 in) (0.316 lmp oz, 0.304 US oz)	
0.2 mm	Approx. 8.75 cm <sup>3</sup>	
(0.008 in)	(0.308 lmp oz, 0.296 US oz)	



#### NOTE:\_

- Finish the break-in before changing the gasket.
- A change of 0.1 mm (0.004 in) for the gasket causes a change of approximately 0.23 cm<sup>3</sup> (0.008 lmp oz, 0.008 US oz) of the combustion chamber volume.
- After break-in, change to an appropriate gasket to allow the piston protrusion to be -0.15 mm (-0.006 in) to 0.05 mm (0.002 in).

## CAUTION:

- Piston protruding amount must be a maximum 0.15 mm (0.006 in). Above this value, the piston and cylinder head may contact each other.
- Too much random piston protrusion at low temperature may develop an abnormal combustion (detonation), which may adversely affect the intended performance of the engine.

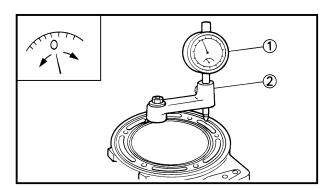
Air temperature

B Piston protruding amount

Cylinder gasket setting parts

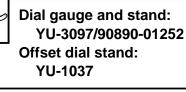
Part number	Size (thickness)
5KE-11351-60 *	t=0.6 mm (0.024 in)
5KE-11351-50	t=0.5 mm (0.020 in)
5KE-11351-40	t=0.38 mm (0.015 in)
5KE-11351-30	t=0.3 mm (0.012 in)
5KE-11351-20	t=0.2 mm (0.008 in)

\* Factory installed

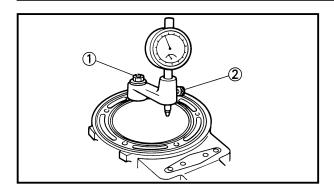


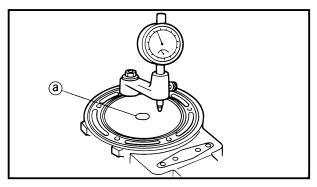
#### EC71L003 Measuring piston protrusion

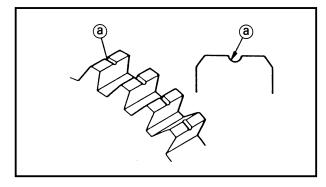
 Install the dial gauge ① and dial gauge stand ② to the cylinder contact surface and set the scale of the dial gauge to zero.











 Loosen the stand installation bolt ①, then rotate the dial gauge stand and set it close to the center of the piston. Tighten the stand installation bolt again.

#### NOTE:\_

Do not loosen the dial gauge installation bolt ② while doing the above.

3. Set the piston at top dead center (TDC), then measure the piston protrusion.

#### NOTE:\_

For measurement, avoid the top center projected area (a) on the piston head but measure several positions above the piston pin as close to the center as possible. The average of these measurements indicates the piston protrusion.

#### EC71N001 Selection of transmission gear ratio

The following gear sets are contained in the packing (or optional) to allow the rider to change the gear ratios according to the circuit condition or rider's preference.

#### CAUTION:

Select the transmission gears so that the number of grooves in the wheel gear match that of the pinion gear as shown below. Trouble may be occurred if the selection is different than that listed below.

(a) Groove

	Gear ratio	Part number	Number of groove
Factory installed	34/18 (1.889)	5KE-17211-20/5KE-17411-20	2
Supplying part	28/14 (2.000)	5KE-17211-10/5KE-17411-10	1

#### 2nd gear

1st gear

	Gear ratio	Part number	Number of groove
Factory installed	31/21 (1.476)	4DP-17221-11/4DP-17121-11	1
Optional part	27/19 (1.421)	5F7-17221-21/5F7-17121-21	2
Optional part	28/18 (1.556)	5F7-17221-00/5F7-17121-00	-

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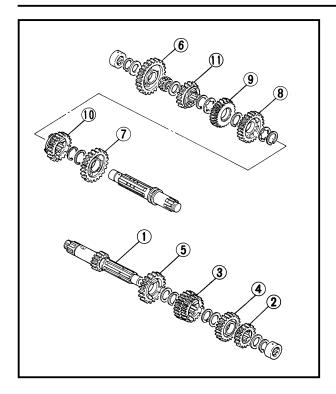
## 3rd gear

	Gear ratio	Part number	Number of groove
Factory installed	29/23 (1.261)	5KE-17231-00/5KE-17131-00	-
Optional part/	25/21 (1.190)	5KE-17231-20/5KE-17131-10	2/1
Supplying part	23/21 (1.190)	SRE-17231-20/SRE-17131-10	2/1
Supplying part	26/21 (1.238)	5KE-17231-10/5KE-17131-10	1

### 6th gear

	Gear ratio	Part number	Number of groove
Factory installed	20/22 (0.909)	5KE-17261-00/5KE-17191-00	1
Supplying part	22/25 (0.880)	5KE-17261-10/5KE-17161-10	2





EC71U011 Transmission setting parts

Part name		Size	Part number			
Main axle ①		14T	5KE-17411-10			
_	*	18T	5KE-17411-20			
2nd pinion gear ②	Δ	18T	5F7-17121-00			
	$\Delta$	19T	5F7-17121-21			
	*	21T	4DP-17121-11			
3rd/4th pinion		21T/25T	5KE-17131-10			
gear 3	*	23T/25T	5KE-17131-00			
5th pinion gear ④	*	27T	5F7-17151-01			
6th pinion gear (5)	*	22T	5KE-17161-00			
		25T	5KE-17161-10			
1st wheel gear (6)		28T	5KE-17211-10			
	*	34T	5KE-17211-20			
2nd wheel gear ⑦	$\Delta$	27T	5F7-17221-21			
	Δ	28T	5F7-17221-00			
	*	31T	4DP-17221-11			
3rd wheel gear (8)	$\Delta$	25T	5KE-17231-20			
		26T	5KE-17231-10			
	*	29T	5KE-17231-00			
4th wheel gear (9)	*	27T	5KE-17241-00			
5th wheel gear 10	*	26T	3YL-17251-00			
6th wheel gear 11	*	20T	5KE-17261-00			
		22T	5KE-17261-10			

#### \* Factory installed

## NOTE:\_

- The mark ∆ shows that this part is not supplied together and that it is available on order as a YAMAHA genuine part.
- 3rd/4th pinion gear 5KE-17131-10 allows for a combination of 3rd wheel gear 5KE-17231-10 or 5KE-17231-20. No combination can be selected for the factory installed 5KE-17231-00.



# CHASSIS

EC72J001

#### **Chassis setting**

How to go about setting the chassis

- Measure the stroke of the front and rear suspension to get an idea of the operation.
- If the time increases, the stroke increases.
- If the tire grip becomes firmer, the stroke increases.

(On the other hand, the stroke decreases on rainy weather.)

- Rider's position and posture affect the stroke.
- Be careful not to allow the suspension to bottom out.
- Start the setting with the preload.

Next, go to the damping force adjustment, and if this not enough, then adjust the machine height.

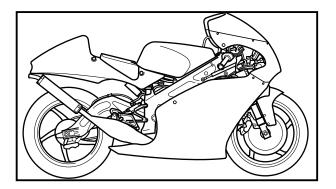
(On the side where the machine height is greater the stroke increases; whereas it decreases on the side with a smaller machine height.)

- If the damping force is increased either on the compression or the expansion side, it results in less smooth movement, so do not depart too far from the standard settings.
- Adjust the machine height in an increment of mm (in).
- If you lose your way while doing the setting, go back to the standard settings.
- Oil level adjustment in the front fork produces a greater effect in further stroke than in mid stroke.

(Increase or decrease the oil level in an approximately 5~10 mm (0.20~0.39 in) interval.)







#### EC72M001 Tire and machine's posture

If a non-designated tire is used, the difference in radius between the front and the rear tire may affect the machine's posture.

To keep the machine in a proper posture, adjust the front fork top end or seat height.

Basically, with a larger radius tire, lower the machine's posture and vice versa.

#### [Front]

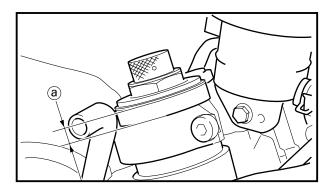
Tire brand	Tire circumference	Tire radius	Front fork top end
*3.10/4.80 R17 DUNLOP KR106	About 1,875 mm (73.8 in)	About 298.5 mm (11.8 in)	13 mm (0.51 in)
120/70 R17 DUNLOP MR977	About 1,885 mm (74.2 in)	About 300 mm (11.8 in)	11.5 mm (0.45 in)

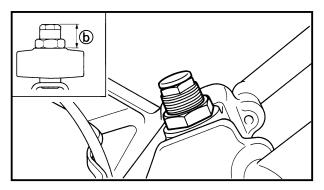
\*Designated tire

#### [Rear]

Tire brand	Tire circumference	Tire radius	Seat height	
*165/55 R17 DUNLOP KR108	About 1,975 mm (77.8 in)	About 314.5 mm (12.4 in)	24 mm (0.94 in)	
165/50 R17 DUNLOP KR244	About 1,957 mm (77.0 in)	About 311.5 mm (12.3 in)	25.5 mm (1.00 in)	

\*Designated tire





### Example:

If the front tire radius is 1 mm (0.04 in) larger, lower the front posture by 1 mm (0.04 in) by increasiry the front fork top end ⓐ by 1 mm (0.04 in). If the rear tire radius is 2 mm (0.08 in) smaller, raise the rear posture by 2 mm (0.08 in) by decreasiry the adjuster set length ⓑ by 1 mm (0.04 in).

## NOTE:\_

- Find the tire radius by calculating the measured circumference of the tire.
- A change of 1 mm (0.04 in) in the front fork top end results in a change of about 1 mm (0.04 in) in the front posture. A change of 1 mm (0.04 in) in the adjuster set length results in a change of about 2 mm (0.08 in) in the rear posture.



#### EC72K014 Settings

For full use of engine performance and safe riding, set the suspension as follows. (Ex-factory settings are intended for a rider approximately 170 cm (66.9 in) in height and approximately 60 kg (132 lb) in weight.)

1. Preparations

To check for the remaining stroke in the front and rear suspension, either install a thin insu-lock tie or apply a small amount of grease at the front fork inner tube and at the rear shock absorber rod.

2. Settings

At the beginning of the break-in period, always record the remaining stroke as data.

To judge front and rear balance in relation to the machine height, the usual way is to shift from full braking to turning and get the feel when the clipper riding.

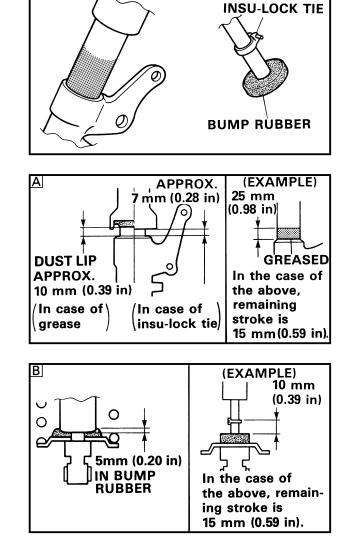
After making an actual run, proceed to the settings for a target of a  $5\sim10$  mm (0.20~0.39 in) remaining stroke for front and a 10 ~ 20 mm (0.39~0.79 in) remaining stroke for rear.

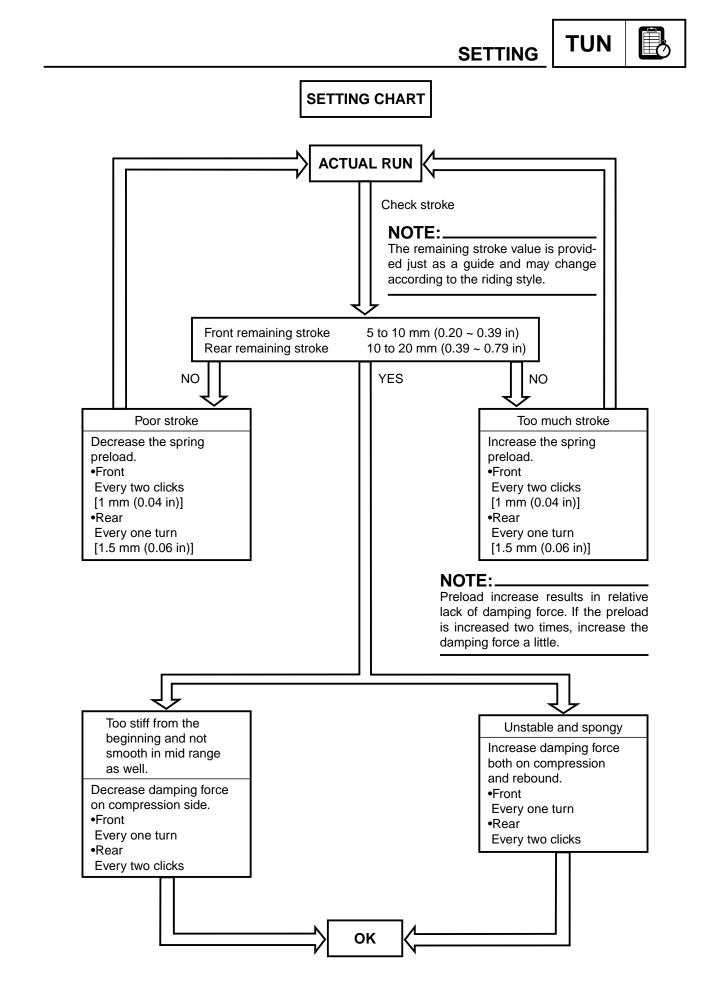
Basically, the best settings can be obtained by repeating the following steps.

#### NOTE:

The figures show the bottom-out positions of the front and rear suspension.

A Front B Rear







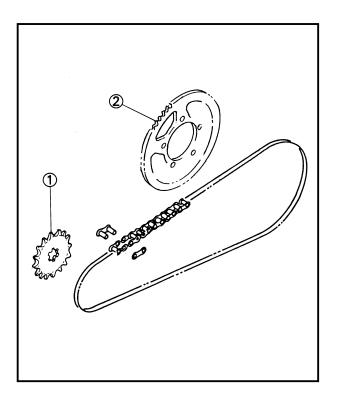
# Selection of the secondary reduction ratio (Sprocket)

Secondary	Number of driven sprocket teeth
reduction =	
ratio	Number of drive sprocket teeth

Factory-set secondary	36/14 (2.571)
reduction ratio	30/14 (2.571)

Driven sprocket	35T	36T	37T	38T	39T	40T
14T	2.500	2.571	2.643	2.714	2.786	2.857
15T	2.333	2.400	2.467	2.534	2.600	2.666
16T	2.188	2.250	2.313	2.375	2.438	2.500

The larger value, the higher speed ratio The smaller value, the lower speed ratio



Drive and driven sprockets setting parts

Part name	Size	Part number
Drive sprocket ① *	14T	93834-14178
	15T	93834-15079
	16T	93834-16104
Driven sprocket 2	35T	5KE-25435-10
*	36T	5KE-25436-10
	37T	5KE-25437-10
	38T	5KE-25438-10
	39T	5KE-25439-10
	40T	5KE-25440-10

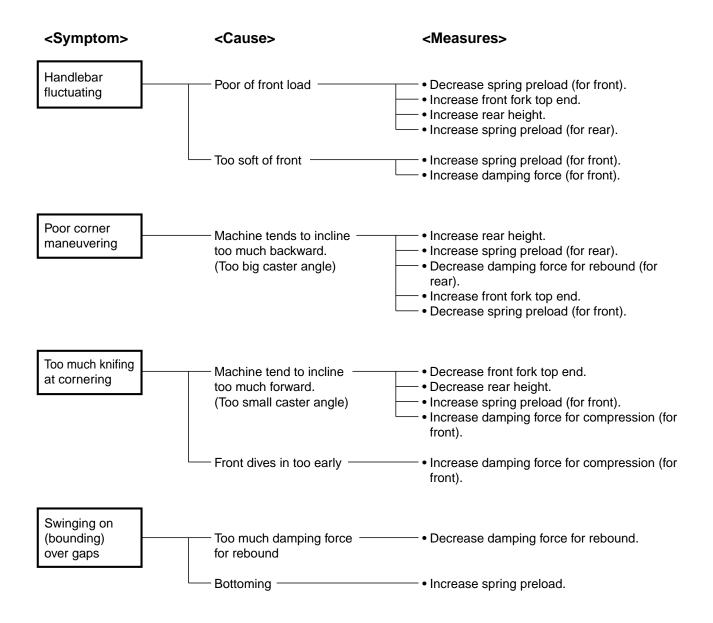
\* Factory installed



#### EC72L003 Chassis setting troubleshooting

<symptom></symptom>	<cause></cause>	<measures></measures>
Chattering (Small rebounds, up-and-down	Bottoming (full stroke)	Increase spring preload.     Increase damping force for compression.
movements)	Further in stroke	<ul> <li>Increase damping force for compression, or decrease damping force for rebound.</li> </ul>
	— Too stiff (poor stroke) —	<ul> <li>Decrease spring preload.</li> <li>Decrease damping force for compression.</li> <li>Down the oil level (for front fork only).</li> </ul>
	Looseness in parts	<ul> <li>Check bolts, bearings, etc. as well as their installation.</li> </ul>
	Tire/Rim	• Recheck balance.     • Check deformation (runout).
Too stiff		
feeling	Poor operation	Check the shock absorber.     (Check rod, inner tube, etc. for bending. If     bent, replace.)
		<ul> <li>Check for any deviation from center after tightening front wheel axle. (Replace if deviated in any way.)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Too much tightened bolts for front fork outer tube → Retorque the bolts to specification (handle crown, under bracket, steering damper stay, handlebar).</li> </ul>
	Too stiff (poor stroke)	<ul> <li>Decrease spring preload.</li> <li>Decrease damping force (for both compression and rebound).</li> </ul>
	Bottoming (full stroke)	<ul> <li>Increase spring preload.</li> <li>Increase oil level (for front fork only).</li> <li>Increase damping force for compression, or decrease damping force for rebound.</li> </ul>
Spongy feeling	Poor of damping force	<ul> <li>Increase damping force (for both compression and rebound).</li> </ul>
	Too soft	Increase spring preload.







#### EC740002 Setting record table

The data shown here is an example of entry. For your actual use, copy the necessary data.

Event name		
Date		
Weather		
Place		

#### Setting specs:

Ignition timing		
Spark plug	 	 
Carburetor Main jet Power jet Jet needle Main nozzle Pilot jet Pilot air screw Float height		
Gearing 1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th Secondary		
Front fork Spring rate Spring preload Rebound damping Compression damping Top end Oil capacity Oil level		
Rear shock Spring fitting length Spring rate Rebound damping Compression damping Seat height		
Front tire (pressure)		
Rear tire (pressure)		
Fuel consumption		



Event name		
Date		
Weather		
Place		

Setting specs:

Ignition timing		
Spark plug		
Carburetor Main jet Power jet Jet needle Main nozzle Pilot jet Pilot air screw Float height		
Gearing 1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th Secondary		
Front fork Spring rate Spring preload Rebound damping Compression damping Top end Oil capacity Oil level		
Rear shock Spring fitting length Spring rate Rebound damping Compression damping Seat height		
Front tire (pressure)		
Rear tire (pressure)		
Fuel consumption		

#### NOTE:\_

- 1. Make setting changes in small increments.
- 2. When the proper settings have been determined for a particular track, they should be written down for reference upon returning to that track.
- 3. Always make adjustment in cold state.

# PROTECT YOUR INVESTMENT Use **Genuine YAMAHA** Parts And Accessories



PRINTED IN JAPAN 2000.10—0.1X 1 ① (英)