

1991 - 2000

MOTORCYCLE THE MOTORCYCLE THE MOTORCYCLE THE MANUAL

SERVICE MANUAL

Model: CY50B, CY50D, CY50E, CY50F, CY50G, CY50H, CY50J, CY50M, SH50G

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CY50B '91
SERVICE MANUAL
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Printed in Japan

NOTICE

This manual was written by the Yamaha Motor Company primarily for use by Yamaha dealers and their qualified mechanics. It is not possible to put an entire mechanic's education into one manual, so it is assumed that persons using this book to perform maintenance and repairs on Yamaha scooter have a basic understanding of the mechanical concepts and procedures inherent in scooter repair technology. Without such knowledge, attempted repairs or service to this model may render it unfit to use and/or unsafe.

Yamaha Motor Company, Ltd. is continually striving to improve all models manufactured by Yamaha. Modifications and significant changes in specifications or procedures will be forwarded to all Authorized Yamaha dealers and will, where applicable, appear in future editions of this manual.

TECHNICAL PUBLICATIONS
SERVICE DIVISION
MOTORCYCLE GROUP
YAMAHA MOTOR CO., LTD.

PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This material is distinguished by the following notation.

 \triangle

The Safety Alert Symbol means ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY

IS INVOLVED!

INMARMING

Failure to follow WARNING instructions could result in severe injury or death

to the scooter operator, a bystander, or a person inspecting or repairing the

scooter.

CAUTION:

A CAUTON indecates special precautions that must be taken to avoid damage

to the scooter.

NOTE:

A NOTE provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer.

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

CONSTRACTION OF THIS MANUAL

This manual consists of chapters for the main categories of subjects. (See "Illustrated symbols")

1st title (1):

This is a chapter with its symbol on the upper right of each page.

2nd title (2):

This title appears on the upper of each page on the left of the chapter symbol. (For the chapter "Periodic inspection and adjustment" the 3rd

title appears.)

3rd title (3):

This is a final title.

MANUAL FORMAT

All of the procedures in this manual are organized in a sequential, step-by-step format. The information has been compiled to provide the mechanic with an easy to read, handy reference that contains comprehensive explanations of all disassembly, repair, assembly, and inspections. A set of particularly important procedure 4 is placed between a line of sterisks " * " with each procedure preceded by " ...

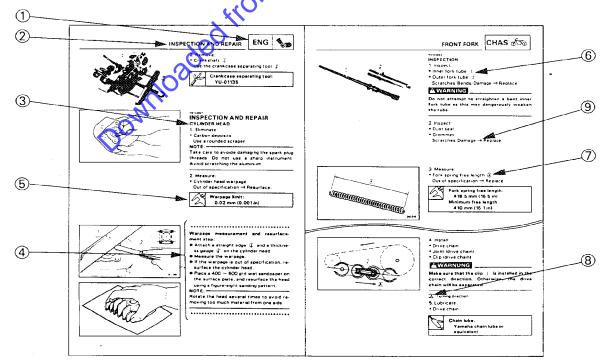
IMPORTANT FEATURES

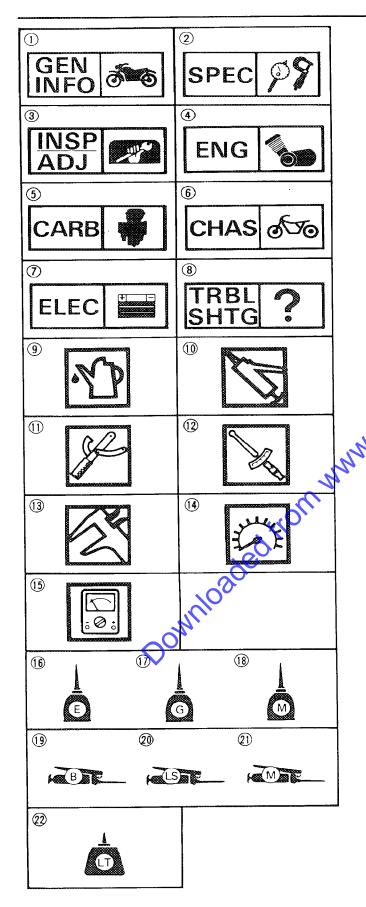
- Data and a special tool are framed in a box preceded by a relevant symbol (5).
- An encircled numeral 6 indicates a part name, and an encircled alphabetical letter data or an alignment mark \bigcirc , the others being indicated by an alphabetical letter in a box \bigcirc .
- A condition of a faulty component will precede an atlow symbol and the course of action required the symbol (9).

EXPLODED DIAGRAM

EXPLODED DIAGRAM

Each chapter provides exploded diagrams before each disassembly section for ease in identifying correct disassembly and assembly procedures.





ILLUSTRATED SYMBOLS (Refer to the illustration)

Illustrated symbols ① to ⑧ are designed as thumb tabs to indicate the chapter's number and content.

- (1) General information
- (2) Specifications
- (3) Periodic inspection and adjustment
- (4) Engine
- (5) Carburetion
- (6) Chassis
- (7) Electrical
- 8 Troubleshooting

Illustrated symbols (9) to (15) are used to identify the specifications appearing in the text.

- 9 Fillingfluid
- 10 Lubicant
- (i) Special tool
- Tightening
- Wear limit, clearance
- (14) Engine speed
- 15 Ω, V, A

Illustrated symbols 16 to 22 in the exploded diagram indicate grade of lubricant and location of lubrication point.

- (6) Apply engine oil
- (17) Apply gear oil
- (8) Apply molybdenum disulfide oil
- (19) Apply wheel bearing grease
- (2) Apply lightweight lithium-soap base grease
- (2) Apply molybdenum disulfide grease
- (2) Apply locking agent (LOCTITE®)

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CHAPTER 1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

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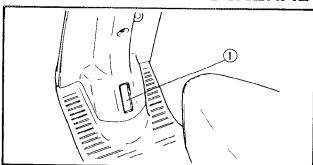
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SCOOTER IDENTIFICATION







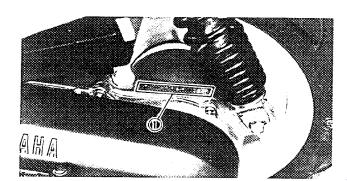
SCOOTER IDENTIFICATION VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

The vehicle identification number ① is stamped into the frame.

NOTE: _

The vehicle identification number is used to identify your scooter and may be used to register your scooter with the licensing authority in your state.

Starting serial number: JYA3SAN0 * MA000101



ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

The engine serial number ① is stamped into the crankcase.

Starting serial number: 3SA-000101

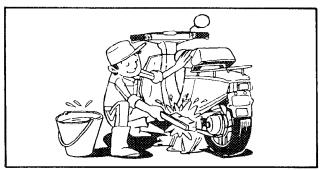
NOTE:

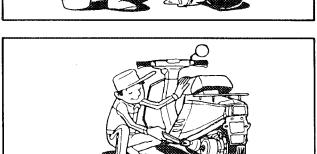
The first three digits of these numbers are for model identifications; the remaining digits are the unit production number.

• Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.

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IMPORTANT INFORMATION PREPARATION FOR REMOVAL AND DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove all dirt, mud, dust and foreign material before removal and disassembly.
- 2. Use proper tools and cleaning equipment. Refer to "SPECIAL TOOL".
- 3. When disassembling the scooter, keep mated parts together. This includes gears, cylinders, pistons and other mated parts that have been "mated" through normal wear. Mated parts must be reused as an assembly or replaced.
- 4. During the scooter disassembly, clean all parts and place them in trays in the order of disassembly. This will speed up assembly time and help assure that all parts are correctly reinstalled.
- 5. Keep away from fire.

ALL REPLACEMENT PARTS

1. Use only genuine Yamaha parts for all replacements. Use oil and/or grease recommended by Yamaha for assembly and adjustment. Other brands may be similar in function and appearance, but inferior in quality.

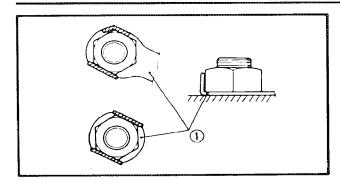
GASKETS, OIL SEALS, AND O-RINGS

- 1. All gaskets, seals, and O-rings should be replaced when an engine is overhauled. All gasket surfaces, oil seal lips, and O-rings must be cleaned.
- 2. Properly oil all mating parts and bearings during reassembly. Apply grease to the oil seal lips.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

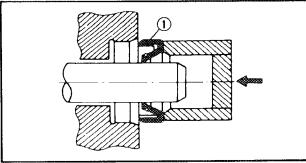






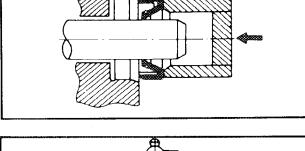
LOCK WASHERS/PLATES AND COTTER PINS

1. All lock washers/plates(1) and cotter pins must be replaced when they are removed. Lock tab(s) should be bent along the bolt or nut flat(s) after the bolt or nut has been properly tiahtened.



BEARINGS AND OIL SEALS

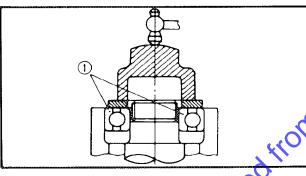
1. Install the bearing(s) and oil seal(s) with their manufacturer's marks or numbers facing outward. (In other words, the stamped letters must be on the side exposed to view.) When installing oil seal(s), apply a light coating of light-weight lithium base grease to the seal lip (s). Oil the bearings liberally when installing.



1 Oil seal



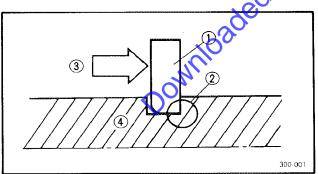
Do mouse compressed air to spin the bearings dry. This causes damage to the bearing surfaces.



(1) Bearing

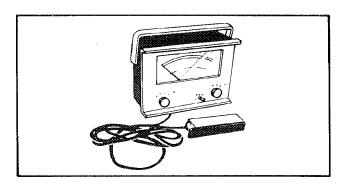


- 1. All circlips should be inspected carefully before reassembly. Always replace piston pin clips after one use. Replace distorted circlips. When installing a circlip ①, make sure that the sharp edged corner ② is positioned opposite to the thrust 3 it receives. See the sectional view.
- 4 Shaft



SPECIAL TOOLS

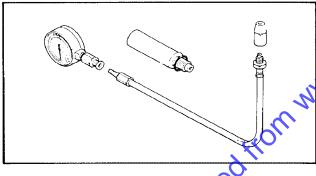
The proper special tools are necessary for complete and accurate tune-up and assembly. Using the correct special tool will help prevent damage caused by the use of improper tools or improvised techniques.



FOR TUNE UP

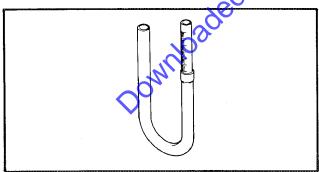
1. Inductive Tachometer P/N. YU-08036-A

This tool is needed fordetecting engine rpm.



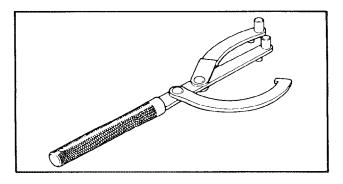
2. Compression Gauge P/N. YU-33223

This gauge is used to measure engine compression.



3. Fuel level gauge P/N. YM-01312-A

This gauge is used to measure the fuel level in the float chamber.

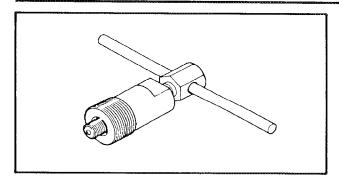


FOR ENGINE SERVICE

1. Flywheel Holding Tool P/N. YU-01235

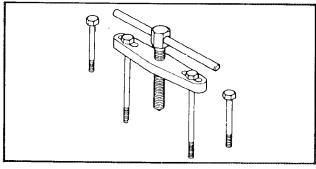
This tool is used to the hold the flywheel magneto and clutch assembly when removing or installing the securing nut.





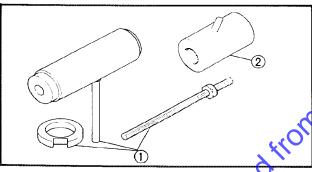
2. Flywheel Magneto Puller P/N. YM-01189

This tool is used to remove the flywheel.



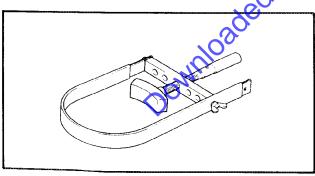
3. Crankcase Separating Tool P/N. YU-01135

This tool is used to remove the crankshaft or separate the crankcase.



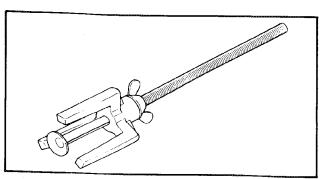
4. Crankshaft Installing Set P/N YU-90050- ① Adapter (M10) P/N. YM-90062- ②

This tools are used to install the crankshaft.



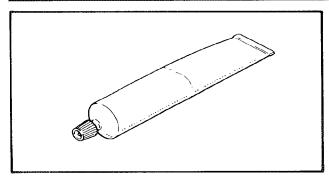
5. Sheave Holder P/N. YS-01880

This tool is used when holding the clutch hub.



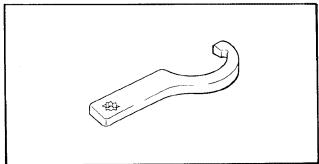
6. Clutch Spring Holder P/N. YS-28891

This tool is used to disassembly and assembly the secondary sheave.



7. Quick Gasket® P/N. ACC-11001-01 YAMAHA Bond No. 1215

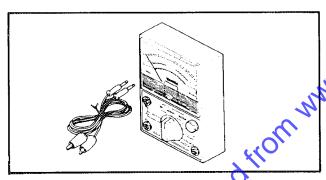
This sealant (Bond) is used for crankcase mating surfaces, etc.



FOR CHASSIS SERVICE

1. Ring Nut Wrench P/N. YU-33975

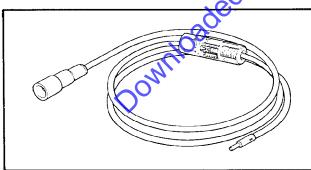
This tool is used to loosen and tighten the steering ring nut.



FOR ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

1. Pocket Tester P/N. YU-03112

This instrument is invaluable for electrical system inspection and adjustment.



2. Dynamic spark tester P/N. YM-34487

This instrument is necessary for checking the ignition system components.



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CHAPTER 2. SPECIFICATIONS

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SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Model	CY50B
Model Code Number	3SA
Vehicle Identification Number	JYA3SAN0 * MA000101
Engine Starting Number	3SA-000101
Dimensions: Overall Length Overall Width Overall Height Seat Height Wheelbase Minimum Ground Clearance	1,645 mm (64.8 in) 630 mm (24.8 in) 980 mm (38.6 in) 710 mm (28.0 in) 1,115 mm (43.9 in) 80 mm (3.1 in)
Basic Weight: With Oil and Full Fuel Tank	65 kg (143 lb)
Minimum Turning Radius:	1,600 mm (63 in)
Engine: Engine Type Cylinder Arrangement Displacement Bore x Stroke Compression Ratio Starting System	Air cooled 2-stroke, gasoline Single cylinder, Vertical 49 cm³ 40.0 x 39.2 mm (1.575 x 1.543 in) 6.9:1 Electric and kick starter
Lubrication System	Separate lubrication (Yamaha Autolube)
Oil Type or Grade: Engine Oil Transmission Oil	Yamalube2 or equivalent air-cooled, 2-stroke engine oil SAE 10W30 type SE motor oil
Oil Type or Grade: Engine Oil Transmission Oil Oil Capacity: Oil Tank (engine oil) Transmission Oil: Periodic Oil Change Total Amount Air Filter Fuel: Type Tank Capacity	0.8 L (0.7 lmp qt, 0.84 US qt) 0.10 L (0.09 lmp qt, 0.11 US qt) 0.11 L (0.10 lmp qt, 0.12 US qt)
Air Filter	Wet type element
Fuel: Type Tank Capacity	Regular gasoline 3.5 L (0.77 lmp gal, 0.92 US gal)



Model	CY5	0B		
Carburetor: Type/Manufacturer	Y14P/TEIKEI KIKAKI			
Spark Plug: Type/Manufacturer Gap	BPR7HS/NGK or W22FPR-U/ND 0.6 ~ 0.7 mm (0.024 ~ 0.028 in)			
Clutch Type	Dry, Centrifugal automa	tic		
Transmission: Primary Reduction System Primary Reduction Ratio Secondary Reduction System Secondary Reduction Ratio Transmission Type Operation	Helical gear 48/13 (3.692) Spur gear 38/11 (3.455) V-belt Automatic			
Chassis: Frame Type Caster Angle Trail	Steel tube underbone 26.5° 72 mm (2.83 in)			
Tire: Type Size Manufacture Tire pressure (cold tire)	Froot Rear Tubuless Tubeless MB38/C-922 MB38/C-922 80/90-10 34J 80/90-10 34J INQUE/CHENGSHIN INQUE/CHENGSHI 125 kPa 200 kPa			
Brake: Front Brake Type Operation Rear Brake Type Operation Suspension: Front Suspension Rear Suspension Shock Absorber: Front Rear Wheel Travel:	Drum brake Right hand operation Drum brake Left hand operation	(2.00 kg/cm², 29 psi)		
Suspension: Front Suspension Rear Suspension	Telescopic fork Unit swing			
Shock Absorber: Front Rear	Coil spring Coil spring/Oil damper			
Wheel Travel: Front Wheel Travel Rear Wheel Travel	42 mm (1.65 in) 42 mm (1.65 in)			

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS





Model	CY50B
Electrical: Ignition System Generator System Battery Type or Model Battery Capacity	CDI Flywheel magneto YT4L-BS/GT4L-BS
Headlight type:	Bulb type
Bulb Wattege x Quantity: Headlight Tail/Brake light Flasher light Meter light	12V 25W/25W X 1 12V 5W/21W X 1 12V 10W X 4 12W 3.4W X 1
Indicator Light Wattage x Quantity: "TURN" "HIGH BEAM" "OIL"	12V 1.7W X 1 12V 1.7W X 1 12V 3.4W X 1

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MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE

Model	CY50B
Cylinder Head: Warp Limit *	0.02 mm (0.00079 in) * Lines indicate straightedge measurement
Cylinder: Bore Size <limit> Taper Limit Out of Round Limit</limit>	39.993 ~ 40.012 mm (1,575 in) <40.1 mm (1.579 in)> 0.05 mm (0.002 in) 0.01 mm (0.0004 in)
Piston: Piston Size Measuring Point *	39.952 ~ 39.972 mm (1.573 ~ 1.574 in) 5 mm (0.2 in)
Piston Clearance <limit> Oversize: 1st 2nd Piston Pin Bore Size</limit>	0.034 ~ 0.047 mm (0.0013 ~ 0.0018 in) <0:1 mm (0.004 in)> 40.25 mm (1.585 in) 40.50 mm (1.594 in) 10.004 ~ 10.015 mm (0.3939 ~ 0.3943 in)
Piston Pin: Outside Diameter Piston Pin Clearance <limit></limit>	9.996 ~ 10.000 mm (0.3935 ~ 0.3937 in) 0.004 ~ 0.019 mm (0.0007 ~ 0.0008 in) <0.07 mm (0.0028 in)>
Piston Ring: Sectional Sketch (B x T)/Type Top Ring 2nd Ring End Gap (installed): Top Ring 2nd Ring 2nd Ring	1.5 x 1.8 mm (0.059 x 0.071 in)/Keystone 1.5 x 1.8 mm (0.059 x 0.071 in)/Keystone 0.15 ~ 0.35 mm (0.006 ~ 0.014 in) 0.15 ~ 0.35 mm (0.006 ~ 0.014 in)
Side Clearance (installed): Top Ring 2nd Ring	0.03 ~ 0.05 mm (0.0012 ~ 0.0020 in) 0.03 ~ 0.05 mm (0.0012 ~ 0.0020 in)
Crankshaft:	
Crank Width "A" Run Out Limit "C" Connecting Rod Big End Side Clearance"D" Small End Free Play "F"	37.90 ~ 37.95 mm (1.492 ~ 1.494 in) 0.03 mm (0.0012 in) 0.2 ~ 0.5 mm (0.008 ~ 0.020 in) 0.4 ~ 0.8 mm (0.015 ~ 0.031 in)

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS





Model	CY50B		
Automatic Centrifugal Clutch: Shoe Thickness <wear limit=""> Clutch Shoe Spring Free Length Clutch Spring Free Length <limit> Clutch Housing Inside Diameter <wear limit=""> Clutch-In Revolution Clutch-Stall Revolution</wear></limit></wear>	2.5 mm (0.10 in) <2.0 mm (0.08 in)> 26.2 mm (1.03 in) 95.4 mm (3.76 in) <92.4 mm (3.64 in)> 105.0 mm (4.13 in) <105.4 mm (4.15 in)> 3100 ~ 3500 r/min 6050 ~ 6550 r/min		
V-Belt: Width <wear limit=""></wear>	16.6 mm (0.65 in) <15.2 mm (0.60 in)>		
Transmission: Main Axle Runout Limit Drive Axle Runout Limit	0.08 mm (0.003 in) 0.08 mm (0.003 in)		
Kick Starter: Type Kick Clip Tension	Ratchet type 150 ~ 250 g (5.3 48.8 oz)		
Carburetor: I.D. Mark Main Jet (M.J.) Jet Needle-clip Position (J.N.) Main Air Jet (M.A.J.) Cutaway (C.A.) Pilot Jet (P.J.) Pilot Air Screw (A.S.) Valve Seat Size (V.S.) Starter Jet (P.J.) Float Height Engine Idling speed Reed Valve: Valve Stopper Height Reed Valve Clearance Lubrication System:	3KJ10 #76 3R00 3/5 ø2.0 2.5 #42 Tand 5/8 turns out ø1.8 #48 15.0 ~ 17.0 mm (0.59 ~ 0.67 in) 1,800 r/min		
Reed Valve: Valve Stopper Height Reed Valve Clearance	6.0 ~ 6.4 mm (0.24 ~ 0.25 in) Less than 0.2 mm (0.008 in)		
Lubrication System: Autolube Pump Stroke	0.5 mm (0.020 in)		

Tightening Torque						
Part		01.	Tightening torque			
name Thread size Q	hroad cizal()' ty		m∙kg	ft∙lb	Remarks	
	M14 x 1.25	1	20	2.0	14	
Nut	M7 × 1.0	4	14	1.4	10	
	M7 x 1.0	4	17	1.7	12	
Screw	M6 x 1.0	2	8	0.8	5.8	
Nut	M10 x 1.25	1	38	3.8	27	
Screw	M6 × 1.0	2	7	0.7	5.1	
Screw	M6 × 1.0	3	7	0.7	5.1	
Screw	M5 × 0.8	2	4	0.4	2.9	
Bolt	M6 x 1.0	4	9	0.9	6.5	
Screw	M6 × 1.0	2	9	0.9	6.5	
Screw	M6 × 1.0	2	9	0.9	6.5	
Bolt		2	26	2.6	19	
Screw	M6 × 1.0	2	9	0.9	6.5	-61
Screw	M6 × 1.0	11	9	0.90	6.5	
Screw	M6 × 1.0	2	7	0.7	5.1	
_		1	18_	1.8	13	
Bolt	M6 × 1.0	1	19	0.9	6.5	
Nut		1	40	4.0	29	
Nut	M28 x 1.0	10	50	5.0	36	
Nut	M10 x 1.25	1	33	3.3	24	
Screw	M6 x 1.0	2	8	0.8	5.8	
Bolt	M6 x 1.0	2	13	1.3	9.4	
OUNNY						
	Nut Screw Nut Screw Screw Screw Screw Bolt Screw Screw Screw Bolt Nut Nut Nut	Mare		name Thread size Q' ty M14 x 1.25 1 20 Nut M7 x 1.0 4 14 M7 x 1.0 4 17 Screw M6 x 1.0 2 8 Nut M10 x 1.25 1 38 Screw M6 x 1.0 2 7 Screw M6 x 1.0 3 7 Screw M6 x 1.0 4 9 Screw M6 x 1.0 2 7 Screw M6 x 1.0 1 9 Screw M	name Thread size Q' ty Nm m⋅kg — M14 x 1.25 1 20 2.0 Nut M7 x 1.0 4 14 1.4 — M7 x 1.0 4 17 1.7 Screw M6 x 1.0 2 8 0.8 Nut M10 x 1.25 1 38 3.8 Screw M6 x 1.0 2 7 0.7 Screw M6 x 1.0 3 7 0.7 Screw M6 x 1.0 4 9 0.9 Screw M6 x 1.0 2 7 0.7 — M8 x 1.25 1 18 1.8 Bolt M6 x 1.0 1 9 0.9	Thread size Q' ty Nm m-kg ft-lb

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS | SPEC |



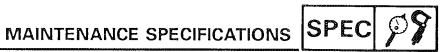
CHASSIS

Model	CY50B
Steering System: Steering Bearing Type No./Size of Steel Balls	Ball bearing
Upper Lower	5/32 in 26 pcs. 5/32 in 26 pcs.
Front Suspension: Front Fork Travel Fork spring Free Length <limit> Spring Rate Stroke Optional Spring</limit>	47.8 mm (1.68 in) 91.5 mm (3.60 in) <87 mm (3.42 in)> 5.64 N/mm (0.564/mm, 31.6 lb/in) Zero ~ 47.8 mm (Zero ~ 1.88 in) No.
Rear Suspension: Shock absorber Travel Spring Free Length Spring Fitting Length Spring Rate: (K1) (K2) (K3) Stroke: (K1) (K2) (K3) Optional Spring Wheel: Front Wheel Type	45 mm (1.77 in) 176.5 mm (6.95 in) 166.5 mm (6.56 in) 25.0 N/mm (2.5 kg/mm, 140.0 lb/in) 37.0 N/mm (3.7 kg/mm, 207.2 lb/in) 53.0 N/mm (5.3 kg/mm, 296.8 lb/in) Zero ~ 20 mm (Zero ~ 0.79 in) 20 ~ 35 mm (0.79 ~ 1.38 in) 35 ~ 45 mm ().38 ~ 1.77 in) No. Panel wheel
Rear Wheel Type	Panel wheel MT 2.15 x 10 / Steel MT 2.15 x 10 / Steel 2.0 mm (0.08 in) 2.0 mm (0.08 in)
Rear Rim Size/Material Rim Runout Limit: Vertical Lateral Front Drum Brake: Type Drum Inside Diameter <wear limit=""> Lining Thickness <wear limit=""></wear></wear>	Leading, Trailing 95.0 mm (3.74 in) <96.0 mm (3.78 in)> 4.0 mm (0.16 in) <2.0 mm (0.08 in)>
Rear Drum Brake: Type Drum Inside Diameter <wear limit=""> Lining Thickness <wear limit=""></wear></wear>	Leading, Trailing 110.0 mm (4.33 in) <111.0 mm (4.37 in)> 4.0 mm (0.16 in) <2.0 mm (0.08 in)

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS



Tightening Torque							
D	Part		Tightening tor			orque	Do no o also
Parts to be tightened	name Thread size	u ty	Nm	m∙kg	ft·lb	Remarks	
rame and Engine Bracket	Nut	M10 × 1.25	2	46	4.6	33	
Engine Bracket and Engine	Bolt	M12 x 1.25	1 1	84	8.4	61	
Rear Suspension (upper)	Nut	M10 x 1.25	1	32	3.2	23	
(lower)	Bolt	M8 × 1.25	1	18	1.8	13	
landlebar and Steering Column	Bolt	M10 x 1.25	1	60	6.0	43	
Ring nut (steering column)		M25 x 1.0	1	30	3.0	22	
ront Wheel Axle	Nut	M10 x 1.25	1	47	4.7	34	
ront Brake Cam Lever	Bolt	$M5 \times 0.8$	1	4	0.4	2.9	
Rear Brake Cam Lever	Bolt	M6 × 1.0	1	8	0.8	5.8	
Rear Wheel Axle	Nut	$M14 \times 1.5$	1	104	10.4	75.4	
Fuel Sender	Bolt	$M5 \times 0.8$	4	3	0.3	2.2	
Carrier	Nut	M6 × 1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2	
Carrier	Bolt	M8 x 1.25	1	16	1.6 2.6	11	ļ
Bridge Plate		M8 × 1.25	4	26	2.6	19	
Fuel cock	Bolt	M6 × 1.0	2	5	0.5	3.6	
Fuel tank (upper)	Nut	$M6 \times 1.0$	2	7_	0.7	5.1	
Fuel tank (lower)	Bolt	M6 × 1.0	2	\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.	0.7	5.1	İ
Seat lock	Bolt	M6 × 1.0	2	7	0.7	5.1	
Ray (front)	Rolt	M6 × 1.0	2 1	8	0.8	5.8	
Plastic Part (M6)		M6 × 1.0		6	0.6	4.3	1
(M5)		M5 × 1.0	9	1	0.1	0.7	
Plastic Part (M6) — M6 × 1.0 0 6 0.6 4.3 0.7 M6 × 1.0 0 7 0.7							



ELECTRICAL

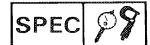
Model	CY50B				
Voltage:	12V				
Ignition System: Ignition Timing (B.T.D.C.) Advancer Type	14° at 5,000 r/min Electrical				
25 Ci 20					
(C) 20 (C) 15 (C) 15 (C) 16 (C) 16 (C) 16 (C) 17 (C					
_	le l				
0 1 2 3 Engine Spe	4 5 6 7 8 9 ed (x 10 ³ r/min)				
C.D.I.: Magneto Model/Manufacturer Pickup Coil Resistance (color) Source Coil Resistance (color) C.D.I. Unit-Model/Manufacturer	3KJ/YAMAHA 400 \$600Ω at 20°C (68°F) (White/Red – Black) 640 \$60Ω at 20°C (68°F) (Black/Red – Black) 3KJ/YAMAHA				
Ignition Coil: Model/Manufacturer Primary Coil Resistance Secondary Coil Resistance	3KJ/YAMAHA 0.56 ~ 0.84Ω at 20°C (68°F) 5.68 ~ 8.52kΩ at 20°C (68°F)				
Spark plug cap: Resistance	4 ~ 6kΩ at 20°C (68°F)				
Charging System/Type:	Flywheel magneto				
C.D.I. Magneto: Model/Manufacturer Charging Coil Resistance (color) Charging Current Lighting Coil Resistance (color) Lighting Voltage	3KJ/YAMAHA 0.48 ~ 0.72Ω at 20°C (68°F) (White – Black) 0.4 A at 3000 r/min ~ 1.0A at 8000 r/min 0.45 ~ 0.55 at 20°C (68°F) (Yellow/Red – Black) 12V at 3000r/min ~ 15V at 8000 r/min				
Voltage Regulator/Rectifier: Type Model/Manufacturer No Load Regulated Voltage	Semi conductor short circuit type EHU-01TR27/MATSUSHITA or SH580-12/SHINDENGEN 13.5 – 14.5V				
Capacity Withstand Voltage	5A 240V				

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS



Model	CY50B	
Battery: Capacity Specific Gravity	12V, 4AH 1.32	
Starter Motor:		
Model Manufacturer Output Armature Coil Resistance	DA5AN NIPPON DENSO 0.15 kW 0.08 ~ 0.10Ω at 20°C (68°F)	3KJ YAMAHA 0.14 kW 0.06 ~ 0.08Ω at 20°C (68°F)
Brush Length <wear limit=""> Brush Spring Pressure Commutator Diameter <wear limit=""> Mica Undercut</wear></wear>	4.5 mm (0.18 in) <2.5 mm (0.10 in)> 250 ~ 450 gf (8.8 ~ 15.9 oz) 15.5 mm (0.61 in) <14.5 mm (0.57 in)> 0.9 ~ 1.2 mm (0.035 ~ 0.047 in)	3.9 mm (0.15 in) <0.9 mm (0.035 in)> 560 ~ 840 gf (19.8 ~ 29.7 oz) 15.8 mm (0.62 in) <14.8 mm (0.58 in)> 1.15 mm (0.045 in)
Starter Relay: Model/Manufacturer Amperage Rating Coil Resistance	27V/TATEISHI 20A 54 ~ 66Ω at 20°C (68°F)	27V/MATSUSHITA 26A 72 ~ 88Ω at 20°C (68°F)
Horn: Type/Quantity Model/Manufacturer Maximum Amperage	Plain type/1 pc GF-12/NIKKO 1.5A	
Flasher Relay: Type Model/Manufacturer Self Cancelling Device Flasher Frequency Wattage	Condenser type FZ222SD/NIPPON DENSC No 60 ~ 120 cycle/min 10W x 2 + 3.4W)
Oil Level Gauge: Model/Manufacturer	3KJ/NIPPON BINYLON, 5	3L/TAIHEIYOU ASTI
Circuit Breaker: Type Amperage for Individual Circuit x Quantity: Main	Fuse 7A x 1	
Fuel Sender Unit: Model/Manufacturer Resistance (full) (empty)	YA-750-01-NO-FU/NIPPO 4 ~ 10Ω at 20°C (68°F) 90 ~ 100Ω at 20°C (68°F)	N SEIKI

GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS/ DEFINITION OF UNITS

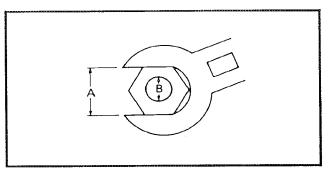




GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

This chart specifies torque for standard fasteners with standard I.S.O. pitch threads. Torque specifications for special components or assemblies are included in the applicable sections of this book. To avoid warpage, tighten multi-fastener assemblies in a crisscross fashion, in progressive stages, until full torque is reached. Unless otherwise specified, torque specifications call for clean, dry threads. Components should be at room temperature.

A (Nut)	В	General torque specifications		
	(Bolt)	Nm	m∙kg	ft∙lb
10 mm	6 mm	6	0.6	4.3
12 mm	8 mm	15	1.5	11
14 mm	10 mm	30	3.0	22
17 mm	12 mm	55	5.5	40
19 mm	14 mm	85	8.5	6.1
22 mm	16 mm	130	13.0	94



A: Distance across flats
B: Outside thread diameter

DEFINITION OF UNITS

Unit	Read	Definition	Measure
mm cm	millimeter centimeter	10 ⁻³ meter 10 ⁻² meter	Length Length
kg	kilogram	10 ³ gram	Weight
N	Newton	1kg × m/sec ²	Force
Nm m·kg	Newton meter Meter kilogram	N×m m×kg	Torque Torque
Pa N/mm	Pascal Newton per millimeter	N/m² N/mm	Pressure Spring rate
L cm³	Liter Cubic centimeter	_	Volume or Capacity
r/min	Revolution per minute	_	Engine Speed

LUBRICATION POINTS AND LUBRICANT TYPE



LUBRICATION POINTS AND LUBRICANT TYPE ENGINE

Lubrication Points (part name)	Lubricant Type
Oil seal lips (all)	
O-rings (all)	
Bearing retainer Crankshaft bearings Needle bearings (connecting rod) Main axle bearings Drive axle bearings Secondary sheave axle bearing	
Piston rings, piston pins and pistons	Q
Kick pinion gear	
Kick shaft	
Starter idle gear	— C
Starter clutch pin Oil pump driven gear and drive gear Secondary sliding sheave cam groove	— • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Oil pump driven gear and drive gear	
Secondary sliding sheave cam groove	BEL-RAY assembly lube®
Secondary fixed sheave in-side dia.	BEL-RAY assembly lube®
Crankcase mating surfaces	Yamaha bond No. 1215®
Secondary sliding sheave cam groove Secondary fixed sheave in-side dia. Crankcase mating surfaces	

LUBRICATION POINTS AND LUBRICANT TYPE





CHASSIS

Lubrication Points (part name)	Lubricant Type
Ball bearing (steering shaft)	
Throttle grip inner surface	_315.5.
Lever pivots and cable end	_315
Oil seal lip (front wheel)	
Bearing (front wheel)	
Speedometer gear	_ ***
Center stand pivot	

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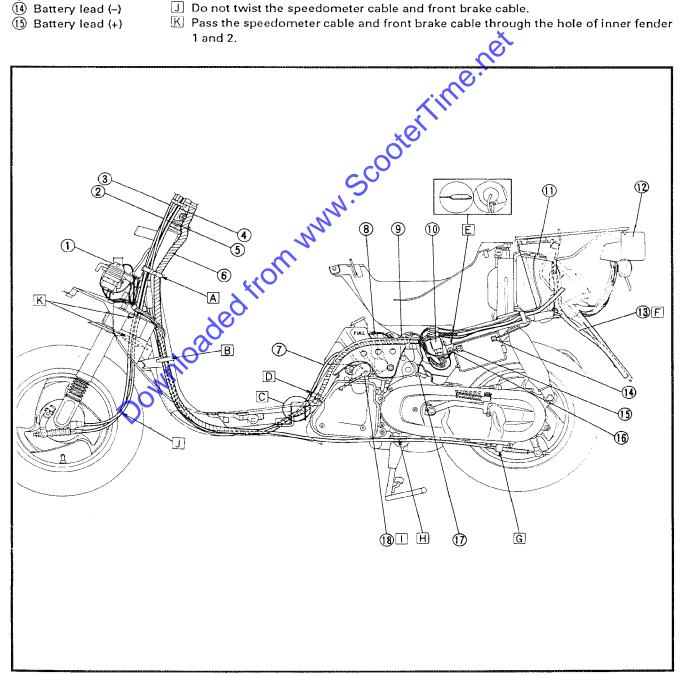
CABLE ROUTING

- (1) Rectifier/regulator
- (2) Throttle cable 1
- (3) Rear brake cable
- (4) Speedometer cable
- 5 Front brake cable
- (6) Wireharness
- (7) Throttle cable 2
- (8) Oil level gauge
- 9 Starter motor lead
- (10) Starter relay
- (1) Fuel sender
- 12 Taillight ass'y
- (13) Fuel over flow hose
- (14) Battery lead (-)
- (15) Battery lead (+)

- (16) Fuse
- (17) Ground terminal
- (18) Oil hose
- A Clamp the cable and wireharness.
- B Clamp the wireharness, throttle cable 2 and rear brake cable.
- C Pass the wireharness and throttle cable on the footrest bracket 2.
- D Clamp the wireharness to the frame.
- E Mate the fuse box mating surface and lead.

And then insert it in the groove of box.

- F Pass the fuel over flow hose through the taillight ass'y guide.
- [G] Insert the cable tube end in the holder and then install the boots to the cable tube end.
- H Clamp the rear brake cable.
- I Install the oil hose until stop it.
- Do not twist the speedometer cable and front brake cable.
- $\stackrel{\textstyle oxtimes}{\textstyle oxtimes}$ Pass the speedometer cable and front brake cable through the hole of inner fender 1 and 2.



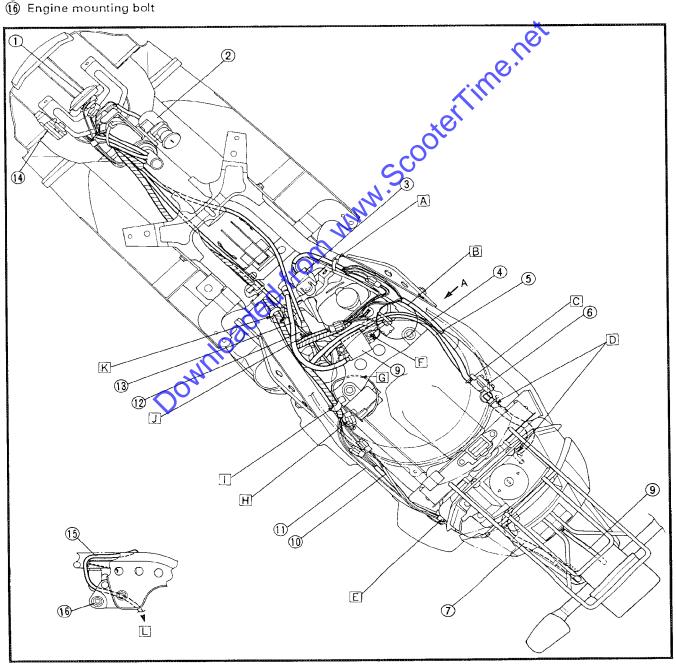
CABLE ROUTING





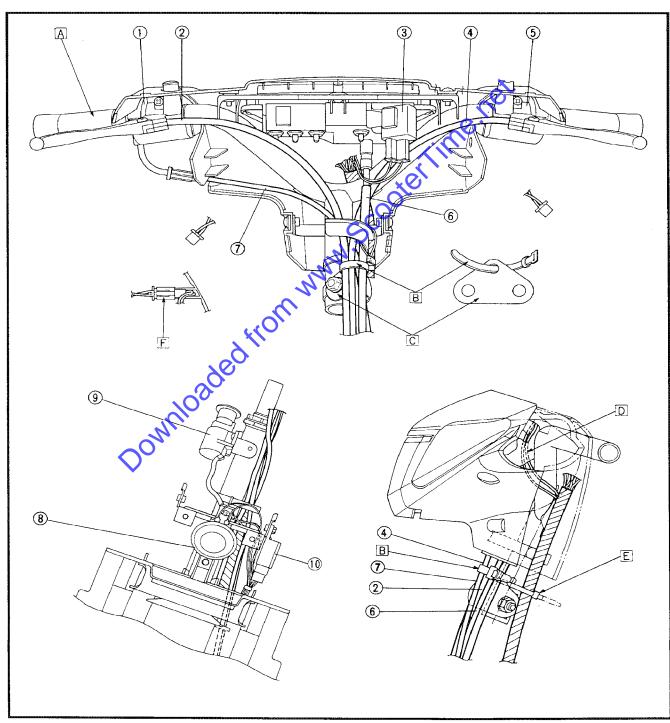
- 1 Horn
- (2) Main switch
- (3) C.D.I. unit
- (4) Fuel hose
- 5 Vacuum hose
- (6) Fuel cock
- (7) Fuel over flow hose
- (8) Ignition coil
- (9) Taillight lead
- (10) Fuel sender lead
- (1) Battery lead (-)
- 12 Auto choke unit lead
- (13) High tension lead
- (14) Rectifier/regulator
- (15) C.D.I. magneto lead
- (6) Engine mounting bolt

- A Clamp the C.D.I. unit lead.
- B Pass the fuel hose and vacuum hose through to the carburetor via right side of engine stay and between the oil tank and stay.
 - Pass the vacuum hose over the fuel hose.
- C Clip the fuel hose.
- D Pass the fuel hose under the seat bracket.
- E Clamp the fuel sender, taillight and battery lead (-).
- F Tighten the ignition coil together with ground lead.
- G Pass the starter motor lead under the engine mounting bolt.
- H Pass the starter motor lead connector on the frame.
- Clamp the wireharness and starter motor lead.
- Pass the auto choke unit lead over the carburetor top and then connect /clamp. IJ
- K Clamp the wireharness at white tape aria.
- To engine.



- ① Lever holder (right)
- 2 Front brake cable
- 3 Flashier relay
- 4 Rear brake cable
- 5 Lever holder (left)
- 6 Speedometer cable
- 3 The contractor cabi
- 7 Throttle cable 1
- 8 Horn
- Main switch
- (10) Rectifier/regulator

- After installing, check the throttle operation.
- B Clamp the front /rear brake cable, throttle cable and speedometer cable.
- Tighten the handlebar install bolt and then clamp it.
- D Hook the lead to bracket of left handlebar.
- E Clamp the wireharness only under the handlebar stem pin (6ø).
- F Connect the flasherlight lead and then install it at flasherlight connector holder.



CHAPTER 3. PERIODIC INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

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INTRODUCTION/PERIODIC MAINTENANCE/ LUBRICATION





PERIODIC INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

INTRODUCTION

This chapter includes all information necessary to perform recommended inspections and adjustments. These preventive maintenance procedures, if followed, will ensure more reliable vehicle operation and a longer service life. The need for costly overhaul work will be greatly reduced. This information applies to vehicles already in service as well as new vehicles that are being prepared for sale. All service technicians should be familiar with this entire chapter.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE/LUBRICATION

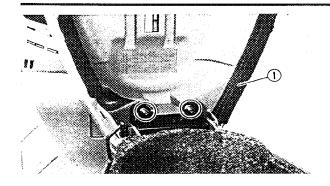
Unit: km (miles)

			EVERY	
ITEM	REMARKS	BREAK-IN	3,000	6,000
HEIVI	heivianks	500 (300)	(2,000) or	(4,000) or
			6 months	12 months
Spark plug(s)	Check condition. Clean or replace if necessary.	0,0	0	0
Air filter	Clean. Replace if necessary.	Q.	0	0
Carburetor*	Check idle speed/starter operation. Adjust if necessary.	100		0
Fuel line*	Check fuel hose and vacuum pipe for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary.		0	0
Transmission oil*	Check oil leakage. Correct if necessary. Replace every 12,000 (8,000) or 24 months. (warm engine before draining.)	REPLACE	0	0
Autolube pump*	Check operation. Correct if necessary. Air bleeding.	0		0
Brake	Check operation. Adjust if necessary		0	0
Wheels*	Check damage/runout. Repair if necessary.		0	0
Wheel bearings*	Check bearings assembly for losseness/damage. Replace if damaged.		0	0
Steering bearing*	Check bearings assembly for looseness. Correct if necessary. Moderately repack every 12,000 (8,000) or 24 months.**	0	0	0
Rear shock absorber*	Check operation of leakage. Replace if necessary.		0	0
V-belt*	Check damage and wear. Replace if necessary.			0
Fittings/Fasteners*	Check all chassis fittings and fasterners. Correct if necessary.	0	0	0
Centerstand*	Check operation. Repair if necessary.	0	0	0

^{* :} It is recommended that these items be serviced by a Yamaha dealer.

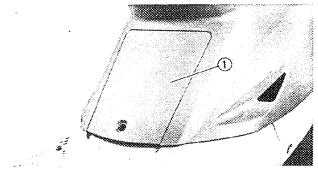
^{**:} Medium weight wheel bearing grease.





TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD REMOVAL

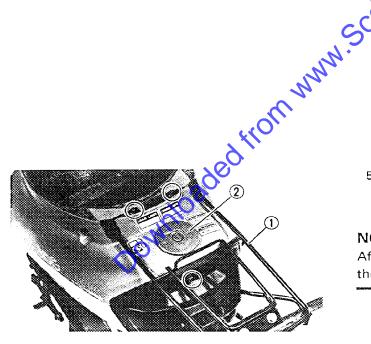
- 1. Open the seat lock.
- 2. Remove:
 - Seat ①



- 3. Remove:
 - Cover ①

er line he

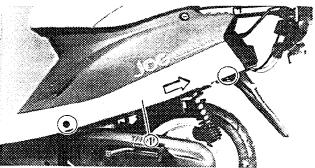
- 4. Disconnect:
 - Rear flasher light leads
 - Tail light leads



- 5. Remove:
 - Rear carrier (1)
 - Fuel tank cap (2)

NOTE:

After removing the tail cover, immediately install the tank cap on the tuel tank.



- 6. Remove:
 - Side covers ① (right and left)

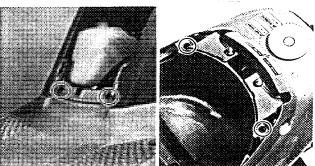
NOTE: __

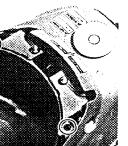
When removing the side cover, unhook it at the front and slide it backward.

TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD





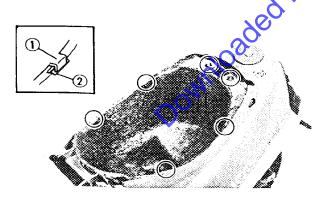




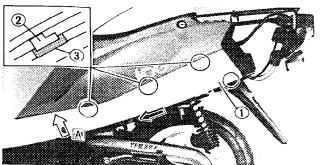
- 7. Remove:
 - Tail cover

- 8. Remove:
 - ◆Footrest board ①

en installing the footre reverse the "REMOVAL" p Note the following points. When installing the footrest board and tail cover, reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure.



- - Inner damper stay ① (in the box hole 2)



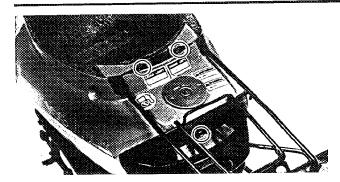
- 2. Install:
 - Side covers 1

NOTE: ___

- Match the stay 2 and hole 3, and then slide the side cover forward.
- Hook the front stay A.

FRONT FENDER, AND FRONT PANEL







• Rear carrier

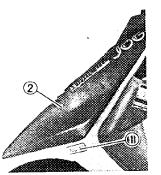


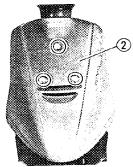
Bolt:

16 Nm (1.6 m · kg, 12 ft · lb)

Nut:

10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)







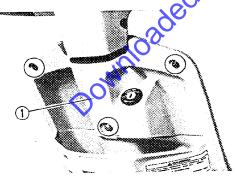
FRONT FENDER, AND FRONT PANEL REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - Cap (1)
 - Front fender ②

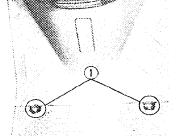
NOTE: -

Before removing the fender, make sure that all hooks are free

- 2. Remove:
 - Main switch cap
 - Turn the cap counterclockwise.

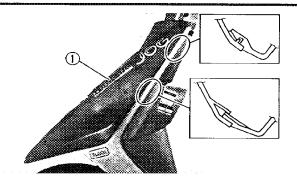


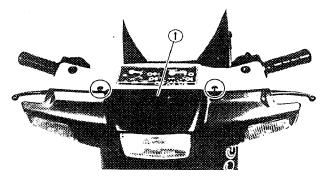
- 3. Remove:
 - ◆Front panel ①

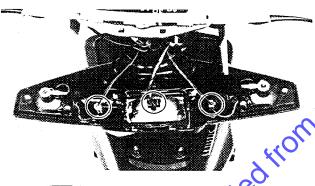


- 4. Remove:
 - Footrest board bolts ①

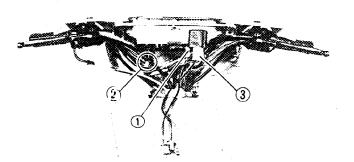












INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
 - Front fender ①

NOTE: __

After installing the front fender, make sure that all hooks are securely fitted.

HANDLEBAR COVERS REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - Rear view mirror
 - Handlebar cover (front) 1
- 2. Disconnect:
 - Headlight leads
 - Flasher leads
- 3. Disconnect:
 - Speedometer cable
 - Meter leads
 - Flasher relay leads
- 4. Remove:
 - Handle cover (rear)

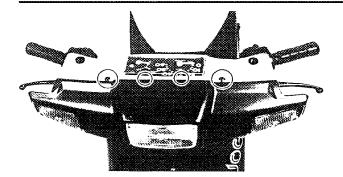
INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Connect:
 - Speedometer cable ①
 - Meter leads ②
 - Flasher relay leads ③

ENGINE IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT





- 2. Install:
 - Handle cover (rear)
- 3. Connect:
 - Headlight leads
 - Flasher light leads
- 4. Install:
 - Handle cover (front)

NOTE:

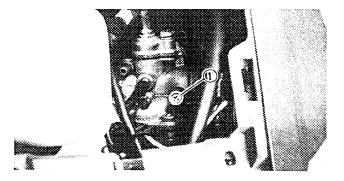
- On the leftside, install the flasher light having a chocolate color lead. Next, install the other flasher light with a dark greencolor lead on the right side.
- The leads of identical colors should be connected.
- Afterinstalling the handlebar cover, make sure that all hooks are securely fitted.

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ENGINE

ENGINE IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Remove:
 - Cover



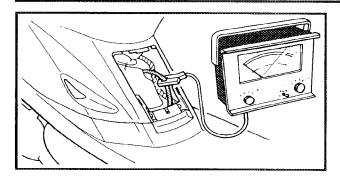
- 2. Tighten:
 - Pilot air screw ①
 Turn the pilot air screw in until lightly seated.
- 3. Loosen:
 - Pilot air screwBack it out from its lightly seated position.

Pilot Air Screw Turns Out: 1-5/8

THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT







4. Start the engine and let it warm up.

! WARNING

Before starting the engine, be sure to use the centerstand for safety.

- 5. Attach:
 - Inductive tachometer
 To the spark plug lead



Inductive Tachometer: YU-08036-A

- 6. Check:
 - Engine idle speed
 Out of specification 4 Adjust.



Engine Idle Speed: 1,800 r/min

- 7. Adjust
 - Engine idle speed

Adjustment steps:

Turn the throttle, stop screw (1) in or out until specified idle speed is obtained.

Turn in	ldle speed becomes higher.
Turn out	ldle speed becomes lower.

THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Check:
 - Throttle cable free play (a)
 Out of specification → Adjust.



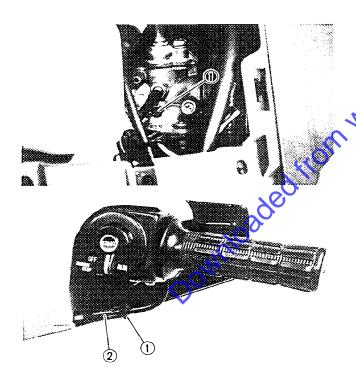
Free play:

1.5 ~ 3.5 mm (0.06 ~ 0.14 in)

NOTE:
Before adjusting the throttle cable free play, the
engine idle speed should be adjusted.

First step:

- Loosen the locknut 1 on the throttle cable.
- Turn the adjuster ② in or out until the specified free play is obtained.





Turning in \rightarrow Free play is increased.

Turning out \rightarrow Free play is decreased.

Tighten the locknuts.

NOTE: _

If the free play cannot be adjusted here, adjust it at the carburetor side of the cable. (second step)

Second step:

- Remove the cover.
- Loosen the locknut 3.
- Turn the adjuster 4 in or out until the specified free play is obtained.

Turning in \rightarrow Free play is increased.

Turning out \rightarrow Free play is decreased.

- Tighten the lockmut.
- Install the cover

AWARNING

After adjusting, turn the handlebar to right and left and make sure that the engine idling does not run faster.

3

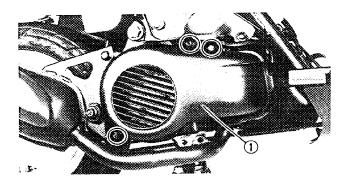
AUTOLUBE PUMP AIR BLEEDING

NOTE: _

The Autolube pump and delivery lines must be bled on the following occasions:

- Setting up a new scooter out of the crate.
- Whenever the oil tank has run dry.
- Whenever any portion of the engine oil system is disconnected.
 - 1. Remove:
 - Cover
 - Side cover (left and right)
 - Footrest board Refer to "TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD" section.
 - 2. Remove:
 - Fan cover ①

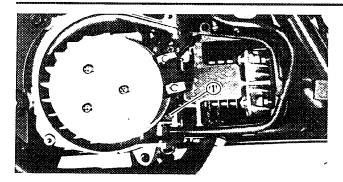




SPARK PLUG INSPECTION







3	Ai	r I	hl	0	۵	Н	-
Ψ.			9,	•	•	u	

Air bleeding steps:

- Remove the bleed screw ①.
- Keep the oil running out until air bubbles disappear.
- When air bubbles are expelled completely, tighten the bleed screw.

NOTF:	
IVOIL.	_

Check the bleed screw gasket, and if damaged, replace with a new one.

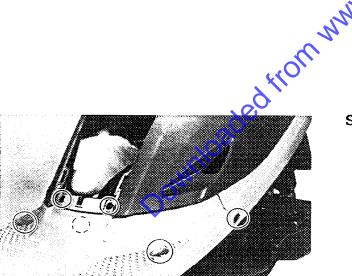
lnstall the bleed screw.

NOTE:

Wipe off any oil on the crankcase.

- 4. Install
 - Fan cover
 - Spotrest board
 - Side cover (left and right)
 - Cover

Refer to "TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD" section.



SPARK PLUG INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - Cover
 - Side cover (left and right)
 - Footrest board
 - Spark plug



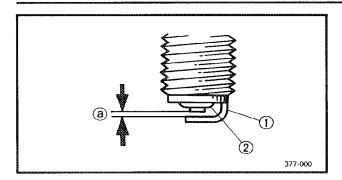
Spark plug type
 Incorrect → Replace.

Standard spark plug: BPR 7HS (N.G.K.) W22FPR-U (N.D.)



COMPRESSION PRESSURE MEASUREMENT





- 3. Inspect:
 - Electrode (1)

Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

• Insulator ②

Abnormal color \rightarrow Replace.

Normal color is a medium-to-light tan color.

- 4. Clean the spear plug with a spark plug cleaner or wire brush.
- 5. Measure:
 - Plug gap ⓐ
 Use a Wire Gauge or Feeler Gauge.
 Out of specification → Regap.



Spark plug gap:

0,6 ~ 0.7 mm (0.024~ 0.028 in)

- 6. Tighten:
 - Spark plug(s)



Spark plug:

20 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb)

NOTE:

- Before installing a spark plug, clean the gasket surface and plug surface.
- If a torque wrench is not available when you are installing a spark plug, a good estimate of the correct torque is 1/4 to 1/2 turns part finger tight. Have the spark plug torqued to the correct valve as soon as possible with a torque wrench.

7. Install:

- Footrest board
- Side cover (left and right)
- Cover

COMPRESSION PRESSURE MEASURE-MENT

NOTE: __

Insufficient compression pressure will result in performance loss.

- 1. Warm up the engine.
- 2. Remove:
 - Cover
 - Side cover (left and right)
 - Footrest board
 - Spark plug

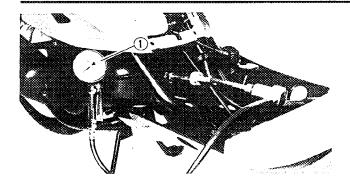
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COMPRESSION PRESSURE MEASUREMENT









3. Measure:

Compression pressure

Measurement steps:

- Install the compression gauge ① using an adapter.
- Crank over the engine with the electric starter (be sure the battery is fully charged) with the throttle wide open until the compression reading on the gauge stabilizes.
- Check readings with specified levels (see chart)



Compression gauge: YU-33223

Compression pressure (at sea level):
Standard:

800 kPa (8.0 kg/cm², 114 psi)

Minimum:

600 kPa (6.0 kg/cm², 85 psi)

<u>a w</u>arning

When cranking the engine, ground spark pluglead to prevent sparking.

Compression test steps (below minimum levels):

- Squirt a few drops of oil into cylinder.
- Measure compression again.

Reading	Diagnosis
Higher than without oil	 Worn cylinder, piston and piston rings
Same as without oil	Defective piston, ring (s), valve (s) and cylinder head gasket

Compression test steps (above standard levels):

- Check cylinder head or piston crown for carbon deposits.
- Remove the compression gauge with an adapter.

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- 4. Install:
 - Spark plug



Spark plug: 20 Nm (2.0 m • kg, 14 ft • lb)

Refer to the "SPARK PLUG INSPECTION" section.

- Footrest board
- Side cover (left and right)
- Cover

ENGINE OIL LEVEL INSPECTION

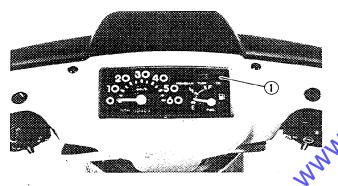
following inspection steps.

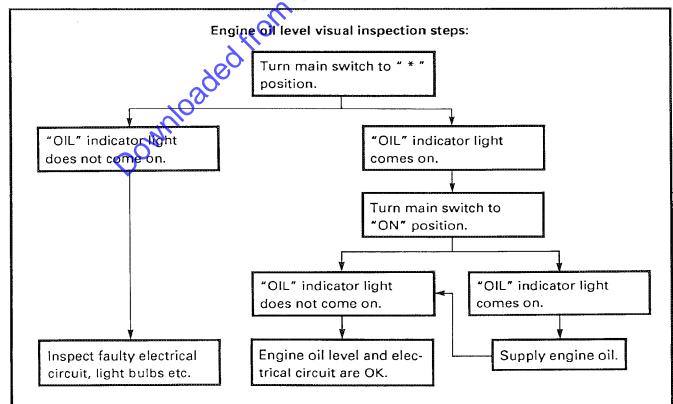
1. Place the scooter on the level place.

NOTE: _

Be sure the scooter is positioned stratight up and on both wheels when inspecting the oil level.

- 2.Inspect:
 - Engine oil level
 Oil evel low → Add sufficient oil by the
- "OIL" indicator light





TRANSMISSION OIL REPLACEMENT





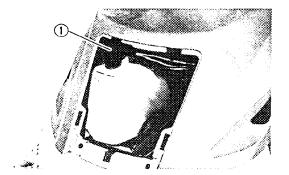


Recommended Oil:

Yamalube 2 or equivalent air cooled 2 stroke engine oil.

Total:

0.8 L (0.7 Imp qt, 0.84 US qt)



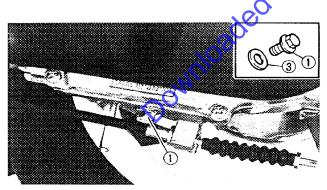
NOTE: __ Install the oil tank filler cap 1) and push it fully into the filler.

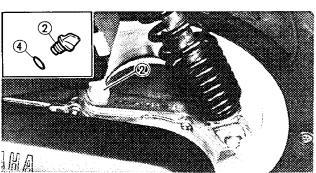
CAUTION:

Always use the same type of engine oil; mixing oils may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.

1. Warm up the engine at idle speed, then stop it.

REPLACEMENT ap the engine at idle speed, then with Place the oil pan under the drain hole.





- 3. Remove:
 - Drain bolt (1) Drain the transmission oil.
 - Oil filler plug ②
- 4. Inspect:
 - Gasket ③ (drain bolt)
 - O-ring 4 (oil filler plug) Damage → Replace.



- 5. Install:
 - Gasket
 - Drain bolt



Drain Bolt:

18 Nm (1.8 m · kg, 13 ft · lb)

6. Fill:

Transmission case



Transmission Oil:

SAE 10W30 Type SE Motor Oil or GL gear oil _______

Capacity:

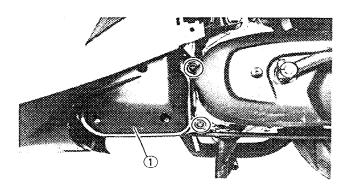
0.1 L (0.09 Imp qt, 0.11 US qt)

Wipe off any oil split on the crankcase, tire or Downloaded from www wheel.

- 7. Install:
 - Oil filler plug

AIR CLEANER ELEMENT CLEANING

- 1. Remove:
 - Cover
 - Side cover (left) Refer to "TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD" section.



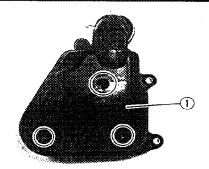
2. Remove:

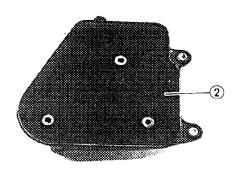
Air cleaner case Assembly ①

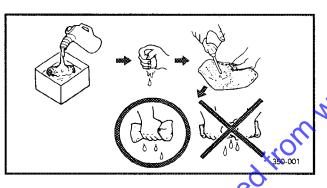
AIR CLEANER ELEMENT CLEANING











3. Remove:

- Air cleaner case (1)
- Air cleaner element (2)

CAUTION:

Never operate the engine with the air cleaner element removed. This will allow unfiltered air to enter, causing rapid wear and possible engine damage. Additionally, operation without the cleaner element will affect carburetor jetting with subsequent poor performance and possible engine overheating.

Be careful not to have rags or the like blocking the intake area of the air cleaner.

4. Inspect

- Etement
- Damage ightarrow Replace.
- 5. Clean:
- Air cleaner element

Air cleaner element cleaning steps:

Wash the element gently, but thoroughly in solvent.

! WARNING

Never use low flash point solvents such as gasoline to clean the element. Such solvent may lead to a fire or explosion.

Squeeze the excess solvent out of the element and let dry.

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Do not twist the element when squeezing the element.

- Apply the Foam-air-filter oil or Yamalube 2 or equivalent air cooled 2 storoke engine oil.
- Squeeze out the excess oil.

NOTE:	
The element should be wet but not dripp	

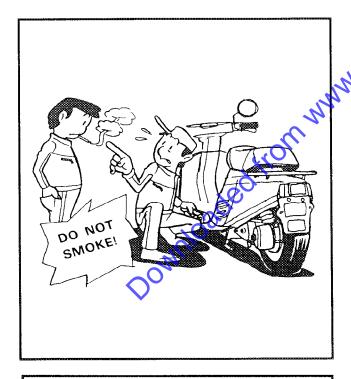


6. Install:

- Air cleaner element
- Air cleaner case cover
- · Air cleaner case assembly
- cover
- Side cover (left)
 Refer to "TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD" section.

FUEL COCK CLEANING

- 1. Remove:
 - Side cover (right)
 Refer to "TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD" section



2. Drain: ●Fuel

! WARNING

FUEL IS HIGHLY FLAMMBLE:

- · Always turn off the engine when draining.
- Take care not to spill any fuel on the engine or exhaust pipe/muffler when draining.
- Never drain fuel while smoking or in the vicinity of an open flame.



- Cap ①
- Filter (2)
- O-ring (3)
- 4. Clean:
 - Filter
 - Cap

Wash the filter and cap gently using solvent.

FUEL LINE INSPECTION/CARBURETOR JOINT INSPECTION





- 5. Inspect:
 - Filter
 - O-ring
 Damage → Replace.
- 6. Install:
 - O-ring
 - Filter
 - Cap
 - Side cover
 Refer to "TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD" section.

FUEL LINE INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - Cover
 - Side cover (right)

 Refer to "TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD" section.



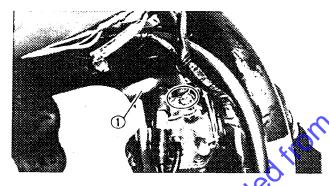
• Fuer pipe ① Oracks/Damage → Replace.

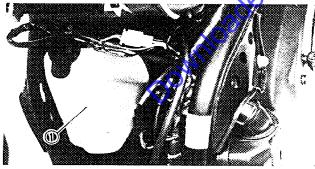
3. Install:

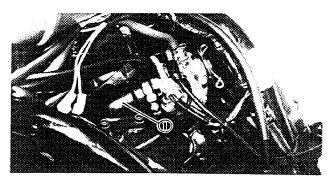
- Cover
- Side cover (right)
 Refer to "TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD" section.

CARBURETOR JOINT INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat/Rear carrier
 - Tail cover/Side cover (left and right)
 - Footrest board
 Refer to the "TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD" section.
 - Oil tank 1
- 2. Disconnect
 - Oil level gauge lead
- 3. Inspect:
 - Carburetor joints ①
 Cracks/Damage → Replace.
 Refer to the "CARBURETOR" and "REED VALVE REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 5.

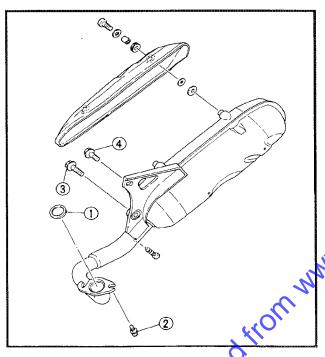








- 4. Install:
 - Oil tank
 - Footrest board
 - Tail cover/Side cover (left and right)
 - Seat/Carrier
 Refer to the "TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD" section.



EXHAUST SYSTEM INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Muffler assembly
 Cracks/Damage → Replace.
 - Gaskets ①
 Exhaust gas leaks → Replace.

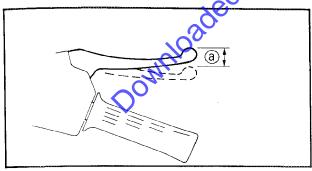
Replacement steps:

- Remove the muffler assembly.
- Install a new muffler assembly.



Bolt (exhaust pipe) ②: 9 Nm (0.9 m • kg, 6.5 ft • lb) Bolt (muffler) ③: ④

26 Nm (2,6 m · kg, 19 ft · lb)



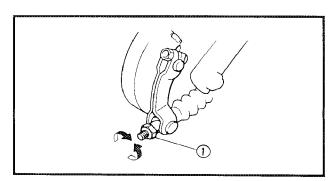
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FRONT BRAKE LEVER FREE PLAY CHECK

- 1. Check:
 - Front brake lever free play
 Out of specification → Adjust.



10 ~ 20 mm (0.4 ~ 0.8 in)



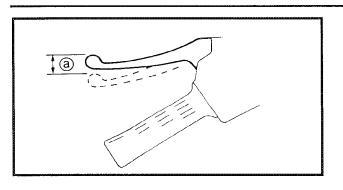
Front brake lever free play adjustment steps:

Turn the adjuster 1 in or out until the correct free play is obtained.

REAR BRAKE LEVER FREE PLAY CHECK/BRAKE SHOE INSPECTION/STEERING ADJUSTMENT





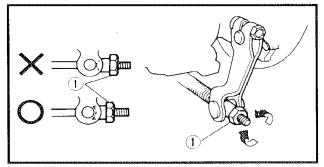


REAR BRAKE LEVER FREE PLAY CHECK

- 1. Check:
 - Rear brake lever free play (a)
 Out of specification → Adjust.

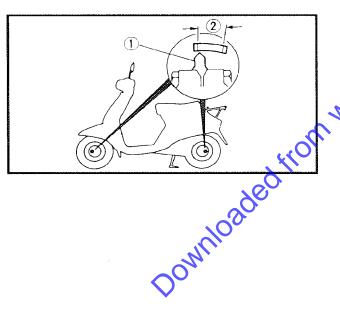


10 ~ 20 mm (0.4 ~ 0.8 in)



Rear brake lever free play adjustment steps;

Turn the adjuster 1 in or out until the correct free play is obtained.

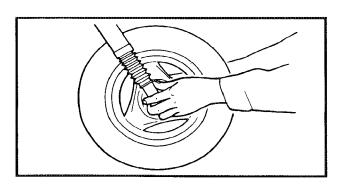


BRAKE SHOE INSPECTION

- 1. Activate the brake lever.
- 2.\nspect:
- Wear indicator ① Indicator at wear limit line ② → Replace brake shoes.

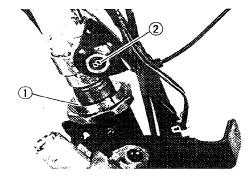
STEERING ADJUSTMENT

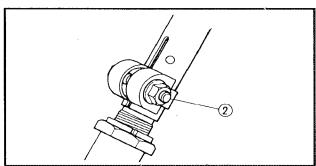
1. Place the scooter on its centerstand, then elevate the front wheel.



2. Check:

Steering assembly bearings
 Grasp the bottom of the forks and gently rock
 the fork assembly back and forth.
 Looseness → Adjust.





Steering head adjustment step;

- Remove the front fender and front panel.
 Refer to "FRONT FENDER, AND FRONT PANEL" section.
- Tighten the ring nut 1 to specification using the Ring Nut Wrench (YU-33975).



30 Nm (3.0 m · kg, 22 ft · lb)

NOTE: __

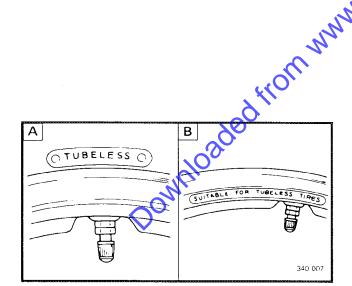
Set the torque wrench to the ring nut wrench so that they form a right angle.

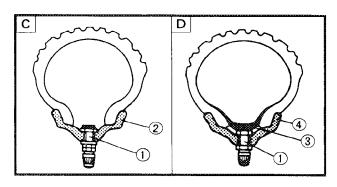
Move the handlebar up and down, and/or back and forth. If handlebar play is excess, tighten the bolt 2 to specification.



60 Nm (6.0 m • kg, 43 ft • lb)

Install the front panel and front fender.





TIRE INSPCTION

AWARNING

 Do not attempt to use tubeless tires on a wheel designed for tube type tires only. Tire failure and personal injury may result from sudden deflation.

Wheel	Tire
Tube type	Tube type only
Tubeless type	Tube type or tubeless type

- Be sure to install the correct tube when using tube type tires.
- A Tire
- C Tubeless tire
- B Wheel
- D Tube typ tire
- 1) Air valve
- ② Wheel (tubeless type)
- ③ Tube
- 4 Wheel (tube type)

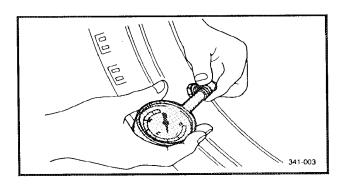


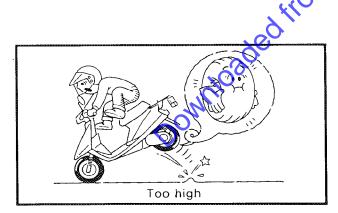
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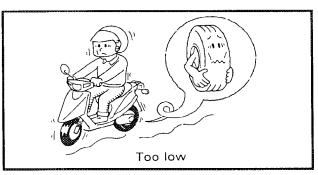
Front and Rear:

Manufacture	Size	Type
INOUE	80/90-10,34J	MB38 X
CHENGSHIN	80/90-10,34J	C-922 X

(*Tubuless tire)







AWARNING

 After extensive tests, the tires mentioned have been approved by Yamaha motor Co., Ltd. for this model. NO guarantee for handling characteristics can be given if tire combinations other than what is approved are used on this scooter.

The front and rear tires should be of the same manufacture and design.

- 1. Measure:
 - Air pressure
 Out of specification → Adjust.

	Cold tire pressure
Front	125 kPa (1.25 kg/cm², 18 psi)
Rear	200 kPa (2.00 kg/cm², 29 psi)

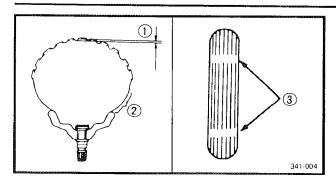
ANNAR NING

- 1. Proper loading of your scooter is important for the handling, braking, and other performance and safety characteristics of your scooter.

 NEVER OVERLOAD YOUR SCOOTER. Make sure the total weight of the cargo, rider, and accessories (fairing, saddlebags, etc. if approved for this model) does not exceed the maximum load of the scooter. Operation of an overloaded scooter could cause tire damage, an accident, or even injury.
- 2. Improper tire pressures greatly affect tire life and handling. Check tire pressures prior to each trip and adjust properly if necessary. If tire pressures are too high, shocks from the road will not be damped and will be carried to the frame and handlebars, thus adversely affecting riding comfort. In addition, scooter stability will be poor when making a turn. If tire pressures are too low, tires will be deformed greatly, thus shortening tire life. When braking the wheels, tires could slip over wheel rims and tire tubes could be broken. When turning the corner or the curve, the scooter could easily turn over.

WHEEL INSPECTION/CABLE INSPECTION/LUBRICATION





- 2. Inspect:
 - Tire surfaces Wear/Damage → Replace.



Minimum tire tread depth (front and rear): 0.8 mm (0.03 in)

- 1 Tread depth
- ② Side wall
- (3) Wear indicator

WHEEL INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Wheels Damage/Bends → Replace.

!WARNING

Never attempt even small repairs to the wheel.

CABLE INSPECTION

1. Inspect:

- Throttle cable
- Front and rear brake cable
- Speedometer cable

Check for damage to the cable insulation

Corrosion/Damage → Replace.

Obstruction → Reroute.

Unsmoothness → Lubricate.

LUBRICATION

Cable Lubrication

Cable lubrication steps:

- Hold the cable in a vertical position.
- Downloaded from www. Apply lubricant to the uppermost end of the cable.
 - Maintain its vertical position until the oil flows to the bottom.
 - Allow excess oil to drain, then reinstall the cable. ***********************



SAE 10W30 Type SE Motor Oil

3-22

FRONTFORK INSPECTION/ REAR SHOCK ABSORBER INSPECTION





Lever Lubrication

Lubricate pivoting part of each lever



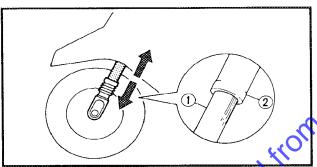
SAE 10W30 Type SE Motor Oil

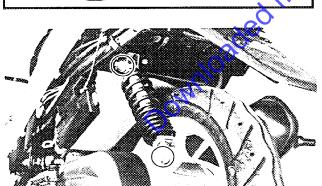
Centerstand Lubrication

Lubricate the pivoting part.



SAE 10W30 Type SE Motor Oil





FRONTFORKINSPECTION

1. Inspect:

Front fork

Bends/Damage → Inner tube comp, Fork Ass'y – Replace.

Grease leakage \rightarrow Inner tube comp, Fork Ass'y – Replace.

Unsmooth operation \rightarrow Fork Ass'y - Replace.

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Rear shock absorber Oil leaks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.
- 2. Check
 - Tightening torque

d	X	Upper (nut)	32 Nm (3.2 m • kg, 23 ft • lb)
		Lower (bolt)	18 Nm (1.8 m • kg, 13 ft • lb)

ELECTRICAL BATTERY INSPECTION

ı	<u></u>	т	C			

Since the MF battery is of a sealed-type construction, it is impossible to measure the specific gravity of the electrolyte in order to check the state of charge in the battery. Therefore, to check the state of charge in the battery, voltage must be measured at the battery terminals.

CAUTION:

CHARGING METHOD

- This battery is sealed type. Never remove sealing caps even when charging. With the sealing cap removed, this balancing will not be maintained, and battery performance will lower gradually.
- Never add water. If distilled water is added, chemical reaction in the battery will not proceed in the normal way, thus making it impossible for the battery to operate regularly.
- The charging time, charging current and charging voltage for the MF battery is different than general type batteries.

The MF battery should be charged as instructed in the "Charging method". Should the battery be overcharged, the electrolyte level will lower extremely. Therefore, use special care when charging the battery.

• Avoid using any electrolyte other than specified. The specific gravity of the MF battery electrolyte is 1.32 at 20°C (68°F). (The specific gravity of the general type battery electrolyte is 1.28.) If the electrolyte whose specific gravity is less than 1.32, the sulfuric acid will decrease and thus low battery performance will result. Should any electrolyte, whose specific gravity is 1.32 or more, be used, the battery plates will corrode and battery life will shorten.

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! WARNING

Battery electrolyte is dangerous; it contains sulfuric acid and therefore is poisonous and highly caustic.

Always follow these preventive measures:

- Avoid bodily contact with electrolyte as it can cause severe burns or permanent eye injury.
- Wear protective eye gear when handling or working near batteries.

BATTERY INSPECTION





Antidote (EXTERNAL):

- SKIN-Flush with water.
- EYES-Flush with water for 15 minutes and get immediate medical attention.

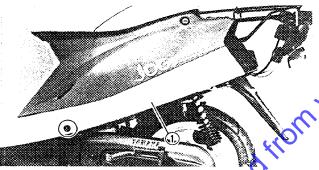
Antidote (INTERNAL):

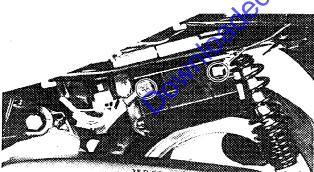
- Drink large quantities of water or milk follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, or vegetable oil. Get immediate medical attention.
 Batteries also generate explosive hydrogen gas, therefore you should always follow these preventive measures:
- Charge batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- Keep batteries away from fire, sparks, or open flames (e.g., welding equipment, lighted cigarettes, etc.)
- DO NOT SMOKE When charging or handling batteries.

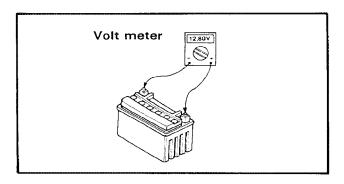
KEEP BATTERIES AND ELECTROLYTE OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.



- Side cover ① (left)
- Befer to the "TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST
- BOARD" section.







2. Disconnect:

Battery leads

CAUTION:

Disconnect the negative lead first and then disconnect the positive lead.

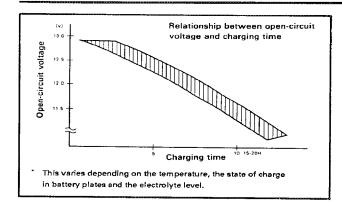
- 3. Remove:
 - Battery
- 4. Check:
 - Battery condition

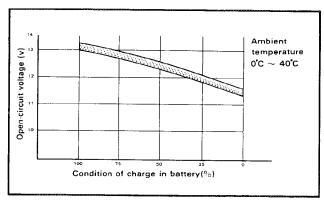
Battery condition checking steps:

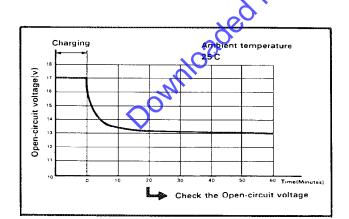
Connect the pocket tester to the battery terminals.

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow Battery (+) terminal.

Tester (-) lead \rightarrow Battery (-) terminal.







NOTE: .

The state of a discharged MF battery can be checked by measuring open circuit voltage (the voltage measured with the positive terminals being disconnected).

Open-circuit voltage	Charging time
12.8 V or higher	No charging is necessary
12.7 V - 11.5 V	5 - 10 hours
Less than 11.5 V	15 - 20 hours

Battery condition chart shown.

5. Charging method of MF battery

CAUTION

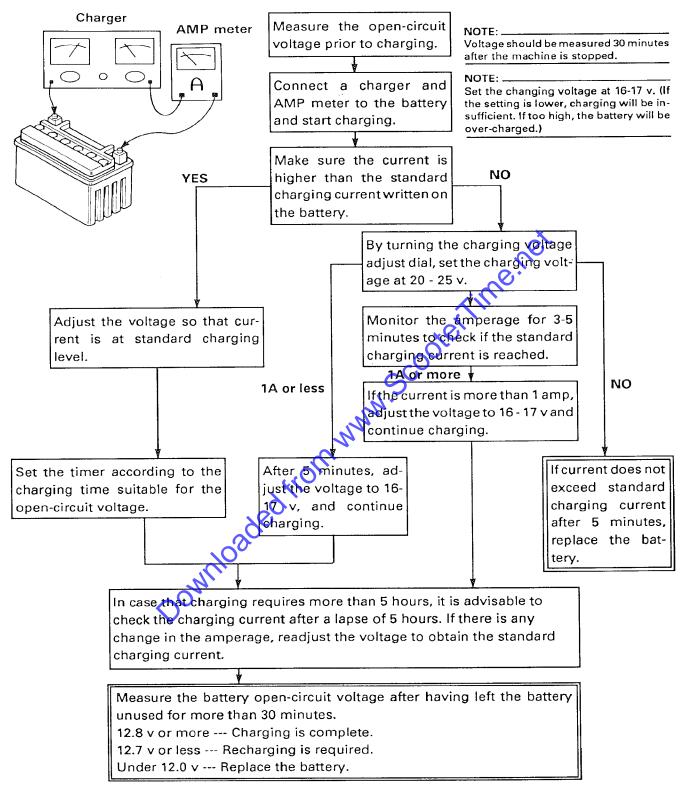
- Left is impossible to set the standard charging current, be careful not to overcharge.
- When charging the battery, be sure to remove it from the machine. (If charging has to be done with the battery mounted on the machine for some reason, be sure to disconnect the wire at the negative terminal)
- Never remove the sealing plug from the MF battery.
- Use special care so that charging clips are in a full contact with the terminal and that they are not shorted. (A corroded clip of the charger may cause the battery to generate heat at the contact area. A weak clip spring may cause sparks.)
- Before removing the clips from the battery terminals, be sure to turn off the power switch of the charger.
- Change in the open-circuit voltage of the MF battery after being charged is shown below. As shown in the figure, the open-circuit voltage is stabilized 30 minutes after charging has been completed.

Therefore, to check the condition of the battery, measure the open-circuit voltage 30 minutes after charging has been completed.



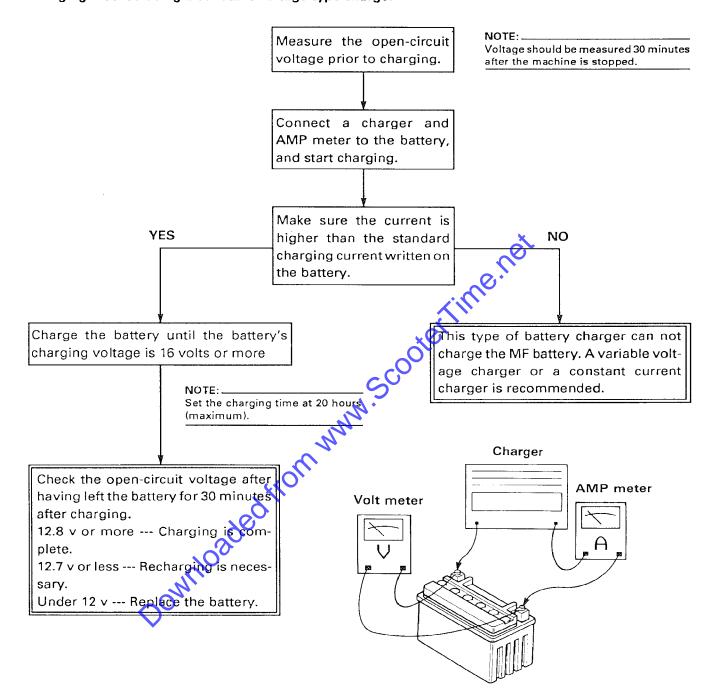


Charging method using a variable-current (voltage) type charger





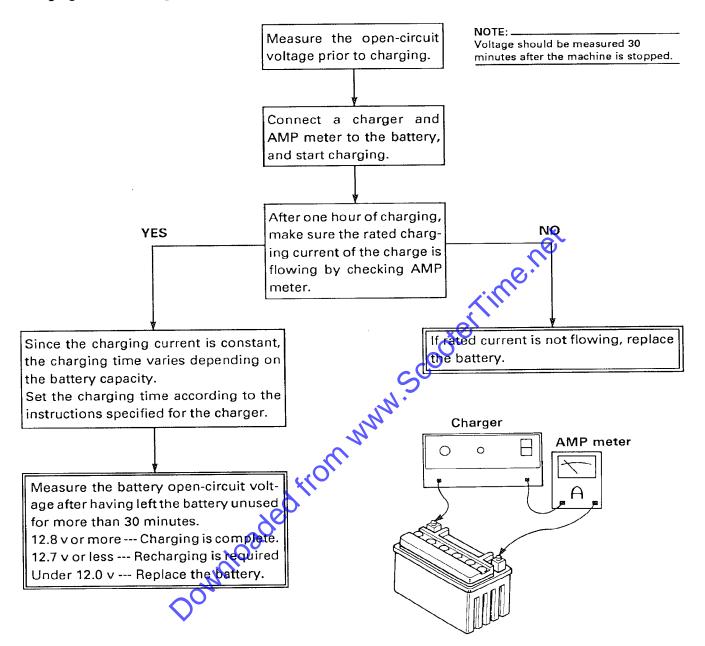
Charging method using a constant-voltage type charger







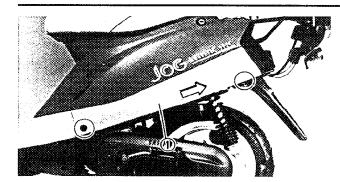
Charging method using a constant current type charger (Exclusive for MF battery)



FUSE INSPECTION/HEADLIGHT BEAM ADJUSTMENT

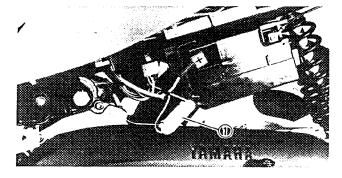
aded from whi





FUSE INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - Side cover (1) (left)



2. Inspect:

• Fuse ①

Defective → Replace.

Blown fuse procedure steps:

- Turn off ignition and the circuit.
- Install a new fose of proper amperage.
- Turn on switches to verify operation of electrical device.
- If fuse blows immediately again, check circuit in question.

WARNING

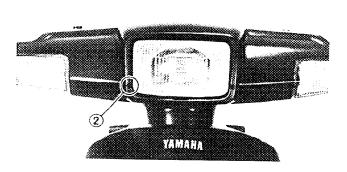
*Do not use fuses of higher amperage rating than recommended. Extensive electrical system damage and fire could result from substitution of a fuse of improper amperage:

Description	Amperage	Quantity
Main	7A	1

HEADLIGHT BEAM ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Adjust:
 - Headlight (vertically)

	Vertical adjustment
Higher	Loosen the adjusters ①
Lower	Tighten the adjusters (1)



YAMAHA

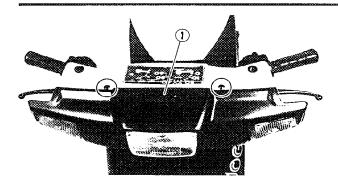
Headlight (horizontal)

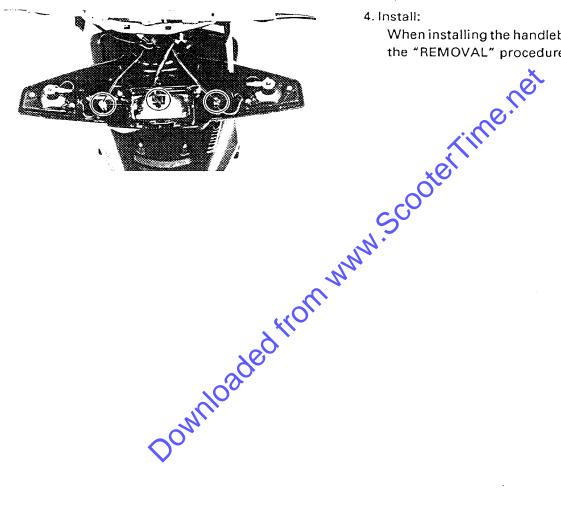
	Horizontal adjustment
Right	Tighten the adjuster ②
Left	Loosen the adjusters ②

HEADLIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT









HEADLIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT

- 1. Remove:
 - Handlebar cover (front) ①
- 2. Disconnect:
 - Headlight leads
 - Flasher light leads
- 3. Remove:
 - Headlight bulb cover
 - Headlight bulb
- 4. Install:

When installing the handlebar cover, reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure.

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CHAPTER 4. ENGINE OVERHAUL

ENGINE REMOVAL	
TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD	
CARBURETOR TOP COVER	
MUFFLER ASSEMBLY	
CABLES, LEADS AND PIPES	
ENGINE REMOVAL	
ENGINE DISASSEMBLY	
CARBURETOR	
REAR WHEEL	
CENTER STAND	
CYLINDER HEAD AND CYLINDER	
PISTON PIN AND PISTON	
KICK STARTER	
PRIMARY SHEAVE	
SECONDARY SHEAVE	
STARTER SYSTEM	
TRANSMISSION	
C.D.I. MAGNETO	
AUTOLUBE PUMP	D-1
REAR WHEEL CENTER STAND CYLINDER HEAD AND CYLINDER PISTON PIN AND PISTON KICK STARTER PRIMARY SHEAVE SECONDARY SHEAVE STARTER SYSTEM TRANSMISSION C.D.I. MAGNETO AUTOLUBE PUMP CRANKCASE AND CRANKSHAFT INSPECTION AND REPAIR CYLINDER HEAD CYLINDER AND PISTON PISTON PIN AND PISTON PIN BEARING	D-1
INSPECTION AND REPAIR	D-2
CYLINDER HEAD	D-2
CYLINDER AND PISTON	D-2
PISTON BINGS	D-3
PISTON PIN AND PISTON PIN BEARING	D-3
KICK STARTER	D-4
KICK STARTERTRANSMISSION	D-4
AUTOLUBE PUMP	D-4
CRANKSHAFT	D-4
PRIMARY SHEAVE	D-5
SECONDARY SHEAVE	
V-BELT	
STARTER CLUTCH AND GEARS	
ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT	D-7
CRANKSHAFT AND CRANKCASE	
AUTOLUBE PUMP	
C.D.I. MAGNETO	
TRANSMISSION	
STARTER SYSTEM	
SECONDARY SHEAVE	
PRIMARY SHEAVE	
KICK STARTER	
PISTON PIN AND PISTON	
CYLINDER AND CYLINDER HEAD	
REMOUNTING ENGINE	

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C-

ENGINE OVERHAUL

ENGINE REMOVAL

NOTE: ____

It is not necessary to remove the engine in order to remove the following components.

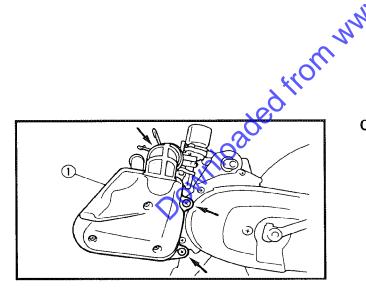
- Cylinder head
- Cylinder
- Piston
- · C.D.I. magneto
- Starter motor
- Primary and secondary sheave
- Transmission

TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - **✓**Rear carrier
 - Side covers (left and right)
 - Tail cover
 - Footrest board
 Refer to "CHAPTER 3. TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD" section.



- 1. Remove:
 - Air cleaner case assembly ①





Carburetor top cover (1)

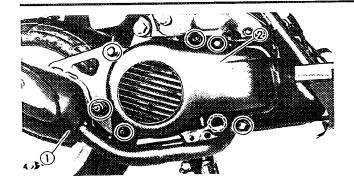
NOTE: ___

Cover the carburetor with a clean rag to prevent dirt or foreign matter into the carburetor.

- Fuel hose ②
- Vacuum hose (3)

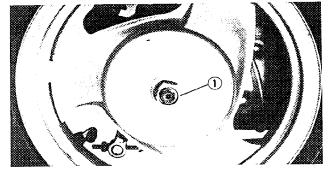






MUFFLER ASSEMBLY

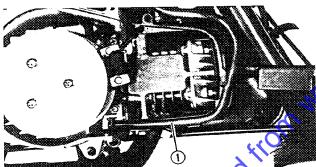
- 1. Remove:
 - Muffler assembly ①
 - ♦ Fan cover ②



2. Loosen:

• Rear wheel axle nut ①

When loose the rear wheel axle nut, apply the rear brake.



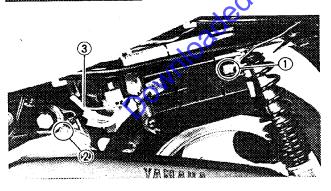
CABLES, LEADS AND PIPES

1. Remove:

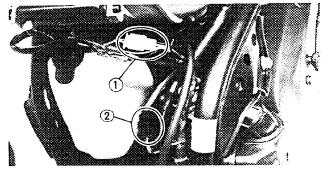
Oil hose ① at oil pump side.

NOTE: _____

Plug the oil hose so the oil will not drain out of it.



- 2. Remove:
 - Battery negative lead ①
 - Earth lead ②
- 3. Disconnect:
 - Starter moter lead ③



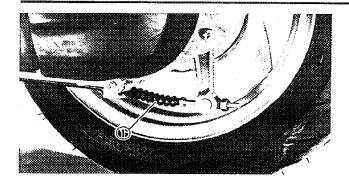
- 4. Remove:
 - Spark plug cap
- 5. Disconnect:
 - CDI magneto lead ①
 - Auto choke unit lead ②

ENGINE REMOVAL/ENGINE DISASSEMBLY

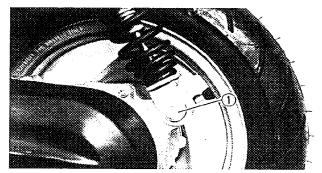






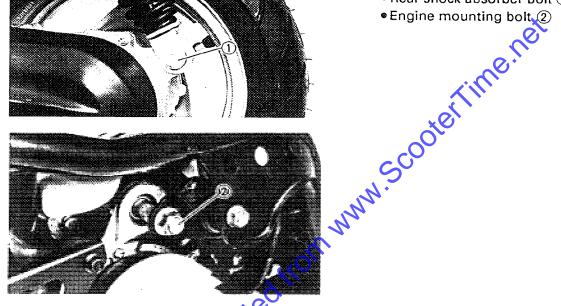


- 6. Remove:
 - Rear brake cable (1)



ENGINE REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - Rear shock absorber bolt ① (lower)
 - Engine mounting bolt ②

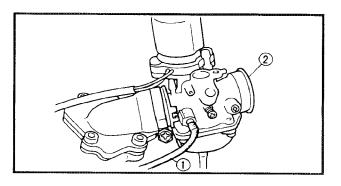


2. Remove:

Engine

Lift up the frame and remove the engine.

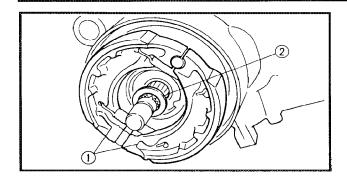
3. Place the frame on a suitable stand.

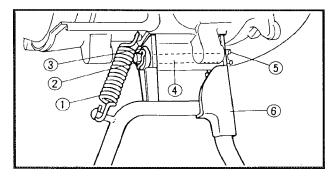


ENGINE DISASSEMBLY CARBURETOR

- 1. Remove:
 - Oil delivery hose ①







REAR WHEEL

- 1. Remove:
 - Rear wheel
 - Brake shoes ①
 - Plane washer ②

CENTER STAND

- 1. Remove:
 - Spring ①
 - ◆ Clip ②
 - Rubber washer 3
 - Shaft ④
 - ◆ Clamp ⑤
 - Center stand 6

CYLINDER HEAD AND CYLINDER

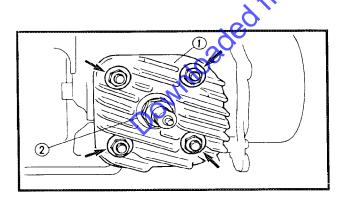
MOTE:

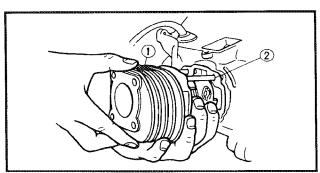
With the engine mounted, the cylinder head, cylinder, and piston can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Cover and sidecover (left and right)
- Footrest board
- Fan cover and air shroud
- Muffler assembly and cylinder stud bolt
 - 1. Remove:
 - Air should
 - Cylinder head ①
 - Cylinder head gasket

NOTE:

- Before loosening the cylinder head, loosen the spark plug ② .
- The cylinder head holding nuts should be loosened 1/2 turn each time, and remove.
 - 2. Remove:
 - Cylinder ①
 - Cylinder gasket ②

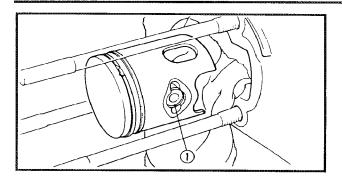












PISTON PIN AND PISTON

- 1. Remove:
 - Piston pin clip ①

NOTE: _

Before removing the piston pin clip, cover the crankcase with a clean rag so you will not accidentally drop the clip into the crankcase.

- 2. Remove:
 - Piston pin ①
 - Piston ②
 - ◆ Piston pin bearing ③

CAUTION:

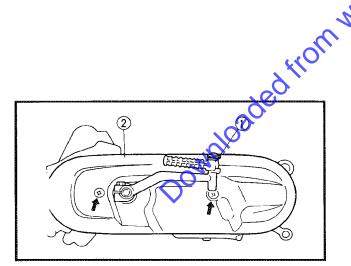
Do not use a hammer to drive the piston pin out.

KICK STARTER

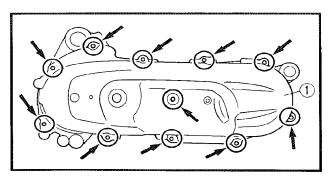
NOTE:

With the engine mounted, the kick starter can be maintained by removing the following parts.

Air cleaner case assembly



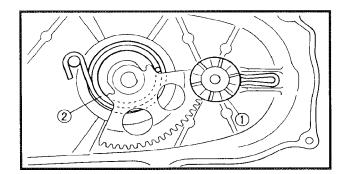
- 1. Remove:
 - Kick crank 1
 - Cover ②

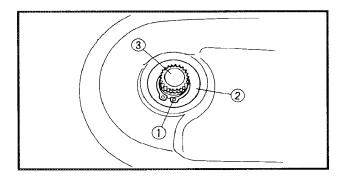


- 2. Remove:
 - Crankcase cover (1) (left)









3. Remove

• Kick pinion gear ①

NOTE

When remove the kick pinion gear, operate the kick axle.

4. Unhook

Return spring ②

5. Remove:

• Circlip ①

• Plain washer ②

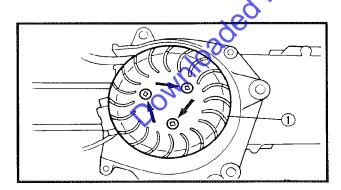
♦ Kick shaft ③

PRIMARY SHEAVE

NOTE:

With the engine mounted, the primary and secondary sheave can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Cover and side cover (left and right)
- Footrest board
- Fan cover
- Crankcase cover (left)
 - 1. Remove:
 - Fan (1)



2. Remove:

• Nut ① (primary sheave)

NOTE: __

When loosening the nut (primary sheave), hold the C.D.I. magneto using Flywheel Holding Tool ②.

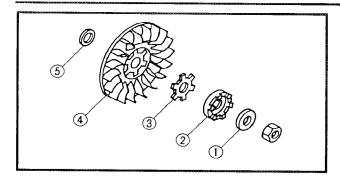


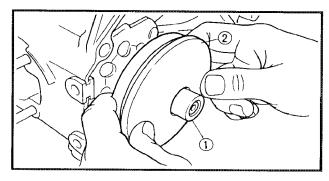
Flywheel Holding Tool: YU-01235

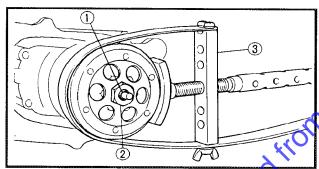


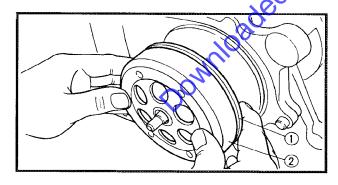


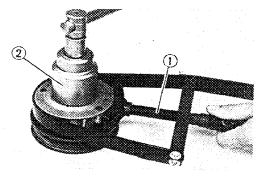












3. Remove:

- Conical spring washer (1)
- One-way clutch ②
- Washer ③
- Primary fixed sheave (4)
- Shim (5)
- ◆ V-Beit

4. Remove:

- Collar (1)
- Primary sheave assembly ②



SECONDARVSHEAVE

- 1. Remove
 - Oring 1
 - *Nut ② (secondary sheave)

N	9	T	E:
	-		_

Hold the secondary sheave using Sheave Holder 3.



Sheave Holder: YS-01880

2. Remove:

- Clutch housing (1)
- Secondary sheave assembly (2)
- Crankcase cover gasket
- Dowel pins

3. Attach:

- Sheave Holder (1)
- Socket Wrench (41MM) 2



Sheave Holder: YS-01880

4. Loosen:

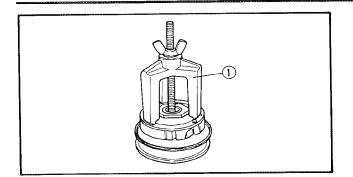
Clutch securing nut

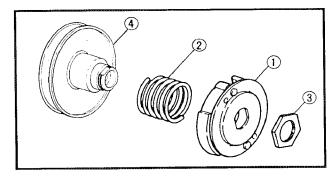
CAUTION:

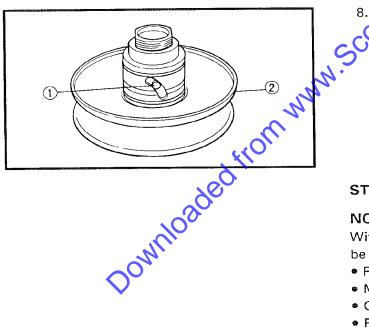
Do not remove the clutch securing nut yet.













Clutch Spring Holder ①

NOTE:

Compress the secondary sheave by Clutch Spring Holder ①



Clutch Spring Holder: YS-28891

6. Remove:

- Clutch securing nut 3
- 7. Remove:
 - Clutch assembly 1
 - Clutch spring (2)
 - Spring seat

8. Remove:

🤏 Guide pins 🕦

Secondary sliding sheave (2)

STARTER SYSTEM

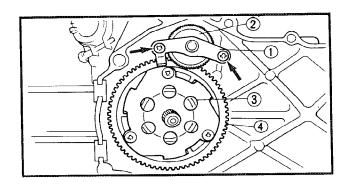
NOTE: __

With the engine mounted, the starter system can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Footrest board and Fan cover
- Muffler assembly and Rear wheel
- Crankcase cover (left)
- Primary sheave



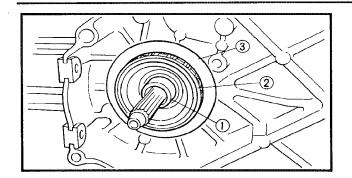
- Plate (1) (idle gear)
- Idle gear ②
- Starter clutch assembly ③
- Washer
- Starter wheel gear 4

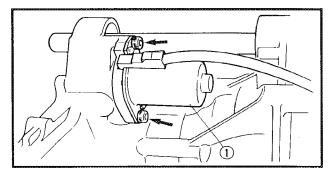














- Collar 1)
- Bearing ②
- ◆Washer ③

- 3. Remove:
 - Starter motor ①

er Time. he

TRANSMISSION

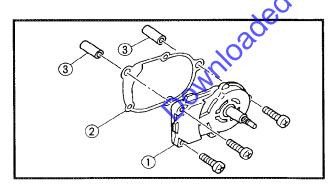
NOTE:

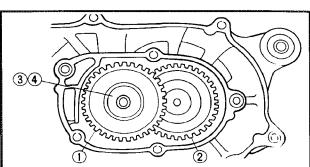
With the engine mounted, the transmission can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Air cleaner case assembly
- Muffler assembly
- Rear wheel
- Crank case cover (left)
- V-belt and Secondary sheave



- Transmission case cover ①
- Gasket ②
- Dowel pins ③

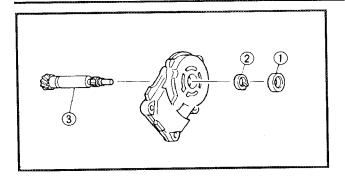




2. Remove:

- Main axle (1)
- Drive axle (2)
- Plain washer ③
- Conical spring washer 4





- 3. Remove:
 - Oil seal ①
 - ◆ Circlip ②
 - Secondary sheave axle ③

C.D.I. MAGNETO

NOTE: _

With the engine mounted, the C.D.I. magneto can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Seat and rear carrie
- Tail cover and footrest board
- Fan cover
- Fan



- Nut () (rotor)
- 🌛 Plain washer

NOTE:

Hold the rotor to loosen the nut by the Flywheel Holding Tool $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{D}}$.



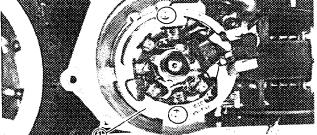
Flywheel Holding Tool: YU-01235

- 2. Remove:
 - Rotor ①
 - Woodruff key
 Use the Flywheel Magneto Puller 2.



Flywheel Magneto Puller: YM-01189



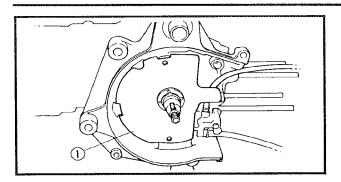


- 3. Remove:
 - Stator assembly 1









- 4. Remove:
 - Gasket (1)

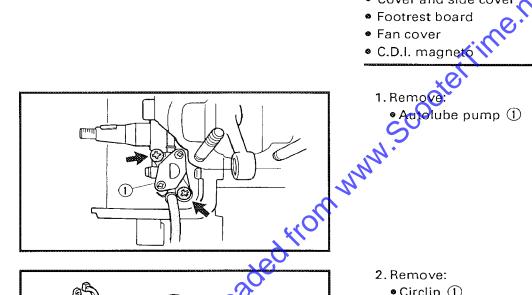
AUTOLUBE PUMP

NOTE: ___

With the engine mounted, the autolube pump can be maintained by removing the following parts.

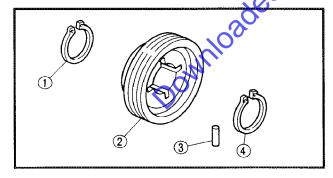
- Cover and side cover
- Footrest board



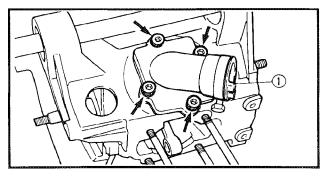




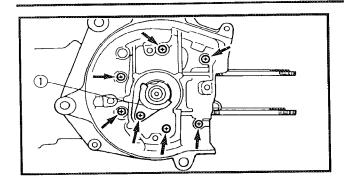
- Circlip ①
- Pump drive gear ②
- ♦ Pin ③
- Circlip (4)

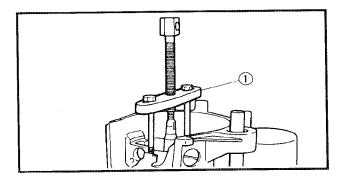


- 3. Remove:
 - Carburetor joint ①
 - Reed valve
 - Reed valve gasket









CRANKCASE AND CRANKSHAFT

- 1. Remove:
 - Oil seal stopper (1)
 - Screws (crankcase)

NOTE: __

Loosen each screw 1/4 turn, and remove them after all are loosened.

- 2. Attach:
 - Crankcase Separating Tool ①



Crankcase Separating Tool: YU-01135

NOTE: _

Fully tighten the too holding bolts, but make sure the tool body is parallel with the case. If necessary, one screw may be backed out slightly to level tool body.

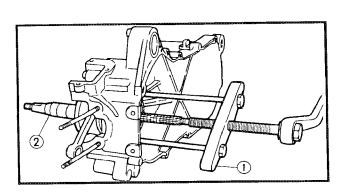
3 Remove:

Crankcase (right)

As pressure is applied, alternately tap on the engine mounting bosses.

CAUTION:

Downloaded from www Use soft hammer to tap on the case half. Tap only on reinforced portions of case. Do not tap on gasket mating surface. Work slowly and carefully. Make sure the case halves separate evenly. If one end "hangs up", take pressure off the push screw, realign, and start over. If the cases do not separate, check for a remaining case screw or fitting. Do not force.



4. Attach:

Crankcase Separating Tool ①

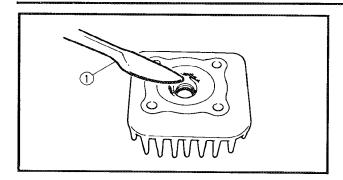


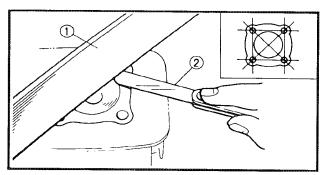
Crankcase Separating Tool: YU-01135

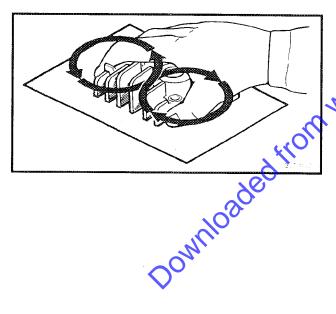
- 5. Remove:
 - Crankshaft ②











INSPECTION AND REPAIR CYLINDER HEAD

- 1. Eliminate:
 - Carbon depositsUse a rounded scraper ①.

NOTE: _

Take care to avoid damaging the spark plug threads. Do not use a sharp instrument. Avoid scratching the aluminum.

- 2. Inspect:
 - Cylinder head warpage
 Out of specification → Re-surface.

Warpage measurement and re-surfacement steps:

- Attach a straight edge 1 and a thickness gauge2 on the cylinder head.
- Measure the warpage limit.

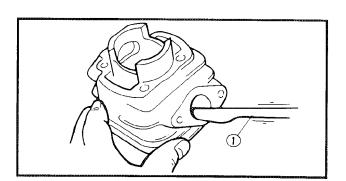


Warpage Limit: 0.02 mm (0.0008 in)

- If the warpage is out of specification, reface the cylinder head.
- Place a 400 ~ 600 grit wet sandpaper on the surface plate, and re-surface the head using a figure-eight sanding pattern.

NOTE: _

Rotate the head several times to avoid removing too much material from one side.

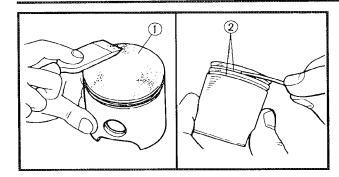


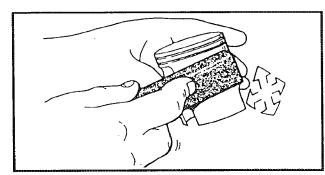
CYLINDER AND PISTON

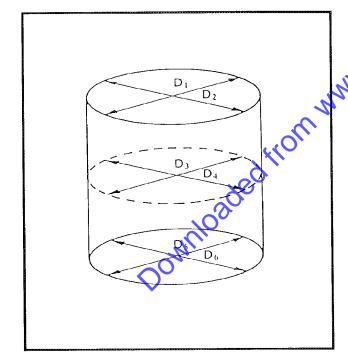
- 1. Eliminate:
 - Carbon deposits
 Use a rounded scraper ①.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Cylinder wall
 Wear/Scratches → Rebore or replace.











- 3. Eliminate:
 - Carbon deposits
 From the piston crown and ring grooves.
- 4. Remove:
 - Score markes and lacquer deposits
 From the sides of piston.
 Use a 600 ~ 800 grit wet sandpaper.

NOTE:

Sand in a crisscross pattern. Do not sand excessively.

- 5. Inspect:
 - Piston wall Wear/Scratches/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

6. Measure:

Piston-to cylinder clearance

Piston-to cylinder clearance measurement steps: First step:

Measure the cylinder bore "C" with a Cylinder Bore Gauge.

NOTE: _

Measure the cylinder bore "C" in parallel to and at right angles to the crankshaft. Then, find the average of the measurements.

2	Standard	Wear Limit
Cylinder Bore "C"	39.99 ~ 40.01 mm (1.574 ~ 1.575 in)	40.10 mm (1.579 in)
Taper "T"	_	0.05 mm (0.0019 in)
Out of Round "R"	_	0.01 mm (0.0004 in)

C = Maximum D

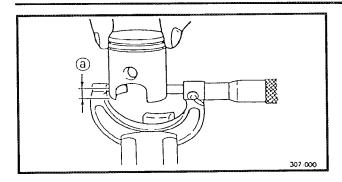
 $T = (Maximum D_1 \text{ or } D_2) - (Maximum D_5 \text{ or } D_6)$

R = (Maximum D_1 , D_3 or D_5)(Minimum D_2 , D_4 or D_6)









- If out of specification, rebore or replace cylinder, and replace piston and piston rings as a set. 2nd step:
- Measure the piston skirt diameter "P" with a micrometer.
- (a) 5.0 mm (0.20 in) from the piston bottom edge

Piston Size P		
Standard	39.95 ~ 39.97 mm (1.573 ~ 1.574 in)	
Oversize 1	40.25 mm (1.585 in)	
Oversize 2	40.50 mm (1.594 in)	

If out of specification, replace piston and piston rings as a set.

3rd step:

Calculate the pistor to-cylinder clearance with following formula:

Piston-to cylinder Clearance = Cylinder Bore "C" -Piston Skirt Diameter "P"

Icout of specification, rebore or replace cylinder, and replace piston and piston rings as a set.



Piston-to-cylinder Clearance: 0.034 ~ 0.047 mm $(0.0013 \sim 0.0018 in)$ Limit:0.1 mm (0.004 in)

PISTON RINGS

- 1. Measure:
 - Side clearance

Out of specification → Replace piston and/or

Use a Feeler Gauge ①.

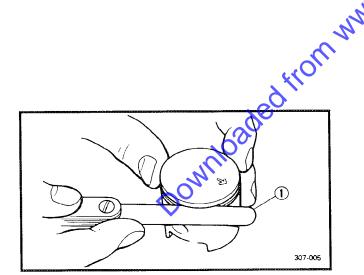
	Standard	Limit
Top ring	0.03 ~ 0.05 mm (0.0012 ~ 0.0020 in)	0.10 mm (0.004 in)
2nd ring	0.03 ~ 0.05 mm (0.0012 ~ 0.0020 in)	0.10 mm (0.004 in)

2. Install:

Piston ring

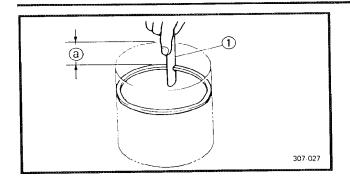
Into the cylinder

Push the ring with the piston crown.









3. Measure:

End gap

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace rings as a set. Use a Feeler Gauge 1 .

2	Standard	Limit
Top ring	0.15 ~ 0.35 mm (0.006 ~ 0.014 in)	0.70 mm (0.028 in)
2nd ring	0.15 ~ 0.35 mm (0.006 ~ 0.014 in)	0.70 mm (0.028 in)

(a) Measuring Point 20 mm (0.8 in)

4. Oversize piston ring size:
Ring size is stamped on top of the ring.

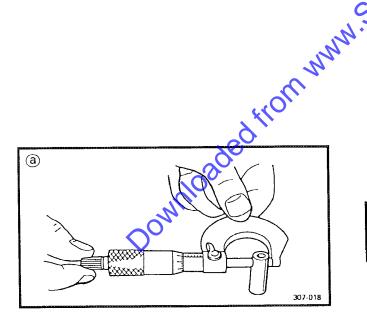
Oversize piston ring	
Oversize	25
Oversize 2	50

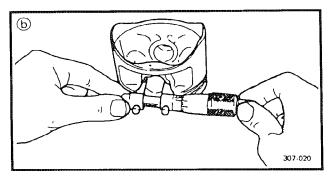
PISTON PIN AND PISTON PIN BEARING

1. Inspect:

Piston pin

Blue discoloration/Groove \rightarrow Replace, then inspect lubrication system.





2. Measure:

Outside diameter (a) (piston pin)
 Out of specification'

Replace.



Out side diameter (piston pin): 9.996 ~ 10.000 mm (0.3935 ~ 0.3937 in)

3. Measure:

Piston pin-to-piston clearance
 Out of specification → Replace piston.

Piston pin-to-piston clearance =
Bore size (piston pin) (b) Outside diameter (piston pin) (a)



Piston pin-to-piston clearance: 0.004 ~ 0.0019 mm

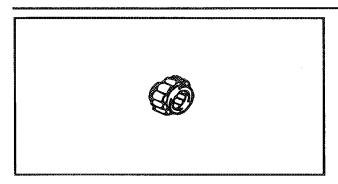
(0.0002 ~ 0.0008 in)

<Limit: 0.07 mm (0.028 in)>

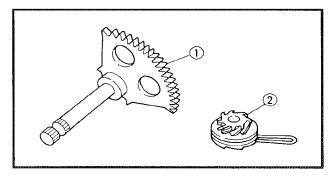






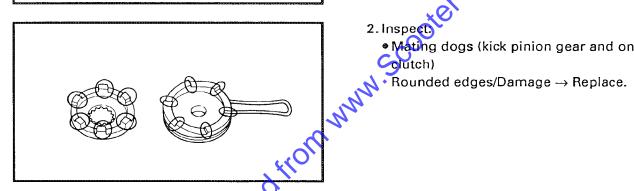


4. Inspect: Bearing (piston pin) Pitting/Damage → Replace.



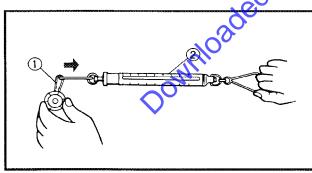
KICK STARTER

- 1. Inspect:
 - Kick gear teeth ①
 - Kick pinion gear teeth 2 Burrs/Chips/Roughness/Wear \rightarrow Replace.



2. Inspect

- Mating dogs (kick pinion gear and one-way)

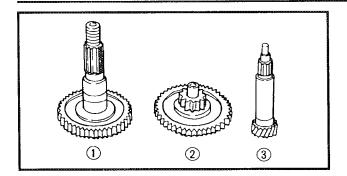


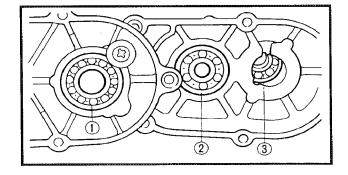
- 3. Measure:
 - Clip tension (kick pinion gear) Out of spedification \rightarrow Replace. Use a spring balance.



Standard Tension: 100 ~ 300 g (3.53 ~ 10.6 oz)







TRANSMISSION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Drive axle ①
 - Main axle (2)
 - Secondary sheave axle ③
 Burrs/Chips/Roughness/Wear → Replace.

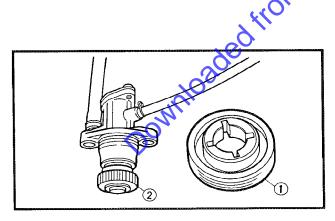
2. Inspect:

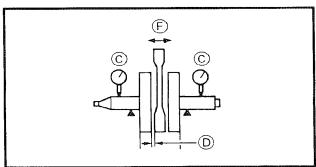
- Secondary sheave axle bearing ①
- Main axle bearing (2)
- Drive axle bearing ③
 Spin the bearing inner race.
 Excessive play/Roughness → Replace.
 Pitting/Damage → Replace.

AUTOLUBE PUMP

Wear or an internal malfunction may cause pump output to very from the factory setting. This situation is, however, extremely rare. If improper output is suspected, inspect the following:

- 1. Inspect:
 - Delivery line
 Obstructions → Blow out.
 - O-ring
 Wear/Damage → Replace.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Autolube pump drive gear teeth ①
 - Autolube pump driven gear teeth ②
 Pitting/Wear/Damage → Replace





CRANKSHAFT

- 1. Measure:
 - Runout limit "C"
 - Connecting rod big end side clearance "D"
 - Small end free play limit "F"
 Out of specification → Replace.
 Use V-Blocks, Dial Gauge and thickness gauge.





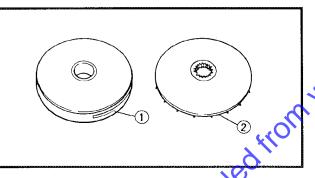




Runout Limit "C": 0.03 mm (0.0012 in) Connecting Rod Big End Side Clearance "D": 0.2 ~ 0.5 mm (0.008 ~ 0.02 in) Small End Free Play "F": $0.4 \sim 0.8 \text{ mm} (0.015 \sim 0.031 \text{ in})$

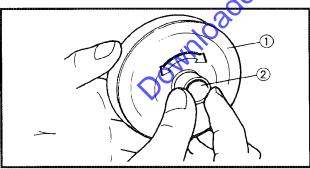
2. Inspect:

Bearings (crankshaft) Spin the bearing inner race. Excessive play/Roughness → Replace. Pitting/Damage → Replace.



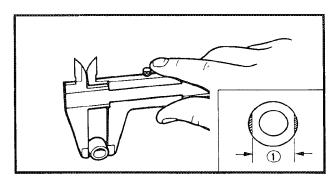
PRIMARYSHEAVE

- 1 Inspect:
 - rimary sliding sheave ①
 - Primary fixed sheave ② Wear/Cracks/Scratch/Damage → Replace.



2. Check:

• Free movement Insert the collar into the primary sliding sheave, and check for free movement. Stick or excessive play → Replace the sheave or collar.



3. Measure:

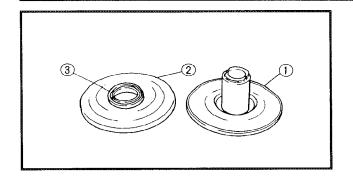
Out side diameter (1) (weight) Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Out side diameter (weight) 1.50 mm (0.59 in) <Limit 14.5 mm (0.57 in)>

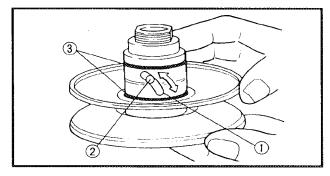






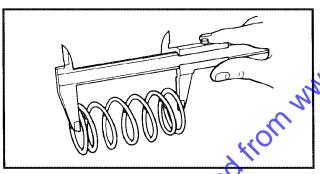
SECONDARY SHEAVE

- 1. Inspect:
 - Secondary fixed sheave ①
 - Secondary sliding sheave (2) Scratch/Crack/Damage → Replace as a set.
 - Oil seal (3) Damage → Replace.



2. Inspect:

- ◆ Torque cam groove ①
- Guide pin (2) Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace as a set.
- O-rings ③ Damage → Replace.



3. Measure: Clutch spring free length Out of specification → Replace.



Clutch Spring Free Length: 109.6 mm (4.31 in)

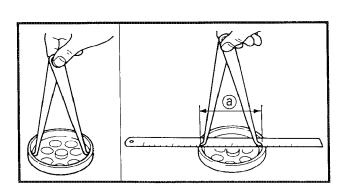
<Limit>:

94.0 mm (3.70 in)



 Clutch housing inner surface Oil/Scratches → Remove.

Oil	Use a rag soaked in lacquer thinner or solvent.	
Scratches	Use an emery cloth (lightly and evenly polishing).	



5. Measure:

• Clutch housing inside diameter (a) Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Clutch Housing Inside Diameter: 105.0 mm (4.13 in)

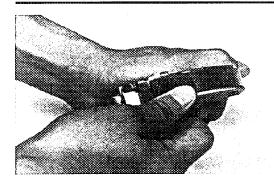
<Wear Limit>:

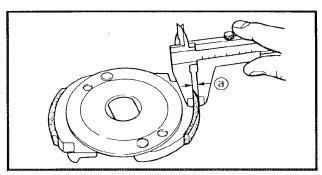
105.4 mm (4.15 in)













Clutch shoes Glazed parts \rightarrow Sand with coarse sandpaper.

After using the sand paper, clean of the polished particles with cloth.

7. Measure:

• Clutch shoe thickness (a) Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Clutch Shoe Thickness: 2.5 mm (0.10 m)

<Wear Limi⊌

2.0 mm (0.08 in)

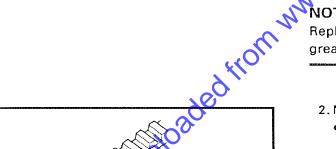
V-BELT

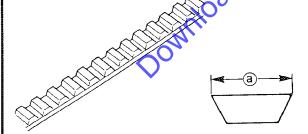
1. Inspect:

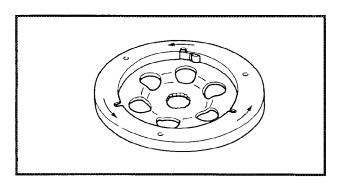
y-belt

* Crack/Wear → Replace.

Replace the V-belt smeared with a lot of oil or grease.







2. Measure:

• V-belt width (a) Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



V-Belt Width:

16.6 mm (0.65 in)

<Wear Limit>:

15.2 mm (0.60 in)

STARTER CLUTCH AND GEARS

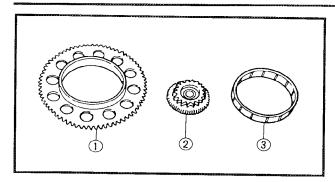
1. Inspect:

Starter clutch

Push the dowel pin to arrow direction.

Unsmooth operation → Replace starter clutch assembly.





- 2. Inspect:
 - Starter wheel gear teeth ①
 - Idle gear teeth ②
 Burrs/Chips/Roughness/Wear → Replace.
 - Bearing ③ (starter wheel gear)
 Pitting/Damage → Replace.

Downloaded from www. Scooter lime net



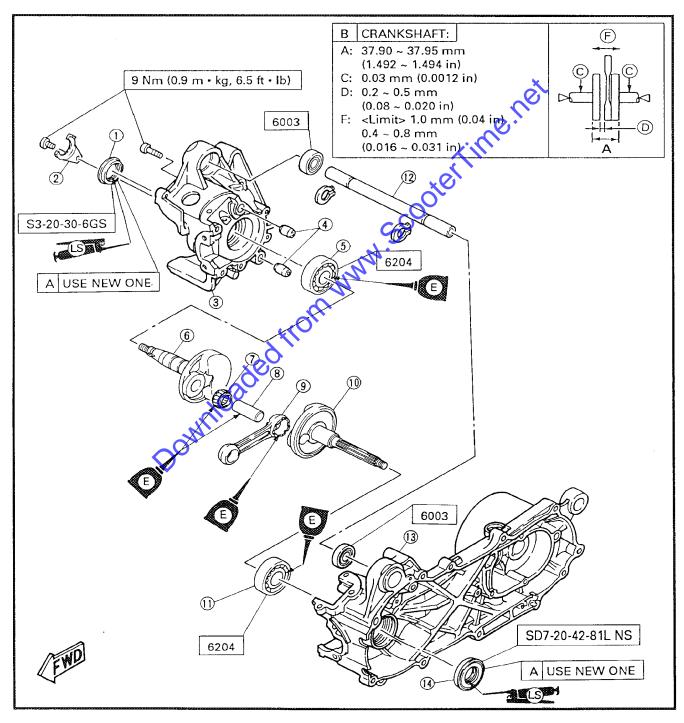


ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT

CRANKSHAFT AND CRANKCASE

- (1) Oil seal
- (2) Oil seal stopper
- (3) Crankcase (right)
- (4) Dowel pin
- (5) Bearing
- 6 Crank (right)
- (7) Bearing

- (8) Crank pin
- 9 Connecting rod
- (10) Crank (left)
- (1) Bearing
- 12 Engine mount spacer
- (13) Crankcase (left)
- (14) Oil seal



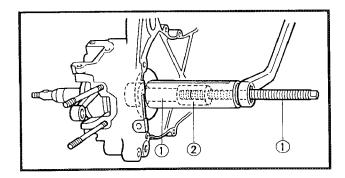




CRANKSHAFT AND CRANKCASE

CAUTION:

To protect the crankshaft against scratches or to facilitate the operation of the installation, apply the grease to the oil seal lips, and apply the engine oil to each bearing.



1. Attach:

Crankshaft Installation set



Crankshaft Installation Set:

①: YU-90050

②: YM-90062

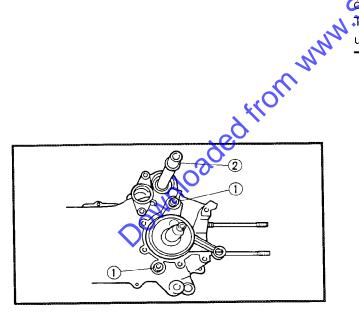
2. Install:

Crankshaft

(to left crankcase)

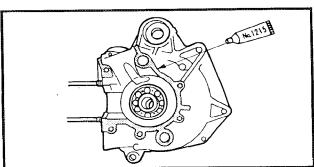
NOTE

Hold the connecting rod at top dead center with one hand while turning the nut of the Installing Tool with the other. Operate the Installing Tool until the crankshaft bottoms against the bearing.



3. Install:

- Dowel pins ①
- Spacer ②



4. Apply:

Yamaha Bond No.1215
 To the mating surfaces of both case helves.

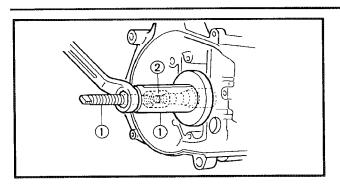


Yamaha bond No.1215: P/N. ACC-11001-01









5. Attach:

Crankshaft Installation Set

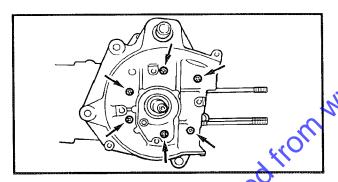


Crankshaft Installation Set:

①: YU-90050 ②: YU-90062

6. Install:

• Right crankcase



7. Tighten:

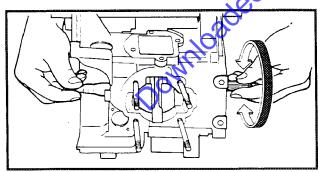
● Erenkcase holding screws

NOTE:

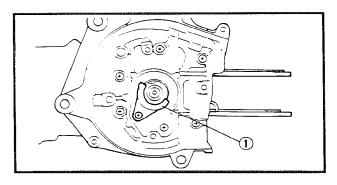
righten the crankcase holding screws in stage, using a crisscross pattern.



9 Nm (0.9 m · kg, 6.5 ft · lb)



- 8. Check:
 - Crankshaft operation
 Unsmooth operation → Repair.



- 9. Install:
 - Oil seal stopper plate 1



Screw (oil seal stopper plate) 9 Nm (0.9 m • kg, 6.5 ft • lb)

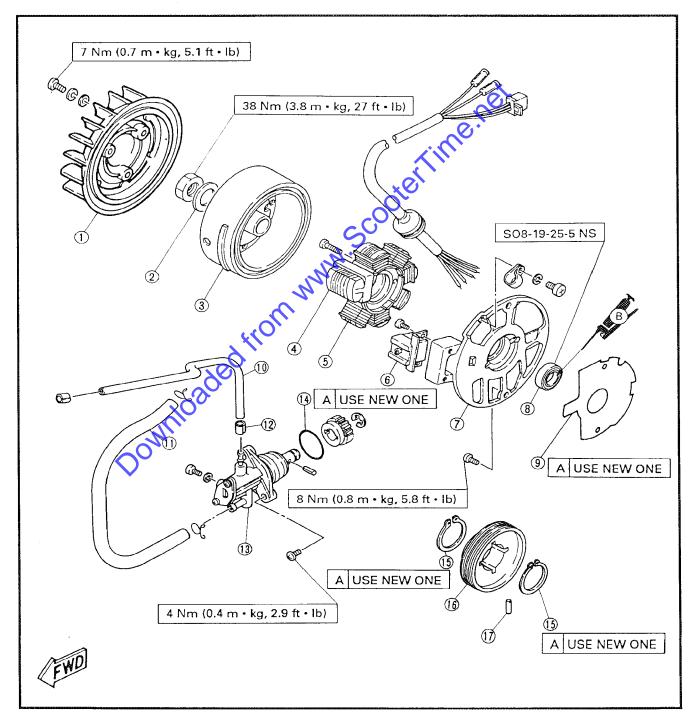




AUTOLUBE PUMP AND C.D.I. MAGNETO

- 1) Fan
- (2) Plain washer
- (3) Rotor assembly
- 4 Charge coil
- 5 Lighting coil
- 6 Pick up coil
- 7 Stater assembly
- (8) Oil seal
- 9 Gasket

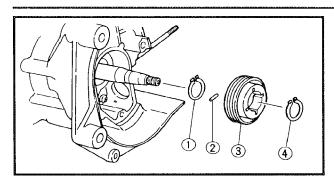
- (10) Oil delivery hose
- (i) Oil hose
- 12 Clip
- (13) Autolube pump
- (4) O-ring
- (15) Circlip
- 16 Oil pump drive gear
- 17) Pin





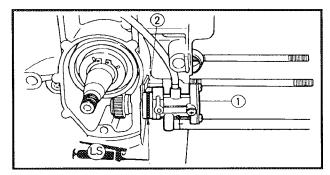






AUTOLUBE PUMP

- 1. Install:
 - Circlip (1)
 - Pin ②
 - Pump drive gear ③
 - Circlip (4)



- 2. Apply:
 - Lithium soap base grease (to O-ring ②)
- 3. Install:
 - Autolube pump (

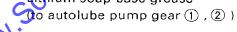


Screw (autolube pump):

4 Nm (0.4 m • kg, 2.9 ft • lb)

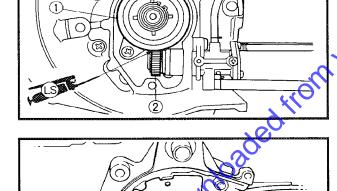


• Lithium soap base grease



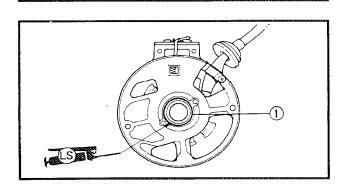


15 cc (0.92 cu · in)



C.D.I. MAGNETO

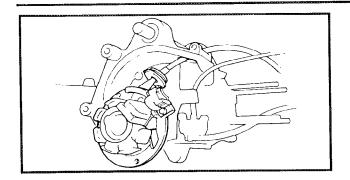
- 1. Install:
 - ◆ Gasket ①



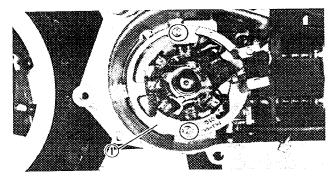
- 2. Apply:
 - Lithium soap base grease (to oil seal (1))







3. Pass the C.D.I. magneto lead through the crankcase hole.



4. Install:

Stator assembly ①



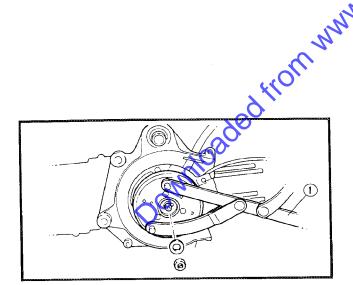
Screw (stator assembly): 8 Nm (0.8 mekg, 5.8 ft-lb)

5. Install:

- Woodruff key
- C.D.I. magneto
- Plain washer
- Nut

NOTE:

When installing the C.D.I. magneto, make sure the woodruff key is properly seated in the key way of the crankshaft. Apply a light coating of lithium soap base grease to the tapered portion of the crankshaft end.



6. Tighten:

• Nut (C.D.I. magneto)
Use Flywheel Holding Tool ①.



Flywheel holding tool: YU-01235



38 Nm (3.8 m • kg, 27 ft • lb)

ENG

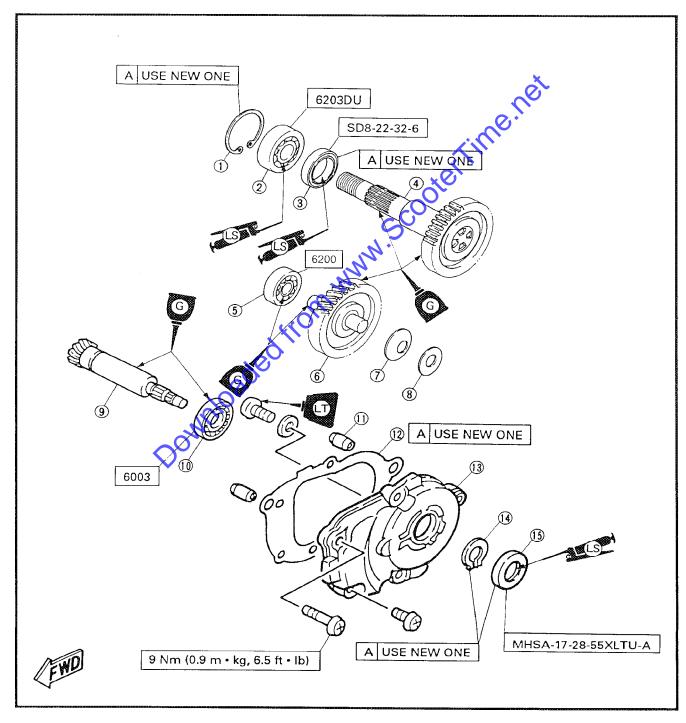




TRANSMISSION

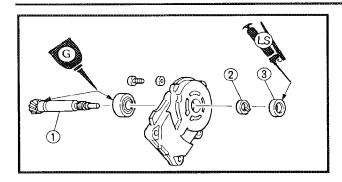
- 1 Circlip
- ② Bearing
- 3 Oil seal
- Drive axle
- 5 Bearing
- 6 Main axle
- Conical spring washer
- 8 Plain washer

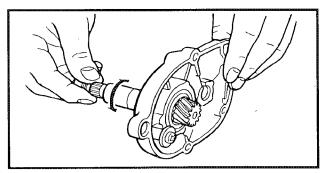
- 9 Secondary sheave axle
- (10) Bearing
- 1) Dowel pin
- 12 Gasket
- (13) Transmission case cover
- (14) Circlip
- (15) Oil seal

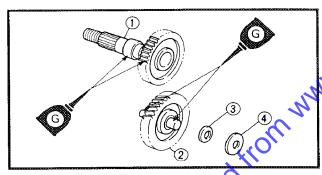


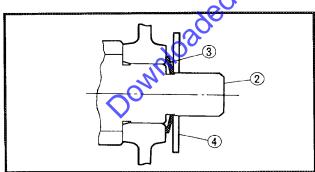


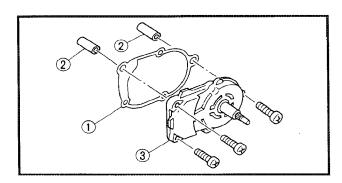












TRANSMISSION

- 1. Apply:
 - 10W30 Type SE Motor oil (to transmission case cover bearing)
- 2. Install:
 - Secondary sheave axle ①
 (to transmission case cover)
- 3. Install:
 - Circlip ②
 - Oil seal ③

NOTE

Apply lithium soap base grease onto the oil seal lips.

- 4. Check:
 - Secondary sheave axle operation
 Unsmooth operation → Repair.
- 5. Apply:
 - 10W30 type SE Motor oil (to main axle bearing and drive axle bearing)
- 6. Install:
 - Drive axle (1)
 - Main axle ②
 - Conical spring washer ③
 - Plain washer 4

- 7. Install:
 - Gasket ①
 - Dowel pins 2
 - Transmission case cover ③



Screw (case cover): 9 Nm (0.9 m · kg, 6.5 ft · lb)



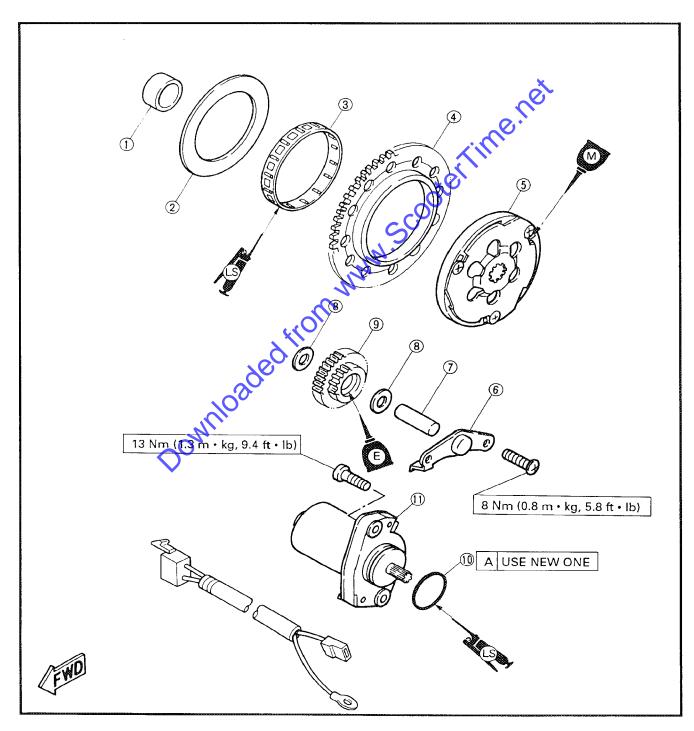




STARTER SYSTEM

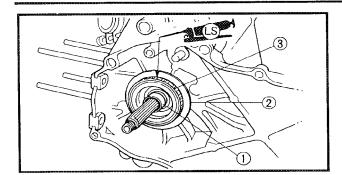
- ① Collar
- 2 Plain washer
- 3 Bearing
- 4 Starter wheel gear
- 5 Starter clutch
- 6 Plate

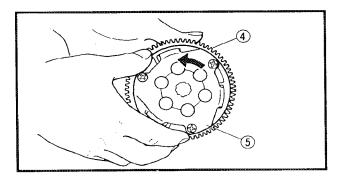
- 7 Shaft
- 8 Plain washer
- 9 Idle gear
- 0-ring
- 11 Starter motor

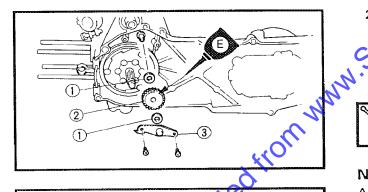


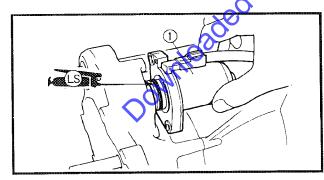












STARTER SYSTEM

- 1. Install:
 - ◆ Collar (1)
 - Plain washer ②
 - Bearing 3
 - Starter wheel gear 4
 - Starter clutch (5)

NOTE: _

- Apply lithium soap base grease to the bearing
 3).
- Apply molybdenum disulfide oil to the pin (starter clutch) (5).

Inet & BYTIME. NET

- 2. Instăl
 - Rain washer 1
 - oldle gear ②
 - Plain washer ①
 - Plate ③ (idle gear)



Screw (idle gear plate): 8 Nm (0.8 m • kg, 5.8 ft • lb)

NOTE:

Apply engine oil to the idle gear ②.

- 3. Install:
 - Starter motor ①



13 Nm (1.3 m • kg, 9.4 ft • lb)

NOTE: _

Apply lithium soap base grease to the O-ring of the starter motor.

ENG





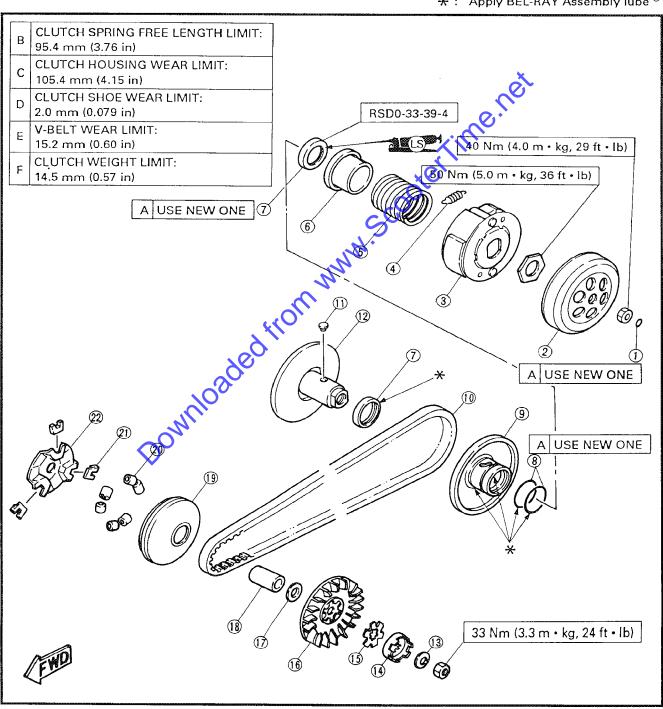
PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SHEAVE

- ① O-ring
- 2 Clutch housing
- (3) Clutch carrier
- 4 Weight spring
- 5 Clutch spring
- 6 Spring seat
- 7 Oil seal
- 8 O-ring

- Secondary sliding sheave
- (10) V-belt
- (1) Guide pin
- 12 Secondary fixed sheave
- (13) Conical spring washer
- 14 One-way clutch
- (15) Washer
- (6) Primary fixed sheave

- (17) Shim
- (18) Collar
- (19) Primary sliding sheave
- 20 Clutch weight
- (21) Slider
- (22) Cam

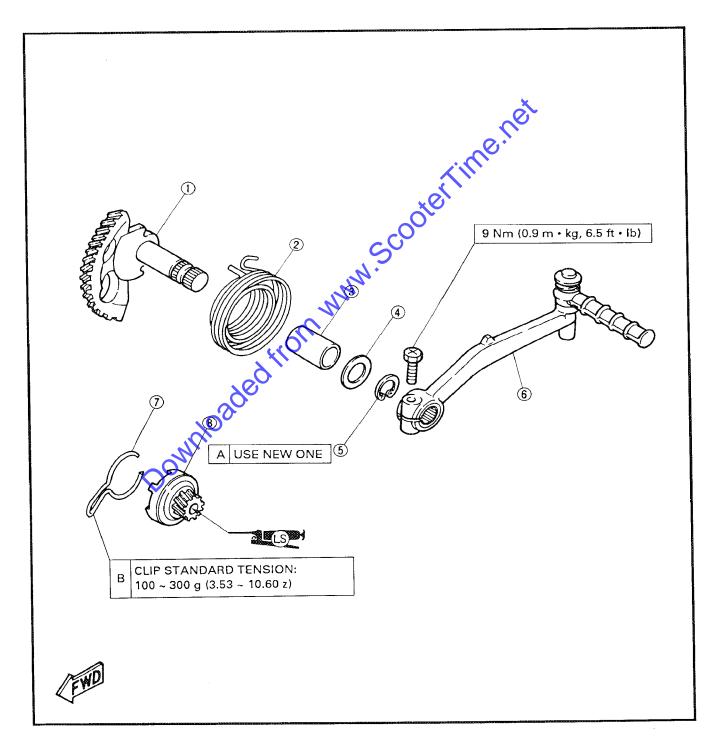
* : Apply BEL-RAY Assembly lube *

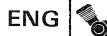




KICK STARTER

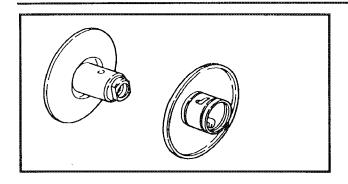
- 1 Kick shaft
- 2 Return spring
- 3 Collar
- Plain washer
- (5) Circlip
- 6 Kick crank
- 7 Clip
- 8 Kick pinion gear







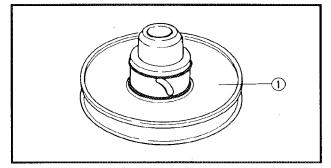




SECONDARY SHEAVE

When assemblying the secondary sheave, reverse the disassembly procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Apply:
 - BEL-RAY Assembly Lube[®] (to the inside of the sliding/fixed sheave)

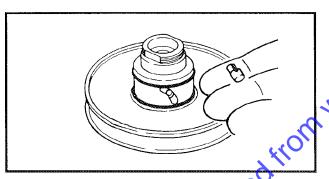


2. Install:

• Sliding sheave ①

NOTE: ___

Be careful so that the oil seal lips are not turned over when installing the sheave.

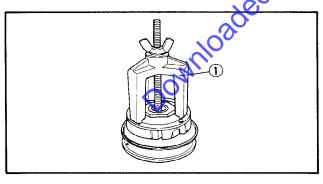


3. Apply ◆ BE►RAY Assembly Lube®

the torque cam grooves and O-rings)

A Check:

• Sliding sheave Unsmooth operation \rightarrow Repair.

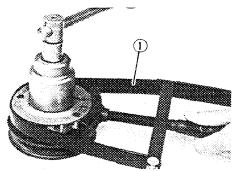


5. Install:

Clutch securing nut Use Clutch Spring Holder 1



Clutch Spring Holder: YS-28891



6. Tighten:

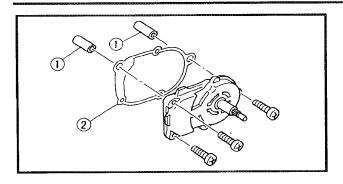
 Clutch securing nut Use Sheave Holder (1) Wrench (41MM).



Sheave holder: YS-01880

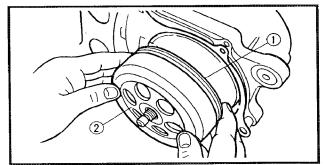


50 Nm (5.0 m · kg, 36 ft · lb)



7. Install:

- Dowel pin ①
- Crankcase cover gasket ②



8. Install:

- Secondary sheave assembly ①
- Clutch housing ②



- Nut ① (secondary sheave)



Sheave Holder: YS-01880



40 Nm (4.0 m • kg, 29 ft • lb)



◆ O-ring ③



(2)

PRIMARY SHEAVE

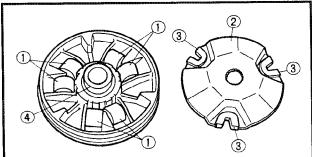
- 1. Clean:
 - Primary sliding sheave face ①
 - Primary fixed sheave face ②
 - Collar (3)
 - Weight

 ④
 - Primary sliding sheave cam surface (5)



4

3



2. Install:

- ◆Weight ①
- Cam (2)
- Slider ③
- ◆ Collar ④

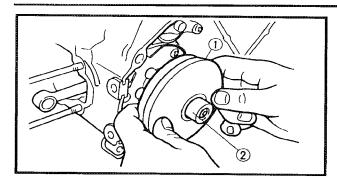
3. Check:

Cam operation Not smooth \rightarrow Repair.

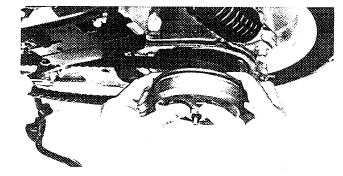
ENG







- 4. Install:
 - Primary sheave assembly ①
 - ◆ Collar ②



5. Install:

V-belt

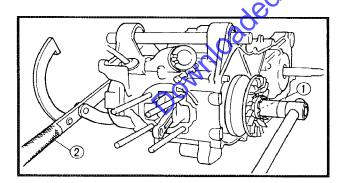
Place the V-belt around the secondary sheave, and compress the secondary sheave spring hard so that the V-belt moves toward the clutch hub.

NOTE: _

The V-belt must be installed with the arrow frontward.



- **6**\$Him ①
- Primary fixed sheave ②
- ●Washer ③
- One-way clutch 4
- Conical spring washer
- Nut (6)



7. Tighten:

Nut (1) (primary sheave)



33 Nm (3.3 m · kg, 24 ft · lb)

NOTE:

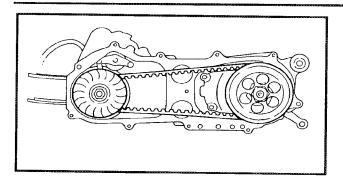
When tightening the nut (primary sheave), hold the C.D.I. magneto using Flywheel Holding Tool ②.



Flywheel Holding Tool: YU-01235

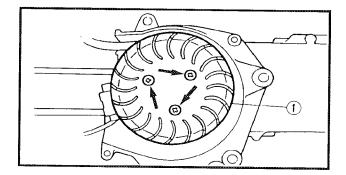






- 8. Adjust:
 - V-belt

Tense the V-belt by turning the primary sheave several times.

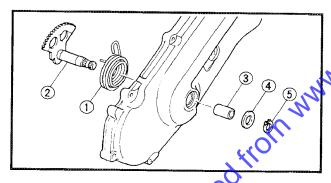


- 9. Install:
 - Fan ①



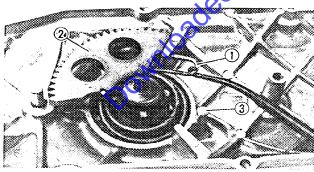
Screw (fan):

7 Nm (0.7 m · kg, 5.1 ft · lb)

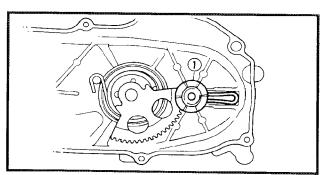


KICK STARTER Install:

- - Return spring (1)
 - ◆ Kick shaft ②
 - ◆ Collar ③
 - Plain washer 4
 - Circlip (5)



- 2. Hook:
 - Return spring 1 (to the kick gear 2 and boss 3)

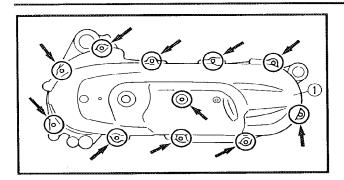


- 3. Install:
 - ◆ Kick pinion gear ①







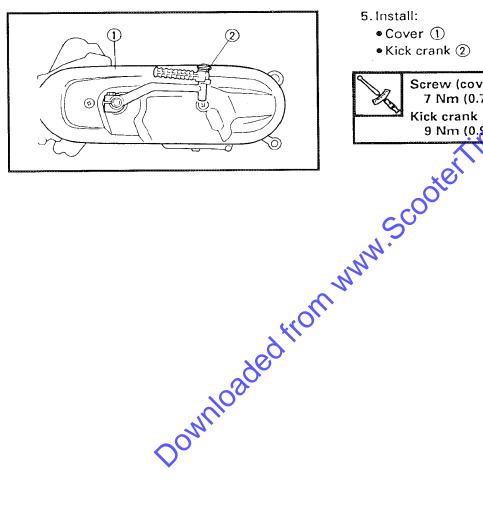


4. Install:

• Crankcase cover ①



Screw (crankcase cover) 9 Nm (0.9 m • kg, 6.5 ft • lb)



5. Install:

- Cover ①



Screw (cover) 7 Nm (0.7 m • kg, 5.1 ft • lb) Kick crank ek crank 9 Nm (0.9 m · kg, 6.5 ft · lb)

4-39





PISTON, CYLINDER AND CYLINDER HEAD

1 Carburetor joint

2 Reed valve

(3) Gasket

(4) Cylinder head

5 Cylinder head gasket

6 Cylinder

7 Cylinder gasket

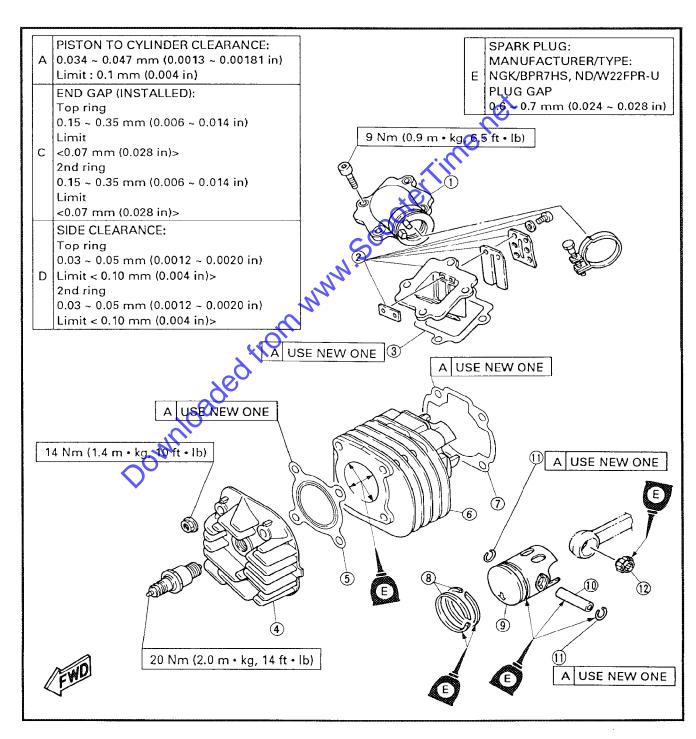
8 Piston ring

9 Piston

(10) Piston pin

(1) Piston pin clip

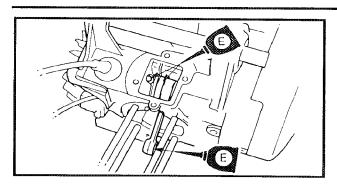
(12) Bearing







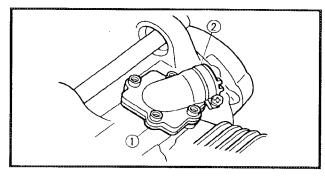




PISTON PIN AND PISTON

- 1. Apply:
 - Engine oil

(to the crankshaft bearing, connecting rod big end bearing, small end bearing, piston pin, piston ring grooves and piston skirt areas.)

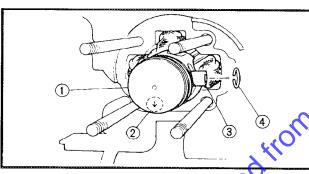


- 2. Install:
 - Reed valve gasket
 - Reed valve (1)
 - Carburetor joint (2)



Carburetor joint

9 Nm (0.9m • kg, 6.5 ft • lb)



3. Install:

- Small end bearing
- 🎔 iston 🕦
- Piston pin ③
- Piston pin clip (4)

NOTE:

- The arrow ② on the piston must point to the exhaust side.
- Before installing the piston pin clip, cover the crankcase with a clean towel or rag so you will not accidentally drop the pin clip and material into the crankcase.
- Always use a new piston pin clip.



CYLINDER AND CYLINDER HEAD

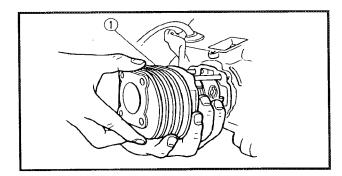
- 1. Install:
 - Cylinder gasket (new gasket)
- 2. Check:
 - Piston rings

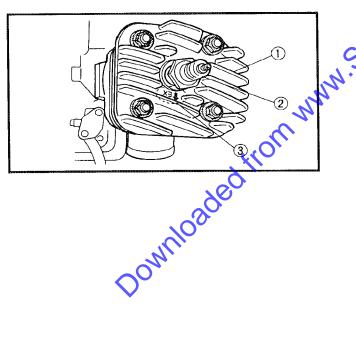
NOTE: __

Make sure the ring ends ① are properly fitted around the ring locating pins in the piston grooves.



 Be sure to check the manufacturer's marks or numbers stamped on the rings are on the top side of the rings.





3. Install:

• Cylinder ①

NOTE: __

Install the cylinder with one hand while compressing the piston rings with the other hand.

4. Install

Cylinder head gasket (new gasket)

₹Install:

- Cylinder head ①
- ◆Spark plug ②

NOTE: _

- The arrow ③ "EX" on the head cylinder must point to the exhaust side.
- Tighten the cylinder head holding nuts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.



Cylinder Head Holding Nuts: 14 Nm (1.4 m • kg, 10 ft • lb) Spark Plug: 20 Nm (2.0 m • kg, 14 ft • lb)

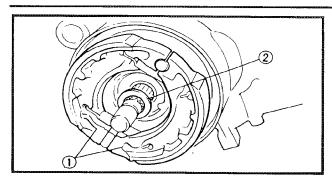
6. Install:

- ◆ Centerstand ①
- Shaft ②
- Cramp (3)
- Rubber washer 4
- Clip (5)
- •Spring ⑥



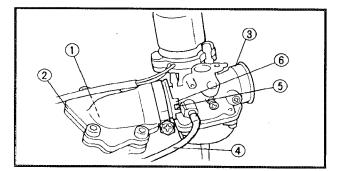






7. Install:

- Brake shoe plate (1)
- Plain washer (2)
- Rear wheel



8. Install:

- Reed valve ass'y (1)
- Gasket (2)
- Carbretor (3)
- Oil delivery hose (4)
- Air cleaner case assembly

NOTE: .

- Align the projection 5 with the projections 6.
- Before installing the oil delivery hose, fill the engine oil in it.



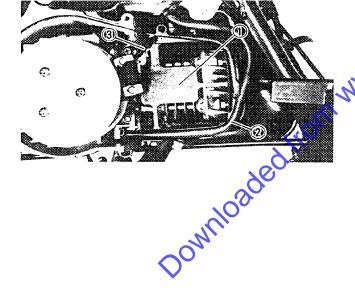
- Air shroud ①
 - Oil hose ②
 - Oil delivery hose ③

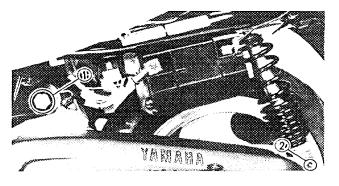
Pass the oil delivery hose and oil hose as shown.



10. Air bleeding:

Autolube pump Refer to "CHAPTER 3 - AUTOLUBE PUMP AIR BLEEDING" section.





REMOUNTING ENGINE

When remounting the engine, reverse the removal procedure.

- 1. Install:
 - Engine mounting bolt 1
 - Rear shock absorber bolt (2) (lower) These bolts should be temporarily secured.
- 2. Tighten:
 - Engine mounting bolt
 - Rear shock absorber bolt (lower)







Engine mounting bolt: 84 Nm (8.4 m • kg, 61 ft • lb) Rear shock absorber bolt (lower): 32 Nm (3.2 m • kg, 23 ft • lb)

3. Install:

- Carburetor top together with throttle valve 1
 Fuel hose 2 /Vacuum pipe 3
- Brake cable/plug cap

NOTE:

When installing the throttle valve into the carburetor, align the groove of the throttle valve with the projection of the carburetor.

4. Connect:

- Auto choke unit leads
- Starter motor lead
- C.D.K.magneto lead
- Earthlead

5. Tighten:

Rear wheel axle nut ①

NOTE: ...

When tighten the rear wheel axle nut, apply the rear brake.



Rear wheel axle nut: 95 Nm (9.5 m • kg, 68 ft • lb)

6. Install:

- Muffler ①
- Fan cover ②



Bolt (muffler):

26 Nm (2.6 m · kg, 19 ft · lb)

Bolt (exhaust pipe):

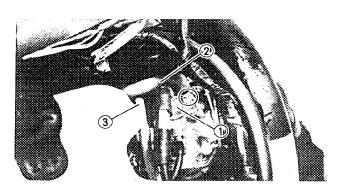
9 Nm (0.9 m • kg, 6.5 ft • lb)

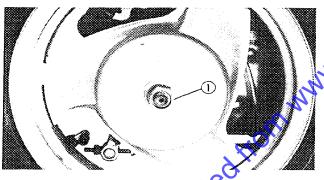
7. Apply:

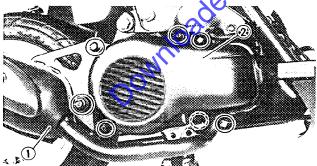
Transmission oil
 Refer to "CHAPTER 3 – TRANSMISSION OIL
 REPLACEMENT" section.

8. Adjust:

- Brake lever free play
 Refer to "CHAPTER 3 FRONT/REAR BRAKE
 LEVER FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT" section.
- Throttle cable free play
 Refer to "THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY
 ADJUSTMENT" section.









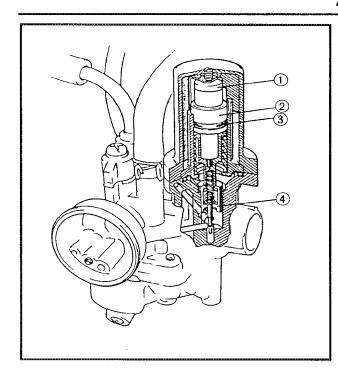
E.

CHAPTER 5. CARBURETION

AUTO CHOKE SYSTEM	E-5
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CARBURETION

AUTO CHOKE SYSTEM CONSTITUENTS

The electric auto-choke consists of the Positive Temperature Coefficient (P.T.C.) thermistor, wax element and starter plunger.

- 1 P.T.C. thermistor
- (2) Wax element
- ③ O-ring
- 4 Starter plunger

P.T.C. thermistor

When electric current flows in this thermistor, it begins to be heated up to a specified temperature. This specified temperature is then retained.

Wax element

The wax element changes its volume according to a varying temperature of the thermistor, thereby causing the starter plunger to operate.

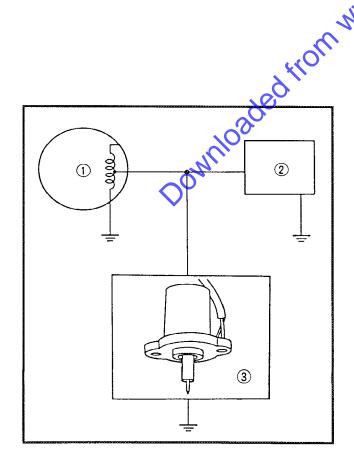
Starter plunger

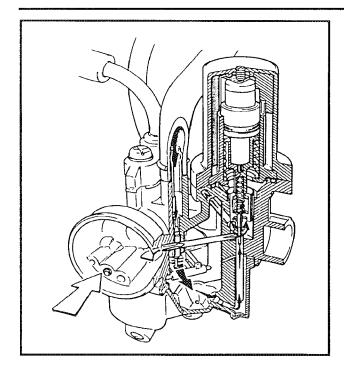
The starter plunger opens or closes the starter passage according to changes in the volume of the wax element.



Power source is provided by the C.D.I. magneto lighting coil.

- 1 C.D.I. magneto
- 2 Rectifier/Regulator
- 3 Auto choke unit





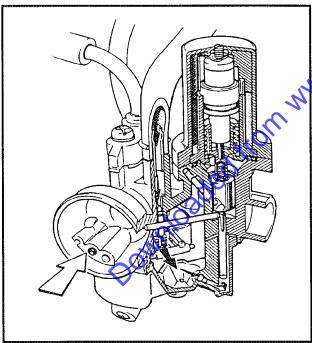
OPERATION

Cold engine

On the cold engine the wax element changes (reduces) its volume according to the ambient temperature.

In this state the starter plunger is at the top, thereby opening the starter plunger.





Running engine

When the engine is started, the heated P.T.C. thermistor expands the wax element, gradually pushing the starter plunger and controlling the opening of the starter passage. The further heated thermistor expands the wax element to a complete extent, thereby fully closing the starter passage.

This in turn causes the engine r.p.m. to change (be reduced) with time, finally coming to specified idling.

The wax element expands during the ride as well by means of the P.T.C. thermistor, thereby keeping the starter passage fully closed.

: Air

AUTO CHOKE SYSTEM



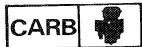
Restarting after engine warm-up

Restarting right after ride:
 The wax element is fully expanded, so the starter passage is fully closed by the starter plunger.

2. Restarting after leaving engine for a particular time:

The wax element begins to reduce its volume according to the ambient temperature, permitting the starter plunger to open the passage to meet the engine requirement.

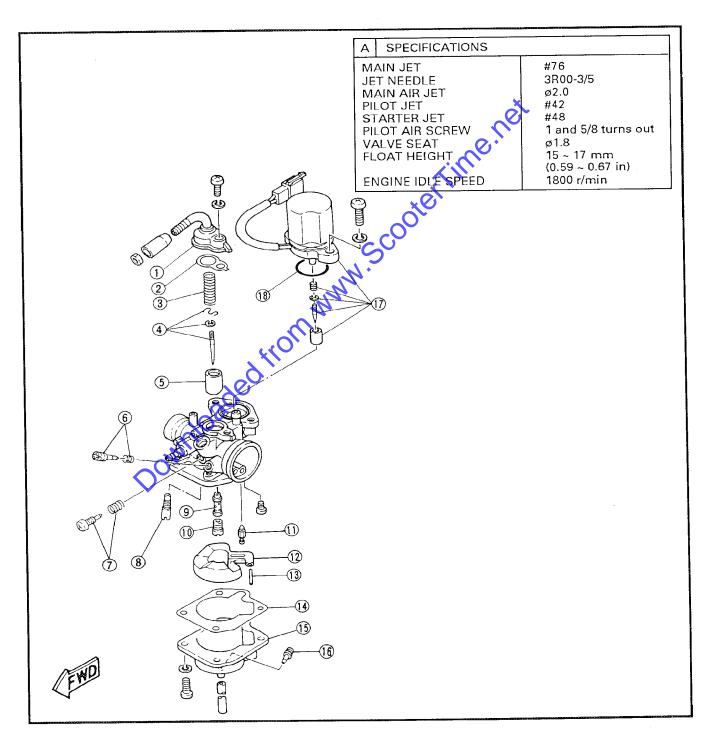
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CARBURETOR

- ① Carburetor top cover 图 Pilot jet
- ② Gasket
- 3 Spring
- (4) Needle set
- 5 Throttle valve
- 6 Pilot air screw
- 7 Throttle stop screw
- Main nozzle
- Main jet
- (1) Needle valve
- (12) Float
- (13) Float pin
- (14) Gasket

- 15 Float chamber
- 16 Drain screw
- ① Auto choke unit assembly
- 18 O-ring

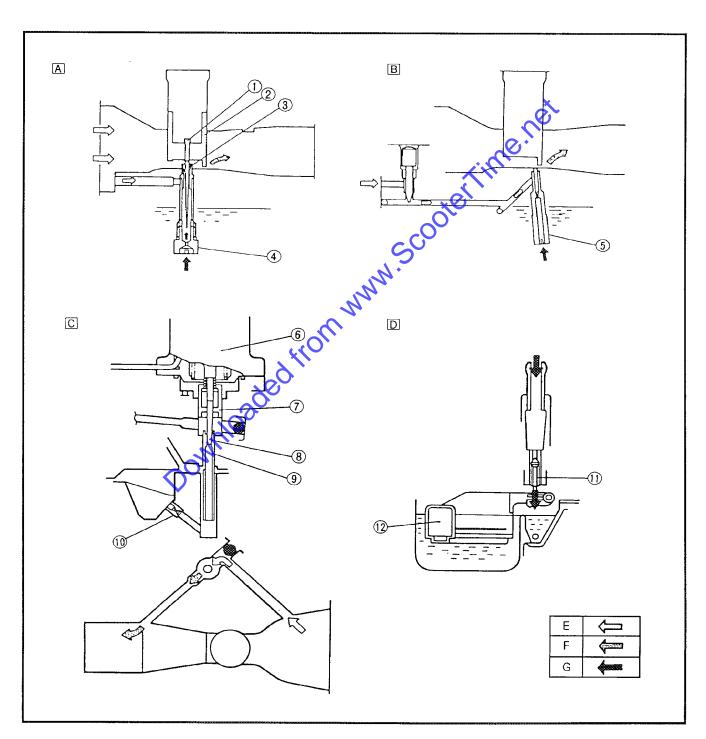


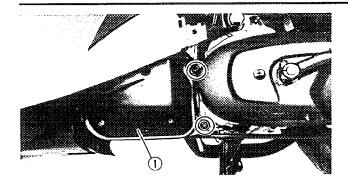
SECTION VIEW

- 1) Jet needle
- 2 Throttle valve
- (3) Main nozzle
- (4) Main jet
- 5 Pilot jet
- 6 Auto choke unit

- Starter plunger
- (8) Starter jet needle
- 9 Starter needle jet
- (10) Starter jet
- (1) Needle valve
- (12) Float

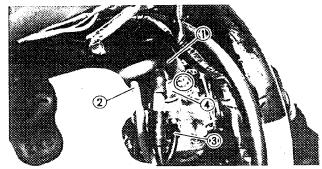
- A Main metering system
- B Slow metering system
- C Starter metering system
- D Fuel metering system
- E Air
- F Mixture
- G Fuel





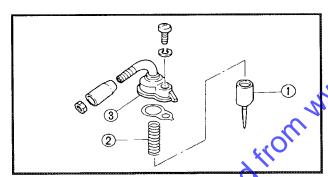
REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - Tail cover and footrest board
 Refer to "CHAPTER 3-TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD" section.
 - Air cleaner case assembly ①



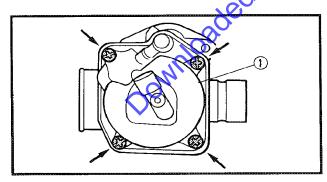
2. Disconnect:

- ◆ Fuel pipe ①
- Vacuum pipe ②
- Oil delivery pipe ③
- ◆ Auto choke unit lead
- 3. Remove:
 - Carburetor top (4)
 - Carburetor



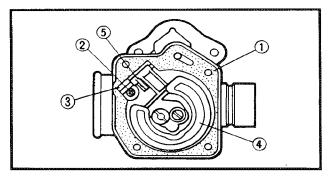
4. Remove:

- Throttle valve ①
- Throttle valve spring ②
- Carburetor top cover ③



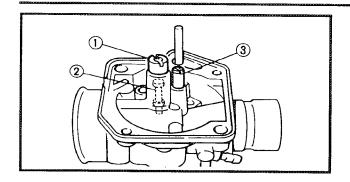
DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove:
 - Float chamber ①

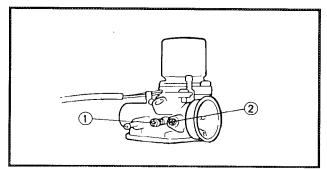


2. Remove:

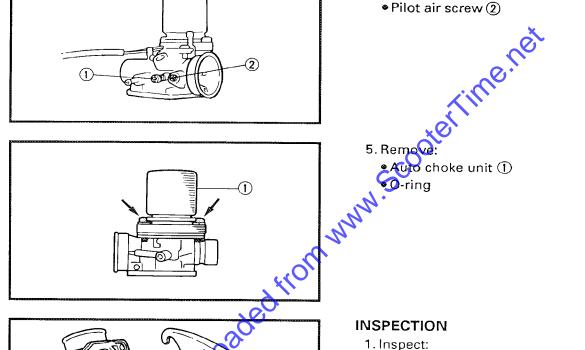
- Gasket 1
- Float pin stop screw 2
- Float pin ③
- ◆Float ④
- Needle valve (5)

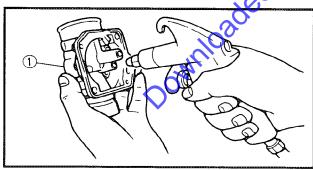


- 3. Remove:
 - Main jet ①
 - Main nozzle (2)
 - Pilot jet (3)



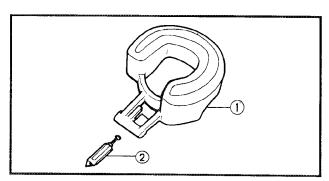
- 4. Remove:
 - ◆Throttle stop screw (1)
 - Pilot air screw (2)



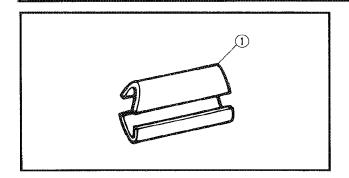


- 1. Inspect:
 - Carburetor body ①
 - Float chamber Contamination → Clean.

Use a petroleum based solvent for cleaning. Blow out all passages and jets with compressed air.

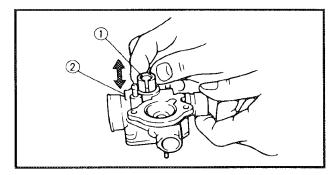


- 2. Inspect:
 - ◆Float ①
 - $\mathsf{Damage} \to \mathsf{Replace}.$
 - Gasket
 - $\mathsf{Damage} \to \mathsf{Replace}.$
 - Needle valve ②
 - Wear/Contamination \rightarrow Replace.



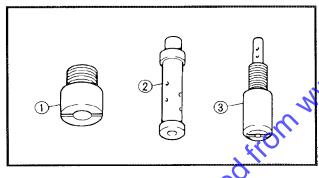
3. Inspect:

Throttle valve ①
 Wear/Damage → Replace.



4. Check:

Free movement
 Stick → Replace.
 Insert the throttle valve①into the carburetor body ②, and check for free movement.



5. Inspect:

- Main jet ①
- **√** Main nozzle ②
- Pilot jet ③
 Contamination → Replace.

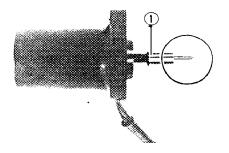


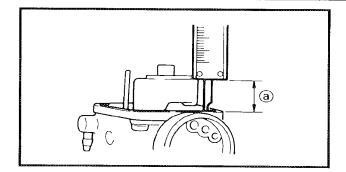
6. Inspect:

- Throttle stop screw ①
 Wear/Damage → Replace.
- Pilot air screw ②
 Wear/Damage → Replace.
- Jet needle \mathfrak{J} Bends/Wear \rightarrow Replace.



Starter plunger ①
 Wear/Damage → Replace.





8. Measure:

Float height (a)
 Out of specification → Inspect needle valve, float and valve seat.



Float Height:

 $15.0 \sim 16.0 \text{ mm} (0.63 \pm 0.04 \text{ in})$

Float height measurement steps:

Install the needle valve, float and float pin to the carburetor body.

- Hold the carburetor in an upside down position.
- Measure the distance between the mating surface of the float chamber (gasket removed) and top of the float using a gauge.

NOTE: ...

The float arm should be resting on the needle valve, but no compressing the needle valve.

- If the float height is not within specification, inspect the needle valve, float and valve seat.
- 🗨 🌿 it is worn, replace it.

NOTE:

The float height is properly adjusted at the Yamaha factory. Never attempt to adjust it.

ASSEMBLY

To assemble the carburetor, reverse the disassembly procedures. Note the following points.

CAUTION:

- Before reassembling, wash all parts in clean gasoline.
- Always use a new gasket.

1. Install:

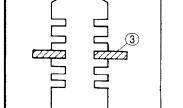
- Throttle valve (1)
- Jet needle (2)
- Clip (3)
- Spring seat (4)

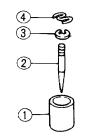


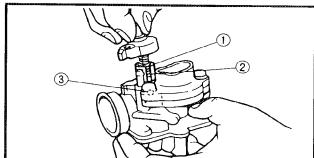
Jet Needle Clip Position:

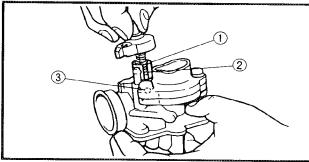
3/5

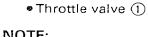
Downloadedfrom











2. Install:

Align the groove 2 of the throttle valve with the projection (3) of the carburetor body.

3. Install:

Carburetor assembly

NOTE:

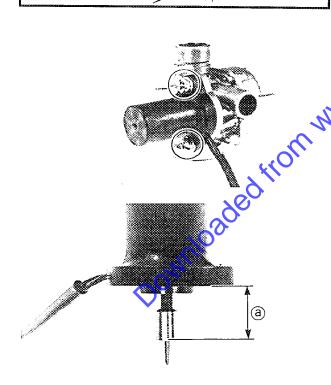
Align the projection (1) with the projections (2).



Carburetor assembly Reserve the removal procedure.

AUTO CHOKE UNIT CHECK

- 1. Remove:
 - Auto choke unit
- 2. Measure:
 - Starter plunger height (a) Plunger height will not change with the temperature change → Replace.

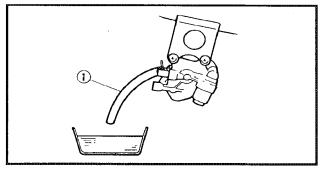


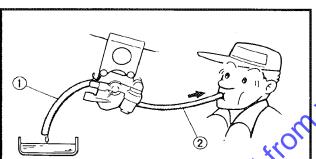


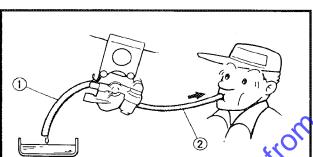
FUEL COCK

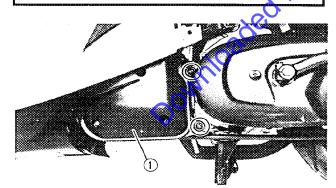
INSPECTION

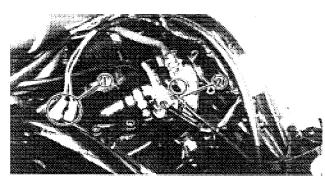
- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Remove:
 - Side cover (right) Refer to "CHAPTER 3. - TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD" section.
- 3. Inspect:
 - Fuel cock











Fuel cock inspection steps:

- Disconnect the fuel hose (1).
- Place the receptacle under the fuel hose end.
- If fuel stops flowing out in a few seconds, the fuel cock is in good condition. If not, clean or replace the fuel cock.
- Disconnect the vacuum hose ② and breathe in the vacuum hose with the mouth etc. for vacuum.
- If fuel flows out of the fuel hose under vacuum and stops under non-vacuum, the fuel cock is in good condition.

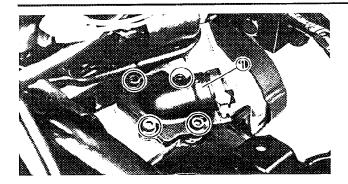
If not, clean or replace the vacuum hose, fuel

REED VALVE

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - Tail cover and footrest board Refer to "CHAPTER 3-TAIL COVER AND FOOTREST BOARD" section.
 - Air cleaner case assembly (1)
- 2. Remove:
 - Carburetor Refer to "CARBURETOR - REMOVAL" section.
- 3. Disconnect:
 - Oil level gauge lead (1)
 - Oil hose (2)
- 4. Remove:
 - Oil tank





- 5. Remove:
 - ◆ Carburetor joint ①
 - Reed valve assembly

INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Carburetor joint
 Damage/ Cracks → Replace.
 - Reed valve
 Fatigue/Cracks
 Replace.

Inspection steps:

Visually inspect the reed valve.

NOTE

Correct reed valve should fit flush or nearly flush against valve seat.

- If in doubt as to sealing ability, apply suction to carburetor side of assembly.
- Leakage should be slight to moderate.



Valve stopper height ①:
 Out of specification → Adjust stopper/Replace valve stopper.



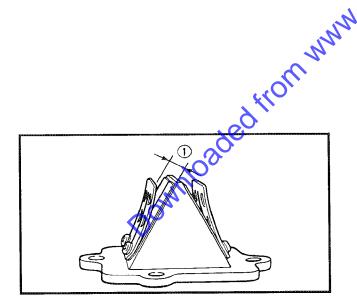
Valve Stopper Height ①: 6.0 ~ 6.4 mm (0.24 ~ 0.25 in)

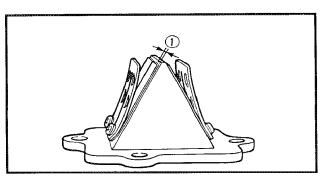
3. Measure:

Reed valve clearance ①
 Out of specification → Replace reed valve.



Reed Valve Clearance ①: Less than 0.2 mm (0.008 in)





INSTALLATION

When installing the reed valve assembly, reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

- ◆ Gasket (new)
- 2. Tighten:
 - Reed valve securing bolts



9 Nm (0.9 m • kg, 6.5 ft • lb)

NOTE: __

Downloaded from www. Scooter lime net Tighten each bolt gradually to avoid warping. Downloaded from www. Scooter lime net

CHAPTER 6. CHASSIS

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Downloaded from www. Scooter line. net

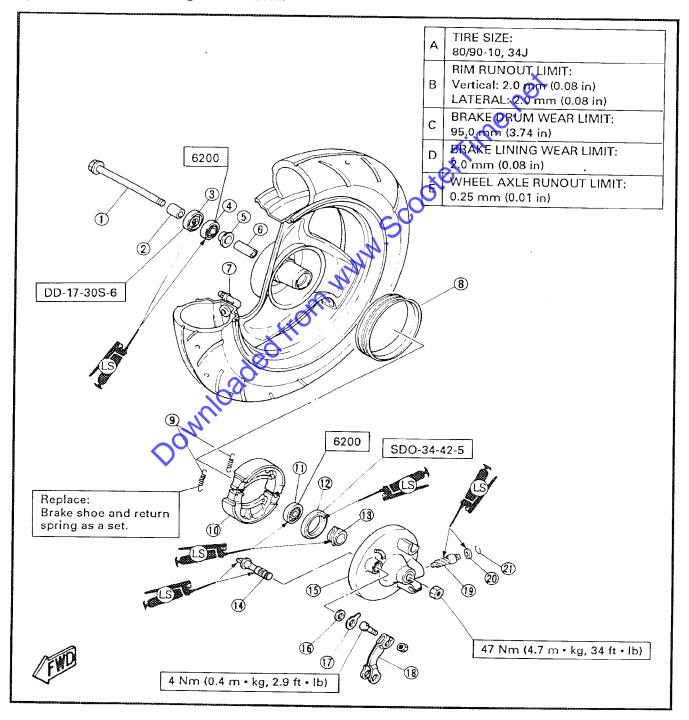
CHASSIS

FRONT WHEEL

- 1 Wheel axle
- (2) Collar
- 3 Oil seal
- (4) Bearing
- (5) Spacer
- (6) Collar
- 7 Valve
- (8) Ring

- Return spring
- (10) Brake shoe
- 1 Bearing
- (12) Oil seal
- (13) Speedometer drive gear
- (14) Camshaft
- (5) Brake shoe plate
- (6) Camshaft seal

- (17) Wear indicator
- (18) Camshaft lever
- 19 Speedometer driven gear
- 20 Plain washer
- ② Stop ring

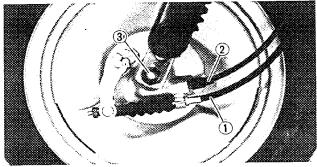


REMOVAL

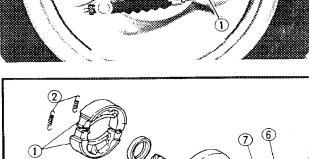
1. Place the scooter on its centerstand and place a suitable stand under the engine.

!WARNING

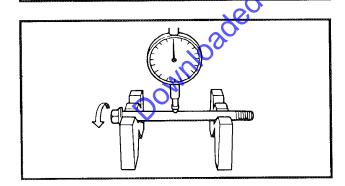
Securely support the scooter so there is no danger of it falling over.



- 2. Remove:
 - Brake cable ①
 - Speedometer cable ②
 - Axle nut ③



- - Brake shoe ①
 - → Return spring ②
 - Oil seal (3)
 - Speedometer drive gear ④
 - Stop ring (5)
 - Plain washer ⑥
 - Speedometer driven gear (7)



INSPECTION

- 1. Measure:
 - Wheel axle runout Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Wheel Axle Runout Limit: 0.25 mm (0.01 in)

AWARNING

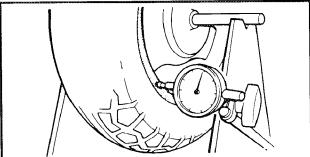
Do not attempt to straighten a bent axle.

- 2. Measure:
 - Wheel runout Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.

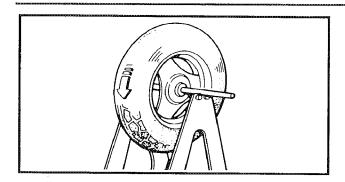


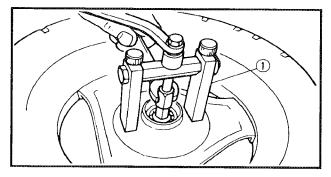
Runout Limit:

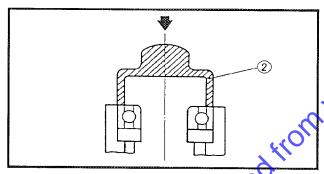
Vertical 2.0 mm (0.08 in) Lateral 2.0 mm (0.08 in)

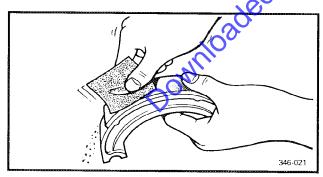


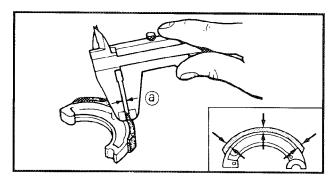












3. Inspect:

Wheel

Cracks/Bends/Warpage \rightarrow Replace.

- 4. Inspect:
 - Wheel bearings Bearings allow play in the wheel hub or wheel turns roughly → Replace.

Wheel bearing replacement steps:

- Clean the out side of the wheel hub.
- Remove the bearing using a general bearing puller 1).
- Install the new bearing

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401	b	***************************************	~	

Use a socket 2 that matches the outside diameter of the race of the bearing.

CAUTION:

Do not strike the inner race of balls of the bearing. Contact should be made only with the outer race.

5. Inspect:

Brake shoes Glazed parts \rightarrow Sand with coarse sandpaper.

After using the sand paper, clean of the polished particles with cloth.

6. Measure:

Brake shoe thickness (a) Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



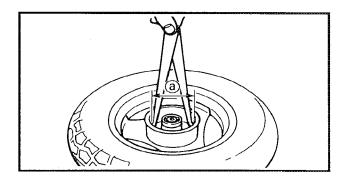
Brake lining Thickness: 4.0 mm (0.16 in) Limit: 2.0 mm (0.08 in)



7. Inspect:

• Brake drum inner surface Oil/Scratches → Remove.

Oil	Use a rag soaked in lacquer thinner or solvent.				
Scratches	Use an emery cloth (lightly and evenly polishing).				



8. Measure:

• Brake drum inside diameter (a) Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.

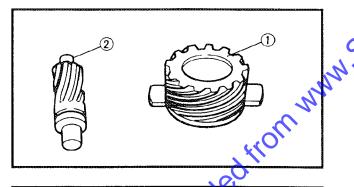


Brake Drum Wear Limit: 96.0 mm (3.78 in)



Speedometer drive gear ①

Speedometer driven gear ② Wear/Damage → Replace.

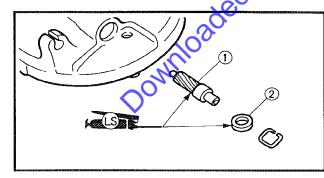


ASSEMBLY

When assembling the brake shoe plate, reverse the removal procedure.

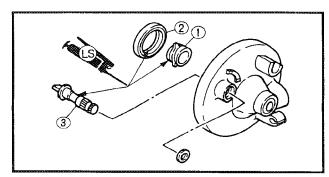
Note the following points.

- 1. Apply:
 - Lithium-soap base grease To speedometer driven gear 1 and oil seal ②.



2. Apply:

• Lithium-soap base grease To speedometer drive gear (1), dust seal (2) and brake cam shaft 3.



Install	
-3 HSIAII	

Dust seal (new)

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11	16 1		-	٠

Install the dust seal with their manufacturer's marks or numbers facing outward.

4. Install:

• Brake cam shaft (1)

NOTE: ___

Apply the lithium soap base grease onto the brake cam shaft and pin.

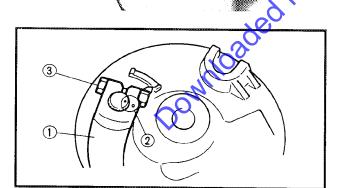
CAUTION:

After installing the brake cam shaft, wipe off the excess grease.

5. Install

Wear indicator ②

Align the wear indicator projection with "A" line as shown.



6. Install:

• Cam shaft lever (1)

Align the camshaft mark with the lever mark 2 as shown.



Bolt 3 (cam shaft lever):

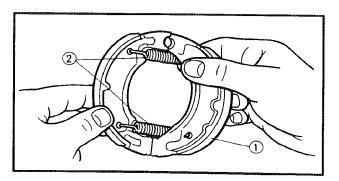
4 Nm (0.4 m • kg, 2.9 ft • lb)

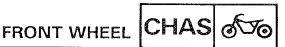
7. Install:

- Brake shoe (1)
- Return spring ②

CAUTION:

When installing the brake shoe, take care not to apply grease to the brake shoe.

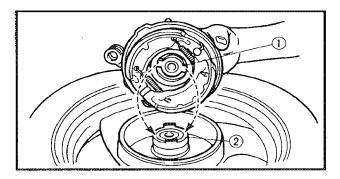




INSTALLATION

When installing the front wheel, reverse the removal procedure.

Note the following points.

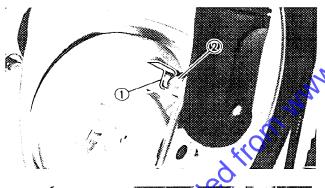




Brake shoe plate.

NOTE: __

Make sure the projections (1) inside the gear unit are meshed with the lats 2 in the wheel hub.



Front wheel

Be sure the boss ② on the front fork correctly engages with the locating slot ①on the brake shoe plate assembly.



- 3. Install:
 - Front brake cable ①
 - Speedometer cable ②
 - Axle nut 3



Axle nut:

47 Nm (4.7 m • kg, 34 ft • lb)

4. Adjust

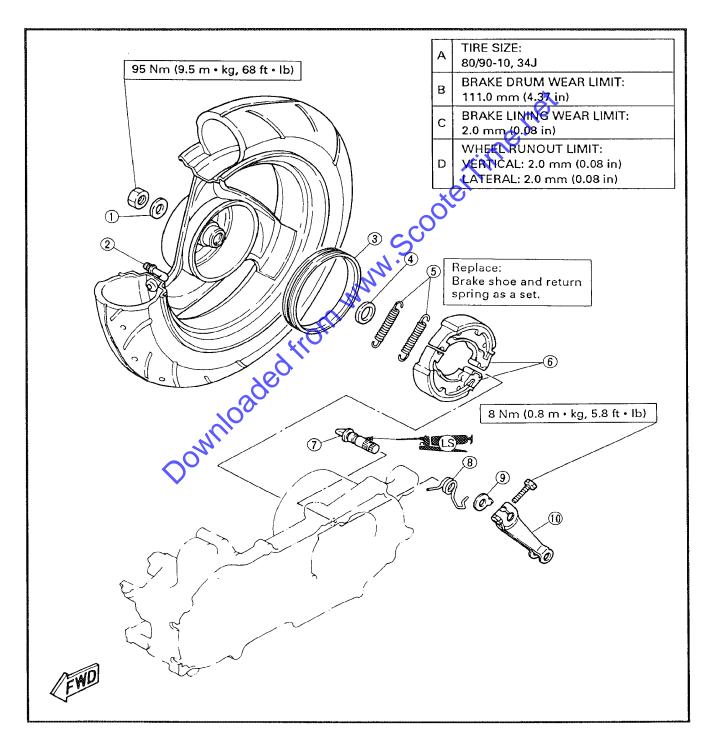
• Front brake lever free play Refer to "CHAPTER 3-FRONT BRAKE LEVER FREE PLAY CHECK" section.

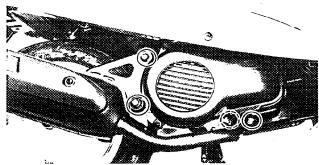


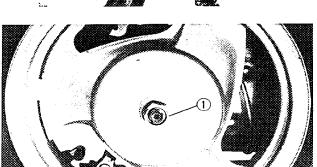
Front brake lever free play: 10 ~ 20 mm (0.4 ~ 0.8 in)

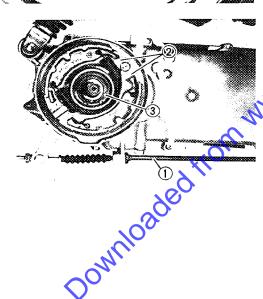
REAR WHEEL

- 1 Plain washer
- ② Valve
- 3 Ring
- 4 Plain washer
- (5) Return spring
- 6 Brake shoe
- 7 Brake camshaft
- Torsion spring
- 9 Wear indicator
- (1) Camshaft lever









REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - Muffler assembly

- 2. Loosen:
 - Rear axle nut (1)

NOTE: __

When loosening axle nut, apply the rear brake.

- 3. Remove:
 - Rear wheel
- 4. Remove:
 - 🙎 Rear brake cable 🕕
 - Brake shoe ②
 - Plain washer ③

INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Wheel

Refer to "FRONT WHEEL - INSPECTION" section.

- 2. Measure:
 - Wheel runout

Refer to "FRONT WHEEL - INSPECTION" section.



Rim Runout Limits:

Vertical: 2.0 mm (0.08 in) Lateral: 2.0 mm (0.08 in)

- 3. Check:
 - Wheel bearings Refer to "FRONT WHEEL - INSPECTION" section.
- 4. Inspect:
 - Brake lining surface Refer to "FRONT WHEEL - INSPECTION" section.
- 5. Measure:
 - Brake lining thickness Refer to "FRONT WHEEL - INSPECTION" section.



Brake Lining Thickness: 4.0 mm (0.16 jn) Wear Limit:

2.0 mm (0,08 in)

- 6. Inspect:
 - Brake drum inner surface Refer ** FRONT WHEEL - INSPECTION" section.
- 7 Measure:
 - Brake drum inside diameter Refer to "FRONT WHEEL - INSPECTION" section.



Brake Drum Wear Limit: 111.0 mm (4.37 in)



When assembling the brake shoe plate, reverse the removal procedure.

Note the following points.

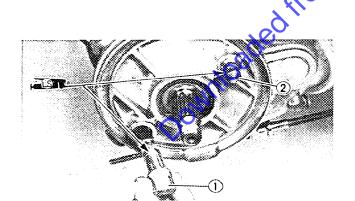
- 1. Install:
 - Brake camshaft (1)

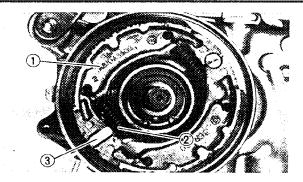
NOTE: _

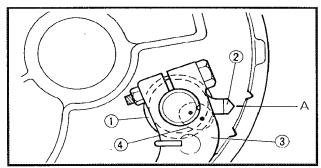
Apply the lithium soap base grease onto the brake camshaft (1) and pin (2).

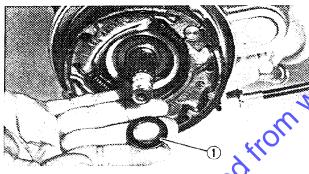
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After installing the brake cam shaft, take off the excess grease.

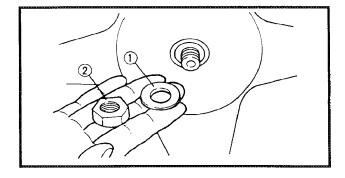












2. Install:

- Brake shoe ①
- Return spring (2)

NOTE: _

Install with the punched mark 3 outside.

CAUTION:

When installing the spring and brake shoe, take care not to damage the spring.

3. Install:

- ◆ Torsion spring (1)
- Wear indicator ②
- Cam shaft lever

NOTE:

- Align the wear indicator 2 projection with "A" line as shown.
- Align the punch marks 4.



Bolt (cam shaft lever): 8 Nm (0.8 m • kg, 5.8 ft • lb)

- 4. Install:
 - Plain washer 1)
 - Brake cable

INSTALLATION

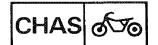
When installing the rear wheel, reverse the removal procedure.

Note the following points.

- 1. Clean:
 - Rear wheel axle (1)
- 2. Install:
 - Rear wheel
 - Plain washer (1)
 - Nut (2)

NOTE: ____

Make sure the splines on the wheel hub fit the rear drive axle.





Nut (rear wheel axle): 104 Nm (10.4 m • kg, 75.4 ft • lb)

- 3. Install:
 - Muffler



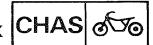
aust pip.
a (0.9 m · k)
c (muffler side):
26 Nm (2.6 m · kg)

.djust:
• Rear brake lever free play
Refer to "CHAPTER 3 – REA)
FREE PLAY CHECK" section.

Control of the con Bolt (exhaust pipe side): 9 Nm (0.9 m • kg, 6.5 ft • lb) 26 Nm (2.6 m · kg, 19 ft · lb)

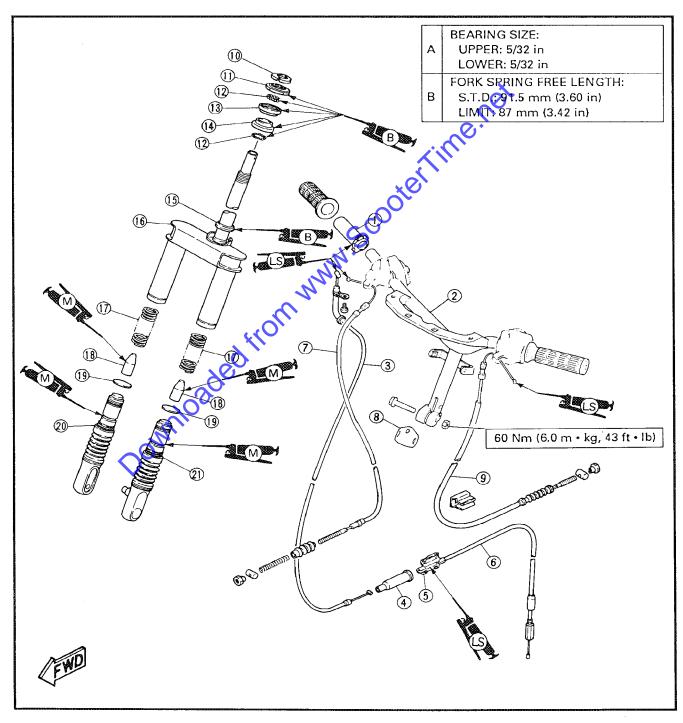
- - Refer to "CHAPTER 3 REAR BRAKE LEVER

6-11



HANDLEBAR, STEERING AND FRONT FORK

- 1 Trottle grip guide
- 2 Handlebar
- (3) Throttle cable
- (4) Boot
- (5) Connector
- 6 Throttle cable
- (7) Front brake cable
- 8 Cover
- 9 Rear brake cable
- (10) Ring nut
- (1) Upper bearing race (upper)
- 12 Bearing
- (13) Upper bearing race (lower)
- (14) Lower bearing race (upper)
- (15) Lower bearing race (lower)
- (6) Steering column
- (17) Fork spring
- (18) Rubber
- (19) Spring seat
- 20 Inner tube assembly (right)
- (21) Inner tube assembly (left)



REMOVAL

1. Place the scooter on the centerstand and place a suitable stand under the engine.

AWARNING

Securely support the scooter so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 2. Remove:
 - Front wheel Refer to "FRONT WHEEL - REMOVAL" sec-
- 3. Remove:
 - Front fender
 - Front panel. Refer to "CHAPTER 3 - FRONT FENDER AND FRONT PANEL" section.
- 4. Remove:
 - Handlebar cover
 - Gear view mirror
 - Refer to "CHAPTER 3 HANDLEBAR COVER" section.

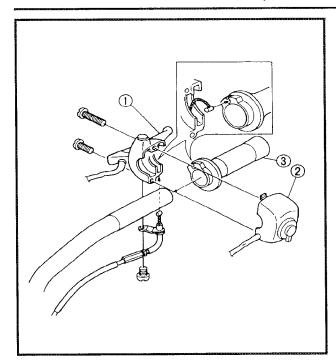


5. Remove:

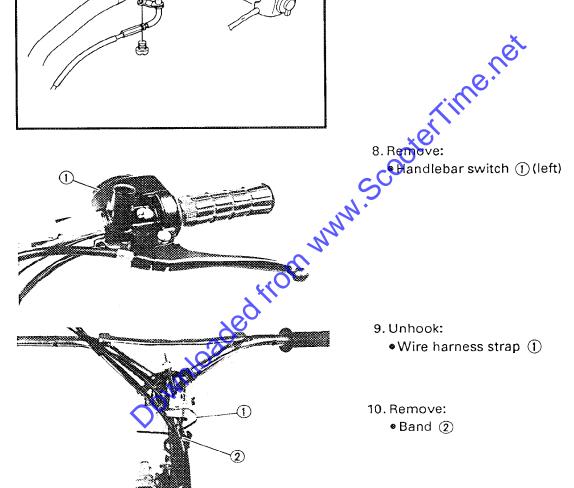
- Front brake cable ①
- Rear brake cable ②



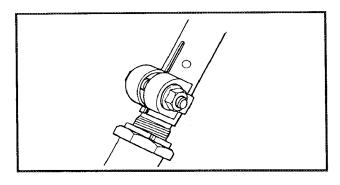
- Handlebar switch lead ① (left and right)
- Front brake switch lead ②
- Rear brake switch lead ③



- 7. Remove:
 - Lever holder ① (right)
 - Handlebar switch ② (right)
 - Throttle grip ③

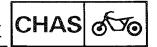


- - •Wire harness strap 1
- 10. Remove:
 - Band ②

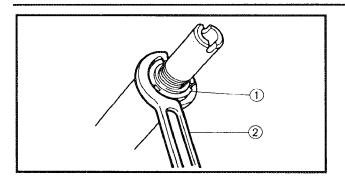


- 11. Remove:
 - Handlebar

HANDLEBAR, STEERING AND FRONT FORK CHAS 600





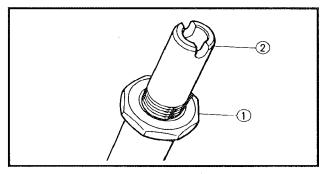


12. Remove:

• Ring nut ① Use the Ring Nut Wrench ②



Ring nut wrench: YU-33975



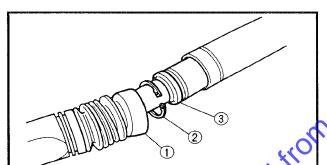
13.Remove:

• Upper bearing race (1)

NOTE: _

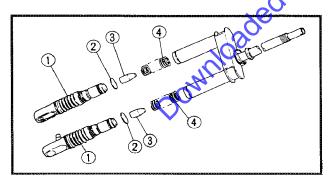
Support the steering columns o that it may not fall down.

- Steering column
- Bearings



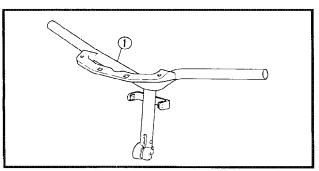
DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove:
 - ◆Boots ①
 - y Circlip ②
 - Oil seal ③



2. Remove:

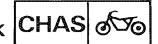
- •Inner tube (1)
- Spring seat ②
- Rubber ③
- Front fork spring 4

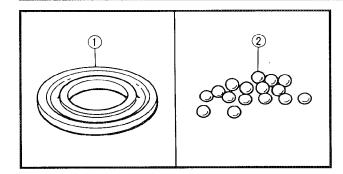


INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Handlebar (1) Bend/Damage/Crack → Replace.

HANDLEBAR, STEERING AND FRONT FORK





2. Wash the bearings in solvent.

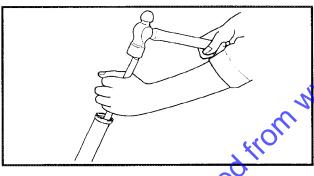
3. Inspect:

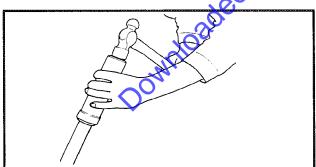
- Bearing race ①
 Pitting/Damage → Replace.
- Bearings ②
 Pitting/Damage → Replace.

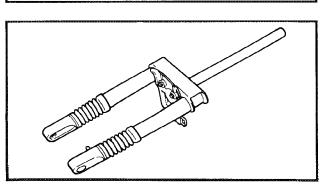
B 1	\sim	_	~	
111			-	•

Always replace the bearing and race as a set.

Bearing Size:
Upper 5/32 in
Lower 5/32 in
Bearing Quantity:
Upper 26 pcs.
Lower 26 pcs.







Bearing race replacement steps:

- Remove the bearing race by hitting it on several
- points.
- Set the bearing race.
- Drive in the bearing race evenly by hitting it on several points.

CAUTION:

 Unless the ball race is installed evenly, it will damage the frame or steering column.

. Do not hit the face of the ball race.

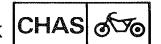
4. Inspect:

- Steering column
- Inner fork tube
 Bends/Damage → Replace.

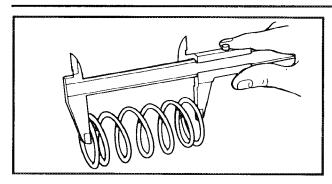
AWARNING

Do not attempt to straighten a bent fork tube.

HANDLEBAR, STEERING AND FRONT FORK







5. Measure:

Fork spring free length
 Out of specification → Replace.



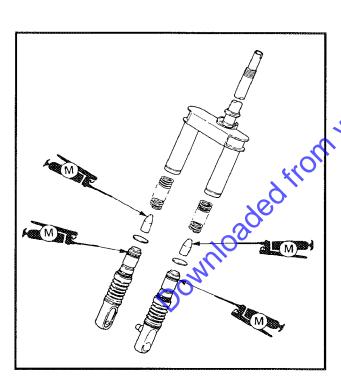
Fork Spring Free Length: 91.5 mm (3.60 in) Limit: 87 mm (3.42 in)

ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLTION

Reverse the disassembly and removal steps. Note the following points.

! WARNING

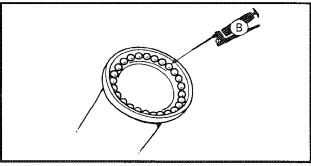
Proper cable and read routing is essential to issue safe scooter operation Refer to "CHAPTER 2 – CABLE ROUTING"



- 1. Apply:
 - Molybdenum disulfide grease

2. Check:

Front fork operation
 Unsmooth operation → Repair.



- 3. Apply:
 - Wheel bearing grease (to upper bearings and lower bearings.)

- 4. Install:
 - Steering column
 - Upper ball race
 - Ring nut

•	JE	1.2	11	^ 1	A1.
	~ •	<i>y</i> =	8.4		٠,

Hold the steering column until it is secured.



Upper ball race (nut): 4 Nm (0.4 m • kg, 2.9 ft • lb)

- 5. Tighten:
 - Ring nut ①

NOTE: ---

Set the torque wrench other ring nut wrench 2 so that they form a right angle.



Ring nut wrench:

YU-33975



30 Nm (3.0 m · kg, 22 ft · lb)

- •6. Install:
 - ◆ Handlebar ①
 - Bolt ②
 - Nut

NOTE: --

Match the bolt 2 onto the steering column dent



Before installing the handlebar, wipe the oil off the insertion portion using thinner, etc.

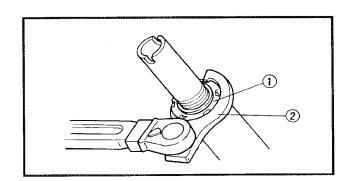


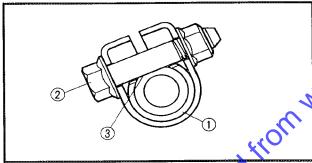
Bolt (1) (handlebar) 60 Nm (6.0 m · kg, 43 ft · lb)

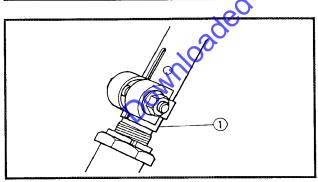
- 7. Hook:
 - Wire harness strap ①
- 8. Install:
 - Band (2)

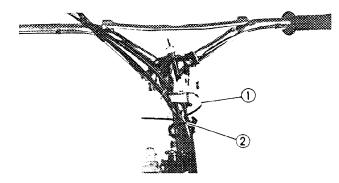
NOTE: __

Clamp the wireharness.

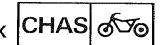




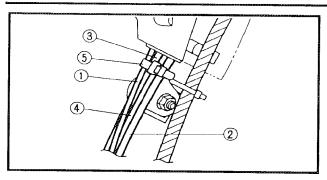




HANDLEBAR, STEERING AND FRONT FORK

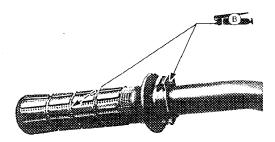






9. Clamp

- Throttle cable (1)
- Speedometer cable (2)
- Rear brake cable ③
- Front brake cable 4 (to handlebar with the band 5).)



10. Apply:

• Lithium-soap base grease
(to throttle cable end and handlebar right end.)

11. Adjust:

- From brake lever free play
- Rear brake lever free play
- Throttle cable free play

Front Brake Lever Free Play: 10 ~ 20 mm (0.4 ~ 0.8 in)

Rear Brake Lever Free Play: 10 ~ 20 mm (0.4 ~ 0.8 in)

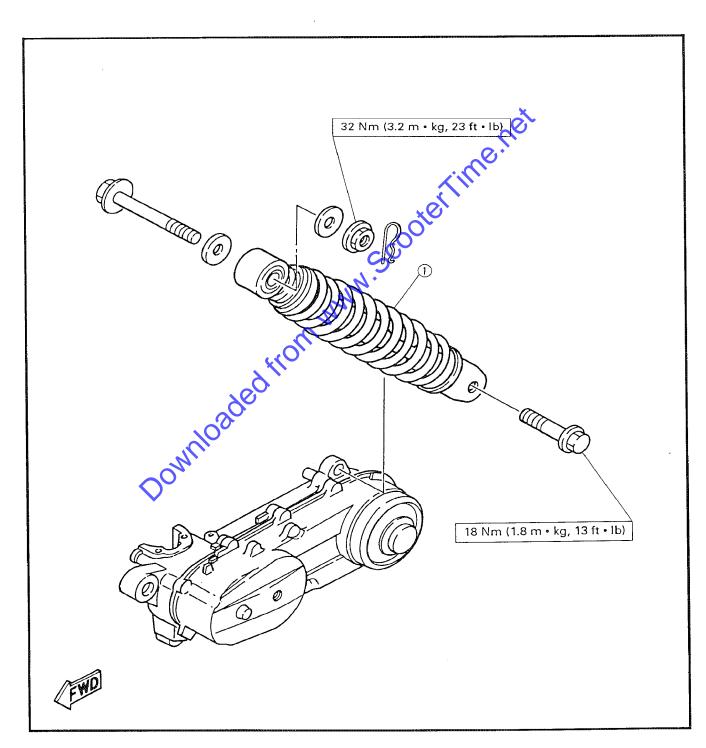
Throttle Cable Free Play: 1.5 ~ 3.5 mm (0.06 ~ 0.14 in)

Referto "CHAPTER3-FRONT BRAKE LEVER FREE PLAY CHECK, REAR BRAKE LEVER FREE PLAY CHECK and THROTTLE CABLE PLAY ADJUSTMENT" section.

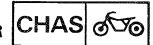
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REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

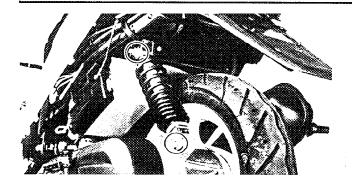
1) Rear shock absorber



REAR SHOCK ABSORBER







REMOVAL

- 1. Place the scooter on its centerstand.
- 2. Remove:
 - Rear shock absorber



INSPECTION

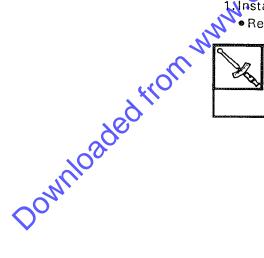
- 1. Inspect:
 - Rear shock absorber
 Oil leaks/Damage → Replace.

INSTALLATION

When installing the rear shock absorber, reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

1. Install:

Rear shock absorber



Upper:

32 Nm (3.2 m · kg, 23 ft · lb)

Lower

18 Nm (1.8 m • kg, 13 ft • lb)

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F

CHAPTER 7. ELECTRICAL

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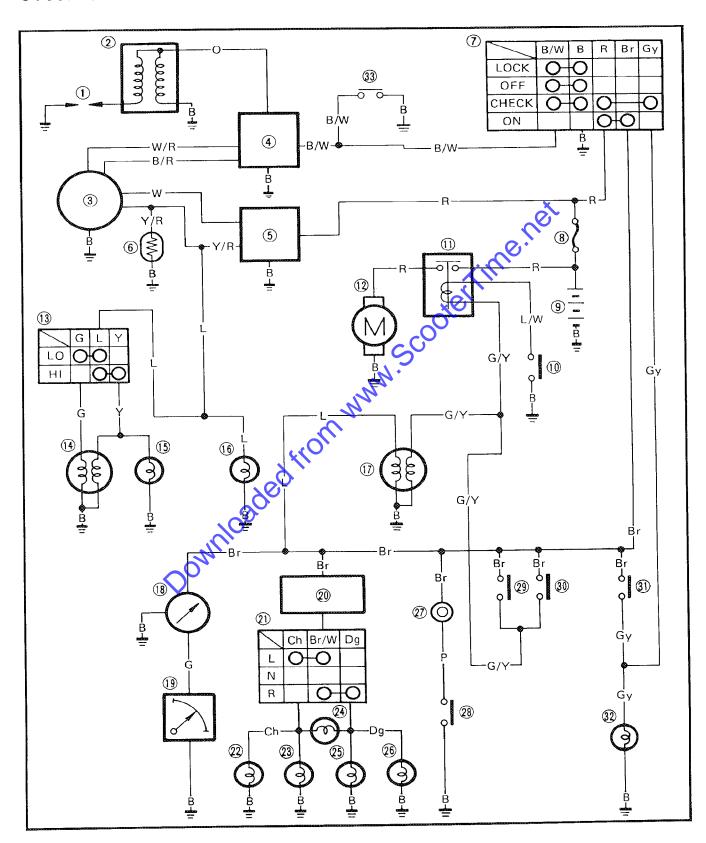
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F

ELECTRICAL

CY50B CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



- 1 Spark plug
- (2) Ignition coil
- 3 C.D.I. magneto
- (4) C.D.I. unit
- (5) Rectifier/Regulator
- 6 Auto choke unit
- (7) Main switch
- (8) Fuse
- Battery
- (10) Starter switch
- Starter relay
- (12) Starter motor
- (13) "LIGHTS" (dimmer) switch
- (14) Headlight
- (15) "HIGH BEAM" indicator light
- (16) Meter light
- 17 Tail/Brake light

- (18) Fuel meter
- (19) Fuel sender
- 20 Flasher relay
- (1) "TURN" switch
- 22 Left flasher light (front)
- 23 Left flasher light (rear)
- (24) "TURN" indicator light
- (25) Right flasher light (front)
- (26) Right flasher light (rear)
- (27) Horn
- (28) "HORN" switch
- (29) Front brake switch
- (30) Rear brake switch
- (31) Oil level gauge
- (32) "OIL" indicator light
- 33) Engine "stop" switch

COLOR CODE

R	Red	Р	Pink
В	Black	L X0	Blue
W	White	Y/B	Yellow/Red
Y	Yellow	C YW	Blue/White
Br	Brown	G/Y	Green/Yellow
Gy	Gray	B∕W	Black/White
0	Orange	B/R	Black/Red
Ch	Chocolate	W/R	White/Red
Dg	Dark green	Br∕W	Brown/White
G	Green		
	OOMIOAD		

ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS





ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

- 2 Ignition coil
- 4 C.D.I. unit
- 8 Fuse
- Battery
- (1) Starter relay
- 33 Oil level gauge

BATTERY

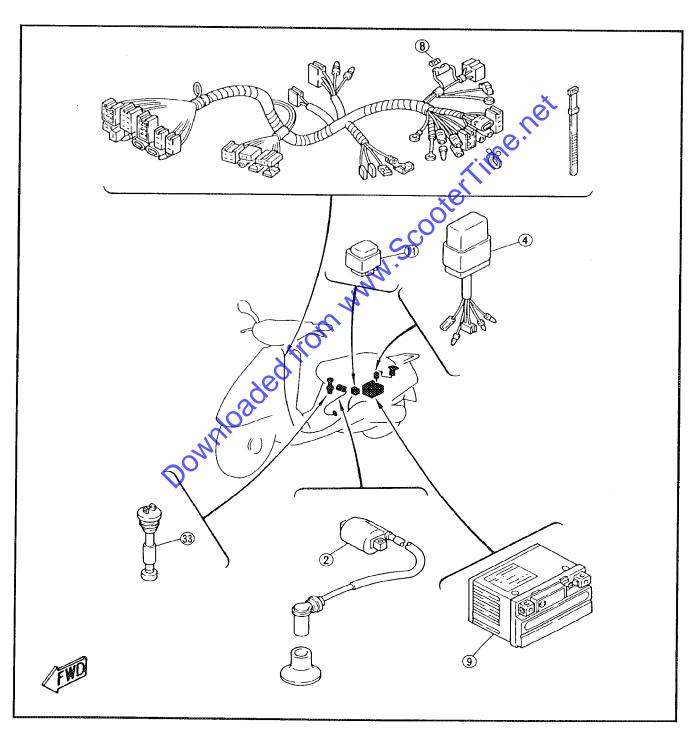
A CAPACITY: 12V, 4AH

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.32

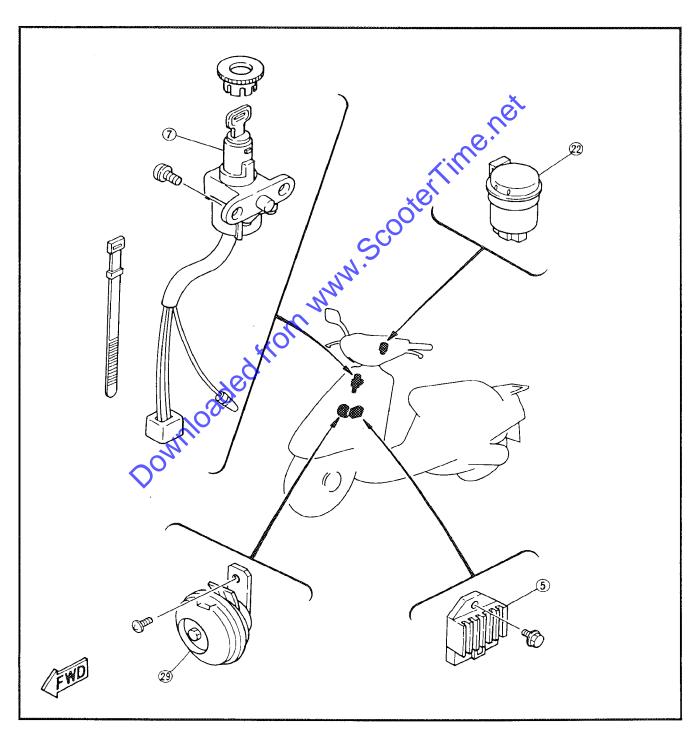
IGNITION COIL RESISTANCE

PRIMARY: 0.56 ~ 0.84Ω at 20°C (68°F)

SECONDARY: 5.68 ~ 8.52 kΩ at 20°C (68°F)



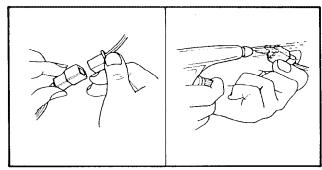
- ⑤ Rectifier/Regulator
- 7 Main switch
- 2 Flasher relay
- ② Horn

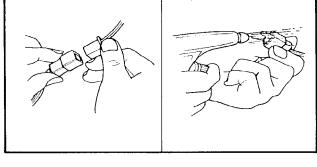


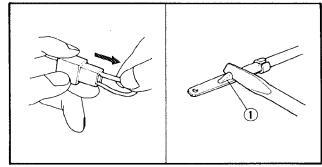
CHECKING OF CONNECTIONS

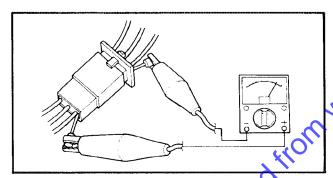


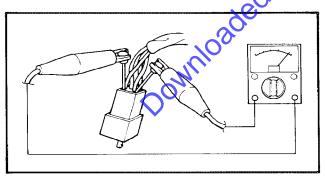












CHECKING OF CONNECTIONS

Dealing with stains, rust, moisture, etc. on the connector.

- 1. Disconnect:
 - Connector
- 2. Dry each terminal by an air blower.
- 3. Connect and disconnect the connector two or three times.
- 4. Pull the lead to check that it will not come off.
- 5. If the terminal comes off, bend up the pin ① and reinsert the terminal into connector.

6. Connect • Connector

7. Check for continuity by a tester.

- If there is no continuity, clean the terminals.
- Be sure to perform the above steps 1 to 7 when checking the wire harness.
- When replacing the C.D.I. unit, be sure to check its connector.
- For a field remedy, use a contact revitalizer available on the market.
- Use the tester on the connector as shown.

CHECKING OF SWITCHES

Check the switches for the continuity between the terminal to determine correct connection.

Read the following for switch inspection.

SWITCH CONNECTION AS SHOWN IN MANUAL

The manual contains a connection chart as shown left showing the terminal connections of the switches (e.g., main switch, handlebar switch, bracket switch, lighting switch etc.)

The extreme left column indicates the switch positions and the top line indicates the colors of leads connected with the terminals in the switch component.

"O—O "indicates the terminals between which there is a continuity of electricity; i.e., a closed circuit at the respective switch positions.

In this chart:

"R and Br" and "L/W and L/R" are continuous with the "ON" switch position.

"B and B/W" is continuous with the "OFF" switch position.

"B and B/W" is continuous with the "LOCK" switch position.

"B and B/W" and "R and L/R" are continuous with the "P" switch position.

CHECKING SWITCH FOR TERMINAL CONNECTION

Before checking the switch, refer to the connection chart as shown above and check for the correct terminal connection (closed circuit) by the color combination.

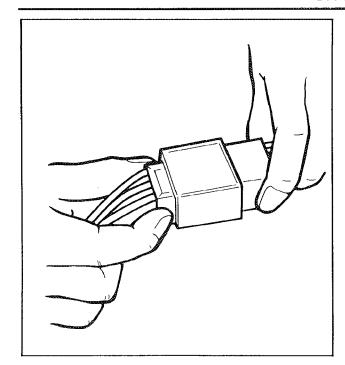
To explain how to check the switch, the main switch taken for example in the following.

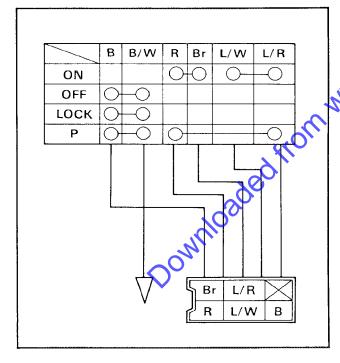
	В	B/W	R	Br	L/W	L/R
ON		_	\bigcirc	9	\bigcirc	0
OFF	0	$\overline{}$				
LOCK	\bigcirc	-0				•
Р	\bigcirc	$-\circ$	0			0
					O	
		N	n)	social contractions of the contraction of the contractio	jed s	

CHECKING OF SWITCHES









1. Disconnect the main switch coupler from the wireharness.

C			

Never disconnect the main switch coupler by pulling the leads. Otherwise, leads may be pulled off the terminals inside the coupler.

2. Inspect whether any lead is off the terminal inside the coupler. If it is, repair it.

	_	~	_	
N	()		-	•

If the coupler is clogged with mud or dust, blow it off by compressed air.

3. Use the connection chart to check the color combination for continuity (a closed circuit). In this example, the continuity is as follows.

"R and Br" and L/W and L/R" are continuous with the "ON" switch position.

"B and B/W" is continuous with the "OFF" switch position.

"B and B/W" is continuous with the "LOCK" switch position.

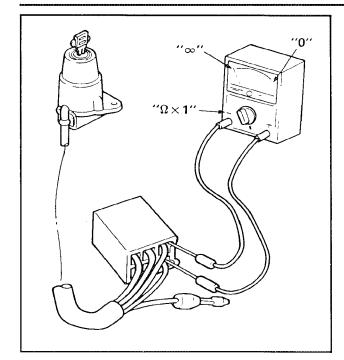
"B and B/W" and "R and L/R" are continuous with the "P" switch position.

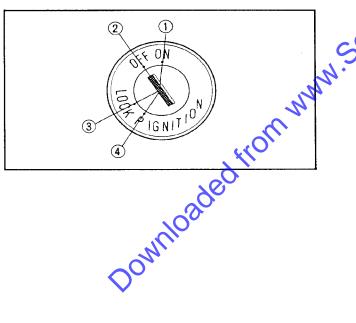
Please note that there is no continuity (an open circuit) at all for the color combinations other than the above.

4. Check the switch component for the continuity between "R and Br".

Checking steps:

- Turn the switch key to the "ON", "OFF", "LOCK", and "P" several times.
- Set the pocket tester selector to the " $\Omega \times 1$ ".
- Connect the tester (+) lead to the "R" lead terminal in the coupler and the (-) lead to the "Br" lead terminal.





NOTE: __

Use thin probes for checking the continuity Otherwise, the probes may contact other terminals inside the coupler.

Check the continuity between "R" and "Br" at the respective switch position of "ON" ①, "OFF" ②, "LOCK" ③, and "P" ④. There must be continuity (the tester indicating "0") at the "ON" switch position, and there must be no continuity (the tester indicating "∞") at "OFF", "LOCK", or "P". There is something wrong between "R" and "Br" if there is no continuity at the "ON" position or if there is some continuity either at the "OFF" r "LOCK" or "P".

NOTE: Check the switch for continuity several times.

- 5. Next go on to checking of the continuity between "B and B/W", "L/W and L/R", and "R and L/R" at the respective switch positions, as in the same manner mentioned above.
- 6. If there is something wrong with any one of the combinations, replace the switch component.



G

CHECKING OF BULBS (FOR HEADLIGHT, TAIL/BRAKE LIGHT, FLASHER LIGHT, METER LIGHT, ETC.)

Check the bulb terminal continuity for the condition fo the bulb.

KINDS OF BULBS

The bulbs used in the motorcycle are classified as shown left by the shape of the bulb socket.

- A and B are mainly used for the headlight.
- © is mainly used for the flasher light and tail/ brake light.
- and
 are mainly used for the meter light and other indicator lights.

CHECKING BULB CONDITION

1. Remove the bulb.

NOTE:

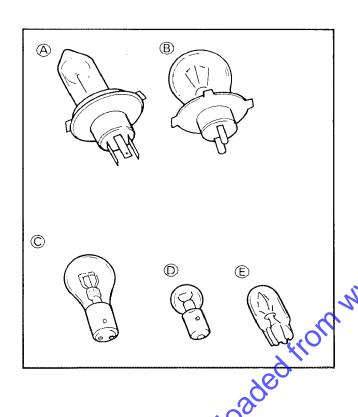
- Bulbs of the (A) and (B) type uses a bulb holder. Remove the bulb holder before removing the bulb itself. Most of the bulb holders for this type can be removed by turning them counterclockwise.
- Most of the bulbs © and D type can be removed from the bulb sockets by pushing and turning them counterclockwise.
- Bulbs of the (E) type can be removed from the bulb sockets by simply pulling them out.

CAUTION:

Be sure to hold the socket firmly when removing the bulb. Never pull the lead. Otherwise, the lead may be pulled off the terminal in the coupler.

AWARNING

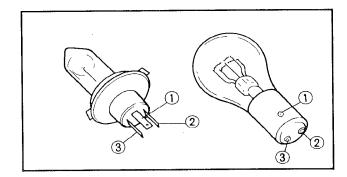
Keep flammable products and your hands away from the headlight bulb while it is on. It will be hot. Do not touch the bulb until it cools down.



2. Check the bulb terminals for continuity.

Checking steps:

- Set the pocket tester selector to the " $\Omega \times 1$ ".
- Connect the tester leads to the respective bulb terminals. Take for example a 3-terminal bulb as shown left. First check the continuity between the ① and ② terminals by connecting the tester (+) lead to the ① terminal and the tester (-) lead to the ② terminal. Then check the continuity between the ① and ③ terminals by connecting the tester (+) lead still to the ① terminal and the tester (-) lead to the ③ terminal. If the tester shows "in either case, replace the bulb.



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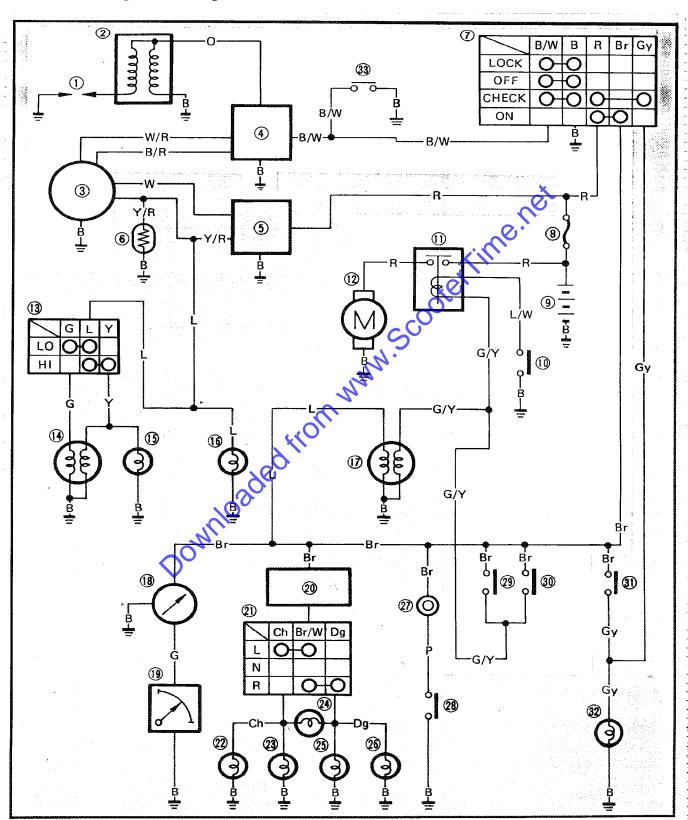
3. Check the bulb socket by installing a proven bulb to it. As in the checking of bulbs, connect the pocket tester leads to the respective leads of the socket and check for continuity in the same manner as mentioned above.





CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

Below circuit diagram shows ignition and starter circuit.

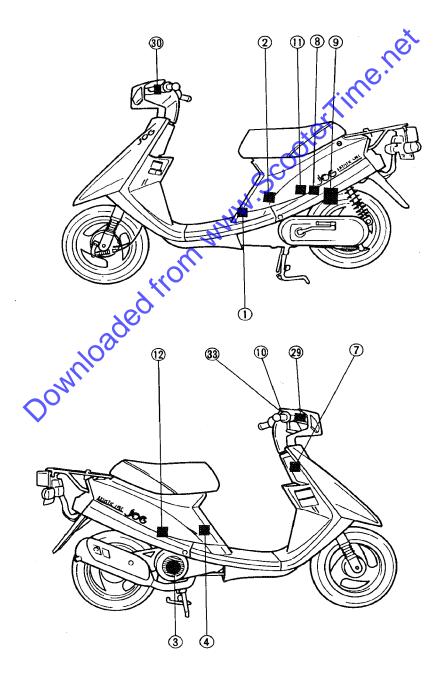


NOTE: _

For the color codes see page 7-2.

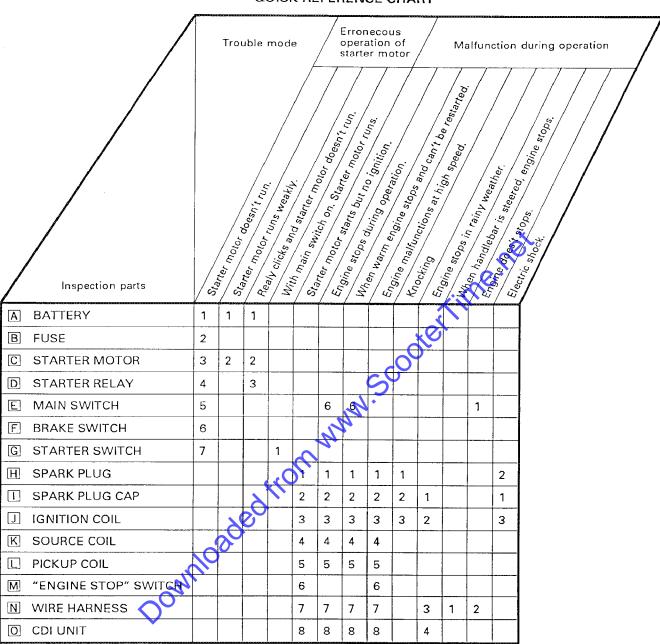
- 1 Spark plug
- ② Ignition coil
- 3 C.D.I. magneto
- 4 C.D.I. unit
- 7 Main switch
- 8 Fuse

- Battery
- Starter switch
- (i) Starter relay
- 12 Starter motor
- 29 Front brake switch
- 30 Rear brake switch
- 33 Engine "stop" switch



G

QUICK REFERENCE CHART



NOTE: -

- ullet $\mathbb{A}\sim\mathbb{M}$ \mathbb{Q} indicates the location of the parts-connectors for checking.
- Use the following special tools in this troubleshooting.

CL	

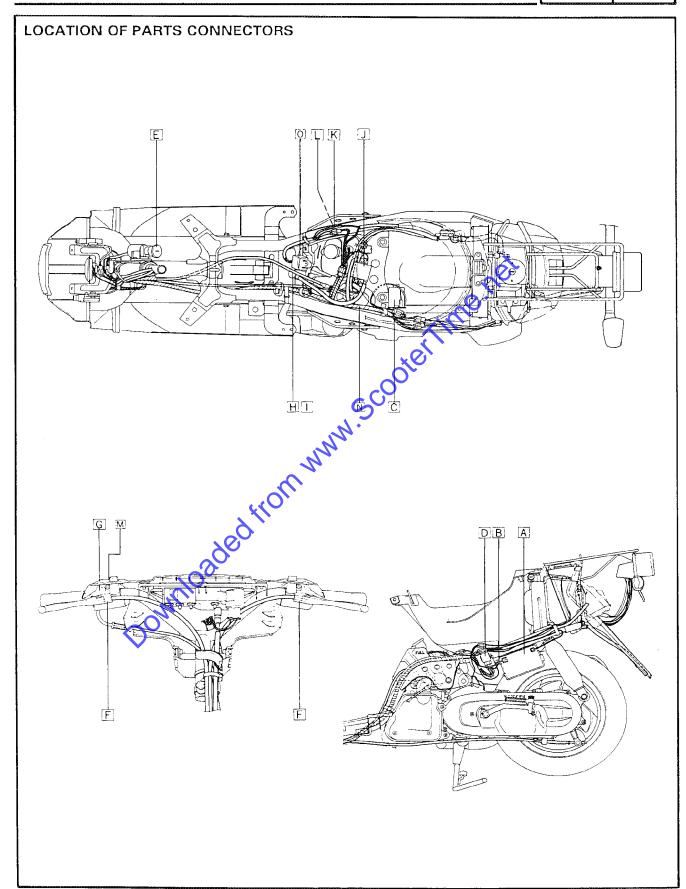
Pocket Tester: YU-03112



Dynamic Spark Tester: YM-34487

HOW TO USE CHART:

- Step 1. Look for an approprial trouble mode from the scooter phenomenon.
- Step 2. Proceed to checking in the ascending order of the numbers.
- Step 3. Look for location by reference to the "LOCATION OF PARTS-CONNECTORS". (P. 7-14)
- Step 4. Go to further details of checking. (P. 7-3 ~ 7-28).



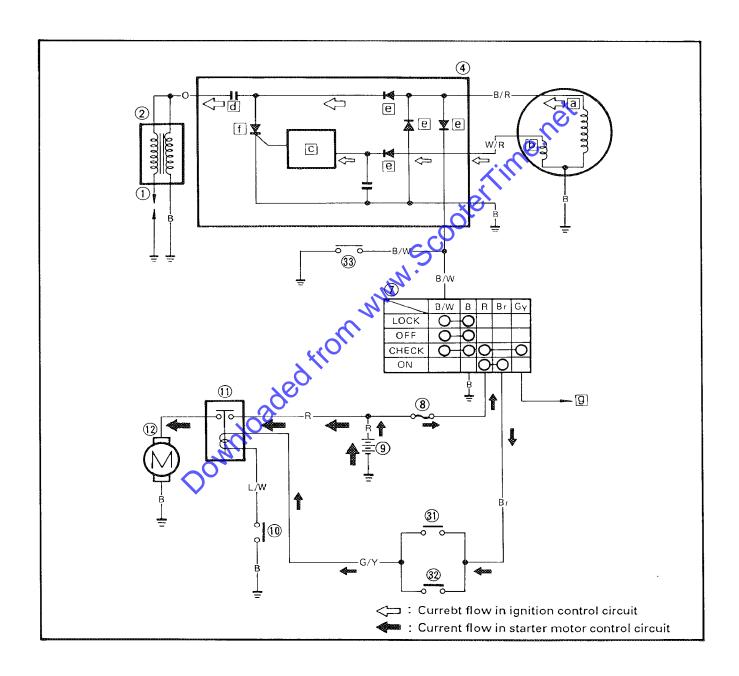




IGNITION AND STARTING CIRCUIT SYSTEM

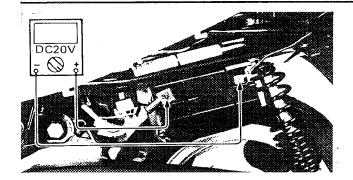
- ① Spark plug
- 2 Ignition coil
- 4 CDI unit
- Main switch
- 8 Fuse
- Battery

- (10) Starter switch
- (1) Starter relay
- 12 Starter motor
- (31) Front brake switch
- (32) Rear brake switch
- 33 Engine "stop" switch
- a Source coil
- Б Pickup coil
- © Wave-shap shaping circuit
- d Condenser
- e Diode
- f SCR
- [9] To oil level switch









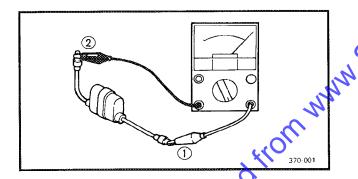
INSPECTION PARTS

- A Battery Inspection
 - 1. Inspect:
 - Battery terminal
 - Battery voltage

Tester lead (Red)	Tester lead (Black)	Battery voltage	Range
Positive	Negative	12 ~ 14V	DC20V

Out of specification → Recharge battery or replace the battery.

Refer to the "BATTERY INSPECTION" section in the CHAPTER 3.



Inspection

.(Inspect:

- Fuse for continuity
- Fuse holder

	Tester lead (Red)	Tester lead (Black)	Conti- nuity	Range
<u>:∅:</u>	Fuse holder lead 1	Fuse holder lead ②	Conti- nuous	Ω × 1

Non-continuous → Replace fuse or fuse

Loose terminal → Replace fuse or fuse holder.

Amperage for Individual:

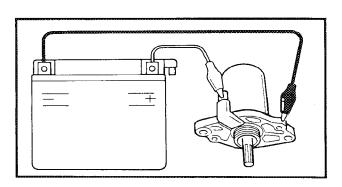
Refer to the "FUSE INSPECTION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- © Starter Motor Inspection
- 1. Connect 12V battery to the starter motor terminals as shown.

NOTE:	****
Use full charged battery.	-
CAUTION:	

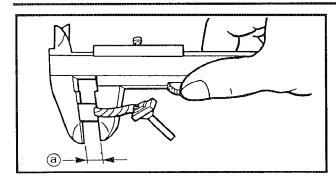
Do not run the starter motor for more than a few seconds.

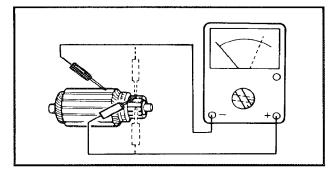
Starter motor does not run → Go on to steps 2 to 6.











2. Measure:

Brush length (each) (a)



Minimum Brush Length: 0.9 mm (0.035 in)/YAMAHA, 1.25 mm (0.10 in)/NIPPON DENSO

Out of specification → Replace starter motor assembly.

Damaged surface of contact with commutator \rightarrow Repair.

3. Inspect:

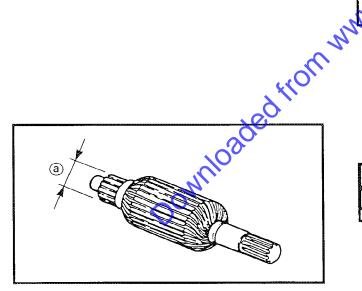
Commutator condition Damaged, worn, and bruned surface of commutator → Replace starter motor assembly.

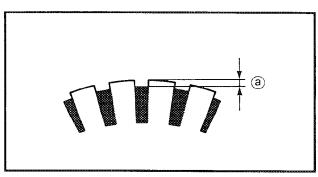
4. Inspect:

Armature coil forcontinuity.

	Tester lead (Red)	Tester lead (Black)	Conti- nuity	Range
	ommu- tator	Commu- tator	Conti- nuous	Ω x 1
W.S.	Commu- tator	Iron core	Non- conti- nuous	Ω x 1k

Bad condition → Replace starter motor assembly.





5. Measure:

• Commutator diameter (a)



Outside Diameter Wear Limit: 14.8 mm (0.58 in)/YAMAHA 14.5 mm (0.57 in)/NIPPON DENSO

Out of specification → Replace starter motor assembly.

6. Measure:

• Mica undercut (a):

Out of specification -> Scrape mica using a hacksaw blade.



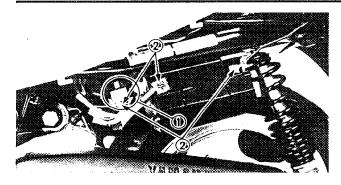
Mica Undercut (a):

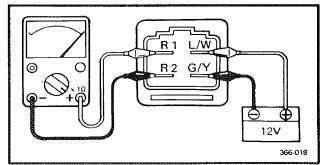
1.15 mm (0.045 in)/YAMAHA 0.9 ~ 1.2 mm (0.035 ~ 0.047 in)/ NIPPON DENSO

NOTE:

The mica insulation of the commutator must be undercut to ensure proper operation of the commutator.







D Starter Relay Inspection

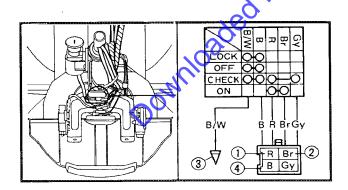
1. Inspect:

Starter relay ①
 Use the jumper leads ②
 Starter motor does not run → Go on to steps
 2 and 3.

Battery Positive Terminal → Green/Yellow.
Battery Negative Terminal → Blue/White Terminal.

- 2. Disconnect:
 - Starter relay leads and connector
- 3. Inspect:
 - Starter relay for continuity.

-					
		Range: Ω x	Copuller Terminals	Voltage applied	Voltage not applied
20000000000000000000000000000000000000		Tester lead (Red)	R1	Continuity	No .
	COC	Tester lead (Black)	R2	Continuity	continuity



- E Main Switch Inspection
- 1. Inspect:
 - Flasher operation
 Flasher does not move → Go on to steps 2
 and 3.
- 2. Disconnect:
 - Main switch coupler
- 3. Inspect:
 - Main switch for continuity.

Tester lead (Red)	Tester lead (Black)	Conti- nuity	Range
Terminal (Red 1)	Terminal (Brown2)	Conti- nuous	Ω x 1
Terminal (Black/ White (3))	Terminal (Black 4)	Conti- nuous	Ω x 1

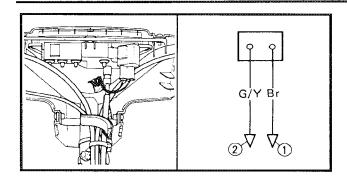
Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section

Bad condition \rightarrow Replace main switch.









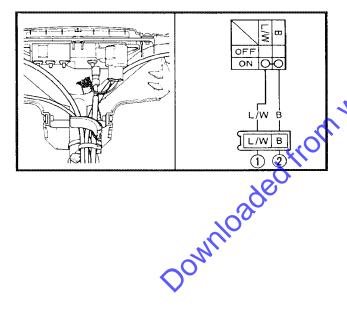
F Brake Switch Inspection

- 1. Disconnect:
 - Brake switch connector
- 2. Inspection:
 - Brake switch for continuity.

	Tester lead (Red)	Tester lead (Black)	Conti- nuity	Range
ૄૄૄ⊘ૄૄ	Terminal (Brown 1)	Terminal (Green/ Yellow 2)	Conbi- nuous	Ω x 1

Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section.

Bad condition → Replace brake switch.



G Starter Switch Inspection

- 1. Disconnect:
 - Starter switch connector

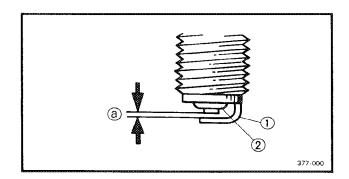
2\nspection:

Starter switch for continuity.

	Tester lead (Red)	Tester lead (Black)	Conti- nuity	Range
[<u>: Ø :</u>]	Terminal (Blue/ White ①)	Terminal (Black ②)	Conti- nuous	Ω × 1

Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section.

Bad condition \rightarrow Replace handlebar switch (right)



H Spark Plug Inspection

- 1. Inspect:
 - Electrode (1)

Wear/Damage → Replace spark plug.

• Insulator (2)

Abnormal color → Replace spark plug.

- 2. Measure:
 - Plug gap ⓐ

Use a Wire Gauge or Feeler Gauge.

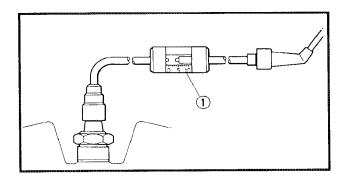




Spark Plug Gap:

0.6 ~ 0.7 mm (0.024 ~ 0.028 in)

Out of specification → Replace spark plug. Refer to the "SPARK PLUG INSPECTION" section in the CHAPTER 3.



3. Measure:

Spark gap Use a Dynamic Spark Tester (1).





Jynamic Spark Tester:

VM-34487

Gets specification → Replace spark plug.

I Snr



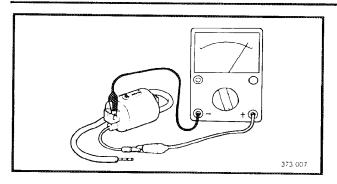
Out of specification → Replace spark plug сар.

NOTE: _

Check the spark plug lead for any fault when fitting the spark plug cap to it. If any fault is found, cut the spark plug lead 5 mm (0.197 in) as its tip.





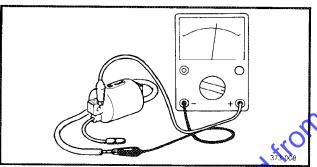


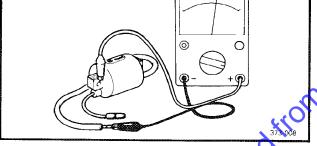
☐ Ignition Coil Inspection

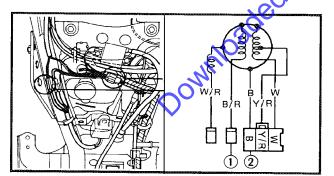
- 1. Disconnect:
 - Primary coil connector
- 2. Inspect:
 - Primary coil resistance

	Tester lead (Red)	Tester lead (Black)	Specificated resistance	Range
[Terminal (Orange)	Terminal (Black)	0.56 ~ 0.84Ω at 20°C (68°F)	Ω x 1

Out of specification → Replace ignition coil.







3. Inspect

• Secondary coil resistance

Tester lead (Red)	Tester lead (Black)	Specificated resistance	Range
Spark plug lead	Terminal (Black)	5.68 ~ 8.52Ω at 20°C (68°F)	Ω x 1k

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace ignition coil.

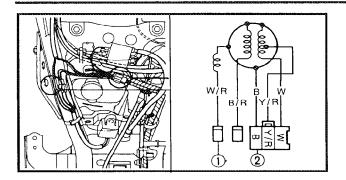
K Source Coil Resistance Inspection

- 1. Disconnect:
 - Source coil connector
- 2. Inspect:
 - Source coil resistance

Tester lead (Red)	Tester lead (Black)	Specificated resistance	Range
Terminal (Black/ Red ①)	Terminal (Black ②)	640 ~ 960 Ω at 20°C (68°F)	Ω x 100

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace source coil.



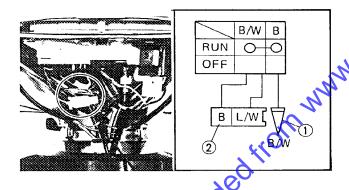


□ Pickup Coil Resistance Inspection

- 1. Disconnect:
 - Pickup coil connector
- 2. Inspect:
 - Pickup coil

	Tester lead (Red)	Tester lead (Black)	Specificated resistance	Tester selection
:∅;		Terminal (Black ②)	400 ~ 600 Ω at 20°C (68°F)	Ω x 100

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace pickup coil.



M PNGINE STOP" Switch Inspection

Disconnect

- "ENGINE STOP" switch connector
- 2. Check the "ENGINE STOP" switch component for the continuity between "Black/White① and Black ② ".

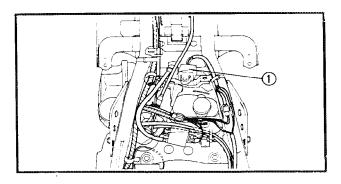
Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section

Bad condition \rightarrow Replace hadlebar switch (Right)

- N Wire harness Inspection
- 1. Inspect:
 - Connection
 - Damage

Repair/Replace

Refer to the wire harness inspection, see page 7-23.



- O CDI Unit Replacement
- 1. Inspect:
 - Connection
- 2. Replace:
 - CDI unit 1

G.

IGNITION AND STARTING SYSTEM

ELEC

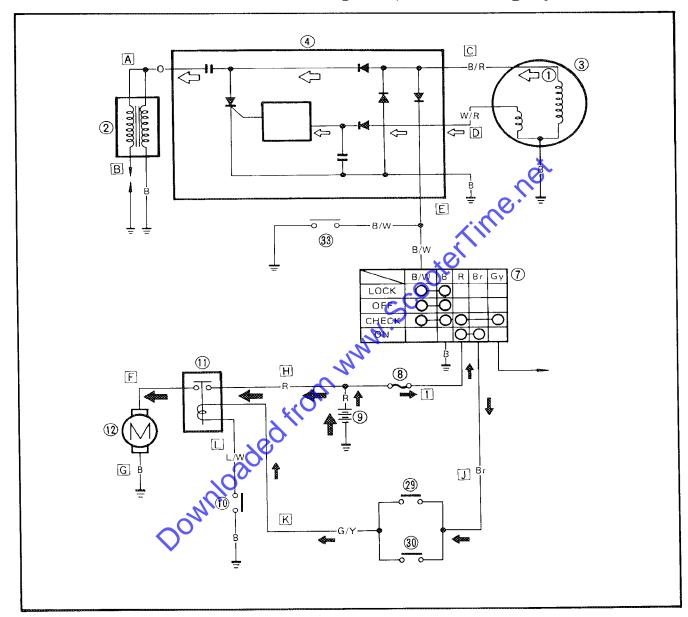
Wireharness Inspection

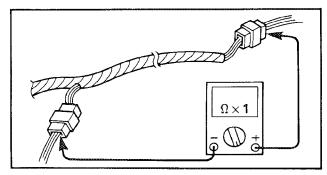
Ignition System Check: A B C D E

Starter System Check: FGHIJKL

- 2 Ignition coil
- ③ CDI magneto
- (4) CDI unit
- Main switch
- 8 Fuse
- Battery

- (10) Starter switch
- (1) Starter relay
- (12) Starter motor
- ② Front brake switch
- 30 Rear brake switch
- 3 Engine "stop" switch





NOTE: _

- Check the continuity with the connector connected, as shown.
- For the connector shape, refer to the color wiring diagram.



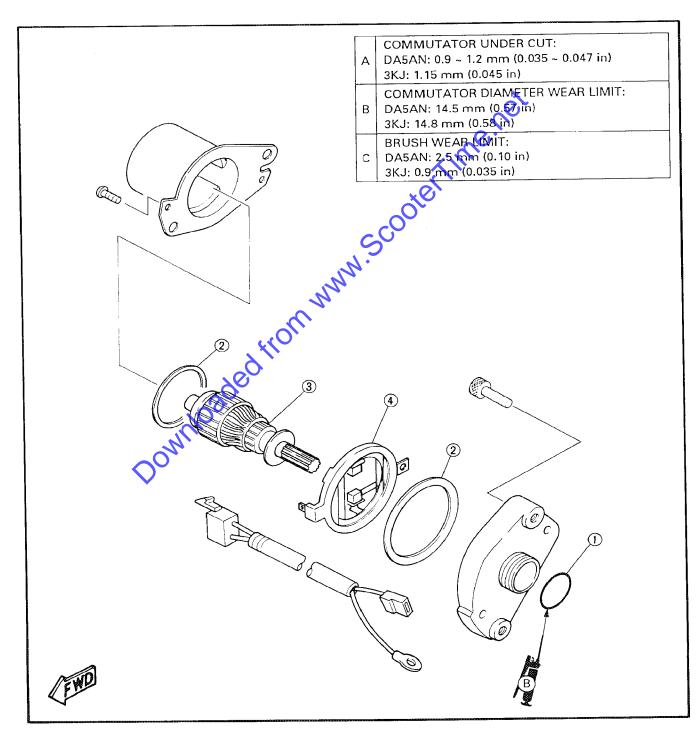
ELECTRICAL STARTING SYSTEM STARTER MOTOR

- ① O-ring
- (2) Rubber Seal
- 3 Armature
- (4) Brush holder assembly

NOTE: __

The starter motor for this scooter comes in two types:

DA5AN (NIPPON DENSO) 3KJ (YAMAHA)



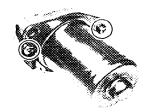


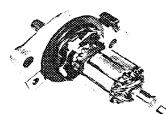
STARTER MOTOR CHECK

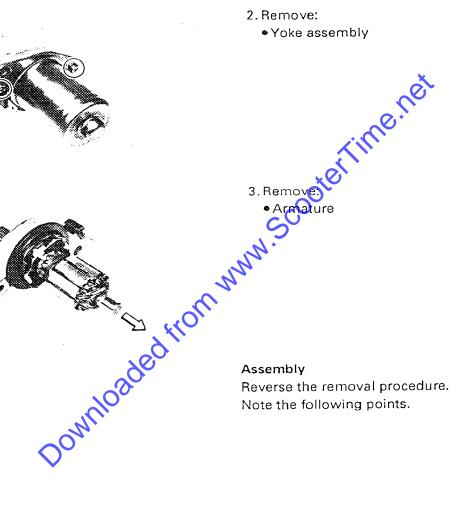
Removal

- 1. Remove:
 - Side cover (right)
 - Muffler assembly
 - Rear wheel
 - Starter motor



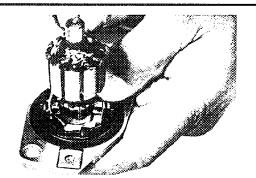




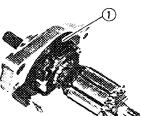




- 1. Install:
 - Brush holder assembly

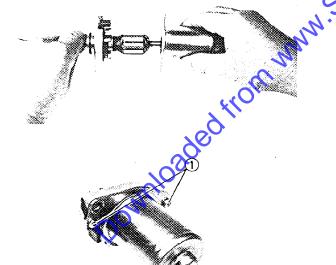


- 2. Install:
 - Armature coil assembly



- 3. Install:
 - Rubber seal ①

4. Install: Starter motor cover



- 5. Install:
 - Bolts ①



- 6. Install:
 - O-ring (1) (new)

NOTE: ______Apply a grease lightly.





Installation

- 1. Install:
 - Starter motor



13 Nm (1.3 m • kg, 9.4 ft • lb)

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Downloaded from www. Scooter lime net

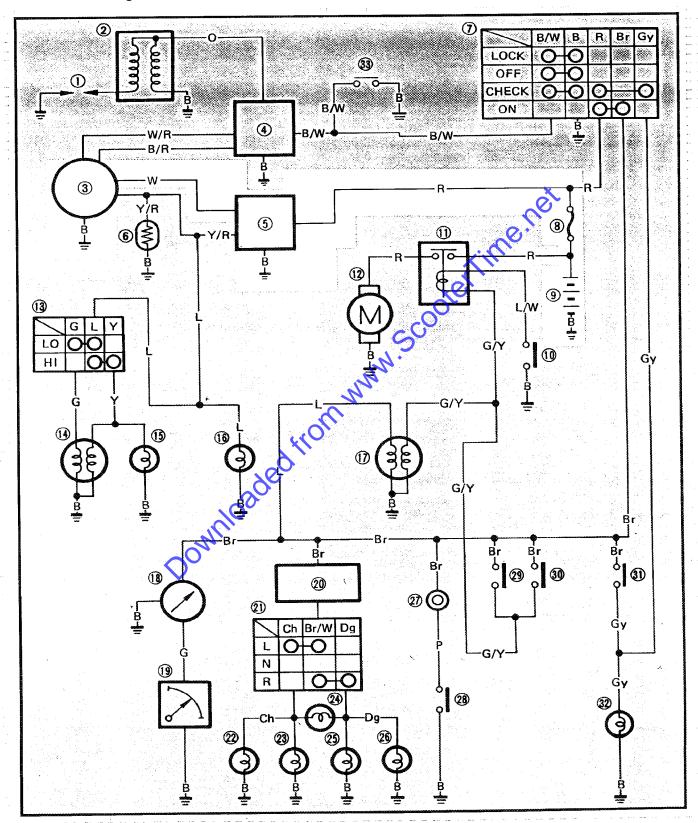




CHARGING SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

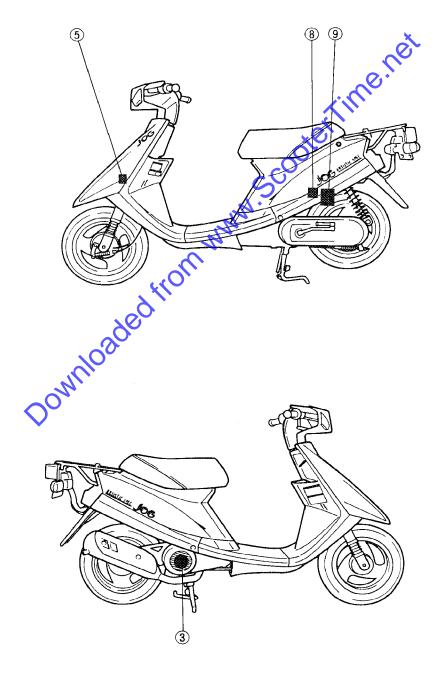
Below circuit diagram shows charging circuit.



NOTE: _

For the color codes, see page 7-2.

- 3 C.D.I. magneto
- ⑤ Rectifier/Regulator
- 8 Fuse
- Battery







TROUBLESHOOTING

THE BATTERY IS NOT CHARGED.

Procedure

Check;

- 1. Fuse
- 2. Battery
- 3. Charge voltage

- 4. Charging coil resistance
- 5. Wiring connection (Entire charging system)

NOTE: _

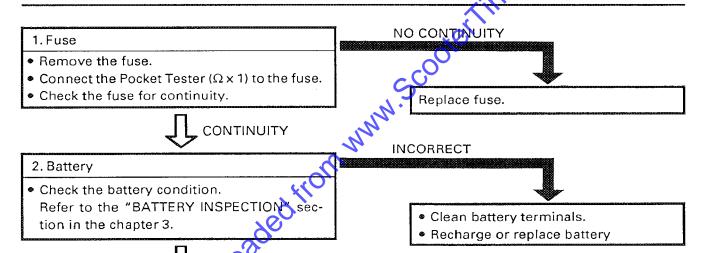
- Remove the following parts before troubleshooting.
 - 1) Cover/Seat/Rear carrier
 - 2) Tail cover/Side cover (L, R)
- Use the following special tools in this troubleshooting.



Inductive Tachometer: YU-08036-A



Pocket Tester: YU-03112 (7)

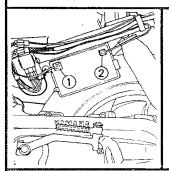


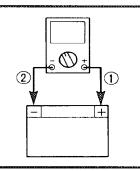


3. Charge voltage

- Connect the Engine Tachometer to spark plug lead.
- Connect the Pocket Tester (DC20V) to the battery.

Tester (+) Lead \rightarrow Battery (+) terminal Tester (-) Lead \rightarrow Battery (-) terminal





- Start the engine and accelerate to about 5,000 r/min.
- Check charging voltage.



Charging Voltage:

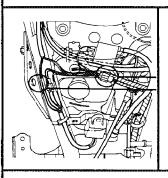
14 ~ 15 at 5,000 r/min

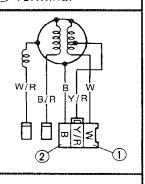


OUT OF SPECIFICATION

- 4. Charging coil resistance
- Disconnect the C.D.I. magnetocoupler from the wire harness.
- Connect the Pocket Tester ($\Omega \times 1$) to the charging coil coupler.
- (3) C.D.I. magneto

Tester (+) Lead → White ① Terminal Tester (-) Lead → Black ② Terminal





MEETS SPECIFICATION

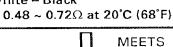
Replace battery.

CHARGING SYSTEM





• Check the charging coil for specificated resistance. Charging Coil Resistance: White - Black ()



SPECIFICATION

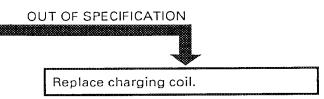
5. Wiring connection

• Check the entire charging system for connections.

Refer to the "WIRING DIAGRAM" section.



Replace rectifier/regulator.



POOR CONNECTION Correct.

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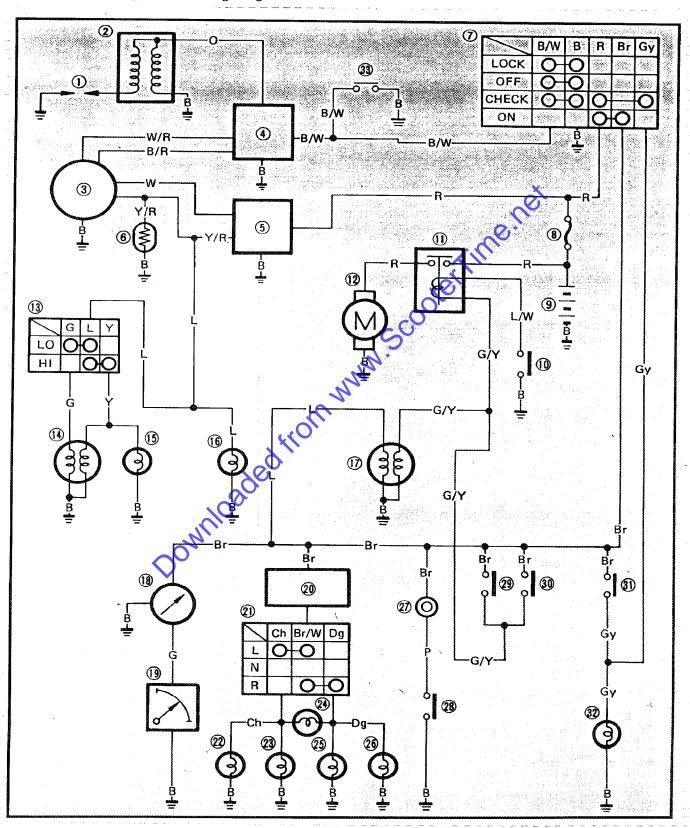
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LIGHTING SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

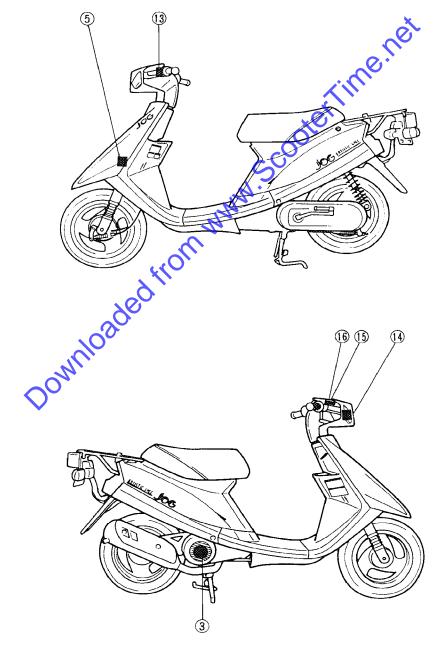
Below circuit diagram shows lighting circuit.



NOTE: _

For color codes, see page 7-2.

- ③ CDI magneto⑤ Rectifier/Regulator
- (dimmer) switch
- (14) Headlight
- (15) "HIGH BEAM" indicator light
- (16) Meter light





G-

TROUBLESHOOTING

HEADLIGHT "HIGH BEAM" INDICATOR LIGHT AND/OR METER LIGHT DO NOT COME ON

Procedure

Check;

- 1. Bulb and bulb socket (HEADLIGHT)
- 2. Lighting coil resistance
- 3. "LIGHT" (dimmer) switch

4. Wiring connection (entire lighting system)

NOTE: ___

- Remove the following parts before troubleshooting.
 - 1) Cover, Seat, Rear carrier, Tail cover, Side cover
 - 2) Front fender
 - 3) Handlebar cover (front)
- Use the following special tool in this troubleshooting.



Pocket Tester: YU-03112

1. Bulb and bulb socket (HEADLIGHT)

 Check the bulb and bulb socket for continuity.

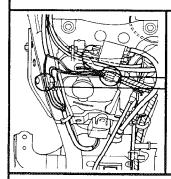
Refer to the "CHECKING OF BULBS" section.

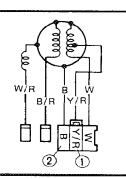


CONTINUITY

- 2. Lighting coil resistance
- Disconnect the C.D.I. magneto coupler from the wire harness.
- Connect the Pocket Tester (1) x 1) to the lighting coil coupler.
- (3) C.D.I. magneto

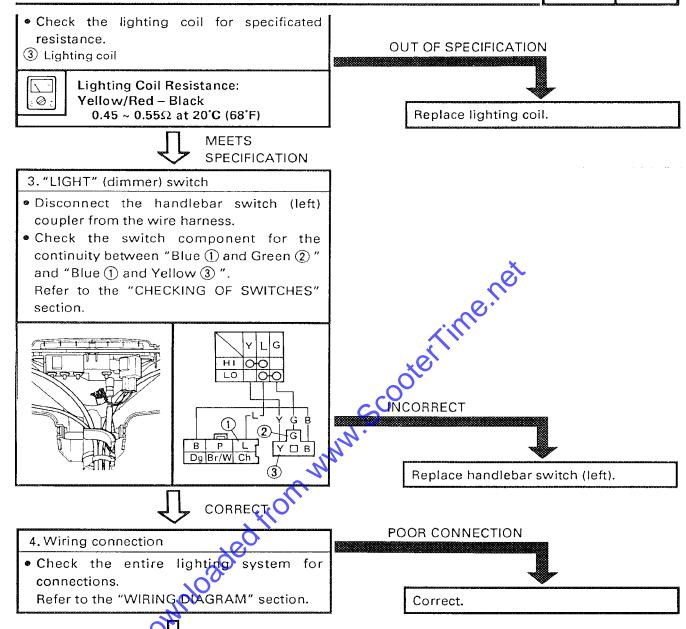
Tester (+) Lead → Yellow/Red ① Terminal Tester (-) Lead → Black ② Terminal





NO CONTINUITY

Replace bulb and/or bulb socket.

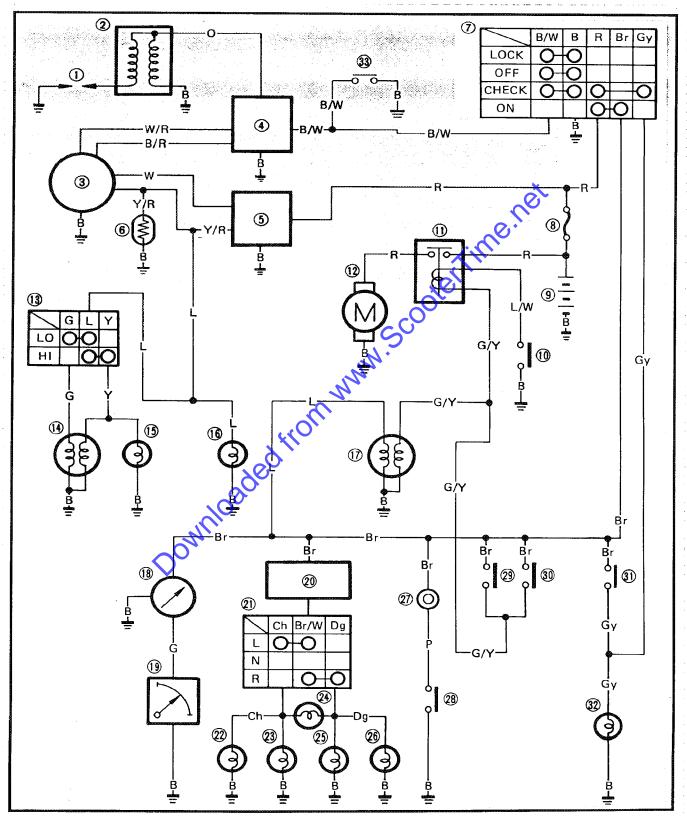


Replace rectifier/regulator.

SIGNAL SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

Below circuit diagram shows signal circuit.

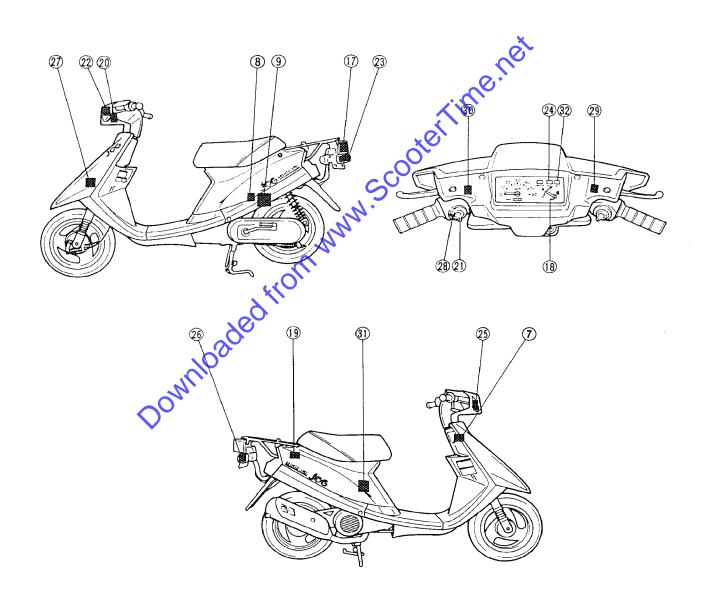


NOTE: -

For the color codes, see page 7-2.

- 7 Main switch
- 8 Fuse
- Battery
- Tail/Brake light
- (18) Fuel meter
- 19 Fuel sender
- 20 Flasher relay
- (1) "TURN" switch
- 2 Front flasher light (left)
- Rear flasher light (left)

- 24 "TURN" indicator light
- 25 Front flasher light (right)
- 26 Rear flasher light (right)
- ②7 Horn
- (28) Horn switch
- (29) Front brake switch
- 30 Rear brake switch
- 31 Oil level gauge
- (32) Oil indicator light







TROUBLESHOOTING

- FLASHER LIGHT, TAIL/BRAKE LIGHT, "OIL" INDICATOR LIGHT AND "TURN" INDICATOR LIGHT DO NOT COME ON.
- HORN DOES NOT SOUND.
- FUEL METER DOES NOT OPERATE.

Procedure

Check;

- 1. Fuse
- 2. Battery
- 3. Main switch

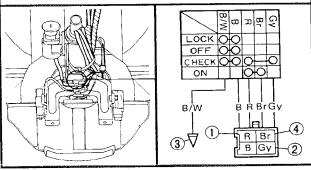
4. Wiring connection (signal system) 200ter Time net • Remove the following parts before troubleshooting. 1) Cover, Seat, Rear carrier, Side cover, Tail cover 2) Front fender 3) Handlebar cover (front) • Use the following special tool in this troubleshooting. Pocket Tester: YU-03112 NO CONTINUITY 1. Fuse Remove the fuse. • Connect the Pocket Tester ($\Omega \times 1$) to the fuse Check the fuse for continuity. Replace fuse. **INCORRECT** 2. Battery Check the battery condition Refer to the "BATTERY INSPECTION" section in the CHAPTER 3. Clean battery terminals. Recharge or replace battery. CORRECT



3. Main switch

- Disconnect the main switch coupler from the wire harness.
- Check the switch component for the continuity between "Red(1) and Gray(2)" and "Red ① and Brown ③ ".

Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section.



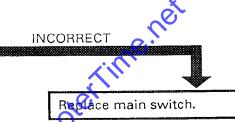
CORRECT

- 4. Wiring connection
- Check the entire signal fpr connections. Refer to the "WIRING DIAGRAM" section



· Check condition of each circuit for signal system.

CHECK" section. Refer to "SIGNAL SYSTE



POOR CONNECTION

Correct.



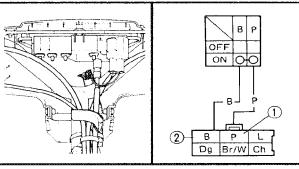


SIGNAL SYSTEM CHECK

1. Horn does not sound.

1. "HORN" switch

- Disconnect the handlebar switch coupler from the wire harness.
- Check the switch component for the continuity between "Pink 1 and Black 2".
 Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section.

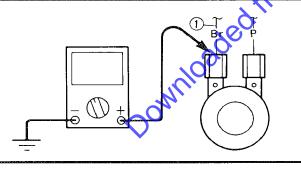


CORRECT

2. Voltage

• Connect the Pocket Tester (DC20V) to the horn lead.

Tester (+) Lead \rightarrow Brown ① Lead Tester (-) Lead \rightarrow Frame Ground



- Turn the main switch to "ON".
- Check for voltage (12V) on the "Brown" lead at the horn terminal.

MEETS
SPECIFICATION (12V)

Replace "HORN" switch.

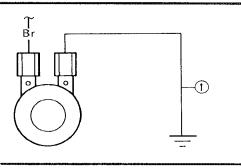
OUT OF SPECIFICATION

Check the entire signal system for continuity.





- Disconnect the "Pink" lead at the horn terminal.
- Connect a jumper lead ① to the horn terminal and ground the jumper lead.



• Turn the main switch to "ON".

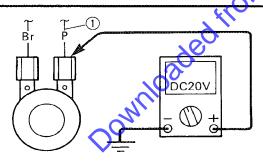


HORN IS NOT SOUNDED

4. Voltage

 Connect the Pocket Tester (DC20V) to the horn at the Pink terminal.

Tester (+) Lead \rightarrow Pink ① Lead Tester (-) Lead \rightarrow Frame Ground



- Turn the main switch to "ON".
- Check for voltage (12V) on the "Pink" lead at the horn terminal.

MEETS SPECIFICATION (12V)

Adjust or replace horn.

HORN IS SOUNDED

Horn is good.

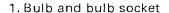
OUT OF SPECIFICATION

Replace horn.





2. Taillight does not come on.



• Check the bulb and bulb socket for continuity. Refer to the "CHECKING OF BULBS" section.



CONTINUITY

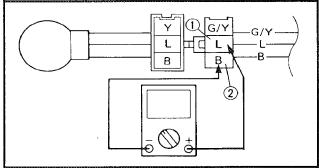
NO CONTINUITY

Replace bulb and/or bulb socket.

2. Voltage

• Connect the Pocket Tester (DC20V) to the bulb socket connector.

Tester (+) Lead → Blue 1 Terminal Tester (-) Lead → Black 2 Terminal



- Turn the main switch to "ON".
- Start the engine.
- Check for voltage (12V) on the "Blue" lead at the bulb socket connector.



MEETS SPECIFICATION (12V)

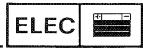
This circuit is good.

OUT OF SPECIFICATION

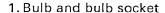
Scooter lime het

• Check the entire signal system for connections.

Refer to the "WIRING DIAGRAM" section.



3. Brake light does not come on.



Check the bulb and bulb socket for continuity.
 Refer to the "CHECKING OF BULBS" section.



CONTINUITY

NO CONTINUITY

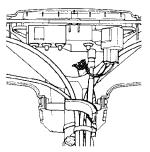
•

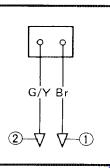
Replace bulb and/or bulb socket.

2. Brake switch

- Disconnect the brake switch coupler from the wire harness.
- Check the switch component for the continuity between "Brown" (1) and Green/ Yellow (2) ".

Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section.







CORRECT

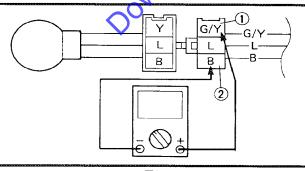
NCORRECT

Replace brake switch.

3. Voltage

• Connect the Pocket Tester (DC20V) to the bulb socket connector.

Tester (+) Lead \rightarrow Green Yellow ① Terminal Tester (-) Lead \rightarrow Black ② Terminal

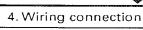








- Turn the main switch to "ON".
- The front brake lever and rear brake lever are pulled.
- Check for voltage (12V) on the Green/Yellow lead at the bulb socket connector.



 Check the entire signal system for connections.

Refer to the "WIRING DIAGRAM" section.



MEETS SPECIFICATION (12V)

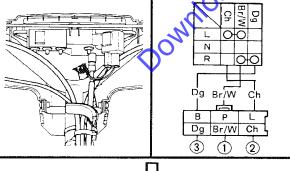
This circuit is good.

- 4. Flasher light and/or "TURN" indicator light do not blink.
- 1. Bulb and bulb socket
- Check the bulb and bulb socket for continuity. Refer to the "CHECKING OF BULBS" section.



CONTINUITY

- 2. "TURN" switch
- Disconnect the handlebar switch coupler from the wire harness.
- Check the switch component for the continuity between "Brown/White 1) and Chocolate 2" and "Brown/White 1) and Dark green 3". Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section.



CORRECT

NO CONTINUITY

Replace bulb and/or bulb socket.

NO CONTINUITY

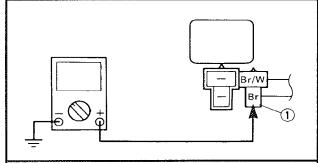
Replace handlebar switch (left).



3. Voltage

 Connect the Pocket Tester (DC20V) to the flasher relay.

Tester (+) Lead → Brown ① Lead Tester (-) Lead → Frame Ground



- Turn the main switch to "ON".
- Check for voltage (12V) on the "Brown" lead at the flasher relay terminal.



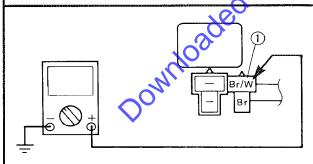
OUT OF SPECIFICATION

Check the entire signal system for connections.

4. Voltage

 Connect the Pocket Tester (DC20V) to the flasher relay.

Tester (+) Lead → Brown/White ① Lead
Tester (-) Lead → Frame Ground



- Turn the main switch to "ON".
- Check for voltage (12V) on the "Brown/ White" lead at the flasher relay terminal.



MEETS SPECIFICATION (12V) OUT OF SPECIFICATION

Replace flasher relay.





5. Voltage

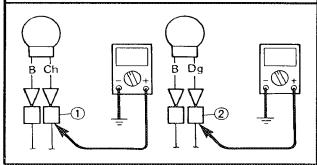
• Connect the Pocket Tester (DC20V) to the bulb socket connector.

At Flasher Light (left):

Tester (+) Lead \rightarrow Chocolate (1) Lead Tester (–) Lead → Frame Ground

At Flasher Light (right):

Tester (+) Lead → Dark green ② Lead Tester (–) Lead \rightarrow Frame Ground



- Turn the main switch to "ON".
- Turn the "TURN" switch to "L" or "R".
- Check for voltage (12V) on the "Chocolate" lead or "Dark green" lead at the bulb socket connector.



MEETS SPECIFICATION (12V)

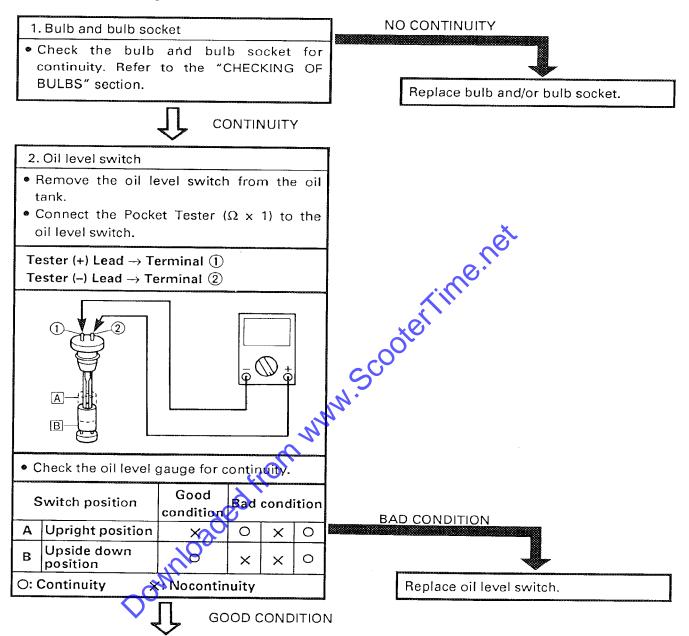
This circuit is good.

6. Wiring connection

 Check the entire signal system for connections.

Refer to the "WIRING DIAGRAM" section.

5. "OIL" indicator light does not come on.



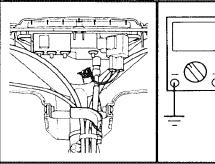


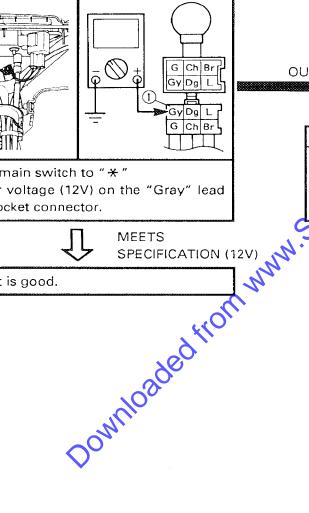


3. Voltage

• Connect the Pocket Tester (DC20V) to the bulb socket connector.

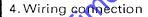
Tester (+) Lead \rightarrow Gray 1 Lead Tester (-) Lead → Frame Ground





- Turn the main switch to " * "
- Check for voltage (12V) on the "Gray" lead at bulb socket connector.





• Check the entire signal system for connections.

Refer to the "WIRING DIAGRAM" section.



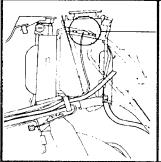
This circuit is good.

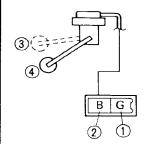
6. Fuel meter does not operate

1. Fuel sender

- Remove the fuel sender from the fuel tank.
- Connect the Pocket Tester (Ω x 10) to the fuel sender coupler.

Tester (+) Lead → Green ① Terminal Tester (-) Lead → Black (2) Terminal





 Check the fuel sender for specificated resistance.



Fuel Sender Resistance (Up 3): $4 \sim 10\Omega$ at 20°C (68°F)

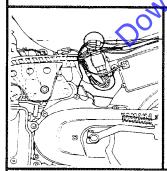
Fuel Sender Resistance (Down 4): 90 ~ 100Ω at 20°C (68°F)

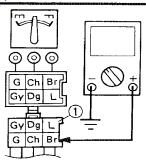
BOTH MEET SPECIFICATION

2. Voltage

 Connect the Pocket Tester (DC20V) to the fuel meter coupler.

Tester Lead → Brown ① Terminal Tester Lead → Black ② Terminal





- Turn the main switch to "ON".
- Check for voltage (12V) on the "Brown" lead at the fuel meter coupler.

OUT OF SPECIFICATION

QUT OF SPECIFICATION

Replace fuel sender.

Check the entire signal system for connections.

MEETS SPECIFICATION (12V)

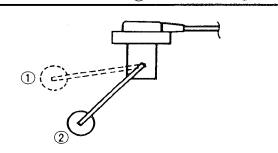




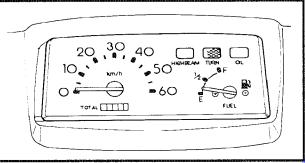


3. Fuel meter

• Move the float to "UP ① " or "DOWN ② ".



- Turn the main switch to "ON".
- Check the fuel meter needle moves "F" 1) or "E" 2).



NOTE: _

Before reading the meter, stay put the float for more than three minutes respectively at "Up" or "Down".

DOES NOT MOVE

Replace fuel meter.

MOVES

4. Wiring connection

Check the entire signal system for connections.

Refer to the "WIRING DIAGRAM" section.

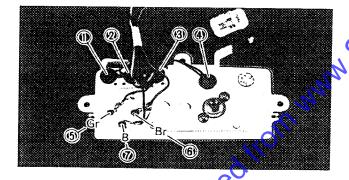
METER ASSEMBLY

Removal

- 1. Remove:
 - Handlebar cover (front and rear)
 Refer to "CHAPTER 3 COVERS" section.
- 2. Remove:
 - Meter lights
 - Leads
 - Indicator lights

CA		

Do not remove the indicator bulbs by pulling the leads.



Installation

Reverse the "REMOVAL" steps by noting the following points.

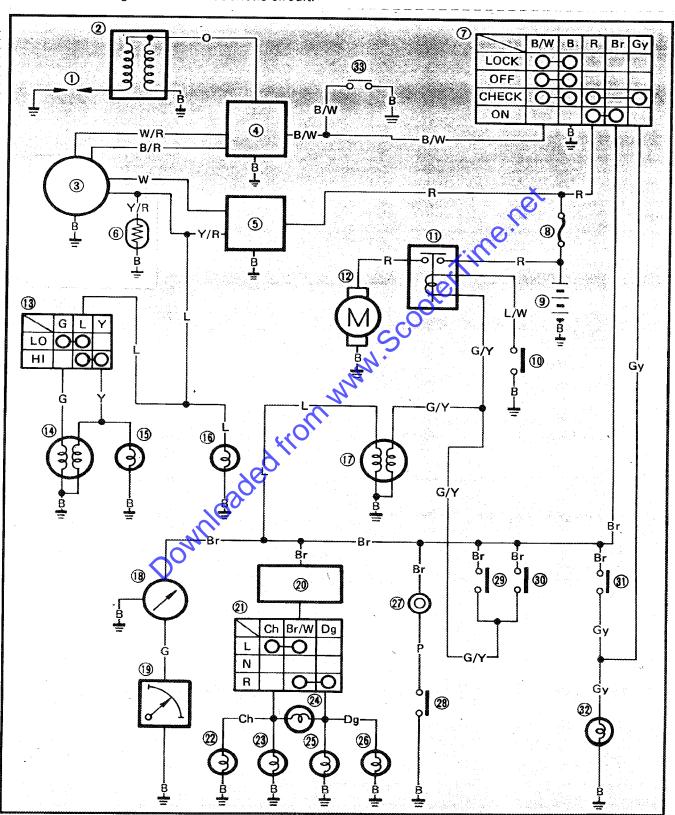
- 1. Install the meter lights and leads as shown.
- (Gray and Black lead)
- (2) "TURN" indicator light lead (Dark green and chocolate lead)
- (Yellow and Black lead)
- Meter light lead (Blue and Black lead)
- 5 Fuel meter lead (Green)
- 6 Fuel meter lead (Brown)
- Tuel meter lead (Black)

H

AUTO CHOKE

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

Below circuit diagram shows aut choke circuit.

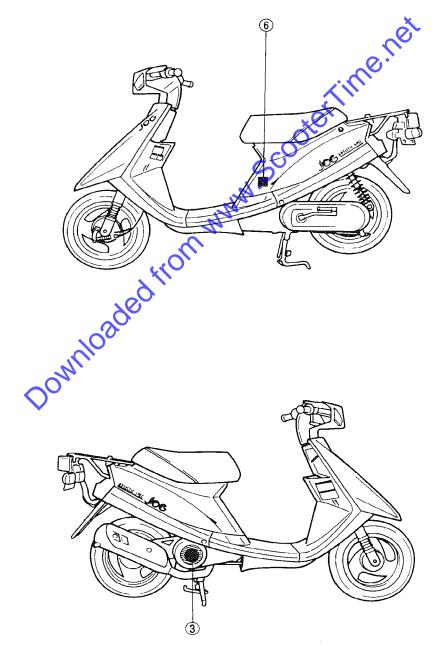


NOTE: _

For the color codes, see page 7-2.

3 C.D.I. magneto

6 Auto choke unit assembly







TROUBLE SHOOTING

AUTO CHOKE DOES NOT OPERATE.

Procedure

Check;

- 1. P.T.C. thermistor resistance
- 2. Lighting coil resistance
- 3. Voltage
- 4. Wiring connection

- Remove the following parts before troubleshooting.
 - 1) Cover, Seat, Rear carrier
 - 2) Side cover (left and right) Tail cover.
- www.scooterfirme.net Use the following special tool in this troubleshooting.

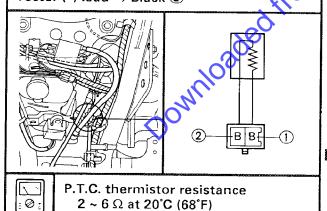


Pocket tester: YU-03112

1. P.T.C. thermistor resistance

- Disconnect the auto choke unit coupler from the wire harness.
- Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1$) to the auto choke unit lead.

Tester (+) lead → Black ① Tester (-) lead → Black ②



MEETS SPECIFICATION

OUT OF SPECIFICATION

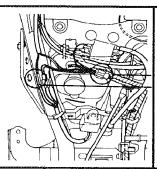
Replace the auto choke unit.

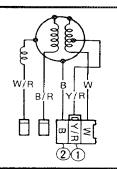


2. Lighting coil resistance

- Disconnect the C.D.I. magneto coupler from wire harness
- ullet Connect the pocket tester (Ω x 1) to the lighting coil lead.

Tester (+) lead → Yellow/Red (1) terminal Tester (-) lead → Black ② terminal







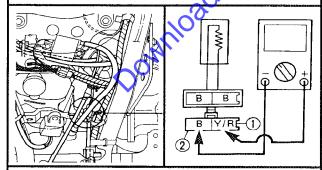
Lighting coil resistance: $0.4 \sim 0.6\Omega$ at 20° C

MEETS SPECIFICATION



 Connect the pocket tester (AC20V) to the auto choke lead.

Tester (+) lead → Yellow/Red (1) terminal Tester (-) lead → Black (2) terminal

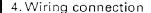


- Turn the main switch to "ON".
- Start the engine and accelerate to about 3,000r/min.
- Check the voltage.

OUT OF SPECIFICATION

Replace the lighting coil.

OUT OF SPECIFICATION



• Check the entire auto choke unit for connection.

Refer to the "WIRING DIAGRAM" section.



Voltage:

10V or more at 3,000r/min



MEETS SPECIFICATION

Auto choke unit is good.

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CHAPTER 8. TROUBLESHOOTING

STARTING FAILURE/HARD STARTING	H-14
FUEL SYSTEM	H-14
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1 OOM AGGELERATION (I GOTTING TO STATE OF THE STATE OF TH	
IMPROPER KICKING	l-1
SLIPPING	I-1
AVBU KICKING	I-1
PICK CBANK NOT BETTIBNING	I-1
KICK CHAINK NOT RETORING	
FAULTY BRAKE POOR BRAKING EFFECT MALFUNCTION INSTABLE HANDING INSTABLE HANDING	l-1
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MALFUNCTION	I-1
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FLASHER DOES NOT LIGHT	l-2
FLASHER KEEPS ON	I-2
FLASHER WINKS SLOWER	1-3
FLASHER WINKS QUICKER	1-3
HORN IS INOPERATIVE	1-3
	1.0
OVERHEATING	3-ا
OVERHEATING	1-3

CY50B WIRING DIAGRAM

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STARTING FAILURE/HARD STARTING

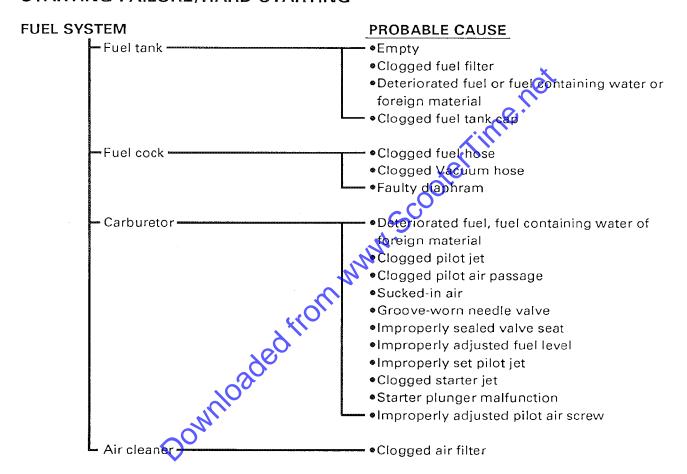
TRBL ?

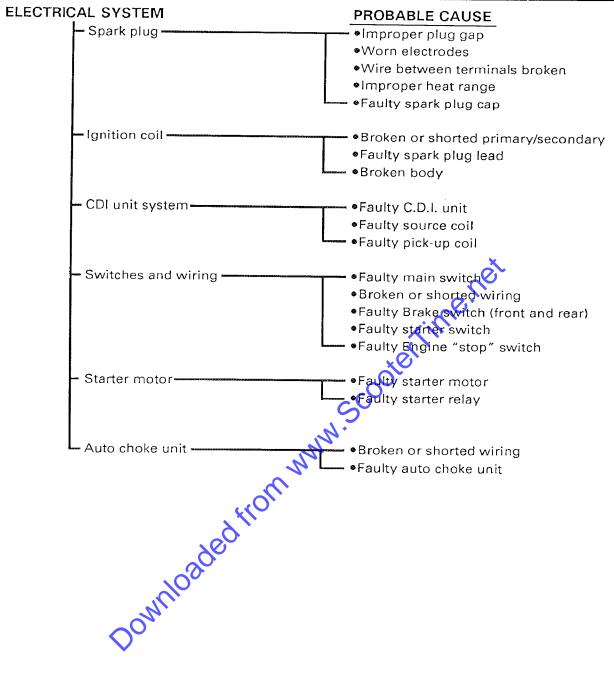


TROUBLESHOOTING

NOTE: ______ The following troubleshooting does not cover all the possible causes of trouble. It should be helpful, however, as a guide to troubleshooting. Refer to the relative procedure in this manual for inspection, adjustment and replacement of parts.

STARTING FAILURE/HARD STARTING

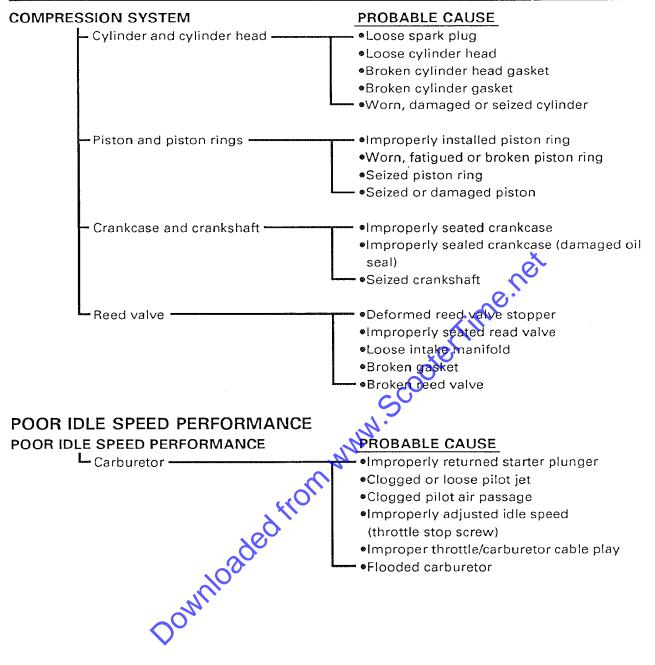


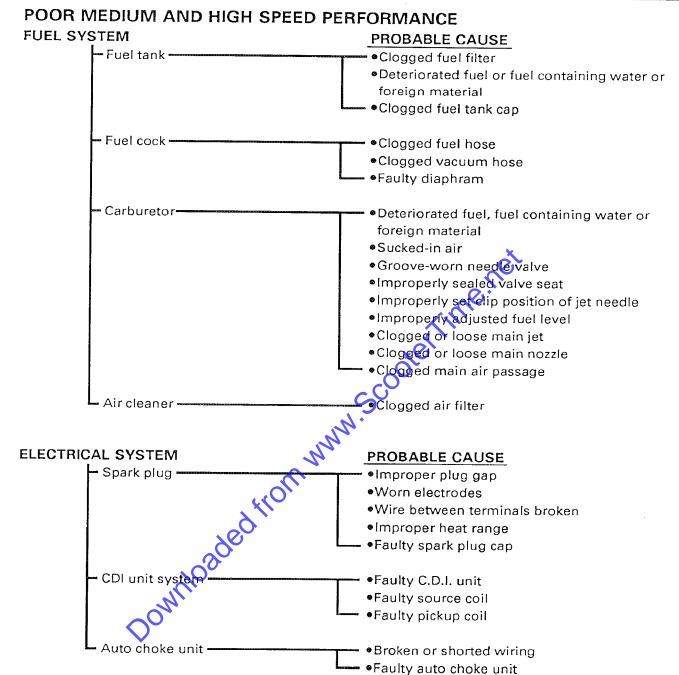


STARTING FAILURE/HARD STARTING/ POOR IDLE SPEED PERFORMANCE





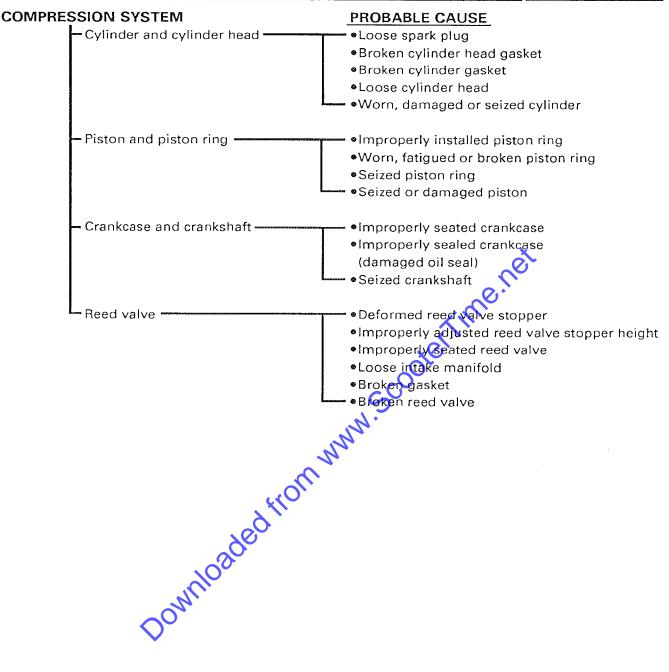




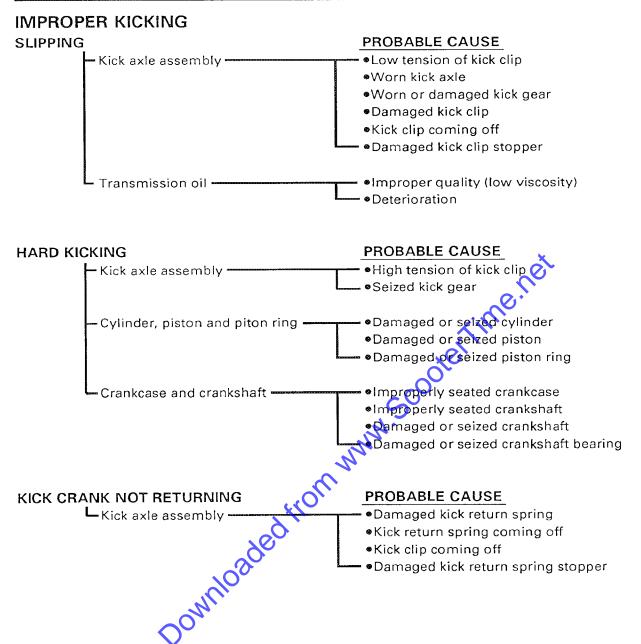
POOR MEDIUM AND HIGH SPEED PERFORMANCE





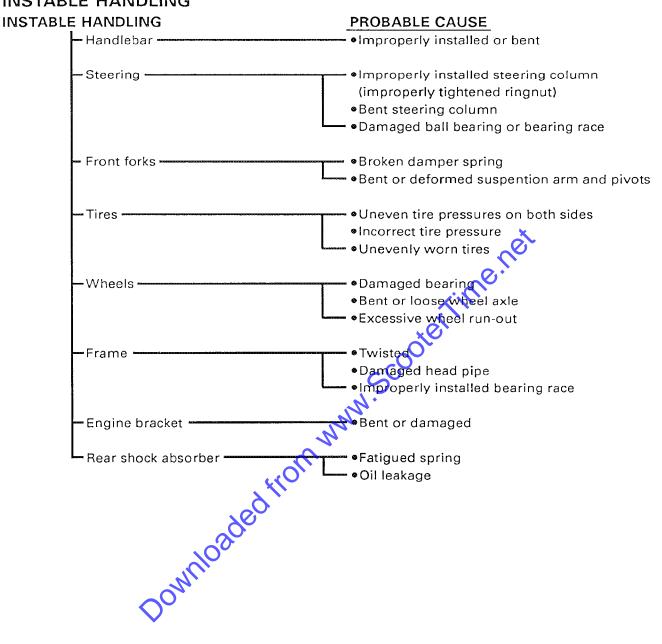


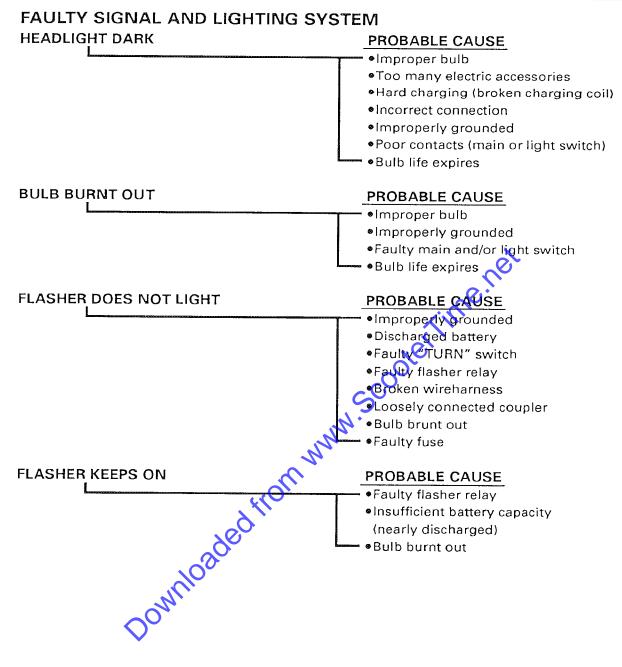
FAULTY AUTOMATIC (V-BELT TYPE) SCOOTER DOES NOT MOVE WHILE ENGINE IS OPERATING PROBABLE CAUSE V-belt -•Worn, damaged or slipped V-belt Primary sheave •Worn or damaged cam plate Worn or damaged slider bushing - Secondary sheave - Broken compression spring Pealed lining from clutch shoe Worn spline of clutch housing **CLUTCH-OUT FAILURE** PROBABLE CAUSE Primary sheave - Seized primary sliding sheave and collar Secondary sheave farigued clutch shoe spring POOR STANDING START (LOW CLIMBING ABILITY) PROBABLE CAUSE **٩₩o**rn or slipped V-belt Worn or improper operation of weight Secondary sheave Fatigued compression spring Improper operation of secondary sliding sheave POOR ACCELERATION (POOR HIGH SPEED) PROBABLE CAUSE V-belt Worn or greasy V-belt Worn or greasy clutch shoe •Improper operation of secondary sliding sheave



FAULTY BRAKE POOR BRAKING EFFECT PROBABLE CAUSE L Drum brake -◆Worn brake shoe •Worn or rusty brake drum •Improperly adjusted brake free play •Improper brake cam lever position •Improper brake shoe position Fatigue/Damaged return spring Oily or greasy brake shoe Oily or greasy brake drum - •Broken brake cable MALFUNCTION PROBABLE CAUSE Bent, deformed or damaged suspention arm •Bent or deformed suspention pivots Damaged damper spring onnioaded from www.scooter •Worn or damaged collar Suspention oil leakage

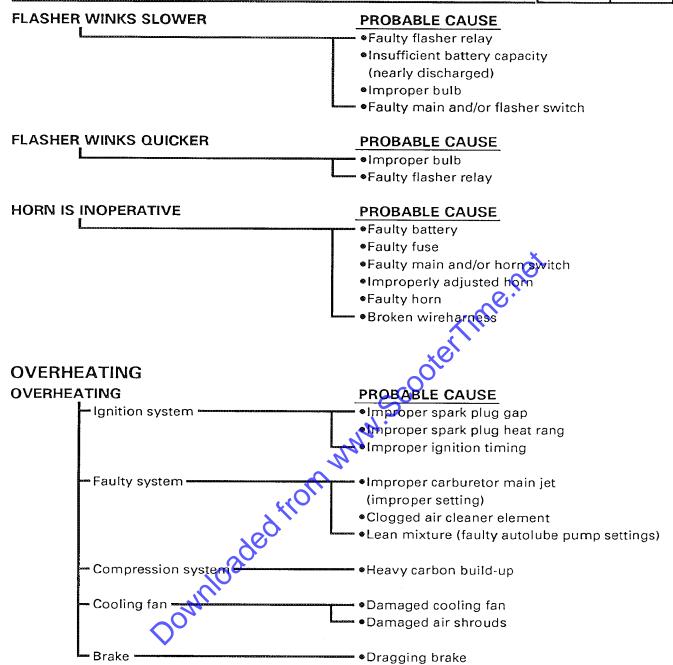
INSTABLE HANDLING

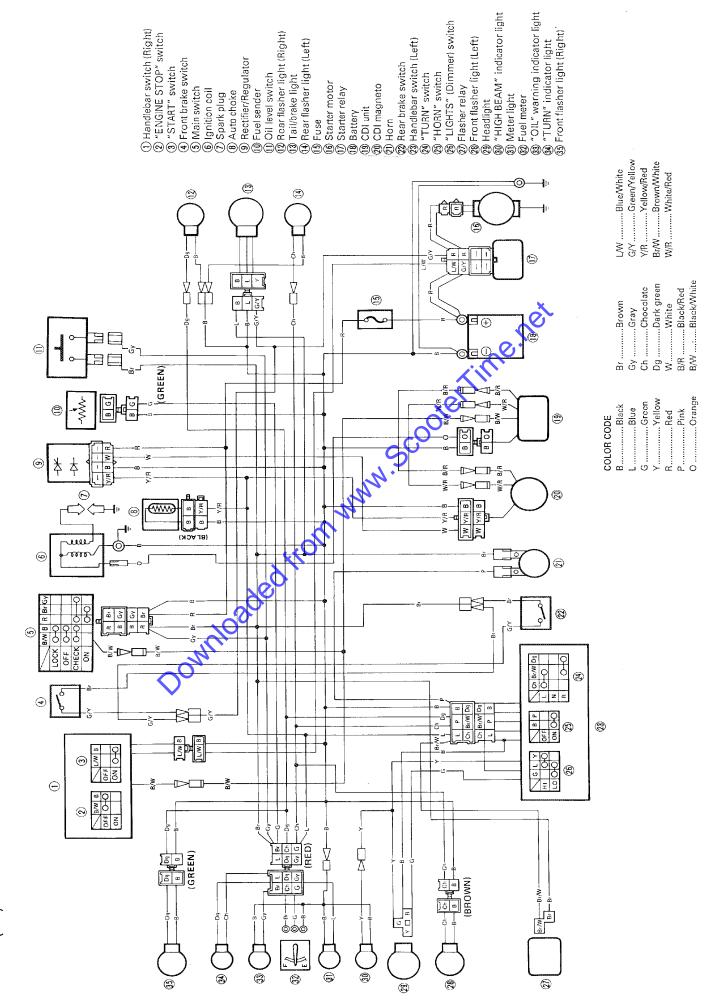




FAULTY SIGNAL AND LIGHTING SYSTEM/ OVERHEATING SHTG







CY50B ('91) WIRING DIAGRAM

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